



## wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Nov 23, 2022 – 10:23 AM EST

PDB ID : 7TLY  
EMDB ID : EMD-25990  
Title : SARS-CoV-2 S B.1.1.529 Omicron variant (RBD + S309 Local Refinement)  
Authors : McCallum, M.; Veesler, D.; Seattle Structural Genomics Center for Infectious Disease (SSGCID)  
Deposited on : 2022-01-19  
Resolution : 3.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

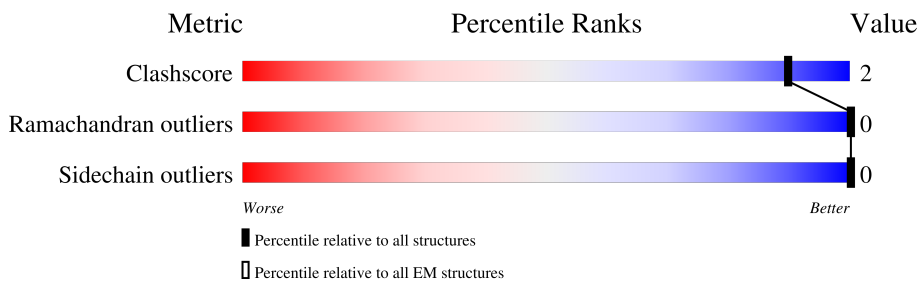
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
MapQ : 1.9.9  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.3

# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  
*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	126	
2	B	214	
3	I	1274	
4	C	4	

## 2 Entry composition i

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3105 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called S309 Fab heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	126	950	602	165	178	5	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called S309 Fab light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	101	718	454	131	131	2	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Spike glycoprotein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	I	181	1388	906	236	240	6	0	0

There are 123 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
I	70	VAL	ALA	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	?	-	HIS	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
I	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
I	96	ILE	THR	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	143	ASP	GLY	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	?	-	VAL	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
I	?	-	TYR	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
I	?	-	TYR	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
I	?	-	ASN	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
I	209	ILE	LEU	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	210	VAL	-	insertion	UNP P0DTC2
I	211	ARG	-	insertion	UNP P0DTC2
I	9215	GLU	-	insertion	UNP P0DTC2
I	9216	PRO	-	insertion	UNP P0DTC2
I	9217	GLU	-	insertion	UNP P0DTC2

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
I	339	ASP	GLY	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	371	LEU	SER	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	373	PRO	SER	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	375	PHE	SER	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	417	ASN	LYS	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	440	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	446	SER	GLY	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	477	ASN	SER	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	478	LYS	THR	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	484	ALA	GLU	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	493	ARG	GLN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	496	SER	GLY	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	498	ARG	GLN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	501	TYR	ASN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	505	HIS	TYR	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	547	LYS	THR	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	614	GLY	ASP	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	655	TYR	HIS	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	679	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	681	HIS	PRO	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	682	SER	ARG	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	683	GLY	ARG	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	685	GLY	ARG	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	707	CYS	TYR	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	764	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	796	TYR	ASP	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	817	PRO	PHE	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	856	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	883	CYS	THR	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	892	PRO	ALA	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	899	PRO	ALA	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	942	PRO	ALA	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	954	HIS	GLN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	969	LYS	ASN	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	981	PHE	LEU	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	987	PRO	VAL	variant	UNP P0DTC2
I	1206	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1207	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1208	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1209	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1210	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1211	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2

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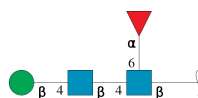
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
I	1212	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1213	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1214	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1215	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1216	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1217	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1218	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1219	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1220	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1221	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1222	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1223	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1224	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1225	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1226	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1227	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1228	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1229	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1230	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1231	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1232	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1233	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1234	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1235	THR	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1236	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1237	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1238	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1239	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1240	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1241	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1242	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1243	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1244	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1245	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1246	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1247	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1248	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1249	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1250	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1251	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1252	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1253	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2

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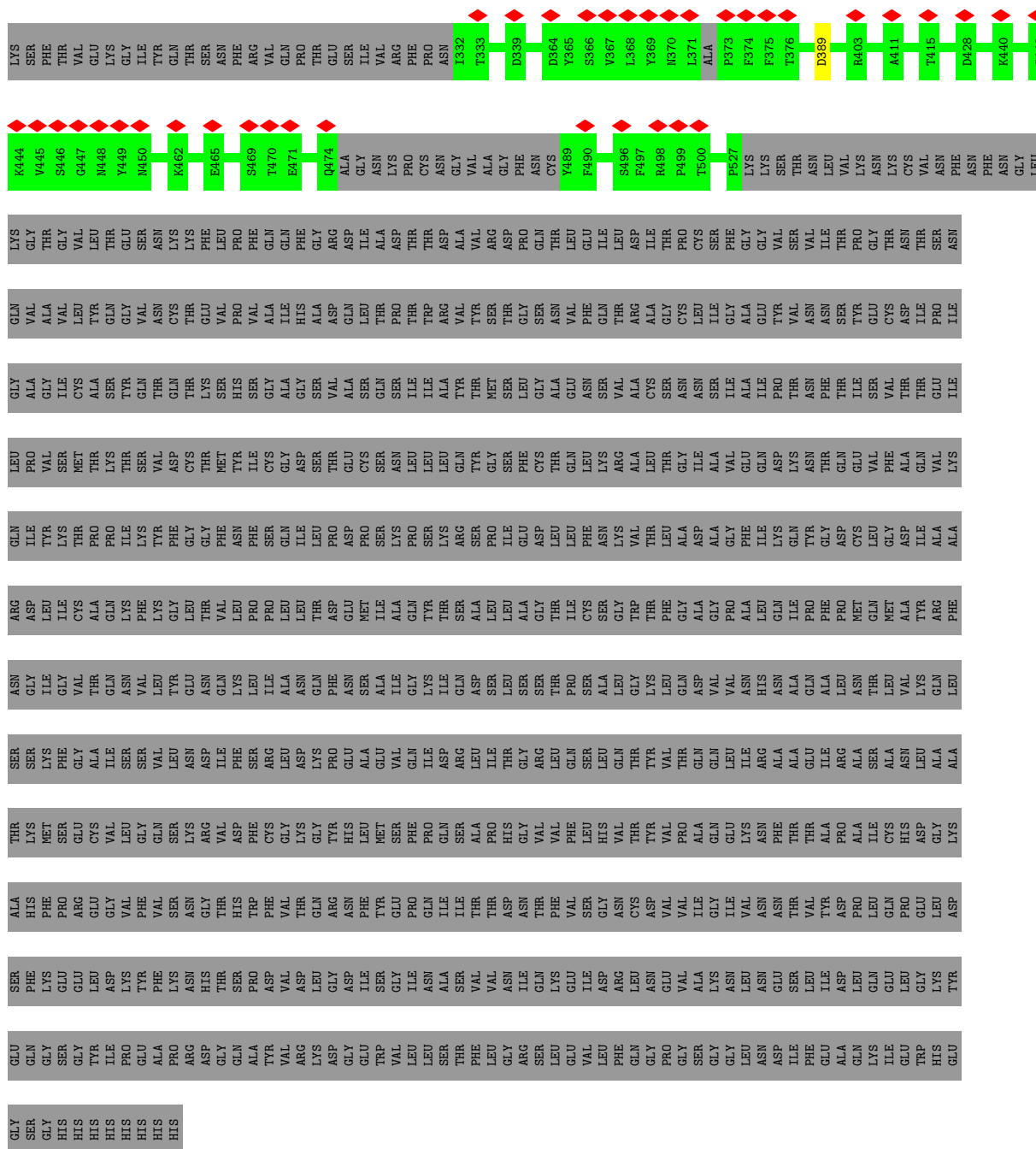
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
I	1254	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1255	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1256	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1257	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1258	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1259	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1260	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1261	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1262	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1263	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1264	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1265	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1266	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1267	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1268	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1269	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1270	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1271	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1272	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1273	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1274	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1275	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1276	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2
I	1277	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P0DTC2

