



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 16, 2022 – 04:03 AM JST

PDB ID : 6LML
EMDB ID : EMD-0918
Title : Cryo-EM structure of the human glucagon receptor in complex with G1
Authors : Qiao, A.; Han, S.; Li, X.; Sun, F.; Zhao, Q.; Wu, B.
Deposited on : 2019-12-26
Resolution : 3.90 Å (reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

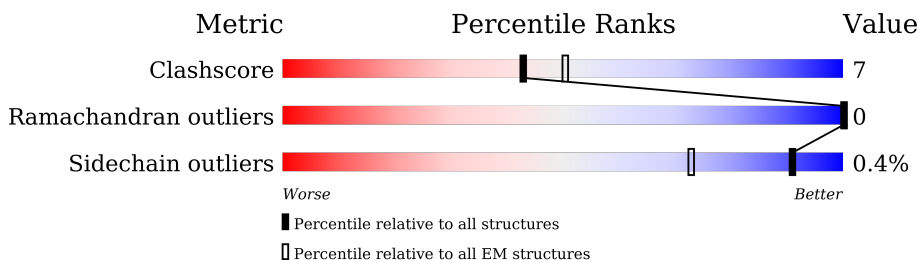
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.2

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	354	
2	B	351	
3	C	71	
4	D	247	
5	E	29	
6	R	422	

2 Entry composition i

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9438 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(i) subunit alpha-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	224	1735	1106	293	326	10	0	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	47	ASN	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P63096
A	203	ALA	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP P63096
A	245	ALA	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P63096
A	326	SER	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P63096

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	306	2322	1441	413	450	18	0	0

There are 12 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	-10	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-9	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-8	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-7	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-6	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-5	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-4	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-3	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	-1	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	0	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
B	1	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P62873

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	C	33	241	153	38	48	2	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a protein called scFv16.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	D	232	1742	1111	293	329	9	0	0

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Glucagon.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
5	E	29	245	153	43	48	1	0	0

- Molecule 6 is a protein called Glucagon receptor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
6	R	395	3153	2072	545	517	19	0	0

There are 19 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
R	126	ARG	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P47871
R	200	TRP	THR	engineered mutation	UNP P47871
R	366	MET	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P47871
R	433	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P47871
R	434	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P47871
R	435	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P47871
R	436	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P47871
R	437	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P47871
R	438	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P47871
R	439	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P47871
R	440	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P47871
R	441	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P47871
R	442	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P47871
R	443	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P47871
R	444	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P47871
R	445	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P47871

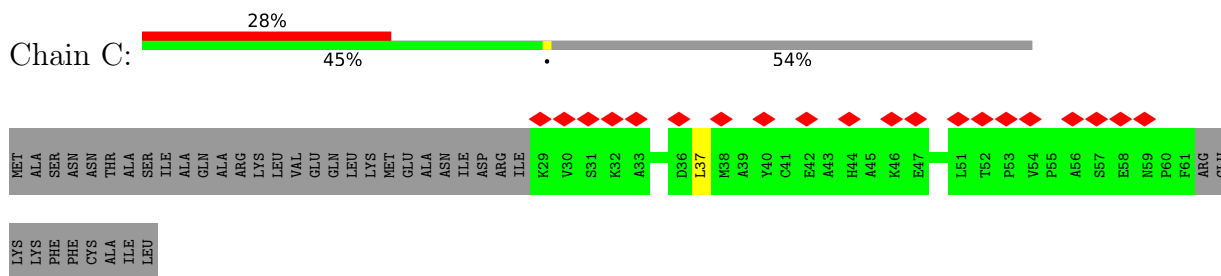
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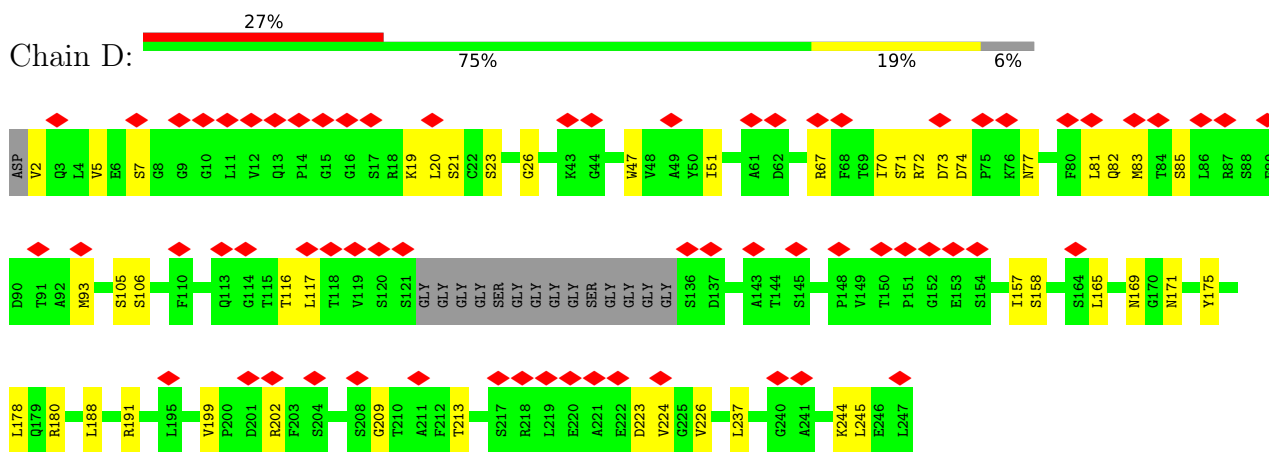
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
R	446	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P47871
R	447	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P47871
R	448	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P47871



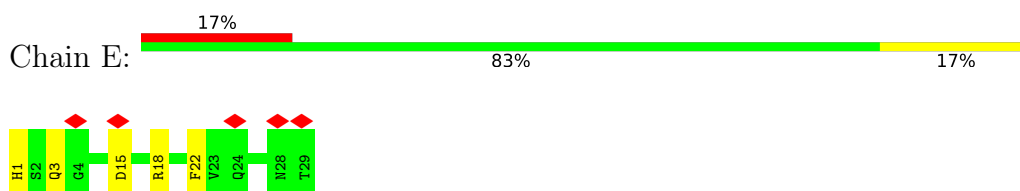
- Molecule 3: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2



