Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jan 7, 2024 – 03:54 pm GMT

PDB ID	:	6FKB
Title	:	Crystal structure of N2C/D282C stabilized opsin bound to RS13
Authors	:	Mattle, D.; Standfuss, J.; Dawson, R.
Deposited on	:	2018-01-23
Resolution	:	3.03 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

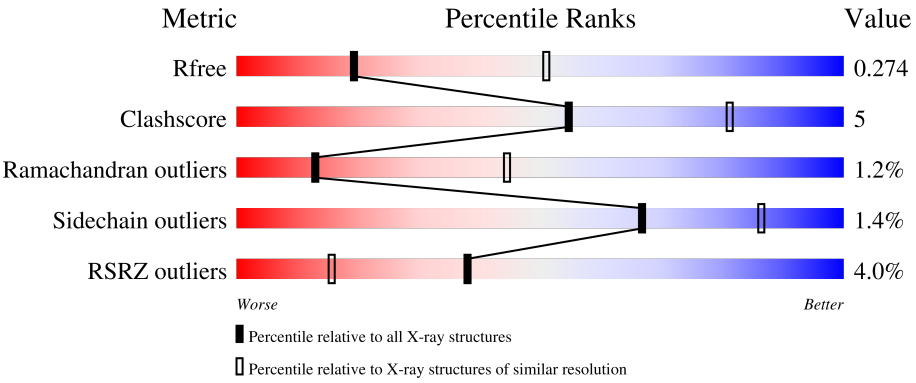
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.36
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.03 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	2752 (3.08-3.00)
Clashscore	141614	3096 (3.08-3.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2986 (3.08-3.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2988 (3.08-3.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2636 (3.08-3.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	329	4% 88% 11%

2 Entry composition

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2808 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

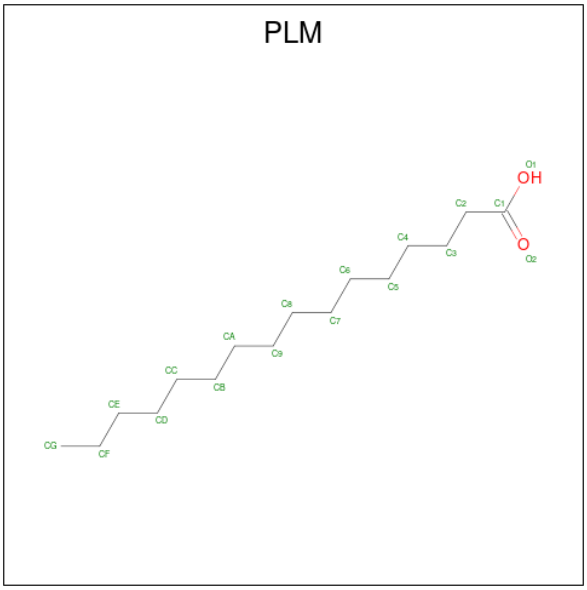
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Rhodopsin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	329	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2605	1735	401	441	28			

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

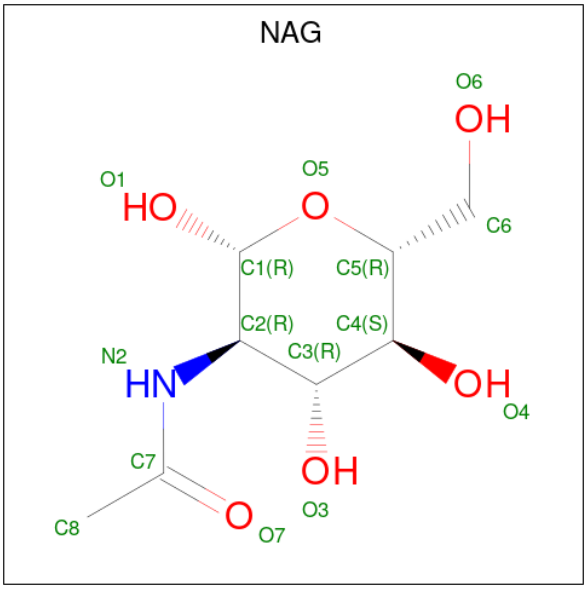
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	0	ACE	-	acetylation	UNP P02699
A	2	CYS	ASN	conflict	UNP P02699
A	282	CYS	ASP	conflict	UNP P02699

- Molecule 2 is PALMITIC ACID (three-letter code: PLM) (formula: $C_{16}H_{32}O_2$).



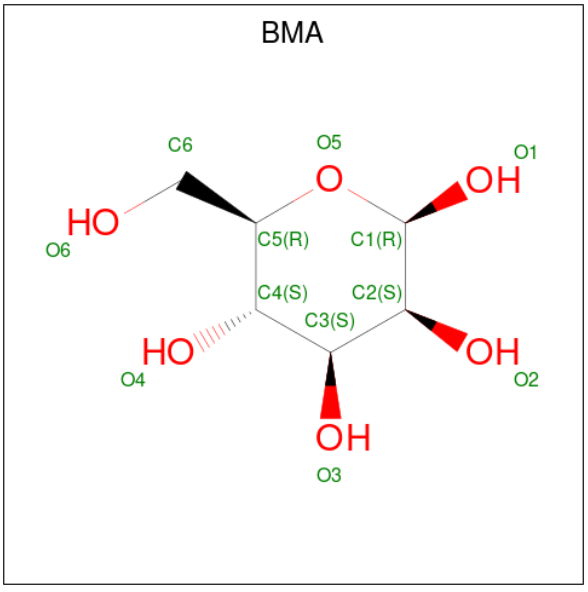
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			17	16	1		

- Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



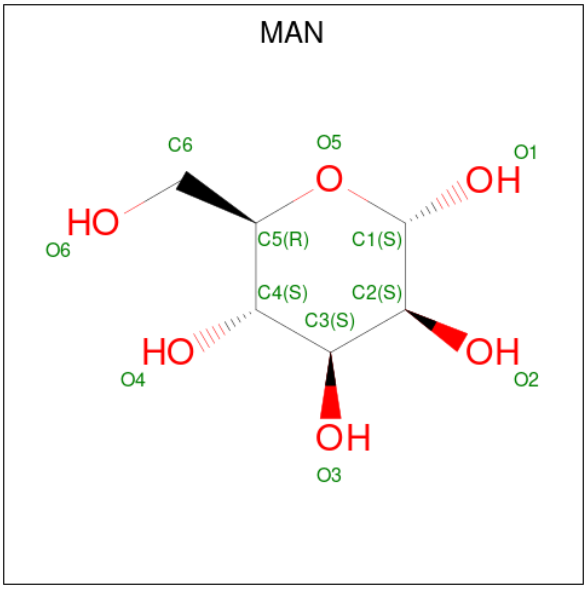
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 4 is beta-D-mannopyranose (three-letter code: BMA) (formula: $C_6H_{12}O_6$).