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
4	C	4	49	28	2	19	0	0





● Molecule 4: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose





## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	155712	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	63	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	300	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	19.138	Depositor
Minimum map value	-16.903	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.034	Depositor
Recommended contour level	1.1	Depositor
Map size (Å)	431.616, 431.616, 431.616	wwPDB
Map dimensions	512, 512, 512	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.843, 0.843, 0.843	Depositor

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, FUC, BMA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$
1	A	0.53	0/974	0.57	0/1326
2	B	0.46	0/733	0.72	2/995 (0.2%)
3	I	0.54	0/1429	0.64	1/1948 (0.1%)
All	All	0.52	0/3136	0.64	3/4269 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	53	SER	N-CA-CB	-7.71	98.94	110.50
3	I	389	ASP	N-CA-CB	-6.01	99.78	110.60
2	B	52	ALA	CB-CA-C	5.43	118.24	110.10

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	950	0	889	8	0
2	B	718	0	665	2	0
3	I	1388	0	1225	0	0
4	C	49	0	43	0	0
All	All	3105	0	2822	10	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 10 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:19:LYS:HG2	1:A:82:GLU:HB2	1.70	0.73
1:A:19:LYS:NZ	1:A:82:GLU:HB2	2.04	0.73
1:A:19:LYS:HG2	1:A:82:GLU:CB	2.26	0.66
1:A:19:LYS:HZ3	1:A:82:GLU:HB2	1.68	0.56
1:A:19:LYS:HZ2	1:A:82:GLU:HB2	1.73	0.53

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	124/126 (98%)	122 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
2	B	97/214 (45%)	94 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
3	I	175/1274 (14%)	170 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	396/1614 (24%)	386 (98%)	10 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	93/102 (91%)	93 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	66/185 (36%)	66 (100%)	0	100	100
3	I	126/1110 (11%)	126 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	285/1397 (20%)	285 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	59	ASN
3	I	388	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
4	NAG	C	1	3,4	14,14,15	0.90	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.16	2 (11%)
4	NAG	C	2	4	14,14,15	1.07	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.94	1 (5%)
4	BMA	C	3	4	11,11,12	1.02	0	15,15,17	0.61	0
4	FUC	C	4	4	10,10,11	1.03	0	14,14,16	0.53	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	C	1	3,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	C	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	C	3	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	FUC	C	4	4	-	-	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	C	2	NAG	C1-C2	2.81	1.56	1.52
4	C	1	NAG	C1-C2	2.64	1.56	1.52

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	C	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.78	120.80	116.10
4	C	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.48	120.30	116.10
4	C	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.22	119.74	122.90

