

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Sep 26, 2023 – 03:04 PM EDT

PDB ID : 6CAV

Title: Aminoglycoside Phosphotransferase (2")-Ia in complex with GMPPNP, Mag-

nesium, and Dibekacin

Authors: Caldwell, S.J.; Berghuis, A.M.

Deposited on : 2018-02-01

Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35.1

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

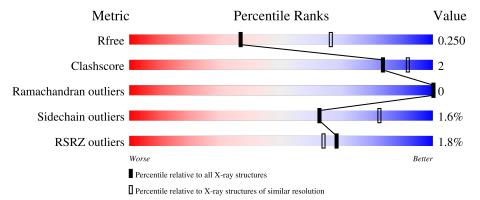
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# ext{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	3163 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	141614	3518 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3455 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3455 (2.60-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3104 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	A	305	86%	8% 6%		
1	В	305	90%	6% •		
1	С	305	% 85%	8% • 7%		
1	D	305	89%	5% 7%		



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10248 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Bifunctional AAC/APH.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	288	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	200	2383	1525	368	480	10	0	0	0
1	В	292	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Б	292	2402	1536	372	484	10	U	0	
1	С	285	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		200	2363	1514	364	475	10	0	U	
1	D	284	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	ש	204	2338	1497	361	470	10	U	U	

• Molecule 2 is PHOSPHOAMINOPHOSPHONIC ACID-GUANYLATE ESTER (three-letter code: GNP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{17}N_6O_{13}P_3$).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
9	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
2	A	1	32	10	6	13	3	U	U
9	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
2	Б	1	32	10	6	13	3	U	U

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Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
2	С	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
2		1	32	10	6	13	3	U	0
9	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	ש	1	28	10	6	10	2	U	U

• Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

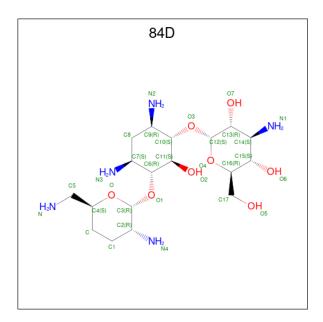
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	2	Total Mg 2 2	0	0
3	В	2	Total Mg 2 2	0	0
3	С	2	Total Mg 2 2	0	0
3	D	2	Total Mg 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 4 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0
4	В	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0
4	С	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 5 is Dibekacin (three-letter code: 84D) (formula: $\mathrm{C_{18}H_{37}N_5O_8}).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0
9	А	1	31	18	5	8	U	0
5	B	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0
9	Ъ	1	31	18	5	8	U	0
5	С	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0
9	C	1	31	18	5	8	U	0
5	D	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0
9	D	1	31	18	5	8	U	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

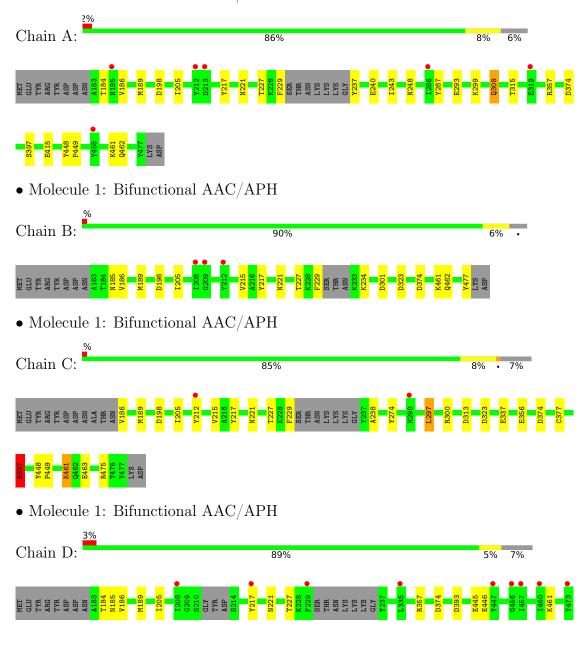
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	6	Total O 6 6	0	0
6	A	135	Total O 135 135	0	0
6	В	4	Total O 4 4	0	0
6	В	144	Total O 144 144	0	0
6	С	4	Total O 4 4	0	0
6	С	107	Total O 107 107	0	0
6	D	2	Total O 2 2	0	0
6	D	101	Total O 101 101	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Bifunctional AAC/APH