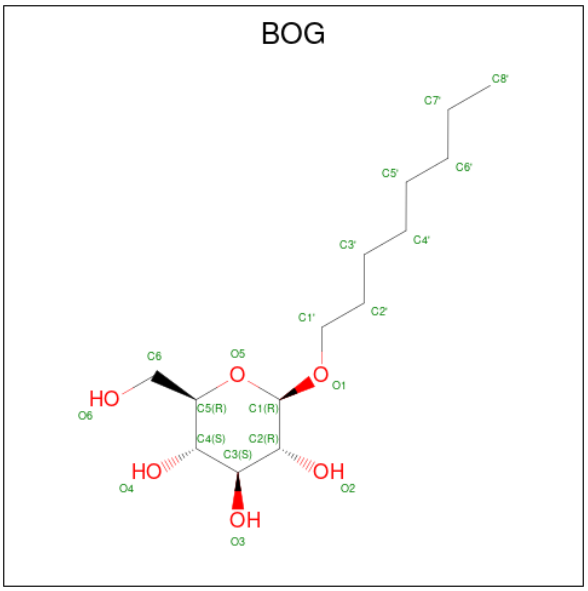
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 11 6 5	0	0

- Molecule 5 is alpha-D-mannopyranose (three-letter code: MAN) (formula: $C_6H_{12}O_6$).



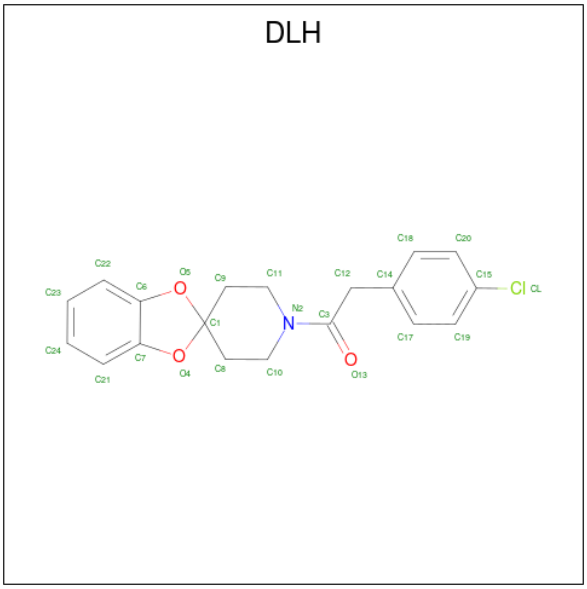
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C O 11 6 5	0	0
5	A	1	Total C O 11 6 5	0	0

- Molecule 6 is octyl beta-D-glucopyranoside (three-letter code: BOG) (formula: $C_{14}H_{28}O_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total C O 20 14 6	0	0
6	A	1	Total C O 20 14 6	0	0
6	A	1	Total C O 19 14 5	0	0
6	A	1	Total C O 20 14 6	0	0
6	A	1	Total C O 20 14 6	0	0

- Molecule 7 is 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-spiro[1,3-benzodioxole-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-yl-ethanone (three-letter code: DLH) (formula: $C_{19}H_{18}ClNO_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total C Cl N O 24 19 1 1 3	0	0

- Molecule 8 is water.

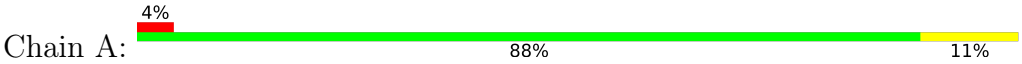
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	2	Total O 2 2	0	0

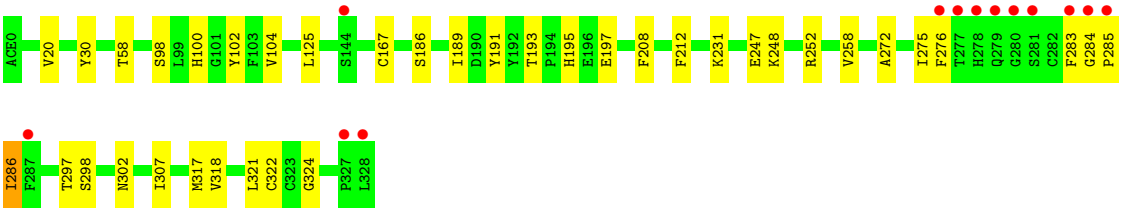
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Rhodopsin

Chain A:





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	242.85Å 242.85Å 111.47Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.90 – 3.03 45.89 – 3.03	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	94.1 (45.90-3.03) 93.1 (45.89-3.03)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.26	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.26	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	0.85 (at 3.01Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (dev_2481: ???)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.258 , 0.272 0.258 , 0.274	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1198 reflections (4.89%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	74.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.432	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.29 , 45.6	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.51$, $< L^2 > = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.90	EDS
Total number of atoms	2808	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	88.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.52% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BOG, BMA, NAG, ACE, MAN, DLH, PLM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$
1	A	0.27	0/2683	0.39	0/3653

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2605	0	2584	25	0
2	A	17	0	31	0	0
3	A	28	0	26	1	0
4	A	11	0	10	2	0
5	A	22	0	20	2	0
6	A	99	0	138	9	0
7	A	24	0	0	0	0
8	A	2	0	0	1	0
All	All	2808	0	2809	29	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (29) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash

magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:286:ILE:HG12	6:A:409:BOG:H2'2	1.73	0.71
1:A:248:LYS:HE3	1:A:252:ARG:HH12	1.56	0.69
1:A:318:VAL:O	1:A:322:CYS:N	2.34	0.61
1:A:321:LEU:O	1:A:322:CYS:N	2.34	0.60
6:A:407:BOG:H2'1	6:A:411:BOG:H5	1.84	0.59
1:A:186:SER:N	6:A:409:BOG:O6	2.38	0.57
1:A:231:LYS:HE3	6:A:410:BOG:H1	1.87	0.55
4:A:404:BMA:H62	5:A:405:MAN:H3	1.90	0.53
1:A:102:TYR:CZ	1:A:104:VAL:HG12	2.45	0.52
1:A:58:THR:HG21	1:A:307:ILE:HD13	1.93	0.51
1:A:231:LYS:NZ	1:A:247:GLU:OE2	2.45	0.50
1:A:189:ILE:HB	1:A:191:TYR:CZ	2.47	0.49
4:A:404:BMA:H3	5:A:406:MAN:H2	1.94	0.49
1:A:258:VAL:HG21	6:A:410:BOG:H8'3	1.94	0.49
3:A:402:NAG:O4	3:A:403:NAG:O7	2.28	0.48
1:A:125:LEU:HB2	6:A:408:BOG:H5'1	1.95	0.47
1:A:284:GLY:O	1:A:286:ILE:N	2.46	0.46
1:A:100:HIS:CE1	6:A:407:BOG:H2'2	2.51	0.46
1:A:272:ALA:O	1:A:276:PHE:N	2.32	0.46
1:A:284:GLY:C	1:A:286:ILE:H	2.19	0.45
1:A:197:GLU:OE1	1:A:197:GLU:N	2.47	0.44
1:A:298:SER:O	1:A:302:ASN:HB2	2.18	0.43
1:A:208:PHE:O	1:A:212:PHE:HB3	2.19	0.43
1:A:189:ILE:HG12	8:A:1000:HOH:O	2.18	0.42
1:A:307:ILE:HG22	1:A:317:MET:HE1	2.00	0.42
1:A:186:SER:H	6:A:409:BOG:HO6	1.66	0.42
1:A:20:VAL:HA	1:A:30:TYR:CZ	2.55	0.42
1:A:275:ILE:HG12	1:A:283:PHE:CZ	2.55	0.41
1:A:100:HIS:NE2	6:A:407:BOG:H2'2	2.35	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	324/329 (98%)	308 (95%)	12 (4%)	4 (1%)	13 44