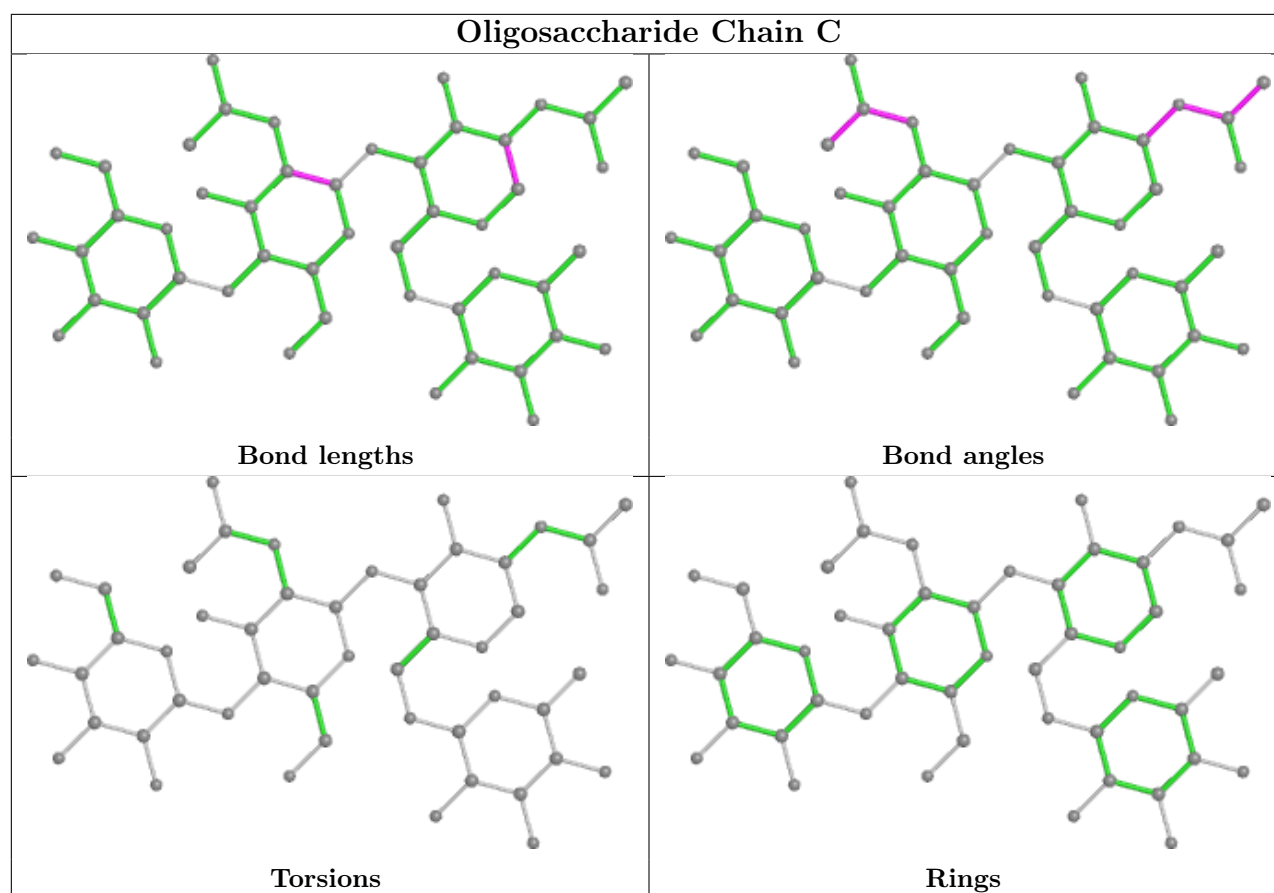
There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

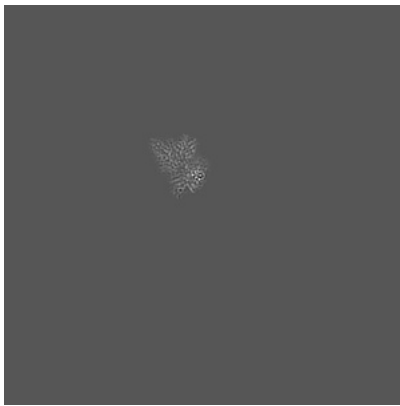
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-25990. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

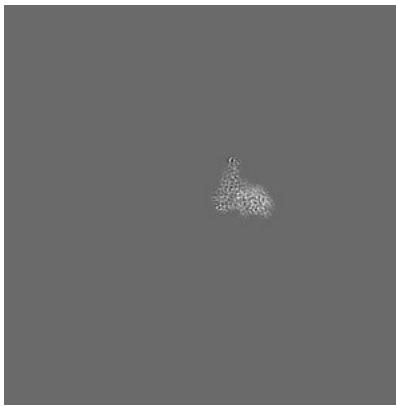
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

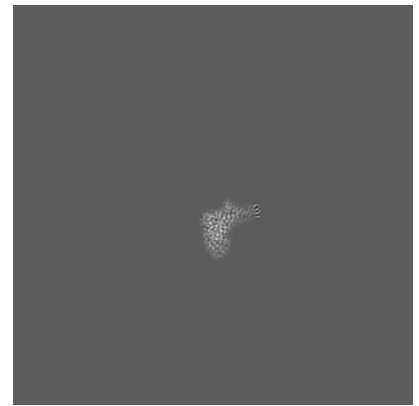
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X

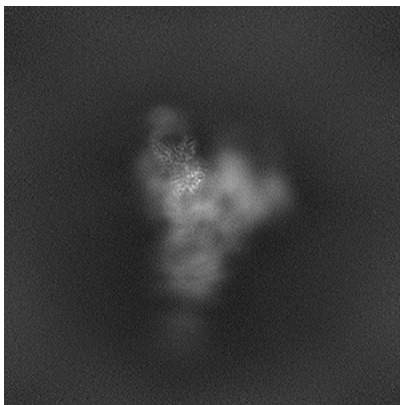


Y

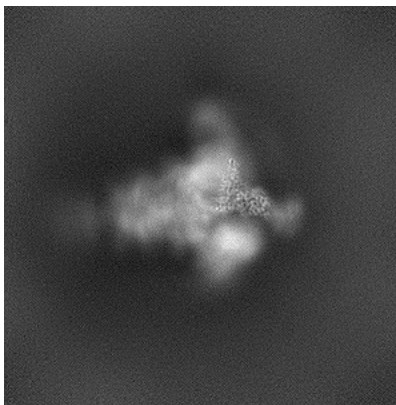


Z

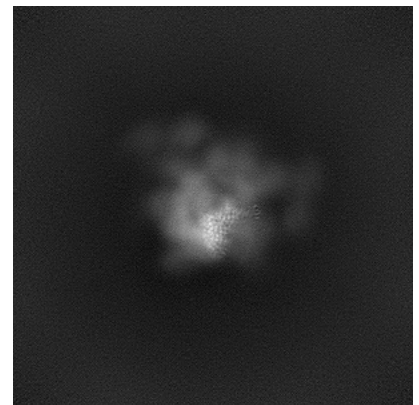
#### 6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

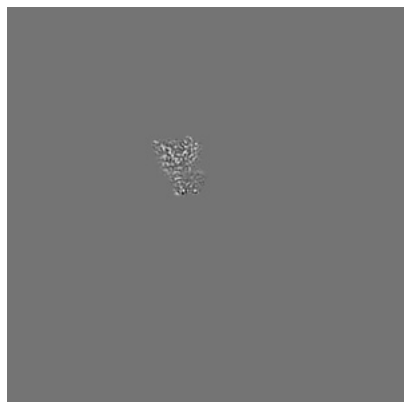


Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

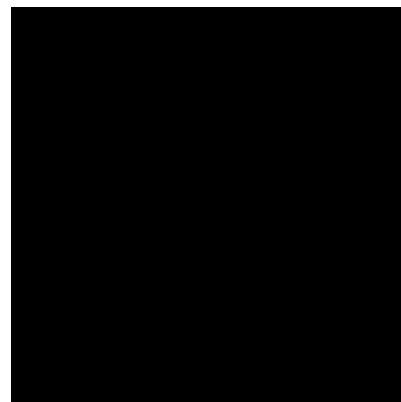
### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 256