4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	89.99Å 98.34Å 93.22Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 105.24° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	89.94 - 2.60	Depositor
Resolution (A)	86.83 - 2.60	EDS
% Data completeness	99.9 (89.94-2.60)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	100.0 (86.83-2.60)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.16	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.24 (at 2.58Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0189	Depositor
D D	0.192 , 0.244	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.196 , 0.250	DCC
R_{free} test set	2438 reflections (5.03%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	53.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.158	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, 34.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.019 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	10248	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	63.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.90% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GNP, CL, 84D, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.91	$1/2426 \ (0.0\%)$	0.92	$2/3272 \ (0.1\%)$	
1	В	0.91	$1/2445 \ (0.0\%)$	0.91	$2/3298 \; (0.1\%)$	
1	С	0.92	3/2406 (0.1%)	0.93	6/3244 (0.2%)	
1	D	0.86	0/2378	0.89	$1/3206 \ (0.0\%)$	
All	All	0.90	5/9655 (0.1%)	0.91	11/13020 (0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	В	0	1

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	С	356	GLU	CD-OE2	7.08	1.33	1.25
1	A	240	GLU	CD-OE1	6.41	1.32	1.25
1	С	229	PHE	C-O	-6.06	1.11	1.23
1	С	377	CYS	CB-SG	-5.48	1.72	1.81
1	В	229	PHE	C-O	-5.40	1.13	1.23

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	D	374	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-8.19	110.93	118.30
1	В	301	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-8.14	110.97	118.30
1	С	475	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.67	123.64	120.30
1	С	387	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.32	117.14	120.30

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	С	297	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	6.26	121.64	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Chain Res		Group
1	В	234	LYS	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2383	0	2300	18	0
1	В	2402	0	2309	9	1
1	С	2363	0	2282	13	0
1	D	2338	0	2261	8	0
2	A	32	0	13	0	0
2	В	32	0	13	1	0
2	С	32	0	13	2	0
2	D	28	0	12	1	0
3	A	2	0	0	0	0
3	В	2	0	0	0	0
3	С	2	0	0	0	0
3	D	2	0	0	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	1	0
4	В	1	0	0	1	0
4	С	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	31	0	0	2	0
5	В	31	0	0	1	0
5	С	31	0	0	0	0
5	D	31	0	0	0	0
6	A	141	0	0	4	1
6	В	148	0	0	1	0
6	С	111	0	0	6	0
6	D	103	0	0	1	0
All	All	10248	0	9203	45	1



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 45 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ (\rm \AA) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
5:A:600:84D:O7	6:A:904:HOH:O	2.01	0.77
2:C:500:GNP:O2A	6:C:900:HOH:O	2.10	0.69
2:B:500:GNP:O3G	6:B:921:HOH:O	2.16	0.61
1:D:445:GLU:HG3	6:D:1160:HOH:O	2.01	0.60
1:D:186:VAL:HG13	1:D:205:ILE:HG23	1.85	0.58

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:B:477:TYR:O	6:A:1217:HOH:O[2_646]	1.94	0.26

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	284/305 (93%)	276 (97%)	8 (3%)	0	100	100
1	В	288/305 (94%)	277 (96%)	11 (4%)	0	100	100
1	С	281/305 (92%)	272 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100
1	D	278/305 (91%)	267 (96%)	11 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	1131/1220 (93%)	1092 (97%)	39 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	$265/281 \ (94\%)$	260 (98%)	5 (2%)	57 79		
1	В	265/281 (94%)	262 (99%)	3 (1%)	73 88		
1	С	263/281 (94%)	257 (98%)	6 (2%)	50 75		
1	D	260/281 (92%)	257 (99%)	3 (1%)	71 87		
All	All	1053/1124 (94%)	1036 (98%)	17 (2%)	62 82		

