

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jan 20, 2024 – 02:55 pm GMT

PDB ID	:	7B8I
Title	:	Tetragonal structure of human protein kinase CK2 catalytic subunit in complex
		with a heparin oligo saccharide
Authors	:	Niefind, K.; Schnitzler, A.
Deposited on	:	2020-12-12
Resolution	:	2.55 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

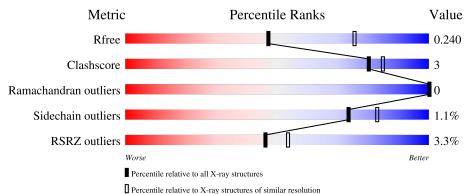
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as 541 be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.36
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.55 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ \textbf{(\#Entries)} \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	$1284 \ (2.56-2.52)$
Clashscore	141614	1332(2.56-2.52)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1315 (2.56-2.52)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1315 (2.56-2.52)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1272 (2.56-2.52)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	335	3% 91%	8% •
1	В	335	3% 93%	6% ••
2	С	8	50% 50%	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	IDS	С	1	-	-	-	Х
2	SGN	С	8	-	-	-	Х
3	GOL	А	401	-	-	-	Х



2 Entry composition (i)

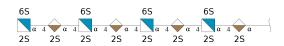
There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5924 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Δ	332	Total	С	Ν	0	\mathbf{S}	0	0	0
		<u>3</u> 32	2804	1795	495	503	11	0	0	0
1	Р	332	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	1	0
	D	552	2815	1801	499	504	11	0		

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Casein kinase II subunit alpha.

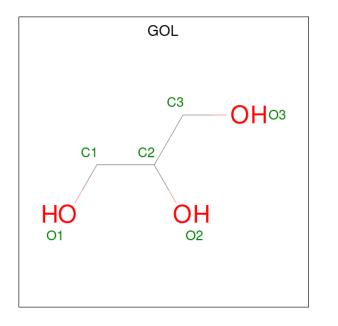
• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-deoxy-6-O-sulfo-2-(sulfoamino)-alpha-D-glucopyra nose-(1-4)-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2-deoxy-6-O-sulfo-2-(sulfoamino)-al pha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2-deoxy-6-O-sulfo-2 -(sulfoamino)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2-d eoxy-6-O-sulfo-2-(sulfoamino)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2-d ic acid.



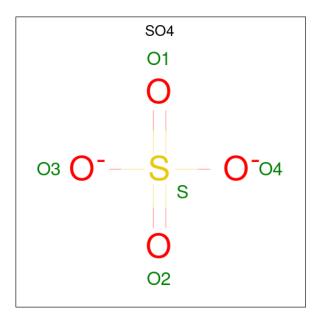
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	С	8	Total 141	C 48	N 4	0 77	S 12	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
4	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0



• Molecule 5 is water.

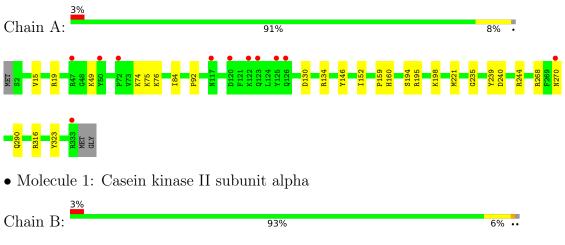
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	71	Total O 71 71	0	0
5	В	72	Total O 72 72	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Casein kinase II subunit alpha



• Molecule 2: 2-deoxy-6-O-sulfo-2-(sulfoamino)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-id opyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2-deoxy-6-O-sulfo-2-(sulfoamino)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2-deoxy-6-O-sulfo-2-(sulfoamino)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2-deoxy-6-O-sulfo-2-(sulfoamino)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2-deoxy-6-O-sulfo-2-(sulfoamino)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2-deoxy-6-O-sulfo-2-(sulfoamino)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2-deoxy-6-O-sulfo-2-(sulfoamino)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid

Chain C:	50%	50%
IDS1 SGN2 SGN2 IDS3 SGN4 IDS5 SGN6 IDS7 SGN8		



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Cell constants} \\ \text{a, b, c, } \alpha, \beta, \gamma \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.40 - 2.55 45.40 - 2.55	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness	98.5 (45.40-2.55)	Depositor
(in resolution range) R _{merge}	98.5 (45.40-2.55) 0.09	EDS Depositor
R_{sym}	0.09	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.00 (at 2.54 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.13_2998: ???)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1696 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	48.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.224	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32, 36.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2 > = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.000 for -h,-l,-k 0.000 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5924	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	59.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 60.63 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 1.4783e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SGN, GOL, IDS, SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.24	0/2879	0.40	0/3893	
1	В	0.24	0/2890	0.40	0/3907	
All	All	0.24	0/5769	0.40	0/7800	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2804	0	2748	17	0
1	В	2815	0	2760	13	0
2	С	141	0	50	3	0
3	А	6	0	8	1	0
4	А	10	0	0	0	0
4	В	5	0	0	0	0
5	А	71	0	0	1	0
5	В	72	0	0	0	0
All	All	5924	0	5566	31	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.



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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:121:PHE:HE1	1:B:128:LEU:HD11	1.66	0.61
1:A:75:LYS:HG2	2:C:4:SGN:H61	1.87	0.56
1:B:84:ILE:HG23	1:B:152:ILE:HD13	1.88	0.55
1:A:49:LYS:HD2	1:A:49:LYS:H	1.71	0.55
1:B:134:ARG:HG2	1:B:323:TYR:CZ	2.43	0.54

The worst 5 of 31 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	330/335~(98%)	319~(97%)	11 (3%)	0	100	100
1	В	331/335~(99%)	319~(96%)	12~(4%)	0	100	100
All	All	661/670~(99%)	638~(96%)	23~(4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	305/307~(99%)	302~(99%)	3~(1%)	76 84	

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles		
1	В	306/307~(100%)	302~(99%)	4 (1%)	69 80		
All	All	611/614~(100%)	604~(99%)	7 (1%)	73 83		

5 of 7 residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	102	LYS
1	В	121	PHE
1	В	270	ASN
1	В	191	ARG
1	А	290	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

8 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type		Cype Chain Res		Link	Bo	ond leng	\mathbf{ths}	В	ond ang	les
10101	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	IDS	С	1	2	$17,\!17,\!17$	1.38	1 (5%)	20,26,26	0.80	0
2	SGN	С	2	2	18,19,20	4.59	2 (11%)	22,29,31	1.61	4 (18%)
2	IDS	С	3	2	16,16,17	1.49	2 (12%)	17,24,26	0.77	0



Mal	Mol Type (Chain Res		Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	туре	Unam	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	
2	SGN	С	4	2	18,19,20	4.70	2 (11%)	22,29,31	1.34	2 (9%)	
2	IDS	С	5	2	16, 16, 17	1.13	2 (12%)	17,24,26	0.84	1 (5%)	
2	SGN	С	6	2	$18,\!19,\!20$	1.33	1 (5%)	22,29,31	1.25	2 (9%)	
2	IDS	С	7	2	16, 16, 17	1.51	2 (12%)	17,24,26	0.71	0	
2	SGN	С	8	2	18,19,20	4.58	4 (22%)	22,29,31	1.93	2 (9%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	IDS	С	1	2	-	2/9/29/29	0/1/1/1
2	SGN	С	2	2	-	6/11/28/31	0/1/1/1
2	IDS	С	3	2	-	1/9/26/29	0/1/1/1
2	SGN	\mathbf{C}	4	2	-	3/11/28/31	0/1/1/1
2	IDS	С	5	2	-	0/9/26/29	0/1/1/1
2	SGN	\mathbf{C}	6	2	-	3/11/28/31	0/1/1/1
2	IDS	С	7	2	-	0/9/26/29	0/1/1/1
2	SGN	С	8	2	_	3/11/28/31	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 16 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms		Observed(Å)	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
2	С	4	SGN	O1S-S1	19.19	1.64	1.42
2	С	2	SGN	O1S-S1	19.15	1.63	1.42
2	С	8	SGN	O2S-S1	18.80	1.63	1.42
2	С	1	IDS	O1S-S	4.38	1.64	1.45
2	С	7	IDS	O2S-S	4.38	1.64	1.45

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	С	8	SGN	C1-O5-C5	7.49	122.34	112.19
2	С	4	SGN	O1S-S1-O2S	-4.55	109.40	120.16
2	С	6	SGN	O1S-S1-O2S	-4.54	109.42	120.16
2	С	2	SGN	O1S-S1-O2S	-4.33	109.92	120.16
2	С	8	SGN	O1S-S1-O2S	-4.30	110.00	120.16