Y Index: 256



Z Index: 256

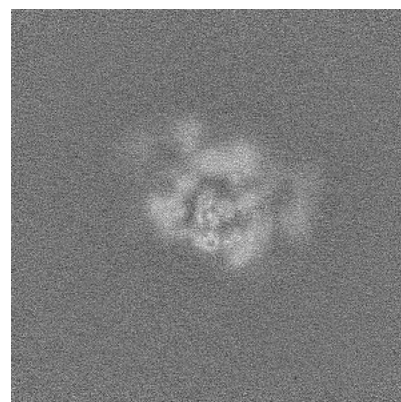
### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 256



Y Index: 256



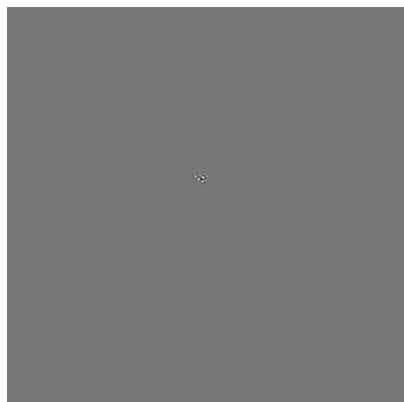
Z Index: 256

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

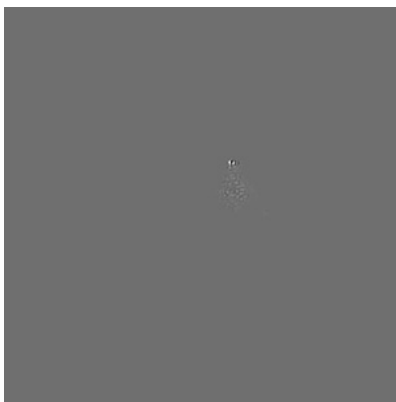


## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 312

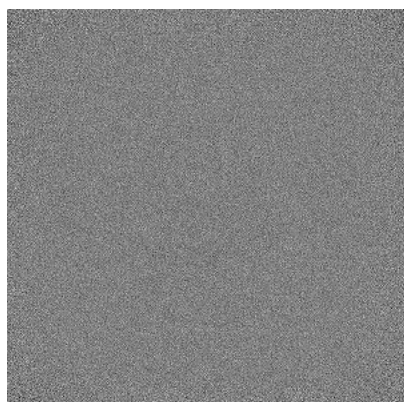


Y Index: 250

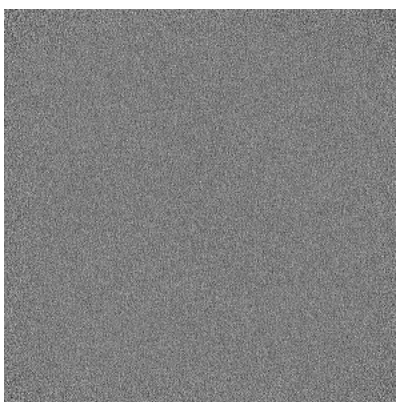


Z Index: 291

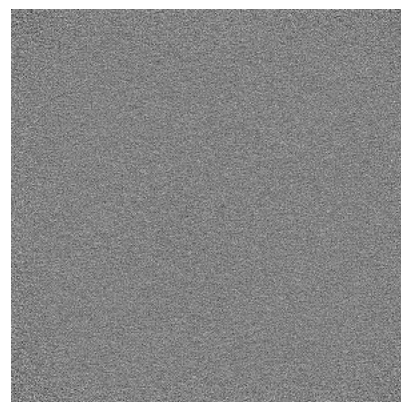
### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 0



Y Index: 0

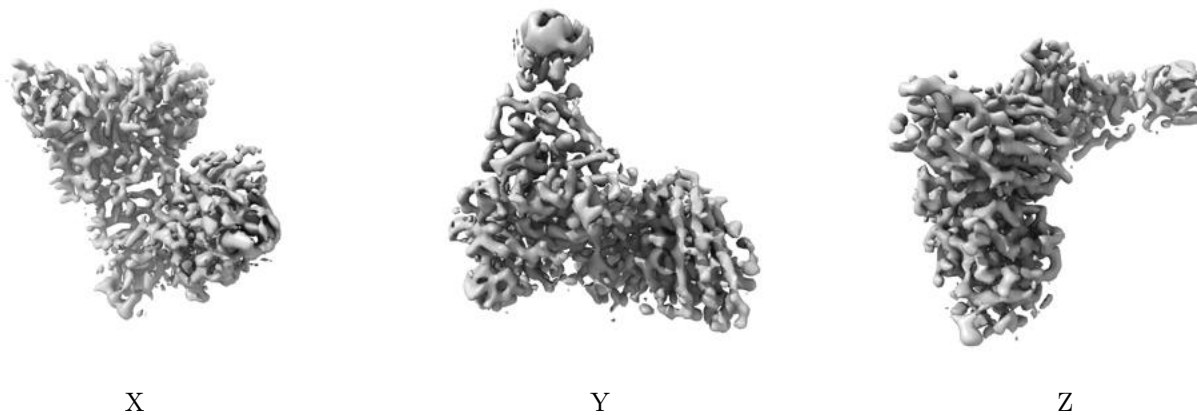


Z Index: 511

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 1.1. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