5 of 17 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	185	ASN
1	D	461	LYS
1	В	461	LYS
1	С	198	ASP
1	С	221	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 10 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	295	GLN
1	D	326	GLN
1	D	420	ASN
1	В	420	ASN
1	С	327	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 19 ligands modelled in this entry, 11 are monoatomic - leaving 8 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain Re		Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
MIOI	туре	Chain	rtes	res	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
5	84D	A	600	-	32,33,33	0.53	0	40,48,48	1.77	10 (25%)	
5	84D	С	600	-	32,33,33	0.44	0	40,48,48	1.38	8 (20%)	
2	GNP	A	500	3	29,34,34	2.39	8 (27%)	33,54,54	2.22	9 (27%)	
2	GNP	С	500	3	29,34,34	2.65	7 (24%)	33,54,54	2.33	6 (18%)	
5	84D	В	600	-	32,33,33	1.01	1 (3%)	40,48,48	2.18	9 (22%)	
2	GNP	D	500	3	24,30,34	3.52	5 (20%)	27,47,54	2.50	6 (22%)	
2	GNP	В	500	3	29,34,34	3.82	7 (24%)	33,54,54	2.86	12 (36%)	
5	84D	D	600	-	32,33,33	0.82	1 (3%)	40,48,48	2.61	11 (27%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	84D	A	600	-	-	4/12/65/65	0/3/3/3
5	84D	С	600	-	-	2/12/65/65	0/3/3/3
2	GNP	A	500	3	-	2/14/38/38	0/3/3/3
2	GNP	С	500	3	-	4/14/38/38	0/3/3/3
5	84D	В	600	-	-	3/12/65/65	0/3/3/3
2	GNP	D	500	3	-	1/9/32/38	0/3/3/3
2	GNP	В	500	3	-	2/14/38/38	0/3/3/3
5	84D	D	600	-	-	3/12/65/65	0/3/3/3



The worst	5	of	29	bond	length	outliers	are	listed	below:
TIC WOID	\mathbf{O}	O.		Olia	10115011	Outilities	COLO	iibuca	DOIOW.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
2	В	500	GNP	PG-O1G	17.01	1.73	1.46
2	D	500	GNP	PB-O1B	13.85	1.68	1.46
2	В	500	GNP	PB-O3A	8.93	1.70	1.59
2	С	500	GNP	PG-O1G	8.65	1.59	1.46
2	С	500	GNP	PB-O1B	8.01	1.58	1.46

The worst 5 of 71 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
5	D	600	84D	C3-O-C4	9.16	123.28	113.13
2	D	500	GNP	C5-C6-N1	-8.81	111.39	123.43
2	В	500	GNP	O1G-PG-N3B	-8.68	98.99	111.77
2	С	500	GNP	C5-C6-N1	-8.60	111.67	123.43
2	В	500	GNP	C5-C6-N1	-7.90	112.63	123.43

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 21 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	500	GNP	PG-N3B-PB-O1B
2	В	500	GNP	PB-N3B-PG-O1G
2	С	500	GNP	PB-N3B-PG-O1G
2	С	500	GNP	PG-N3B-PB-O1B
5	A	600	84D	O4-C16-C17-O5

There are no ring outliers.

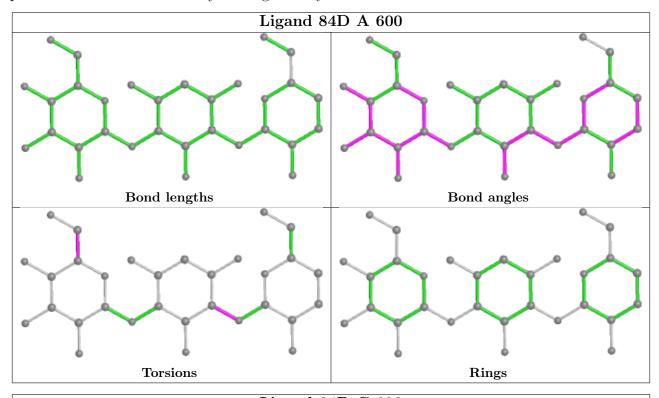
5 monomers are involved in 7 short contacts:

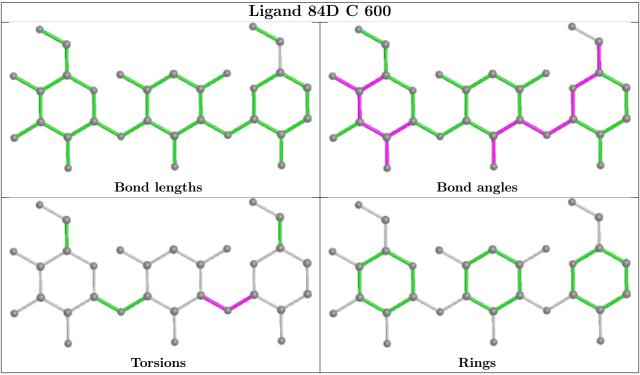
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	600	84D	2	0
2	С	500	GNP	2	0
5	В	600	84D	1	0
2	D	500	GNP	1	0
2	В	500	GNP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be