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	195	HIS
1	A	285	PRO
1	A	324	GLY
1	A	286	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	280/280 (100%)	276 (99%)	4 (1%)	67 86

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	98	SER
1	A	167	CYS
1	A	193	THR
1	A	297	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

12 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
6	BOG	A	408	-	20,20,20	0.45	0	25,25,25	0.75	0
4	BMA	A	404	-	11,11,12	1.02	0	15,15,17	1.20	1 (6%)
3	NAG	A	403	-	14,14,15	0.38	0	17,19,21	0.62	0
7	DLH	A	412	-	27,27,27	1.63	3 (11%)	39,39,39	1.93	10 (25%)
3	NAG	A	402	-	14,14,15	1.75	2 (14%)	17,19,21	1.32	2 (11%)
6	BOG	A	411	-	20,20,20	0.52	0	25,25,25	0.57	0
6	BOG	A	409	-	19,19,20	0.49	0	22,23,25	0.91	1 (4%)
6	BOG	A	410	-	20,20,20	0.51	0	25,25,25	0.84	1 (4%)
5	MAN	A	406	-	11,11,12	0.90	0	15,15,17	1.68	3 (20%)
6	BOG	A	407	-	20,20,20	0.47	0	25,25,25	0.58	0
5	MAN	A	405	-	11,11,12	0.82	0	15,15,17	1.32	2 (13%)
2	PLM	A	401	1	16,16,17	0.21	0	15,15,17	0.55	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	BOG	A	408	-	-	2/11/31/31	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	BMA	A	404	-	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	403	-	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	DLH	A	412	-	-	4/8/30/30	0/4/4/4
3	NAG	A	402	-	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	BOG	A	411	-	-	4/11/31/31	0/1/1/1
6	BOG	A	409	-	-	3/11/27/31	0/1/1/1
6	BOG	A	410	-	-	4/11/31/31	0/1/1/1
5	MAN	A	406	-	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	BOG	A	407	-	-	2/11/31/31	0/1/1/1
5	MAN	A	405	-	-	0/2/19/22	1/1/1/1
2	PLM	A	401	1	-	2/13/14/15	-

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	402	NAG	O5-C1	-6.12	1.33	1.43
7	A	412	DLH	O4-C1	-4.64	1.42	1.46
7	A	412	DLH	O5-C1	-4.47	1.43	1.46
7	A	412	DLH	C3-N2	3.96	1.43	1.35
3	A	402	NAG	C1-C2	-2.14	1.49	1.52

All (20) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
7	A	412	DLH	O5-C1-O4	5.89	108.83	105.59
3	A	402	NAG	C3-C4-C5	4.47	118.21	110.24
5	A	406	MAN	C1-O5-C5	4.35	118.08	112.19
7	A	412	DLH	O4-C1-C8	-4.33	105.72	109.31
7	A	412	DLH	C10-C8-C1	-3.93	107.11	111.39
5	A	405	MAN	C1-O5-C5	3.71	117.22	112.19
7	A	412	DLH	O4-C1-C9	3.23	111.97	109.31
4	A	404	BMA	C1-O5-C5	3.19	116.51	112.19
5	A	406	MAN	O5-C1-C2	2.96	115.33	110.77
7	A	412	DLH	C11-C9-C1	-2.81	108.33	111.39
7	A	412	DLH	O5-C1-C9	2.50	111.37	109.31
7	A	412	DLH	C24-C21-C7	-2.47	115.16	119.71
7	A	412	DLH	C23-C22-C6	-2.24	115.59	119.71
7	A	412	DLH	C12-C14-C17	-2.23	117.70	120.89
7	A	412	DLH	C9-C11-N2	2.21	115.29	110.92
5	A	406	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.09	105.95	110.14

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
6	A	410	BOG	C1-C2-C3	2.06	114.29	110.00
5	A	405	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.03	106.08	110.14
6	A	409	BOG	C4-C5-C6	-2.03	109.05	112.60
3	A	402	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.00	113.95	111.02

There are no chirality outliers.

All (26) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	A	409	BOG	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	A	409	BOG	O5-C5-C6-O6
7	A	412	DLH	C14-C12-C3-N2
7	A	412	DLH	C12-C3-N2-C11
7	A	412	DLH	O13-C3-N2-C11
3	A	403	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	A	404	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	A	404	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	A	403	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	A	411	BOG	O1-C1'-C2'-C3'
6	A	407	BOG	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	A	408	BOG	O1-C1'-C2'-C3'
6	A	407	BOG	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	A	408	BOG	C4'-C5'-C6'-C7'
7	A	412	DLH	C14-C12-C3-O13
2	A	401	PLM	C9-CA-CB-CC
6	A	411	BOG	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	A	410	BOG	C5'-C6'-C7'-C8'
6	A	409	BOG	C2'-C1'-O1-C1
6	A	411	BOG	C2'-C3'-C4'-C5'
3	A	402	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	A	410	BOG	O1-C1'-C2'-C3'
6	A	411	BOG	C1'-C2'-C3'-C4'
6	A	410	BOG	C4'-C5'-C6'-C7'
2	A	401	PLM	CC-CD-CE-CF
6	A	410	BOG	O5-C1-O1-C1'

All (1) ring outliers are listed below:

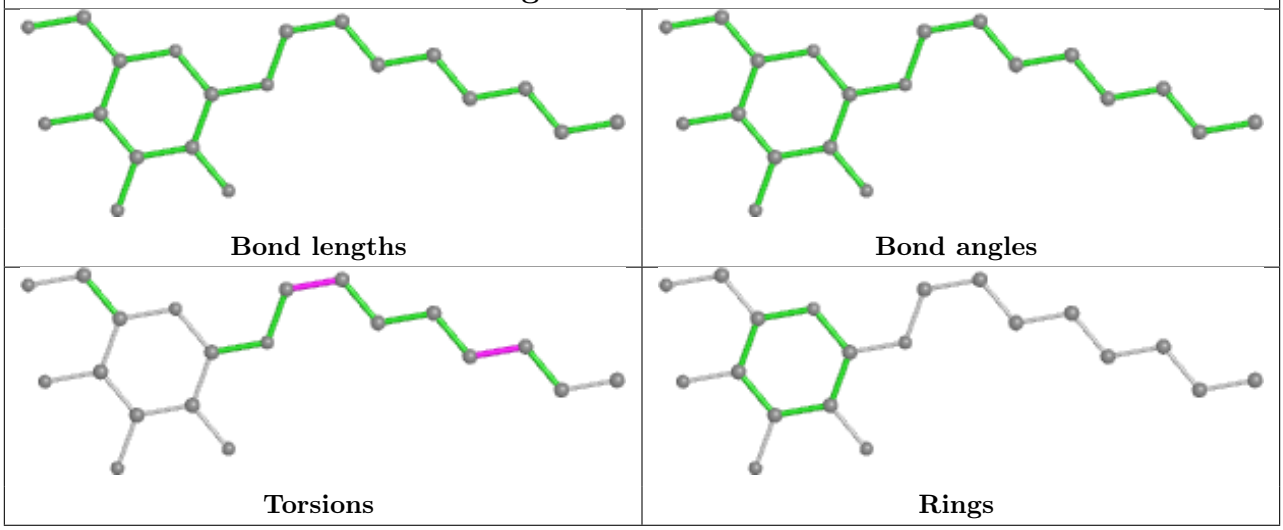
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	405	MAN	C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5