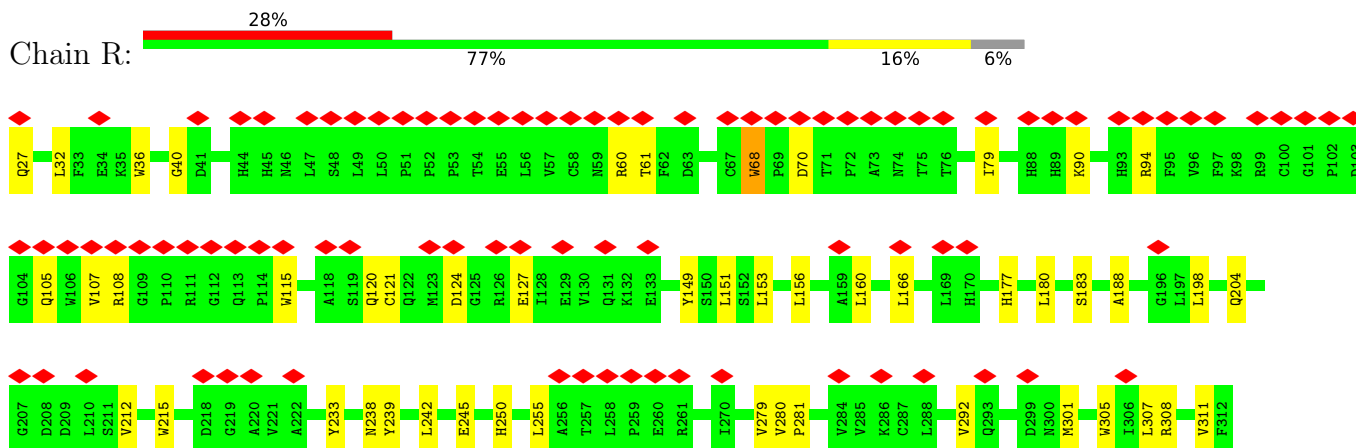
- Molecule 4: scFv16

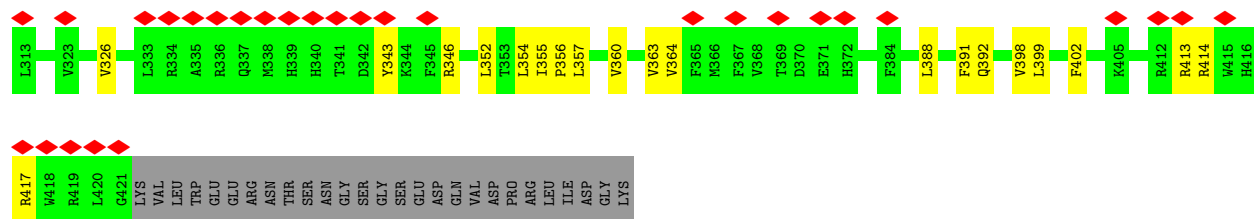


- Molecule 5: Glucagon



- Molecule 6: Glucagon receptor





4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	312974	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	1.875	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.060	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.042	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.002	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.012	Depositor
Map size (Å)	209.92, 209.92, 209.92	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.82, 0.82, 0.82	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.34	0/1765	0.57	3/2379 (0.1%)
2	B	0.39	0/2369	0.61	0/3218
3	C	0.28	0/247	0.44	0/338
4	D	0.34	0/1786	0.56	0/2429
5	E	0.36	0/251	0.44	0/338
6	R	0.34	0/3248	0.54	0/4422
All	All	0.35	0/9666	0.56	3/13124 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
6	R	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
1	A	283	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.36	129.94	115.30
1	A	38	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.08	129.28	115.30
1	A	36	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.92	128.92	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
6	R	292	VAL	Peptide
6	R	356	PRO	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1735	0	1669	12	0
2	B	2322	0	2210	50	0
3	C	241	0	229	1	0
4	D	1742	0	1654	27	0
5	E	245	0	225	5	0
6	R	3153	0	3110	41	0
All	All	9438	0	9097	131	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (131) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:311:HIS:HE2	2:B:329:THR:HG1	1.28	0.79
2:B:62:HIS:HD2	2:B:105:TYR:H	1.37	0.73
2:B:159:THR:HG1	2:B:169:TRP:HE1	1.37	0.71
2:B:80:ILE:HG22	2:B:92:ALA:HA	1.78	0.66
6:R:363:VAL:HG23	6:R:364:VAL:HG23	1.83	0.61
2:B:294:CYS:HB2	2:B:308:LEU:HB2	1.82	0.60
6:R:326:VAL:HG12	6:R:352:LEU:HD11	1.84	0.60
4:D:51:ILE:HD11	4:D:70:ILE:HG12	1.84	0.60
2:B:74:SER:OG	2:B:75:GLN:N	2.33	0.59
6:R:120:GLN:NE2	6:R:121:CYS:SG	2.76	0.58
2:B:285:LEU:HD23	2:B:297:TRP:HB2	1.85	0.58
4:D:20:LEU:HB2	4:D:81:LEU:HB3	1.85	0.58
5:E:3:GLN:NE2	6:R:149:TYR:OH	2.37	0.57
2:B:99:TRP:HB2	2:B:117:LEU:HD22	1.87	0.57
5:E:18:ARG:NH2	6:R:204:GLN:O	2.38	0.57
2:B:161:SER:OG	2:B:162:GLY:N	2.40	0.55
4:D:93:MET:HA	4:D:116:THR:HA	1.86	0.55
2:B:210:LEU:HD12	2:B:220:GLN:HB2	1.88	0.55
1:A:271:LYS:H	1:A:325:CYS:HB3	1.71	0.55
4:D:105:SER:OG	4:D:106:SER:N	2.39	0.55
2:B:187:VAL:HA	2:B:203:ALA:HA	1.88	0.55