### 6.4.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

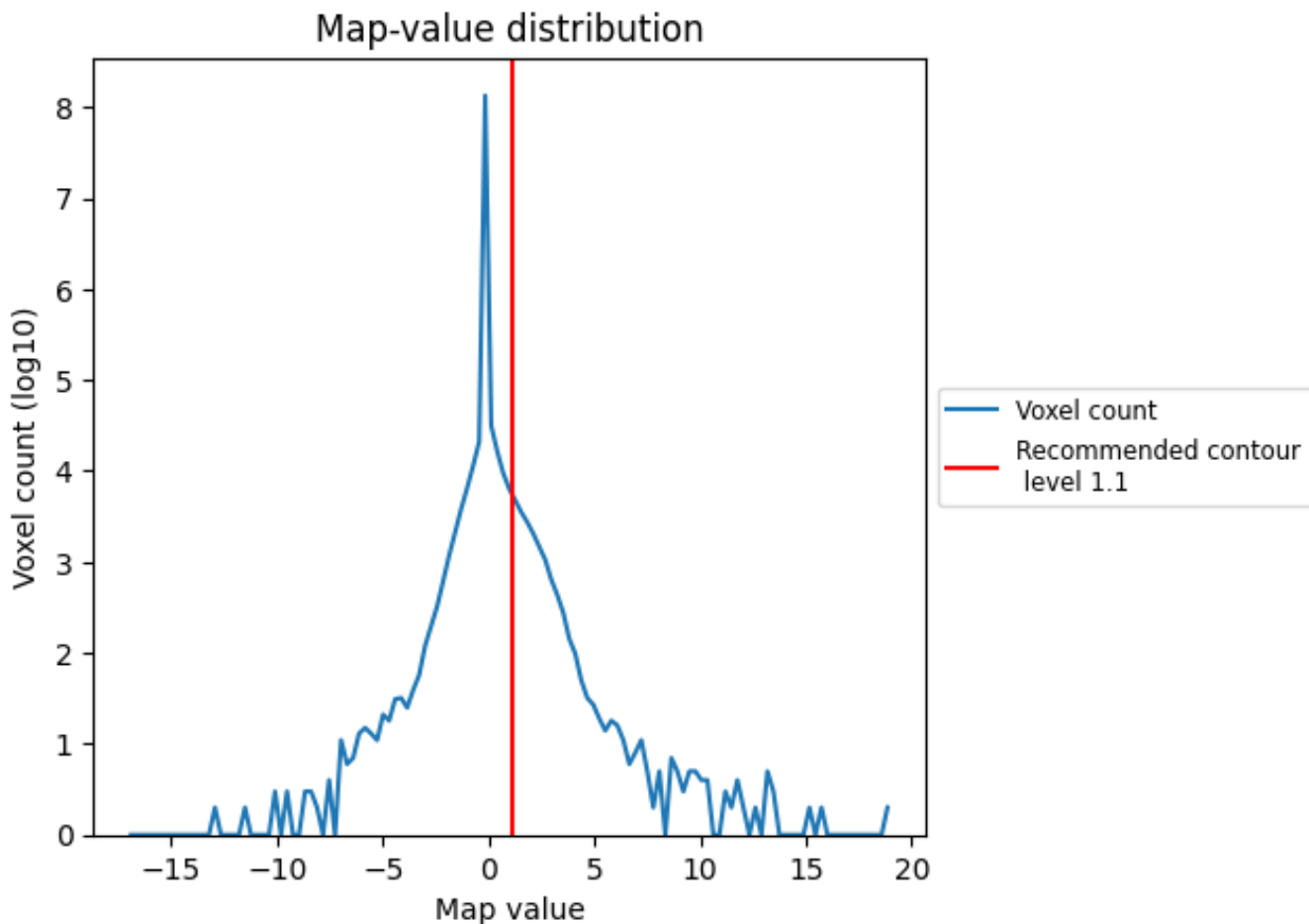
## 6.5 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

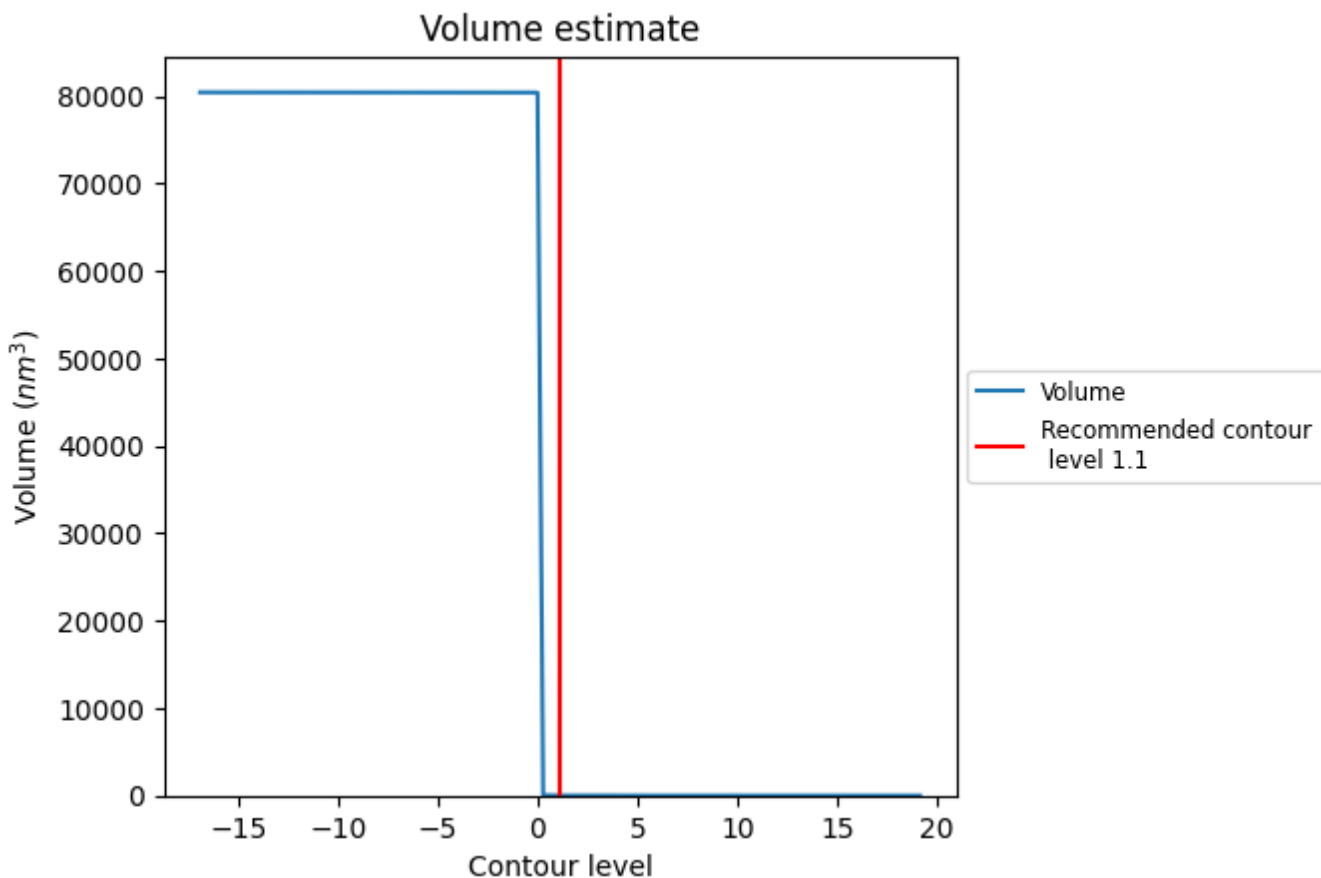
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