10 monomers are involved in 12 short contacts:

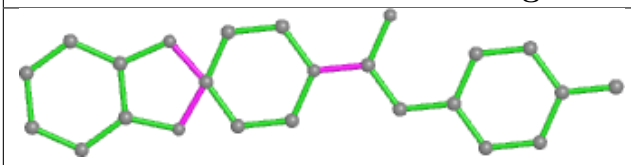
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	A	408	BOG	1	0
4	A	404	BMA	2	0
3	A	403	NAG	1	0
3	A	402	NAG	1	0
6	A	411	BOG	1	0
6	A	409	BOG	3	0
6	A	410	BOG	2	0
5	A	406	MAN	1	0
6	A	407	BOG	3	0
5	A	405	MAN	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

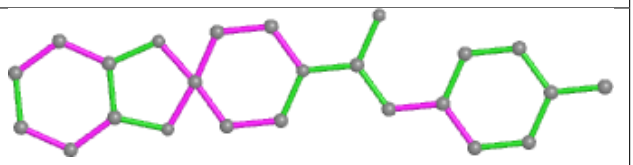
Ligand BOG A 408



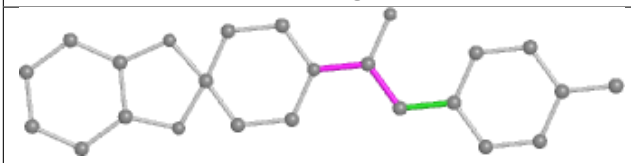
Ligand DLH A 412



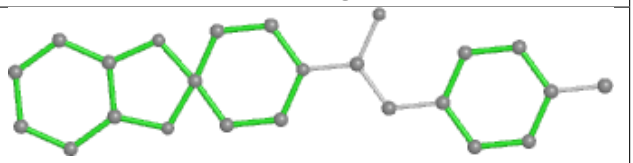
Bond lengths



Bond angles

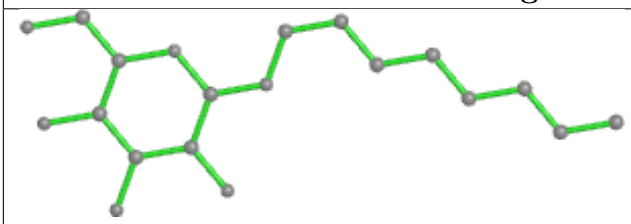


Torsions

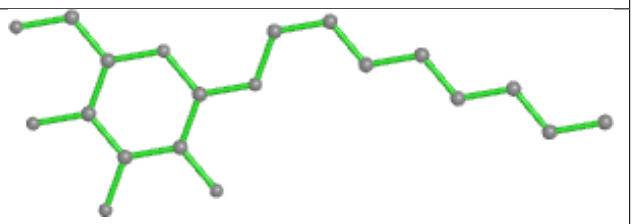


Rings

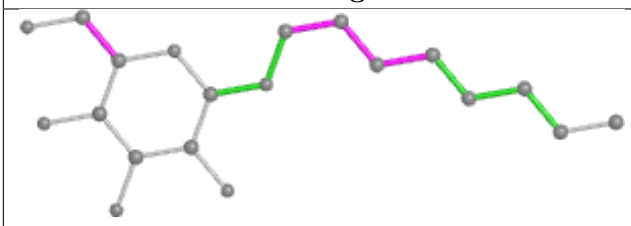
Ligand BOG A 411



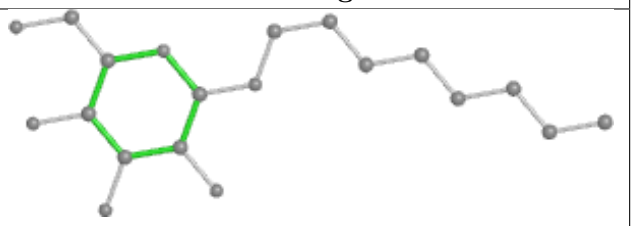
Bond lengths



Bond angles

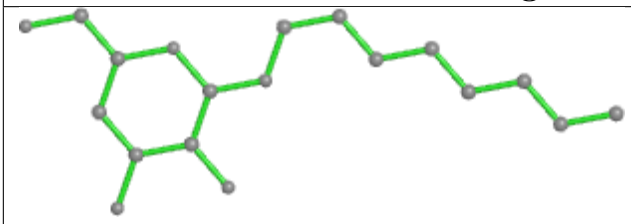


Torsions

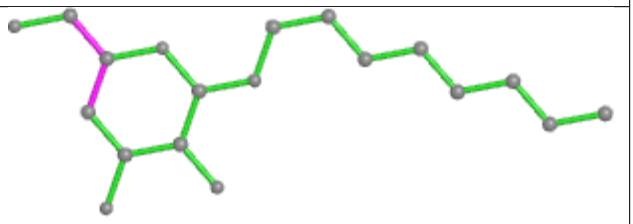


Rings

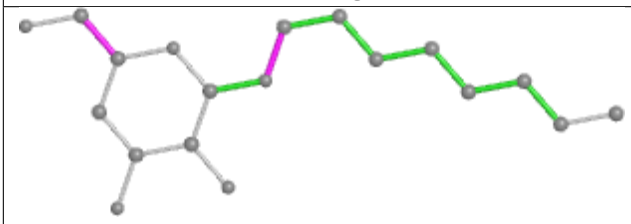
Ligand BOG A 409