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
6:R:360:VAL:HG22	6:R:388:LEU:HD13	1.88	0.55
1:A:251:ASP:HB3	1:A:310:LEU:HD23	1.89	0.54
4:D:202:ARG:NH2	4:D:223:ASP:OD2	2.39	0.54
6:R:105:GLN:OE1	6:R:108:ARG:NH2	2.40	0.54
6:R:180:LEU:HD11	6:R:242:LEU:HD23	1.90	0.54
2:B:119:ASN:HA	2:B:146:LEU:HD23	1.90	0.53
4:D:19:LYS:HA	4:D:82:GLN:HA	1.90	0.53
6:R:107:VAL:HG23	6:R:115:TRP:HB3	1.91	0.53
2:B:245:SER:OG	2:B:246:ASP:N	2.42	0.52
6:R:183:SER:O	6:R:238:ASN:ND2	2.42	0.52
1:A:186:GLU:OE2	1:A:197:LYS:NZ	2.43	0.52
2:B:283:ARG:NH1	2:B:298:ASP:OD1	2.43	0.52
2:B:71:VAL:HG21	2:B:112:VAL:HG21	1.92	0.52
2:B:215:GLU:OE2	2:B:219:ARG:NH2	2.43	0.52
2:B:298:ASP:HB3	2:B:302:ALA:H	1.73	0.52
4:D:82:GLN:NE2	4:D:83:MET:O	2.43	0.52
2:B:68:ARG:O	2:B:84:SER:OG	2.26	0.51
1:A:206:SER:OG	1:A:207:GLU:N	2.40	0.51
4:D:74:ASP:O	4:D:77:ASN:ND2	2.44	0.51
4:D:158:SER:HA	4:D:213:THR:HA	1.92	0.51
6:R:36:TRP:O	6:R:40:GLY:N	2.43	0.51
6:R:183:SER:O	6:R:183:SER:OG	2.30	0.50
6:R:355:ILE:O	6:R:357:LEU:N	2.39	0.50
6:R:343:TYR:HA	6:R:346:ARG:HB3	1.92	0.50
1:A:39:LEU:HD23	1:A:253:ILE:HD13	1.94	0.50
2:B:51:LEU:HD11	2:B:338:ILE:HD11	1.92	0.50
2:B:119:ASN:ND2	2:B:144:GLY:O	2.40	0.50
5:E:1:HIS:O	6:R:308:ARG:NH1	2.43	0.50
2:B:328:ALA:HB2	2:B:338:ILE:HG23	1.94	0.49
4:D:171:ASN:N	4:D:171:ASN:OD1	2.44	0.49
2:B:229:ILE:HA	2:B:245:SER:HA	1.94	0.49
2:B:110:ASN:OD1	2:B:110:ASN:N	2.44	0.49
6:R:166:LEU:HD21	6:R:414:ARG:HH11	1.77	0.48
1:A:311:ASN:N	1:A:311:ASN:OD1	2.46	0.48
2:B:320:VAL:HG22	2:B:327:VAL:HG22	1.95	0.48
6:R:250:HIS:HD2	6:R:255:LEU:HD12	1.79	0.48
4:D:178:LEU:HD22	4:D:180:ARG:HH11	1.79	0.48
2:B:35:ASN:O	2:B:301:LYS:NZ	2.47	0.48
2:B:213:VAL:HG23	2:B:214:ARG:HE	1.79	0.48
2:B:321:THR:OG1	2:B:324:GLY:N	2.37	0.48
4:D:71:SER:OG	4:D:72:ARG:N	2.46	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:D:73:ASP:O	4:D:77:ASN:N	2.46	0.47
2:B:321:THR:HG1	2:B:324:GLY:H	1.60	0.47
4:D:7:SER:HG	4:D:21:SER:HG	1.60	0.47
1:A:343:ILE:O	1:A:347:ASN:N	2.48	0.47
2:B:54:HIS:NE2	2:B:72:SER:OG	2.37	0.47
2:B:54:HIS:CE1	2:B:74:SER:HB2	2.49	0.47
6:R:212:VAL:HA	6:R:215:TRP:HB3	1.96	0.47
6:R:32:LEU:O	6:R:36:TRP:N	2.46	0.47
2:B:176:GLN:OE1	2:B:179:THR:OG1	2.33	0.46
4:D:175:TYR:OH	4:D:191:ARG:NH1	2.48	0.46
6:R:90:LYS:NZ	6:R:124:ASP:OD2	2.43	0.46
1:A:183:GLY:HA3	2:B:118:ASP:HA	1.97	0.46
6:R:301:MET:O	6:R:305:TRP:N	2.48	0.46
2:B:290:ASP:OD2	2:B:314:ARG:NH1	2.49	0.46
4:D:224:VAL:HA	4:D:245:LEU:HD23	1.96	0.46
6:R:61:THR:H	6:R:68:TRP:HE1	1.64	0.46
6:R:151:LEU:HD23	6:R:391:PHE:HE1	1.80	0.46
6:R:233:TYR:HA	6:R:279:VAL:HG11	1.97	0.46
6:R:280:VAL:HG23	6:R:281:PRO:HD3	1.97	0.46
2:B:163:ASP:OD1	2:B:165:THR:OG1	2.35	0.45
4:D:67:ARG:NH1	4:D:85:SER:O	2.49	0.45
6:R:156:LEU:O	6:R:160:LEU:N	2.45	0.45
6:R:398:VAL:HA	6:R:402:PHE:HD2	1.80	0.45
2:B:227:SER:OG	2:B:228:ASP:N	2.48	0.45
4:D:169:ASN:OD1	4:D:169:ASN:N	2.49	0.45
6:R:68:TRP:HB3	6:R:79:ILE:HD13	1.99	0.45
1:A:49:ILE:HD12	1:A:52:GLN:HB3	2.00	0.44
4:D:5:VAL:HG23	4:D:23:SER:HB3	2.00	0.44
6:R:413:ARG:O	6:R:417:ARG:N	2.48	0.44
2:B:95:LEU:HD11	2:B:100:VAL:HG22	1.98	0.44
2:B:209:LYS:HZ1	2:B:218:CYS:HA	1.83	0.44
1:A:9:ASP:N	1:A:9:ASP:OD1	2.45	0.43
2:B:202:GLY:HA2	2:B:229:ILE:HD11	2.00	0.43
2:B:228:ASP:N	2:B:228:ASP:OD1	2.51	0.43
6:R:60:ARG:HD3	6:R:70:ASP:HB3	1.99	0.43
6:R:177:HIS:NE2	6:R:245:GLU:OE2	2.52	0.43
2:B:86:THR:O	2:B:86:THR:OG1	2.35	0.43
2:B:158:VAL:HG22	2:B:168:LEU:HG	1.99	0.43
6:R:94:ARG:NH1	6:R:120:GLN:O	2.47	0.43
4:D:226:VAL:HA	4:D:244:LYS:HA	2.00	0.43
2:B:145:TYR:OH	2:B:188:MET:SD	2.76	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:227:SER:OG	2:B:228:ASP:OD1	2.36	0.42
1:A:231:ASP:N	1:A:231:ASP:OD1	2.48	0.42
5:E:15:ASP:OD2	6:R:27:GLN:N	2.52	0.42
3:C:37:LEU:HD12	3:C:37:LEU:HA	1.94	0.42
6:R:388:LEU:O	6:R:392:GLN:N	2.52	0.42
2:B:160:SER:HB3	2:B:190:LEU:HD22	2.01	0.42
6:R:94:ARG:HB3	6:R:120:GLN:HE22	1.84	0.42
6:R:307:LEU:HD12	6:R:307:LEU:HA	1.87	0.42
2:B:118:ASP:OD1	2:B:118:ASP:N	2.36	0.41
5:E:18:ARG:O	5:E:22:PHE:N	2.52	0.41
2:B:213:VAL:HG23	2:B:214:ARG:HG2	2.02	0.41
6:R:198:LEU:HD23	6:R:198:LEU:HA	1.92	0.41
4:D:157:ILE:HD12	4:D:157:ILE:HA	1.96	0.41
4:D:165:LEU:N	4:D:209:GLY:O	2.46	0.41
6:R:354:LEU:HD12	6:R:399:LEU:HD13	2.03	0.41
2:B:59:TYR:HD2	2:B:101:MET:HA	1.85	0.41
2:B:150:ARG:HB2	2:B:192:LEU:HD13	2.01	0.41
4:D:117:LEU:HD12	4:D:117:LEU:HA	1.85	0.41
1:A:200:ASP:N	1:A:200:ASP:OD1	2.54	0.41
2:B:254:ASP:OD2	2:B:257:ALA:N	2.53	0.41
4:D:2:VAL:HG12	4:D:26:GLY:HA3	2.03	0.41
4:D:85:SER:O	4:D:85:SER:OG	2.39	0.41
6:R:239:TYR:HD2	6:R:311:VAL:HB	1.86	0.41
2:B:62:HIS:CD2	2:B:105:TYR:H	2.27	0.40
6:R:90:LYS:NZ	6:R:127:GLU:OE1	2.52	0.40
4:D:188:LEU:HA	4:D:199:VAL:HG11	2.04	0.40
4:D:47:TRP:CG	4:D:237:LEU:HD12	2.57	0.40
6:R:153:LEU:HD12	6:R:188:ALA:HB3	2.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [\(i\)](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	220/354 (62%)	204 (93%)	16 (7%)	0	100	100
2	B	304/351 (87%)	271 (89%)	33 (11%)	0	100	100
3	C	31/71 (44%)	29 (94%)	2 (6%)	0	100	100
4	D	228/247 (92%)	208 (91%)	20 (9%)	0	100	100
5	E	27/29 (93%)	27 (100%)	0	0	100	100
6	R	393/422 (93%)	358 (91%)	35 (9%)	0	100	100
All	All	1203/1474 (82%)	1097 (91%)	106 (9%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	179/305 (59%)	178 (99%)	1 (1%)	86	91
2	B	247/293 (84%)	245 (99%)	2 (1%)	81	89
3	C	25/58 (43%)	25 (100%)	0	100	100
4	D	183/200 (92%)	183 (100%)	0	100	100
5	E	27/27 (100%)	27 (100%)	0	100	100
6	R	326/368 (89%)	325 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	95
All	All	987/1251 (79%)	983 (100%)	4 (0%)	91	94