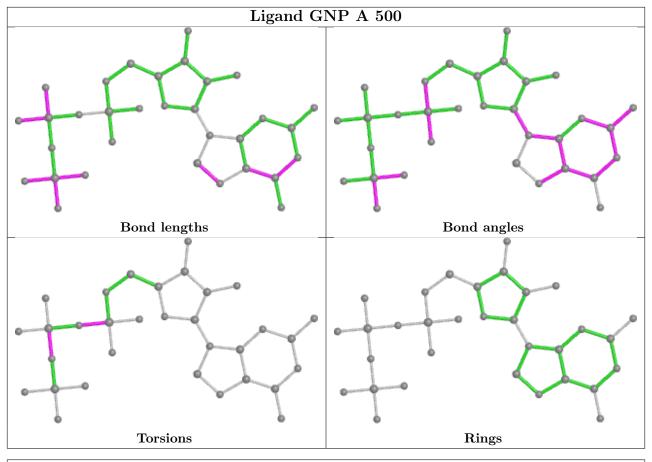


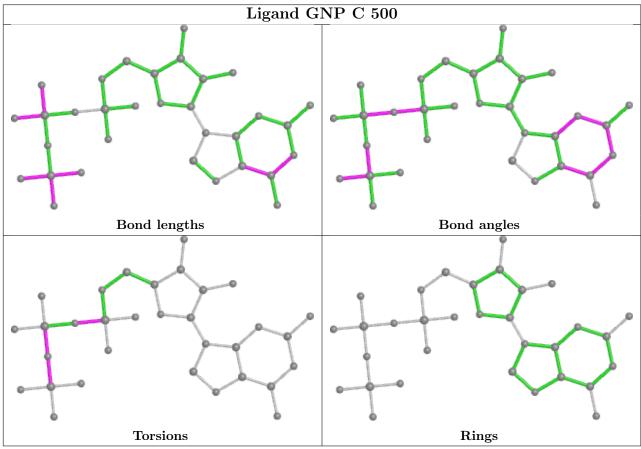
highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