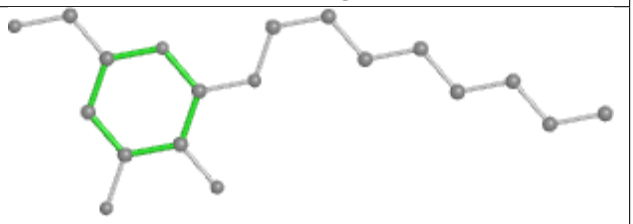
Bond lengths



Bond angles

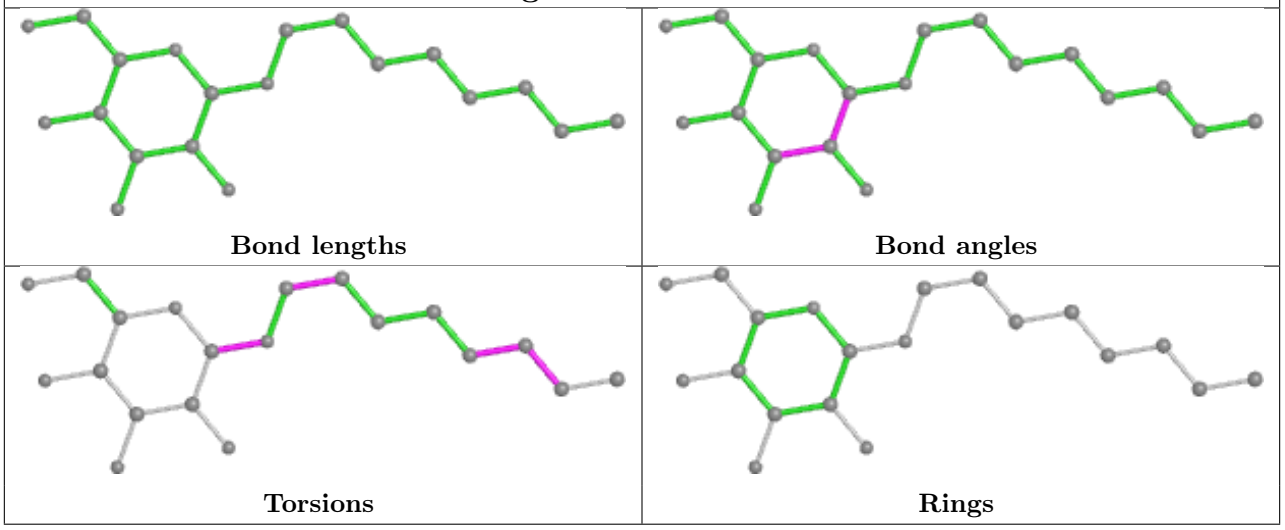


Torsions

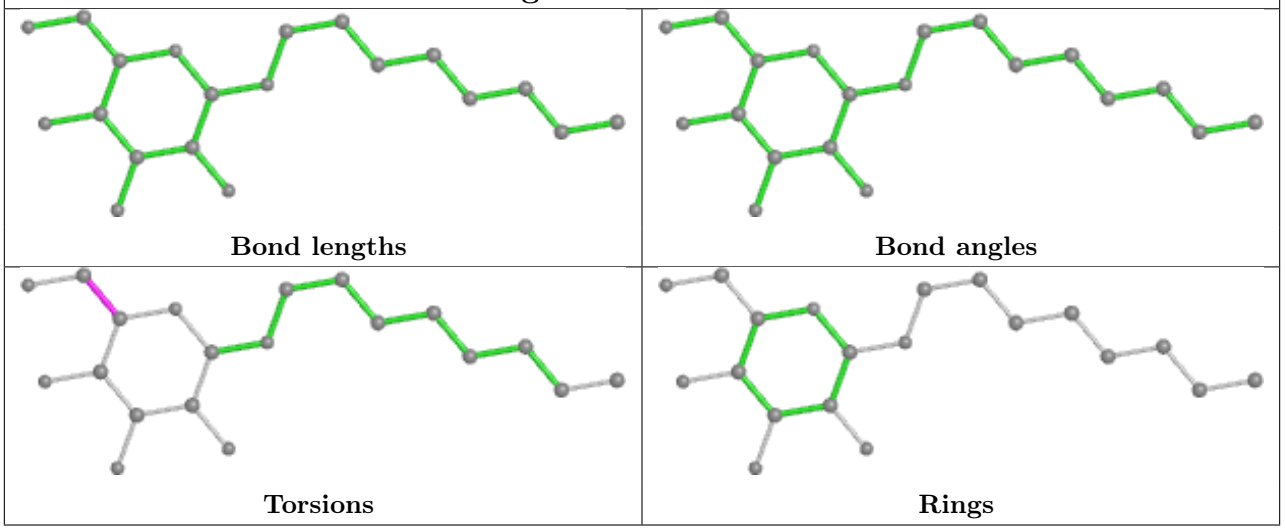


Rings

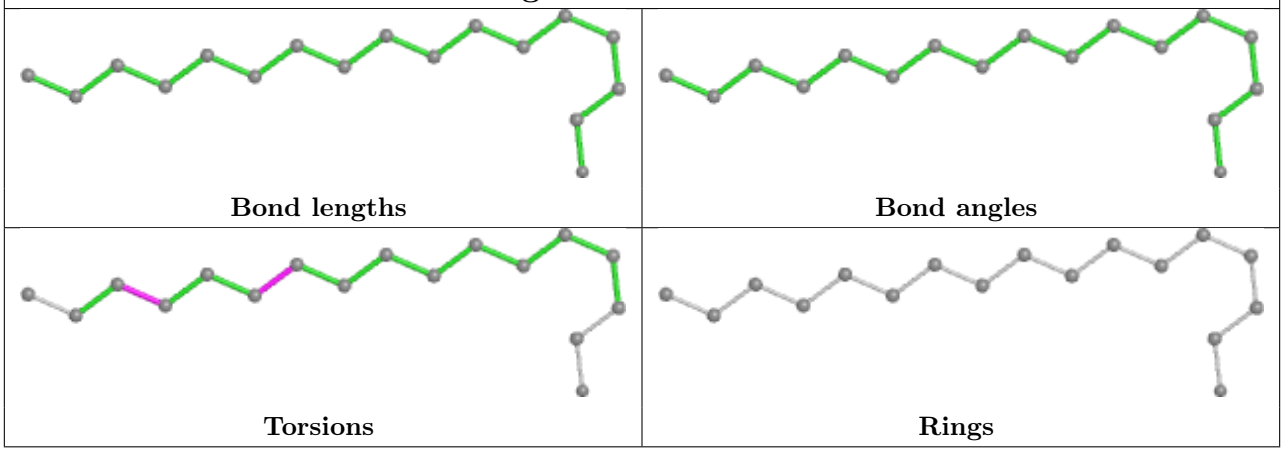
Ligand BOG A 410



Ligand BOG A 407



Ligand PLM A 401



5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	A	1

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	A	321:LEU	C	322:CYS	N	3.23

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	328/329 (99%)	-0.07	13 (3%) 38 16	49, 80, 151, 216	0

All (13) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	279	GLN	5.9
1	A	280	GLY	4.4
1	A	327	PRO	3.6
1	A	281	SER	3.4
1	A	278	HIS	3.2
1	A	285	PRO	3.2
1	A	276	PHE	3.0
1	A	283	PHE	2.9
1	A	328	LEU	2.8
1	A	144	SER	2.6
1	A	287	PHE	2.3
1	A	277	THR	2.2
1	A	284	GLY	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

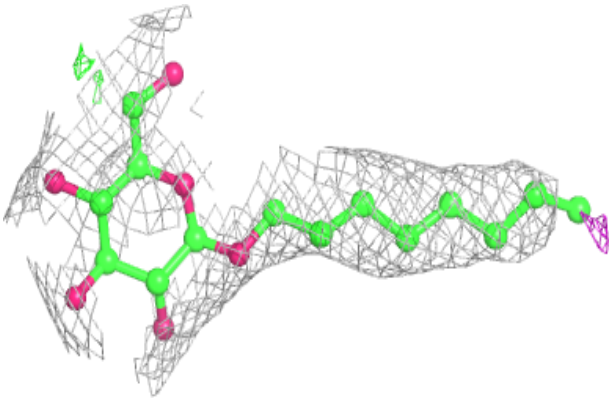
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