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	200	ASP
2	B	105	TYR
2	B	295	ASN
6	R	68	TRP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (11) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	333	GLN
2	B	35	ASN
2	B	62	HIS
2	B	266	HIS
4	D	3	GLN
4	D	77	ASN
4	D	183	GLN
5	E	1	HIS
5	E	3	GLN
6	R	120	GLN
6	R	250	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

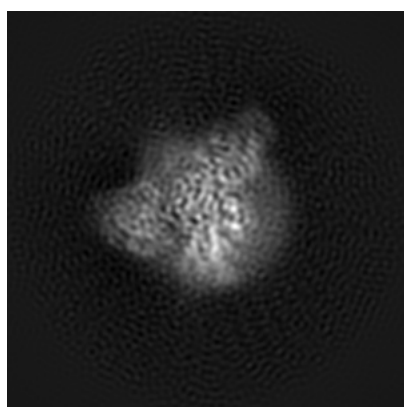
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-0918. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

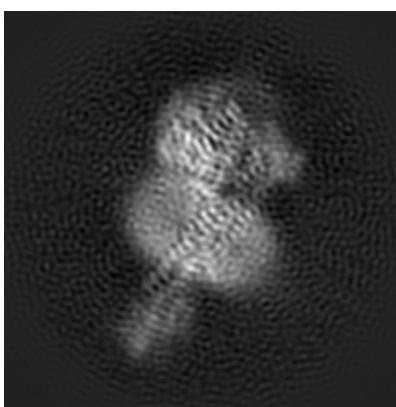
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

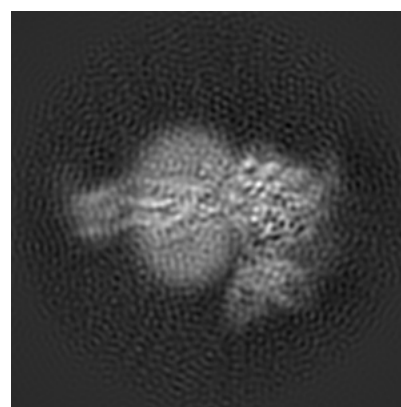
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