There are no chirality outliers.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	С	1	IDS	C4-C5-C6-O6A
2	С	1	IDS	C4-C5-C6-O6B
2	С	2	SGN	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	С	2	SGN	C2-N2-S1-O2S
2	С	4	SGN	C6-O6-S2-O5S

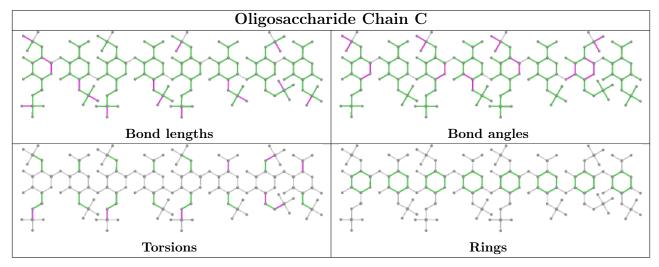
5 of 18 torsion outliers are listed below:

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	С	6	SGN	1	0
2	С	7	IDS	1	0
2	С	8	SGN	1	0
2	С	4	SGN	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
INIOI	туре				Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	
4	SO4	В	401	-	4,4,4	0.14	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.06	0	
4	SO4	А	403	-	4,4,4	0.14	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.05	0	
4	SO4	А	402	-	4,4,4	0.14	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.05	0	
3	GOL	А	401	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.90	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.96	0	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GOL	А	401	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	А	401	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
3	А	401	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	А	401	GOL	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	#RSRZ>2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	332/335~(99%)	0.01	11 (3%) 46 53	34, 50, 99, 143	0
1	В	332/335~(99%)	0.02	11 (3%) 46 53	33, 50, 100, 161	0
All	All	664/670~(99%)	0.02	22 (3%) 46 53	33, 50, 100, 161	0

The worst 5 of 22 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	121	PHE	5.0
1	А	117	ASN	4.4
1	А	50	TYR	3.9
1	В	125	TYR	3.9
1	А	122	LYS	3.6

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$B-factors(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
2	SGN	С	8	19/20	0.08	0.46	194,205,214,215	0
2	IDS	С	1	17/17	0.56	0.49	$134,\!143,\!153,\!153$	0
2	IDS	С	7	16/17	0.57	0.29	199,203,216,216	0
2	SGN	С	6	19/20	0.58	0.35	202,205,209,209	0
2	IDS	С	5	16/17	0.63	0.30	189,195,203,204	0

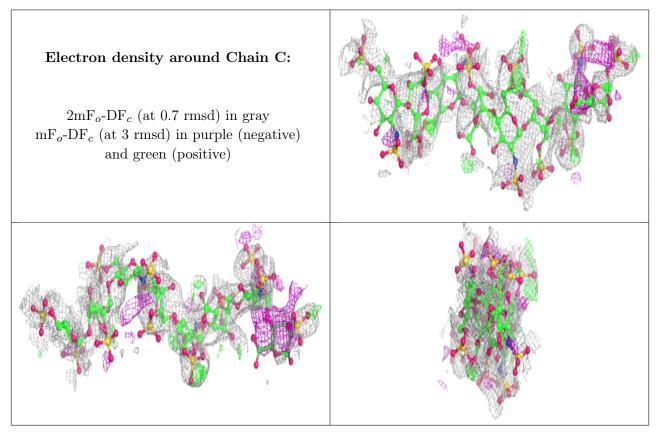
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Mol	0	Chain	1 0		RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	SGN	С	4	19/20	0.68	0.27	$157,\!167,\!172,\!180$	0
2	IDS	С	3	16/17	0.77	0.19	157,160,170,170	0
2	SGN	С	2	19/20	0.77	0.24	$127,\!134,\!145,\!152$	0

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The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
3	GOL	А	401	6/6	0.76	0.49	$65,\!66,\!67,\!67$	0
4	SO4	А	403	5/5	0.87	0.23	110,112,112,114	0
4	SO4	А	402	5/5	0.96	0.16	63,70,73,76	0
4	SO4	В	401	5/5	0.97	0.15	$60,\!65,\!68,\!69$	0



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