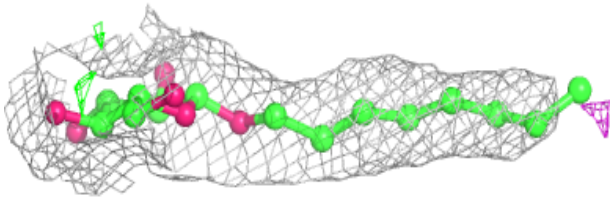
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
4	BMA	A	404	11/12	0.59	0.33	113,133,159,163	0
5	MAN	A	406	11/12	0.72	0.26	101,140,146,146	0
6	BOG	A	410	20/20	0.80	0.28	65,110,131,134	0
5	MAN	A	405	11/12	0.84	0.24	88,109,122,122	0
6	BOG	A	409	19/20	0.86	0.34	72,101,122,123	0
3	NAG	A	402	14/15	0.87	0.25	61,71,89,103	0
6	BOG	A	407	20/20	0.88	0.30	80,116,127,130	0
6	BOG	A	411	20/20	0.88	0.45	88,118,128,133	0
2	PLM	A	401	17/18	0.89	0.21	67,78,120,131	0
6	BOG	A	408	20/20	0.90	0.31	94,106,120,122	0
7	DLH	A	412	24/24	0.91	0.23	107,127,134,140	0
3	NAG	A	403	14/15	0.92	0.25	48,73,94,99	0

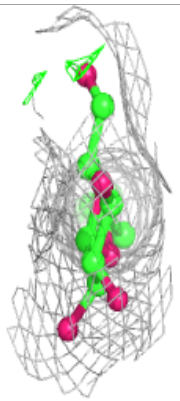
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around BOG A 410:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

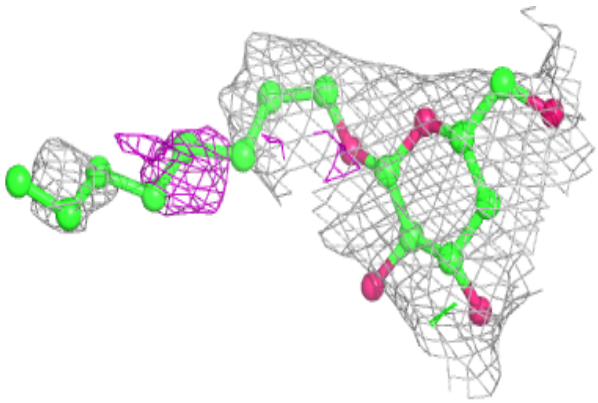


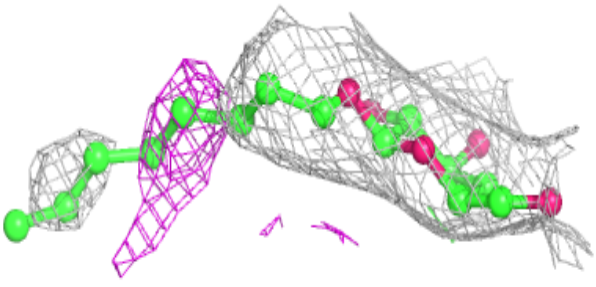


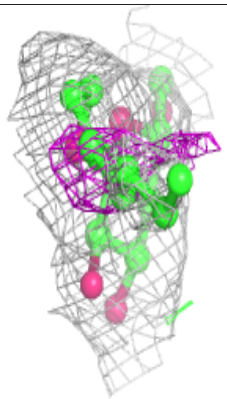


Electron density around BOG A 409:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