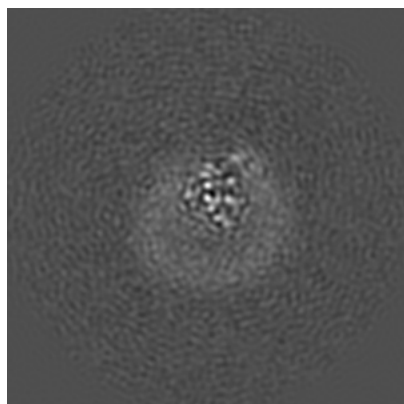


Z

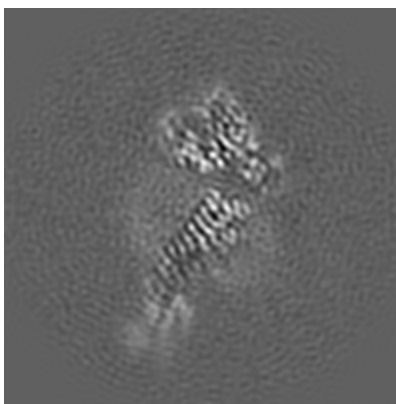
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

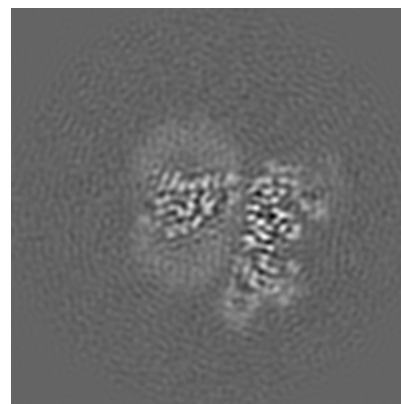
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 128

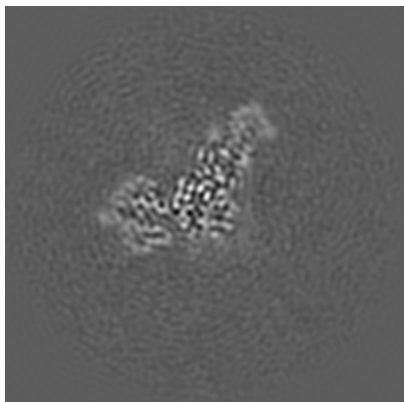


Z Index: 128

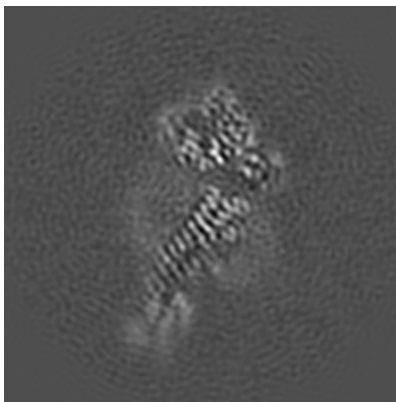
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

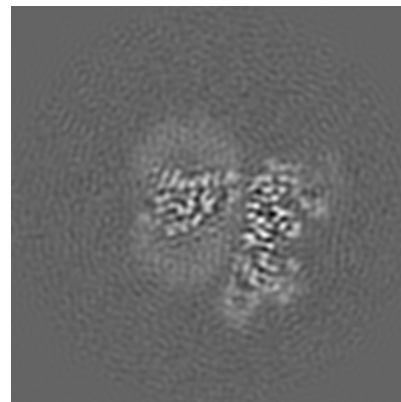
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 162



Y Index: 129



Z Index: 128

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.012. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

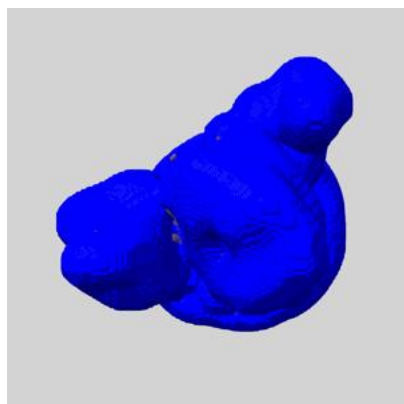
6.5 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

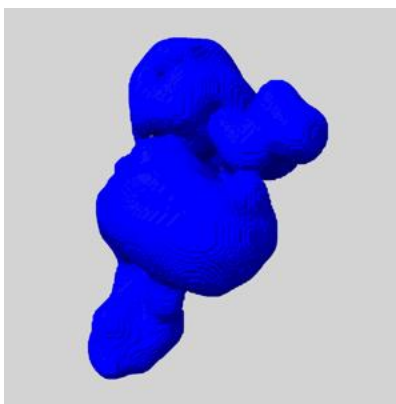
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

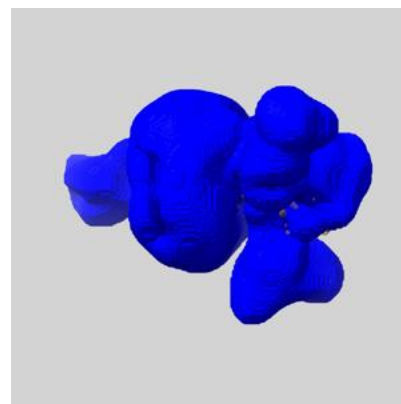
6.5.1 emd_0918_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