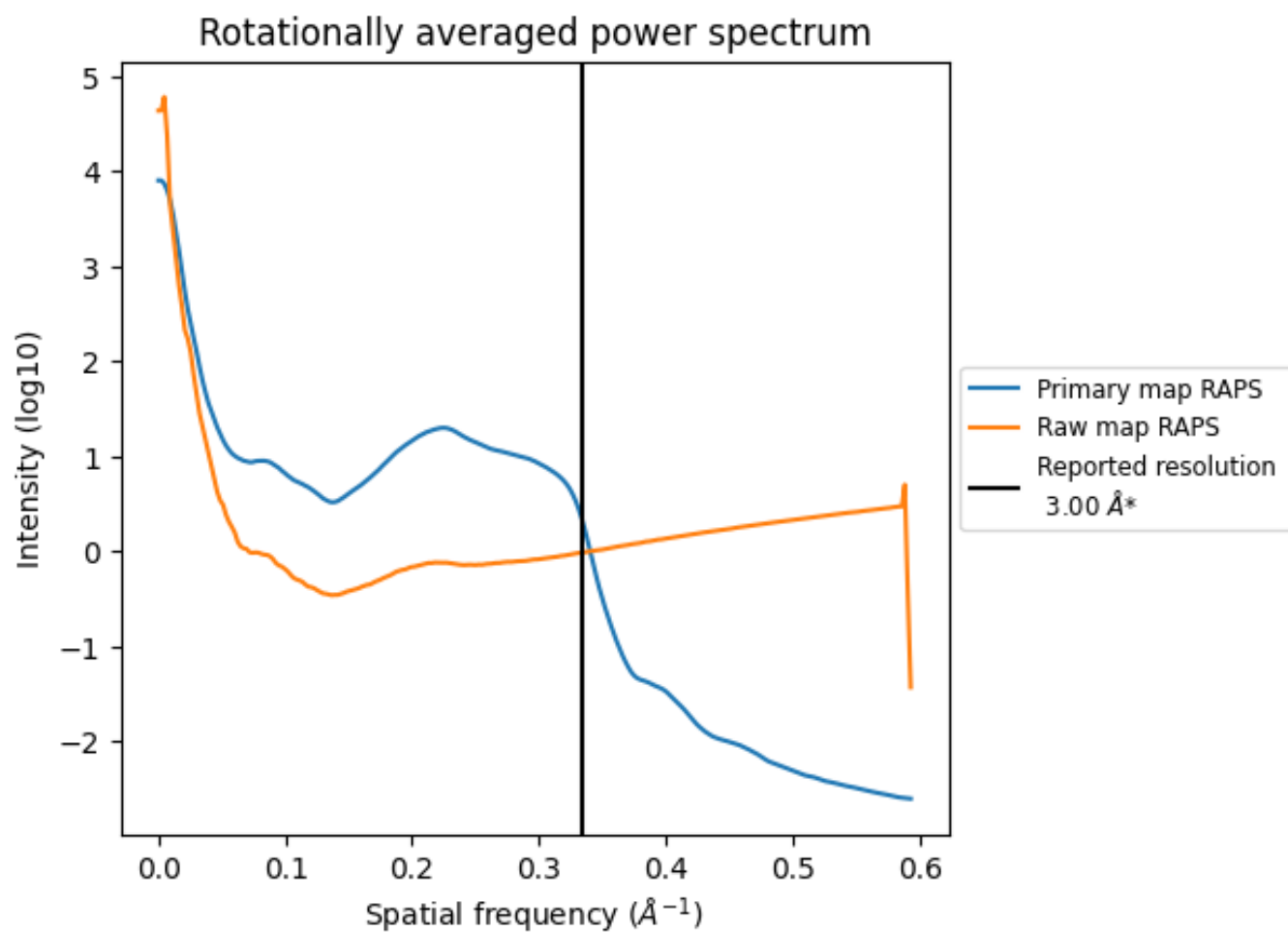
## 7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 13 nm<sup>3</sup>; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 11 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum i