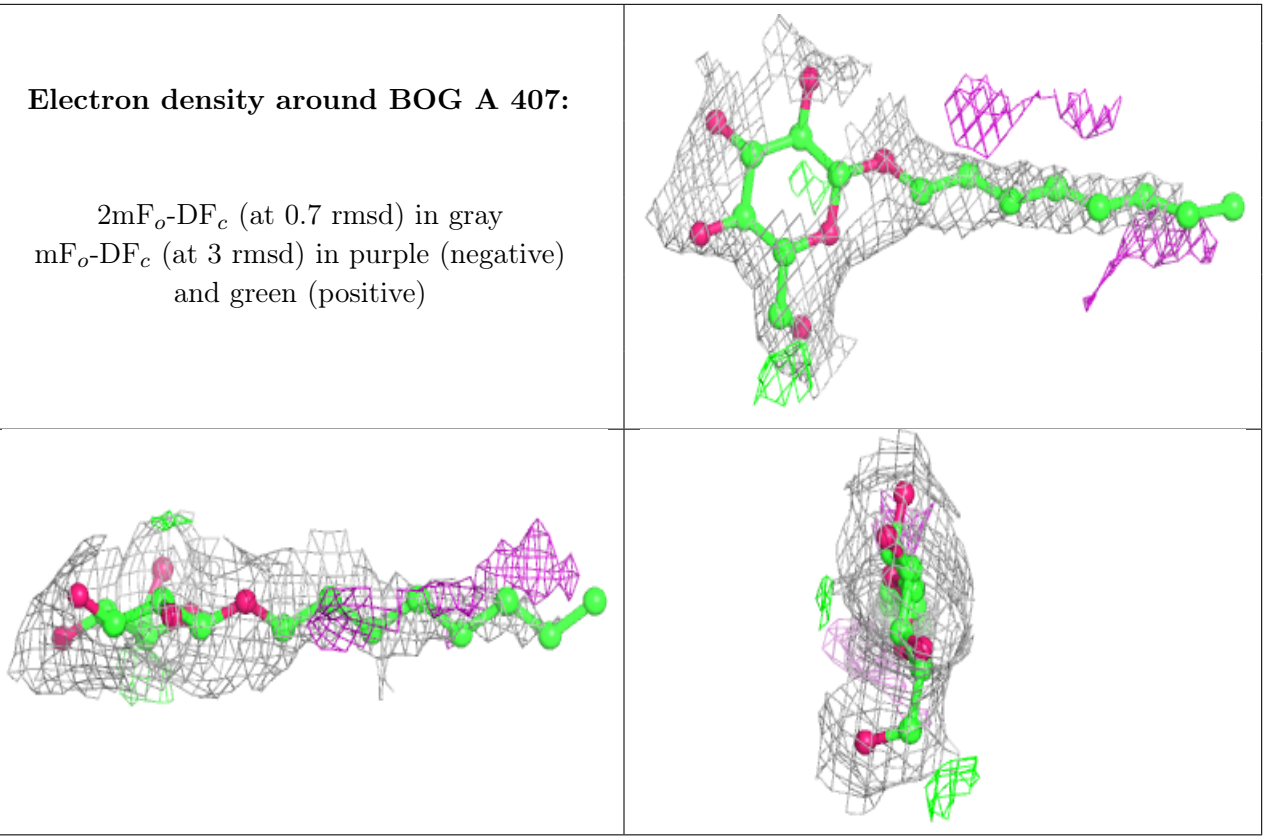






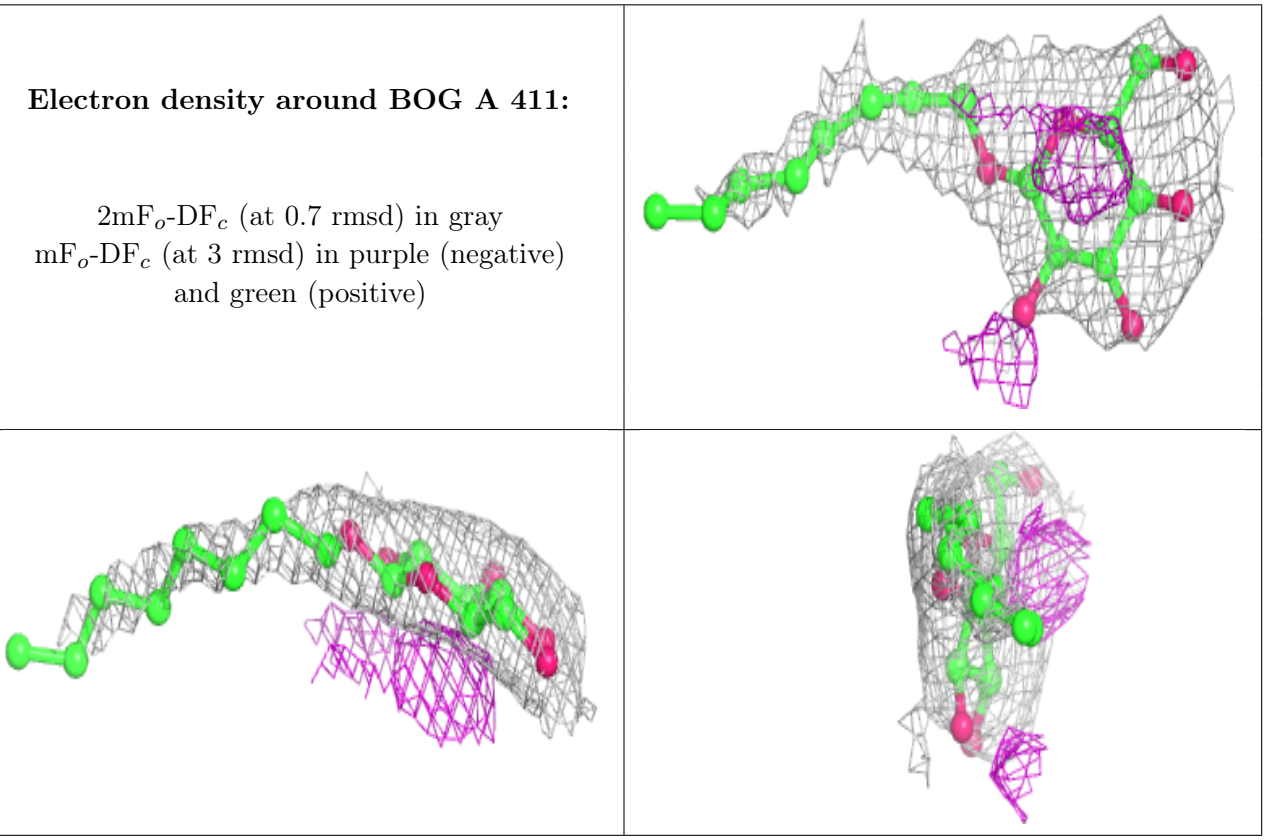
Electron density around BOG A 407:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



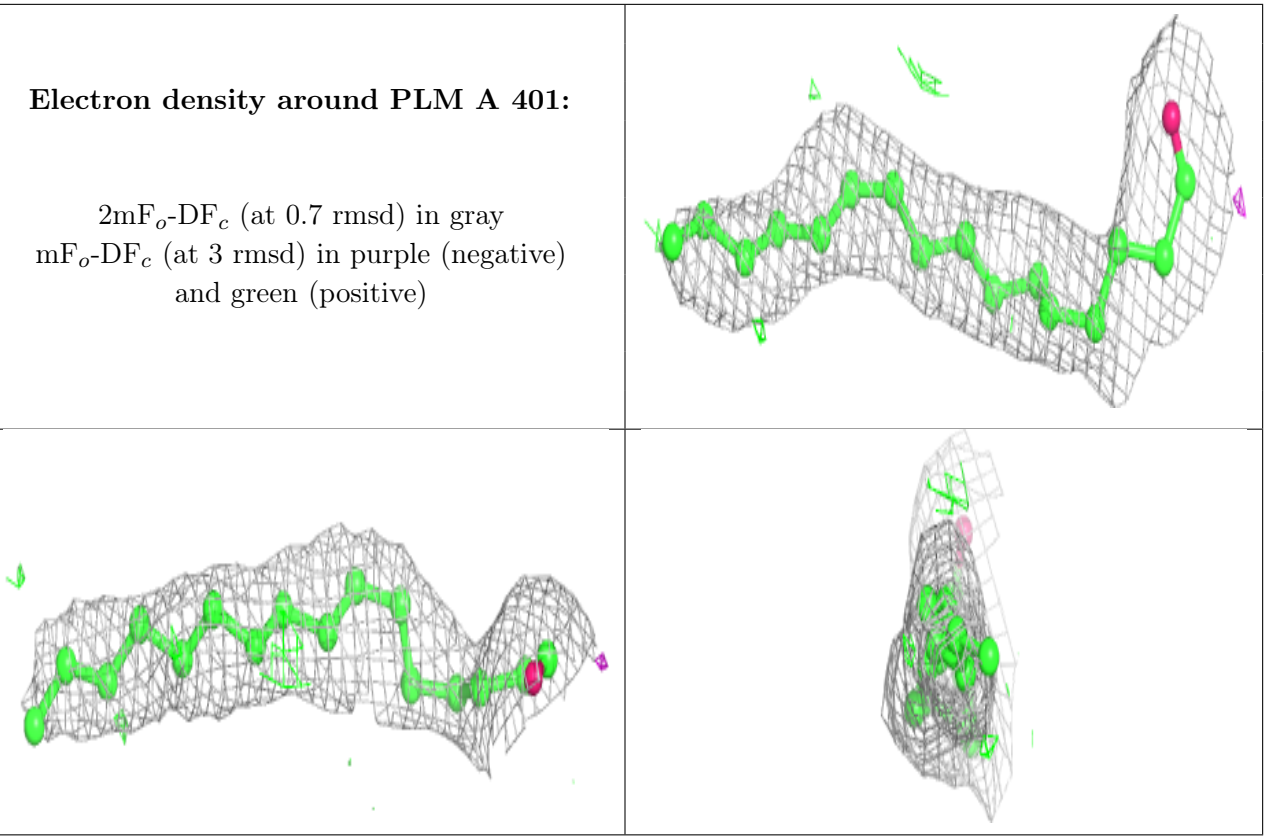
Electron density around BOG A 411:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