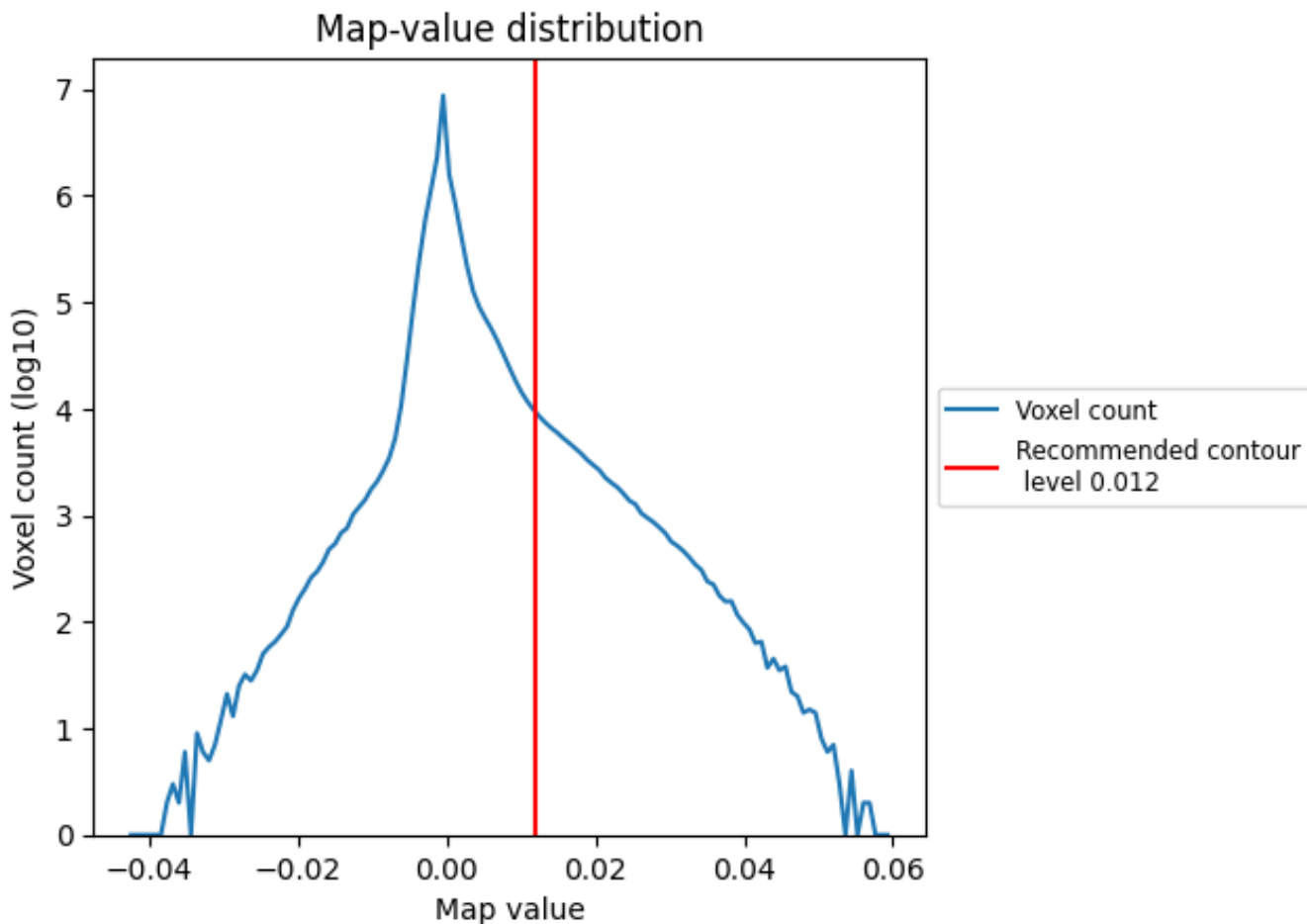


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

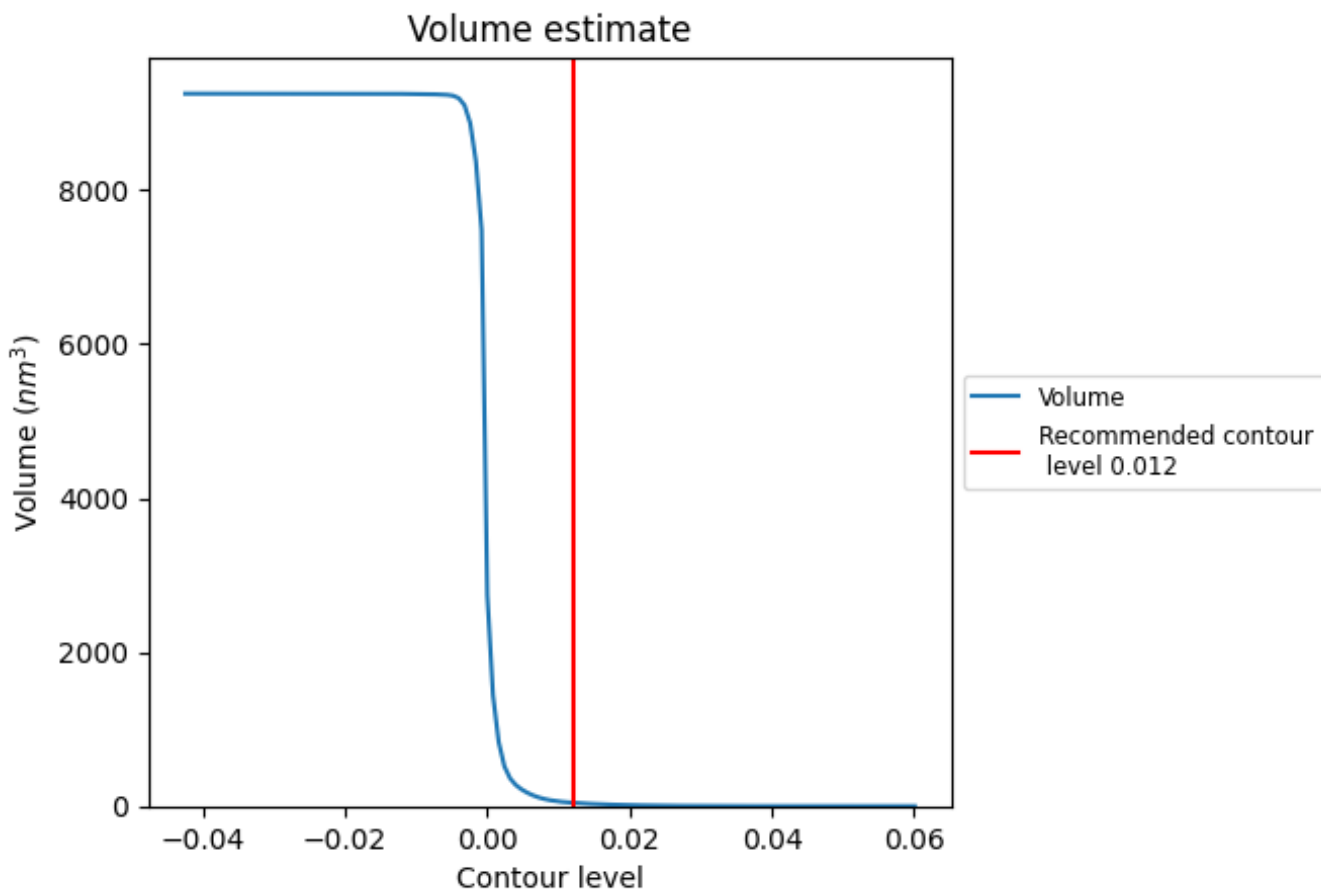
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