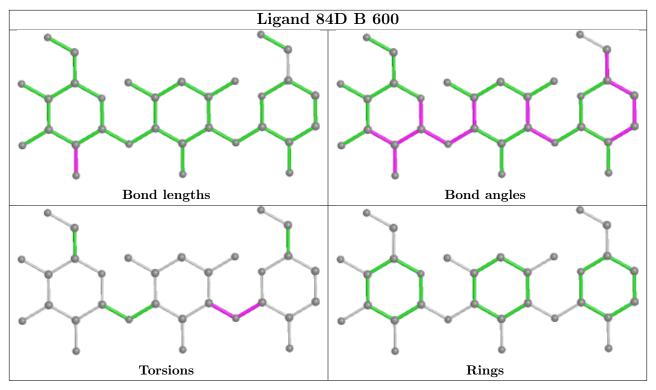


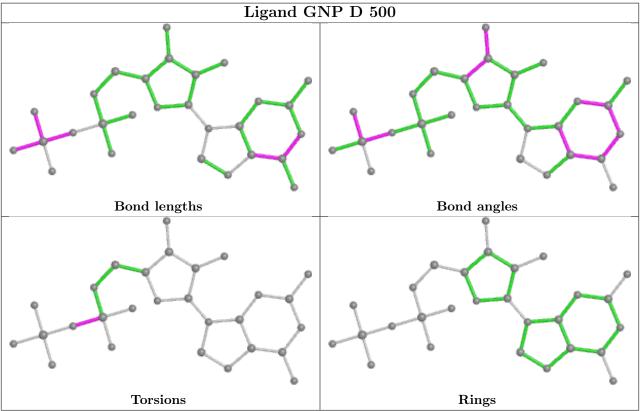




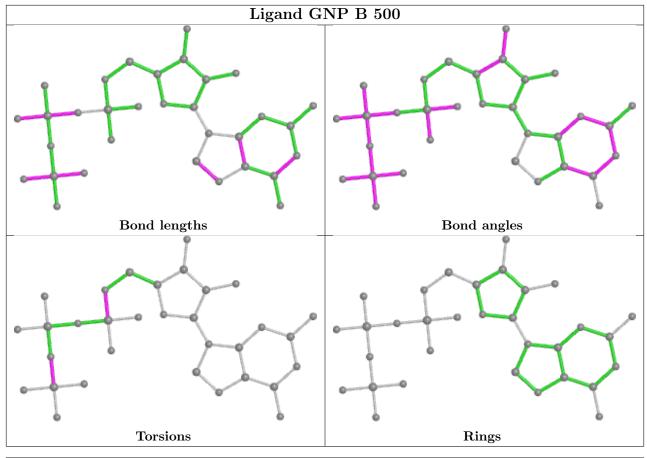


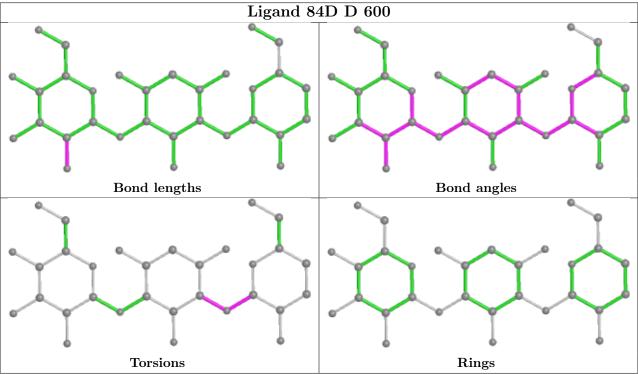














5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	288/305 (94%)	0.02	6 (2%) 63 58	40, 60, 84, 114	0
1	В	292/305~(95%)	-0.02	3 (1%) 82 80	39, 57, 85, 106	0
1	С	285/305~(93%)	0.18	2 (0%) 87 86	36, 63, 98, 128	0
1	D	284/305 (93%)	0.17	10 (3%) 44 36	49, 68, 94, 115	0
All	All	1149/1220 (94%)	0.09	21 (1%) 68 64	36, 61, 92, 128	0

The worst 5 of 21 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	С	290	MET	3.7
1	В	212	TYR	3.6
1	В	209	GLY	2.9
1	A	455	TYR	2.9
1	D	473	TYR	2.9

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



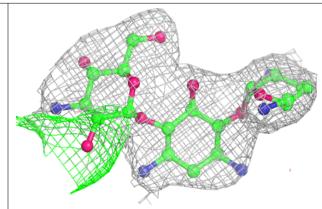
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	MG	D	700	1/1	0.77	0.25	64,64,64,64	0
4	CL	С	802	1/1	0.87	0.10	69,69,69,69	0
4	CL	В	802	1/1	0.89	0.11	85,85,85,85	0
5	84D	D	600	31/31	0.90	0.16	47,55,62,62	0
2	GNP	D	500	28/32	0.92	0.15	57,61,70,72	0
5	84D	С	600	31/31	0.92	0.16	60,64,74,76	0
3	MG	В	700	1/1	0.92	0.26	52,52,52,52	0
5	84D	В	600	31/31	0.93	0.18	49,54,56,58	0
5	84D	A	600	31/31	0.94	0.14	52,57,65,66	0
3	MG	В	702	1/1	0.95	0.12	69,69,69,69	0
2	GNP	В	500	32/32	0.96	0.17	51,56,67,71	0
2	GNP	A	500	32/32	0.96	0.16	45,51,58,59	0
3	MG	A	700	1/1	0.96	0.10	48,48,48,48	0
3	MG	С	702	1/1	0.97	0.17	56,56,56,56	0
2	GNP	С	500	32/32	0.97	0.15	49,54,58,62	0
3	MG	D	702	1/1	0.97	0.26	59,59,59,59	0
3	MG	С	700	1/1	0.98	0.13	46,46,46,46	0
3	MG	A	702	1/1	0.98	0.12	53,53,53,53	0
4	CL	A	802	1/1	0.98	0.23	72,72,72,72	0

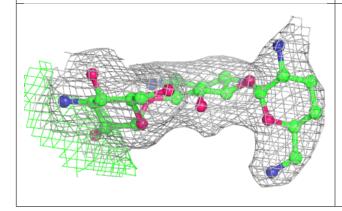
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

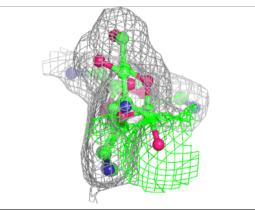


Electron density around 84D D 600:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

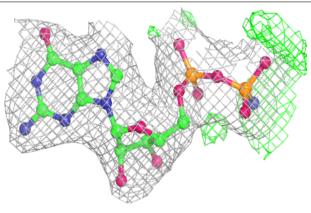


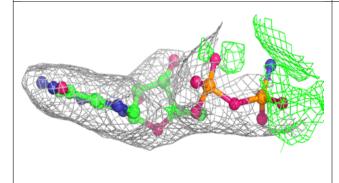


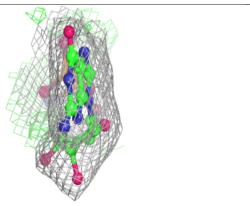


Electron density around GNP D 500:

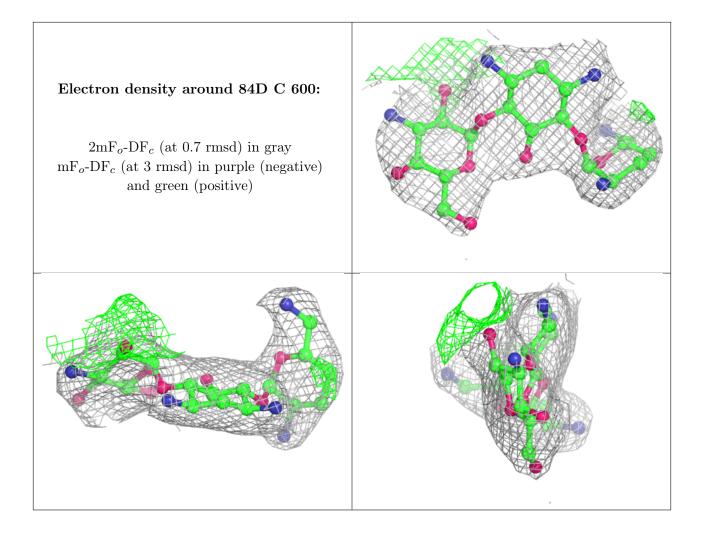
 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









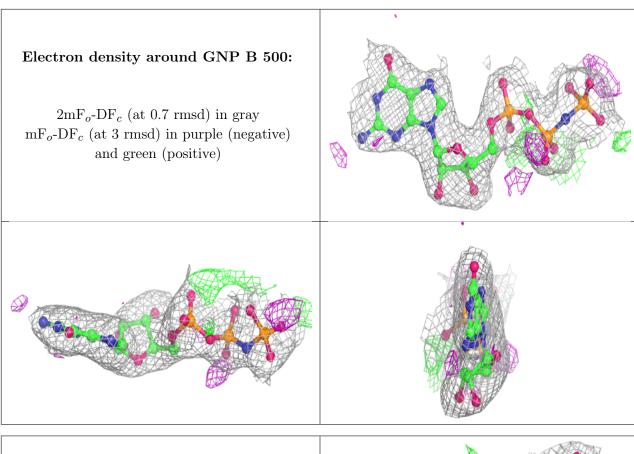




Electron density around 84D B 600: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive) Electron density around 84D A 600:

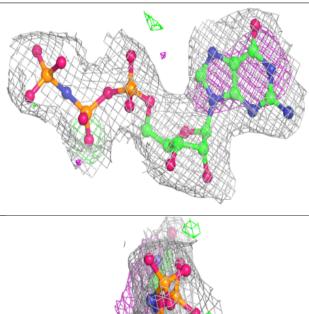
Electron density around 84D A 600: 2mF_o-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

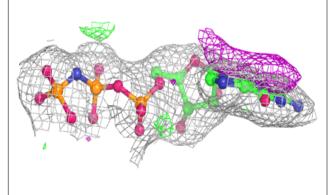


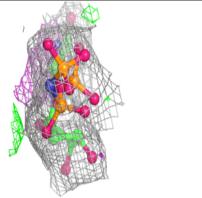


Electron density around GNP A 500:

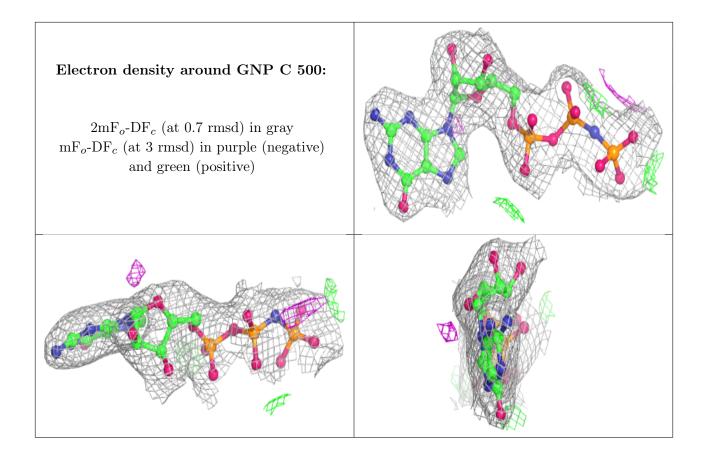
 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)











6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