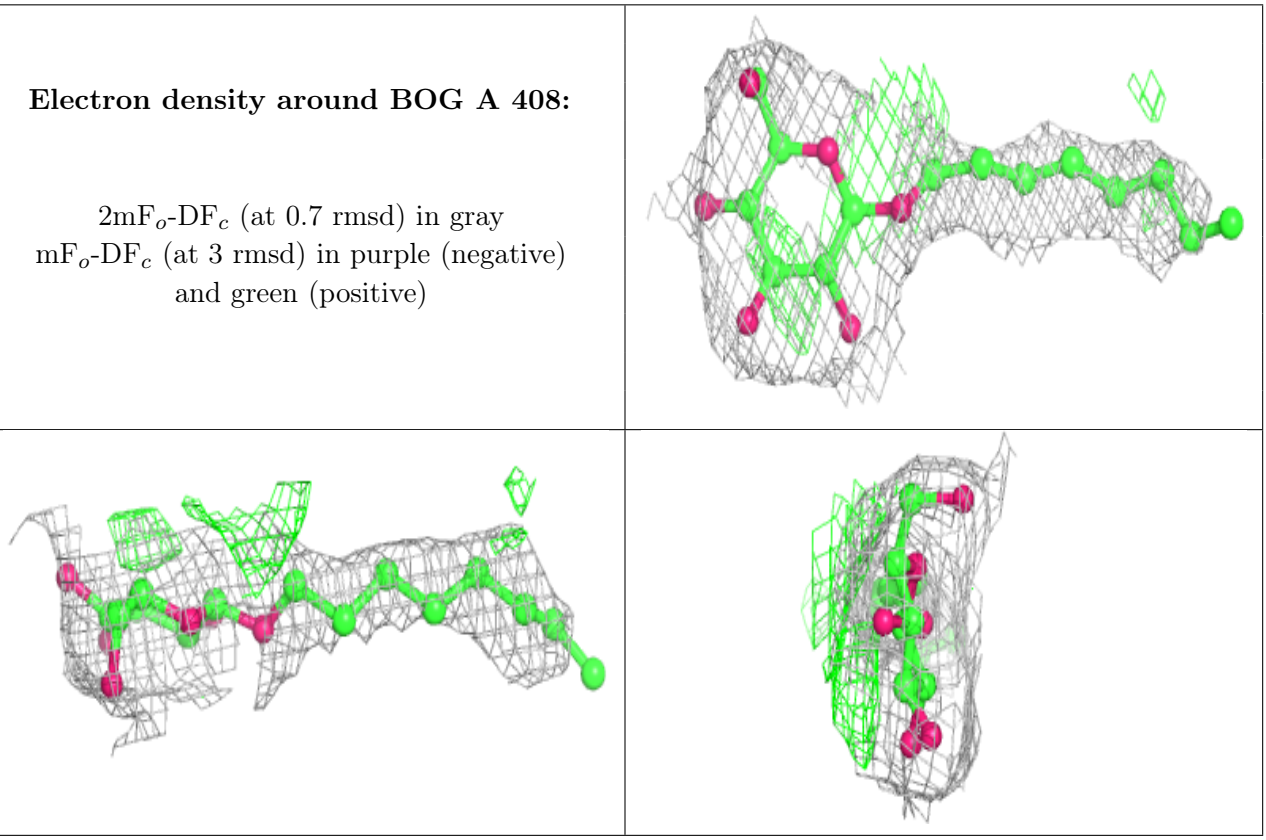
Electron density around PLM A 401:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



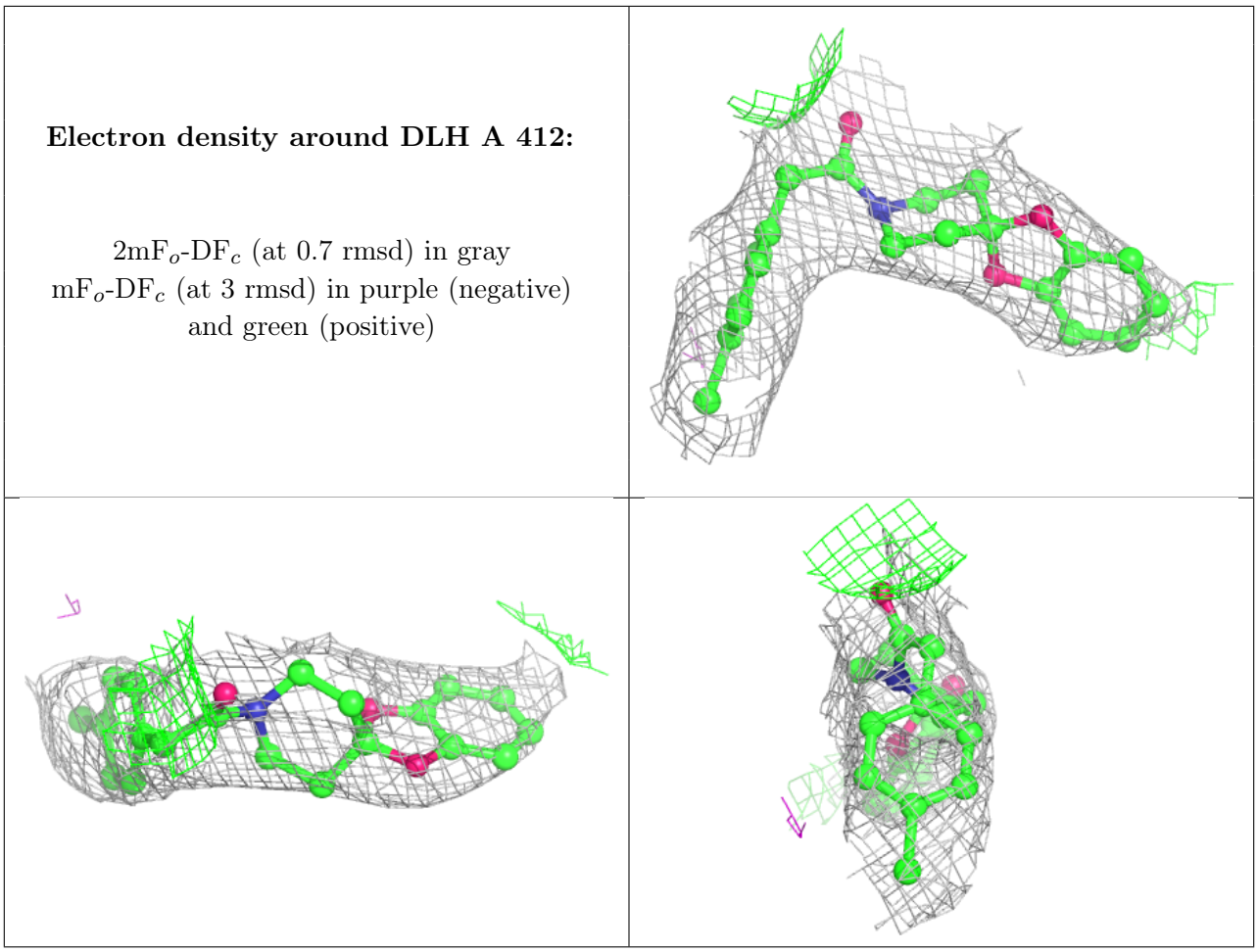
Electron density around BOG A 408:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



Electron density around DLH A 412:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.