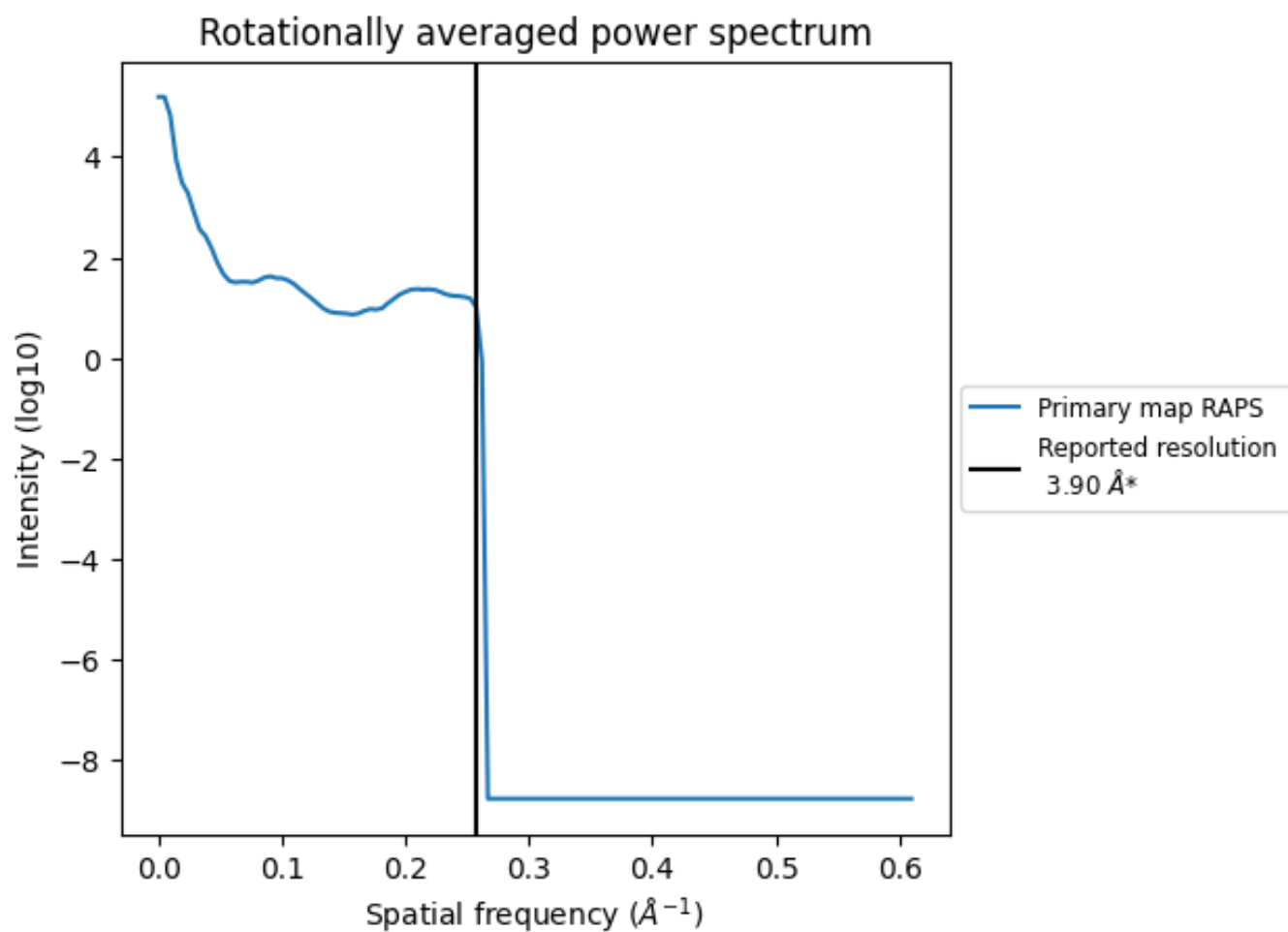
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 44 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 40 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.256 Å⁻¹

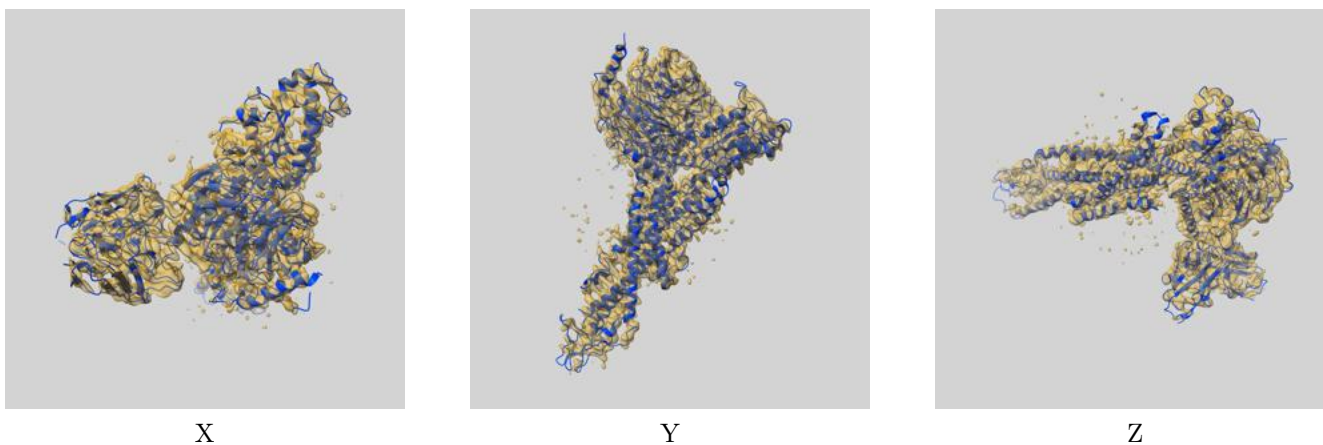
8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-0918 and PDB model 6LML. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