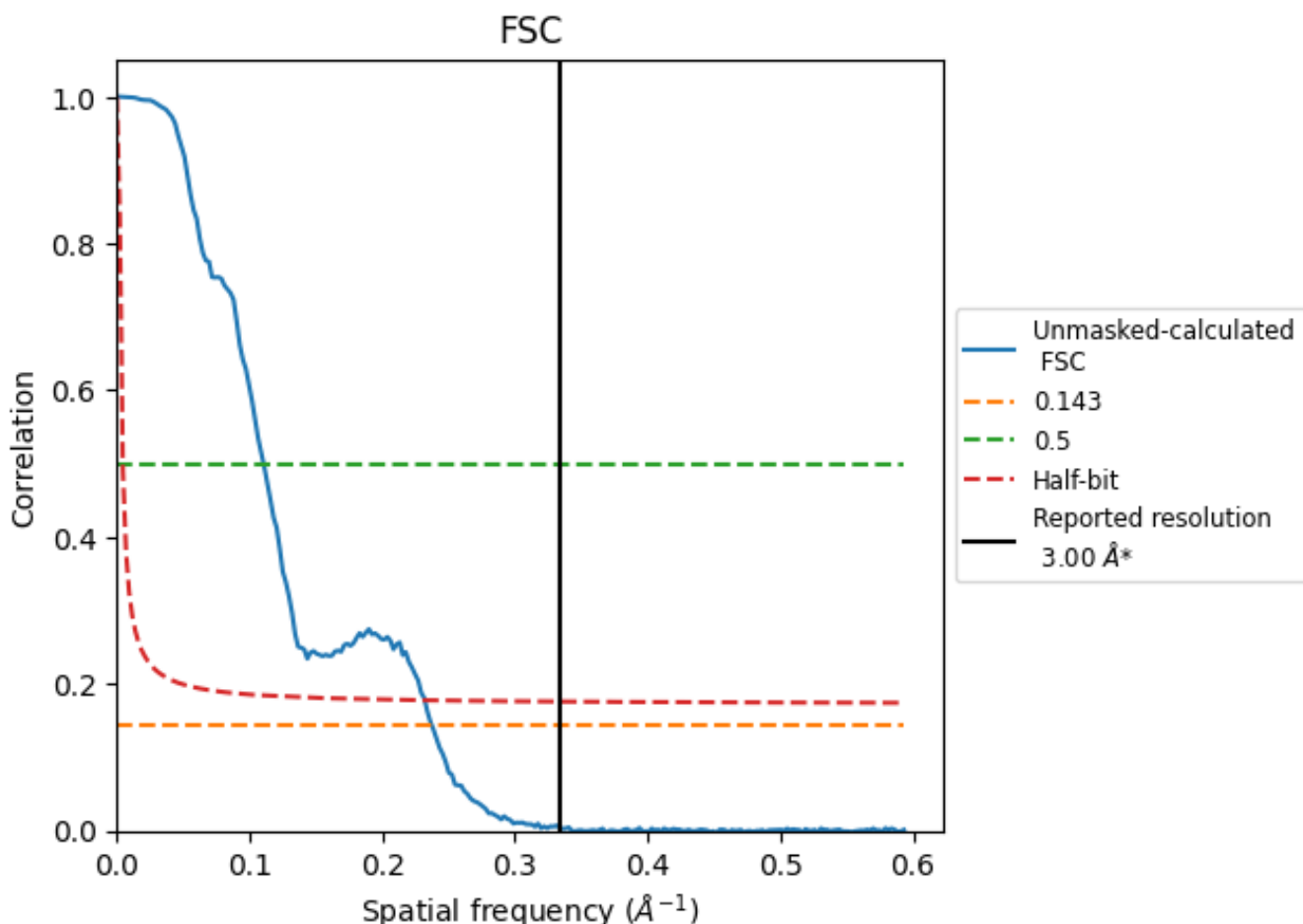


\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.333 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC [i](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of  $0.333 \text{\AA}^{-1}$

## 8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

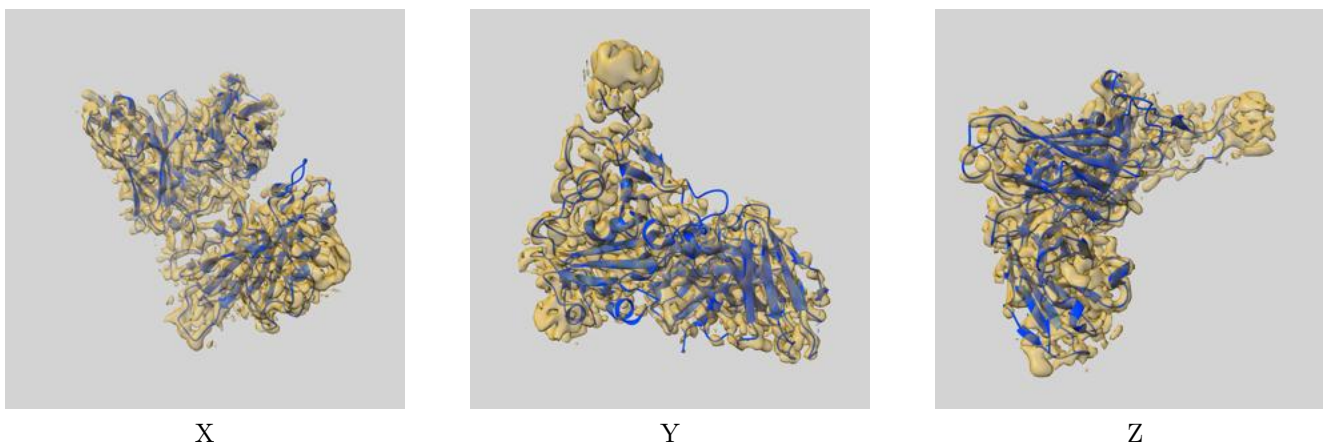
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.00	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	4.21	9.04	4.31

\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.21 differs from the reported value 3.0 by more than 10 %

## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-25990 and PDB model 7TLY. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

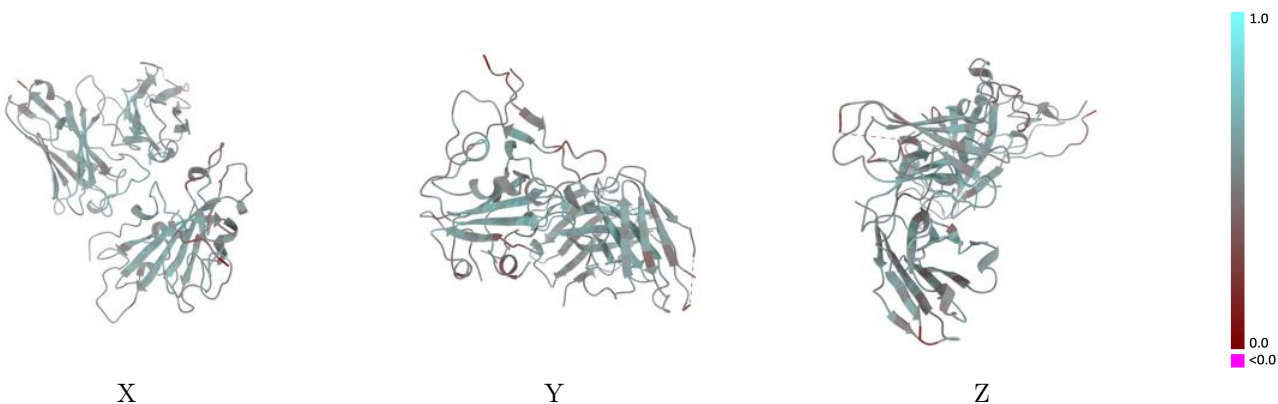
### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 1.1 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