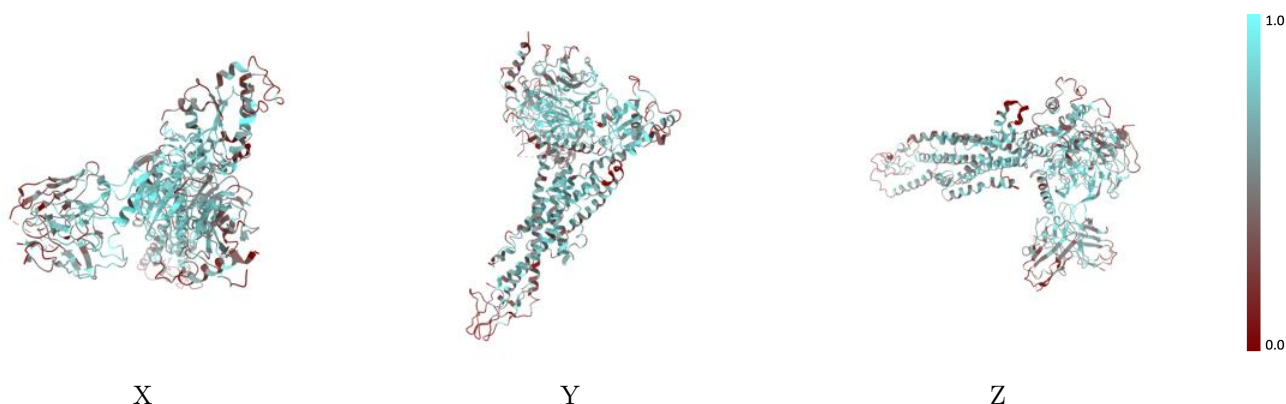
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.012 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



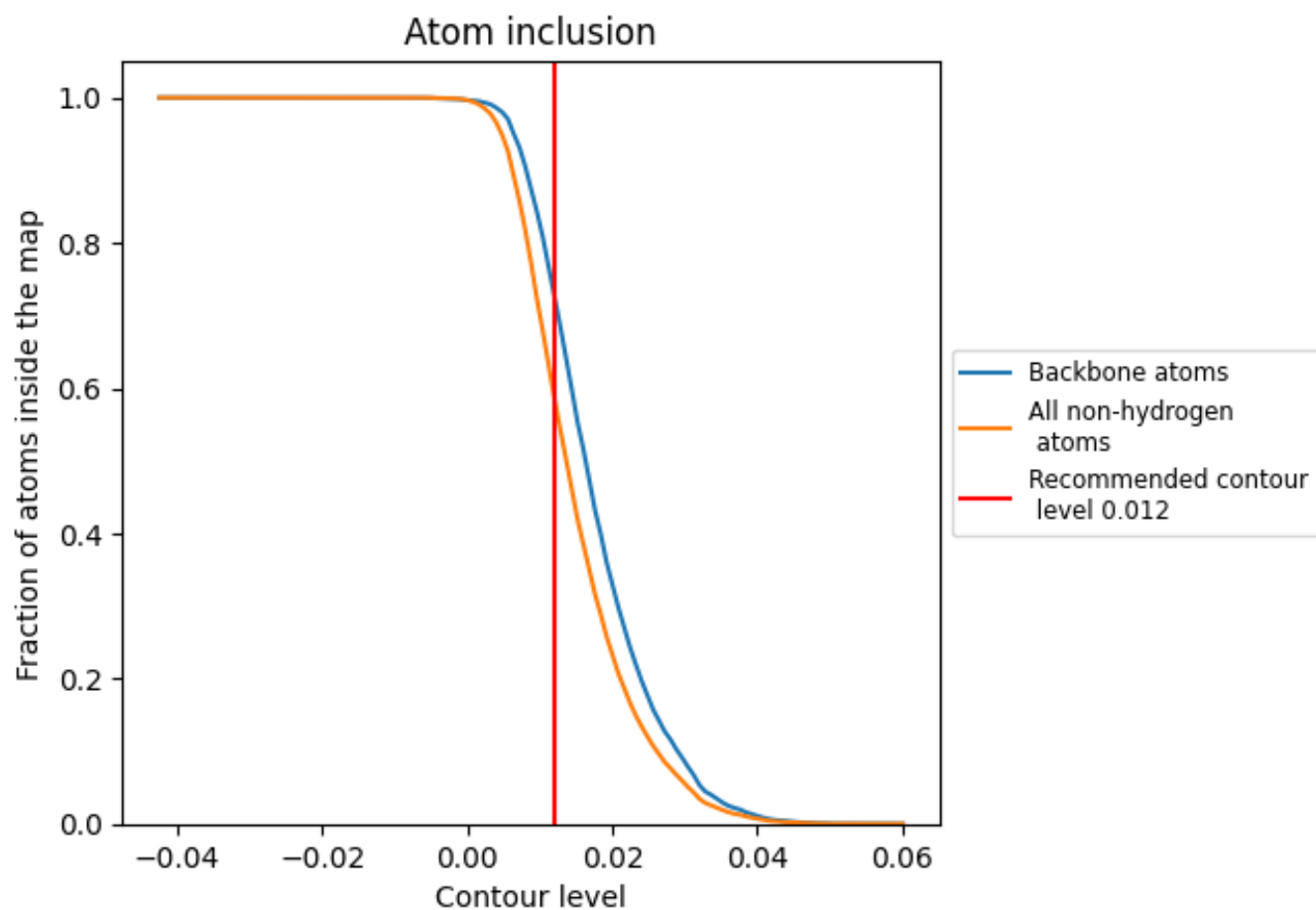
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.012).















9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 73% of all backbone atoms, 59% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary [i](#)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.012) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.5861	 0.4250
A	 0.6013	 0.4420
B	 0.6700	 0.4510
C	 0.3792	 0.3810
D	 0.5546	 0.4230
E	 0.7017	 0.4540
R	 0.5403	 0.3970