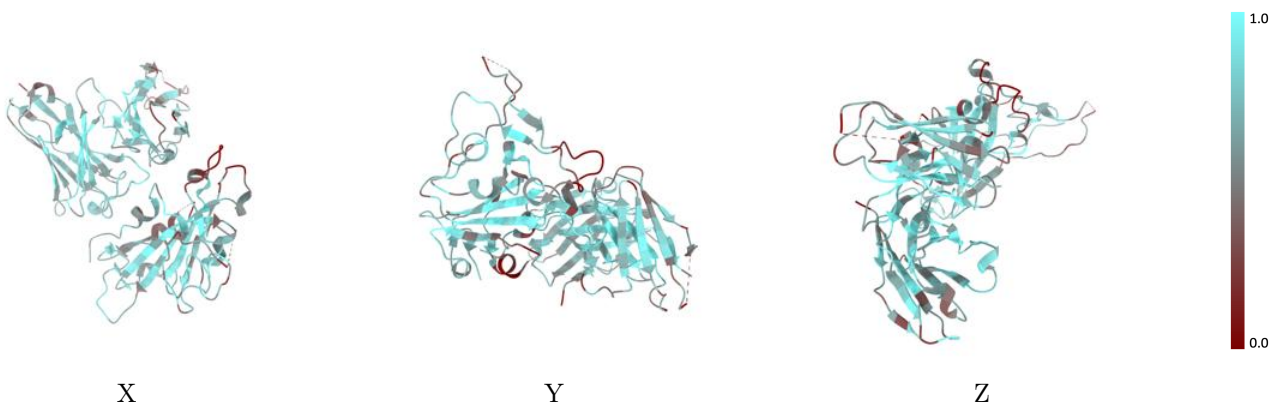


## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



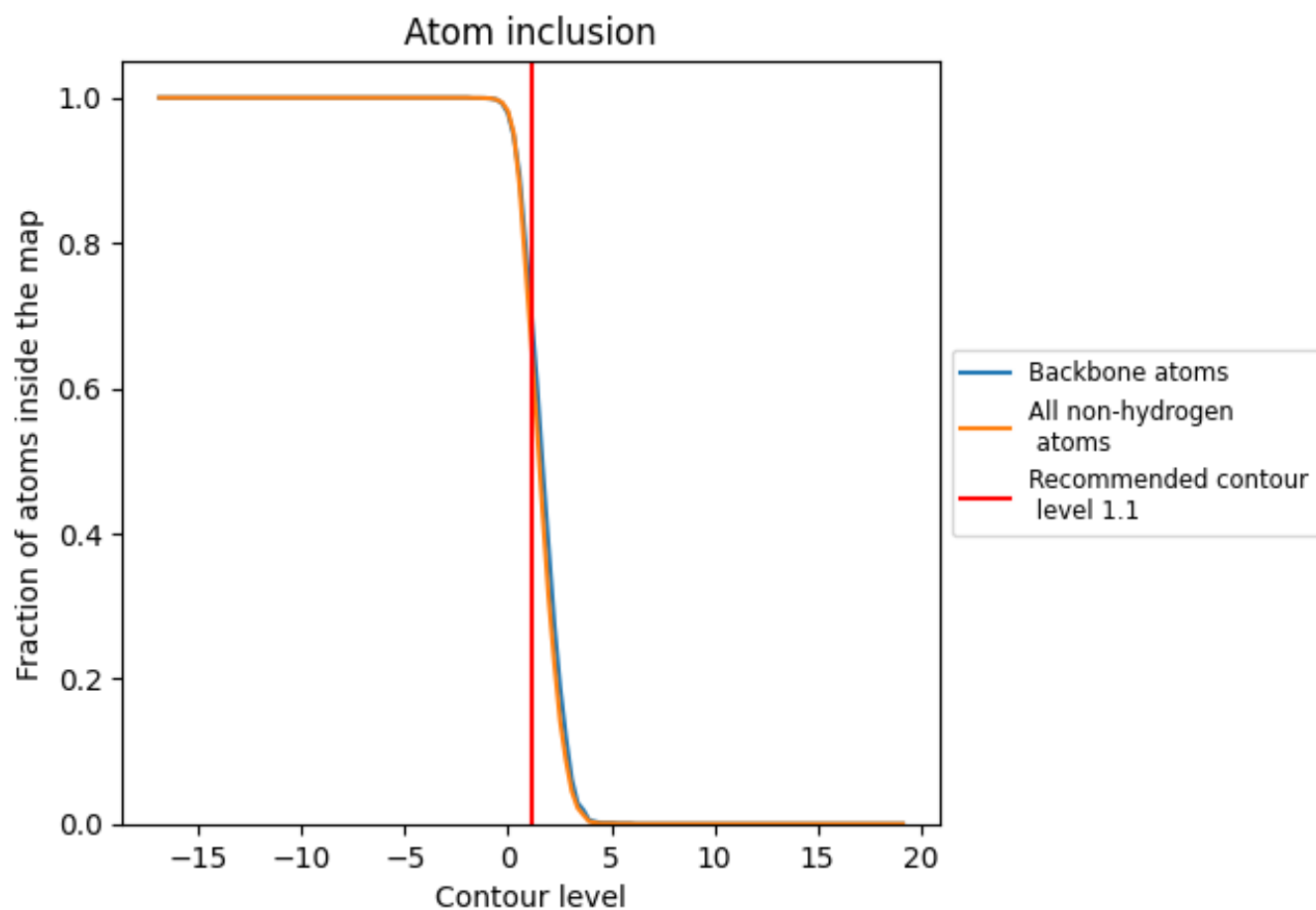
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (1.1).











## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 72% of all backbone atoms, 67% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary [i](#)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (1.1) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.6681	 0.5280
A	 0.7281	 0.5460
B	 0.6776	 0.5370
C	 0.3673	 0.4080
I	 0.6331	 0.5170

