

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Sep 20, 2023 - 03:04 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	5J2J
Title	:	Ternary complex crystal structure of DNA polymerase Beta with T:G mis-
		match at the primer terminus
Authors	:	Batra, V.K.; Wilson, S.H.
Deposited on	:	2016-03-29
Resolution	:	2.20 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

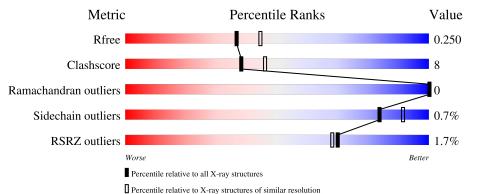
Xtriage (Phenix) EDS buster-report Percentile statistics Refmac CCP4 Ideal geometry (proteins) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	: : : : :	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) 5.8.0158 7.0.044 (Gargrove) Engh & Huber (2001) Parkinson et al. (1996)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)		Parkinson et al. (1996) 2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	4898 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4800 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	А	335	^{2%} 82%		15%	·		
2	Т	16	56%	44%				
3	Р	10	60%	40%				
4	D	5	40%	60%				



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3684 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA polymerase beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	А	326	Total 2631	C 1660	N 462	O 500	${ m S} 9$	0	2	0

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called Template Strand.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ate	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	Т	16	Total 320	C 153	N 60	0 92	Р 15	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a DNA chain called Primer Strand.

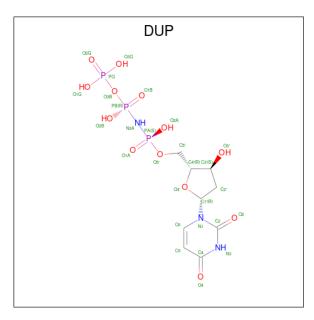
Mol	Chain	Residues		At	\mathbf{oms}			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	Р	10	Total 206	C 98	N 40	O 59	Р 9	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a DNA chain called Downstream Primer Strand.

Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{At}	\mathbf{oms}			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	D	5	Total 106	C 49	N 20	O 32	Р 5	0	0	0

• Molecule 5 is 2'-DEOXYURIDINE 5'-ALPHA, BETA-IMIDO-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: DUP) (formula: $\rm C_9H_{16}N_3O_{13}P_3).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
E.	٨	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0
5	A	1	28	9	3	13	3	0	0

• Molecule 6 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	2	Total Mg 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 7 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	А	2	Total Na 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 8 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	А	4	Total Cl 4 4	0	0

• Molecule 9 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	А	309	Total O 309 309	0	0



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	Т	42	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{O} \\ 42 & 42 \end{array}$	0	0
9	Р	18	Total O 18 18	0	0
9	D	16	Total O 16 16	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Chain A:	82%	15%	·
MET SER LYS LYS LYS ALA PRO GIN CTU	T10 E21 E21 E26 F33 F34 F34 F34 F35 F44 F50 F51 F51 F55 F55 F55 F55 F55 F55 F55 F55	188 188 189 189 189 1106 1110 1106 1113 1113 1113 1113 1113	K168 C178
P208 V215 Q219 P223 F223	423 1 K234 K234 K244 N244 F24 F24 F24 F24 F24 F26 F27 F27 F27 F27 F27 F27 F27 F27 F27 F27	(302 1304 1305 1306 1306 1306 1306 1335 10 1335 1335 1335	
• Molecule	2: Template Strand		
Chain T:	56%	44%	-
3 3 8 4 8 8 5			
• Molecule	3: Primer Strand		
Chain P:	60%	40%	-
61 C2 C1 C2 C10 C10			
• Molecule	4: Downstream Primer Strand		
Chain D:	40%	60%	_
<mark>61 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12</mark>			

• Molecule 1: DNA polymerase beta



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	50.82Å 80.17 Å 55.51 Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 107.85° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 - 2.20	Depositor
Resolution (A)	20.71 - 2.20	EDS
% Data completeness	86.3 (50.00-2.20)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	86.3 (20.71-2.20)	EDS
R _{merge}	0.11	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.35 (at 2.19 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.1	Depositor
D D.	0.201 , 0.266	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.178 , 0.250	DCC
R_{free} test set	2055 reflections $(9.83%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	21.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.252	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.30,44.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ \langle L \rangle = 0.46, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.29$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	3684	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	26.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.14% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CL, DUP, MG, NA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Chain		nd lengths	Bond angles	
IVIOI	Unam	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	А	0.34	0/2680	0.55	0/3600
2	Т	0.37	0/358	0.78	0/549
3	Р	0.39	0/231	0.80	0/356
4	D	0.85	1/118~(0.8%)	0.77	0/179
All	All	0.38	1/3387~(0.0%)	0.61	0/4684

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	D	1	DG	OP3-P	-6.97	1.52	1.61

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2631	0	2643	36	0
2	Т	320	0	180	7	0
3	Р	206	0	114	6	0
4	D	106	0	57	2	0
5	А	28	0	12	1	0
6	А	2	0	0	0	0



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes		
7	А	2	0	0	0	0		
8	А	4	0	0	0	0		
9	А	309	0	0	8	0		
9	D	16	0	0	1	0		
9	Р	18	0	0	0	0		
9	Т	42	0	0	2	0		
All	All	3684	0	3006	48	0		

Continued from previous page...

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (48) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
9:T:106:HOH:O	3:P:10:DG:H8	1.71	0.73
2:T:1:DC:H2"	2:T:2:DC:H5'	1.69	0.72
3:P:2:DC:H2"	3:P:3:DT:H5'	1.74	0.69
1:A:113:LYS:HE2	1:A:117:GLU:OE2	1.93	0.69
1:A:36:TYR:CZ	1:A:40[B]:ARG:HD2	2.32	0.64
1:A:260:ILE:HG23	1:A:261:PRO:HD2	1.80	0.64
3:P:1:DG:H2'	3:P:2:DC:C6	2.33	0.62
1:A:178:CYS:HA	1:A:182:ARG:HB2	1.81	0.62
1:A:130:ASP:OD1	1:A:131:LYS:HG3	2.00	0.61
1:A:131:LYS:HE2	9:A:577:HOH:O	2.00	0.61
1:A:304:THR:HG23	1:A:306:VAL:H	1.66	0.59
1:A:36:TYR:CE1	1:A:40[B]:ARG:HD2	2.39	0.57
4:D:4:DG:H5"	9:D:108:HOH:O	2.05	0.56
1:A:244:LYS:HD2	1:A:247:GLU:OE2	2.06	0.54
1:A:103:VAL:HB	1:A:106:ILE:HD12	1.90	0.54
1:A:21:GLU:HG2	1:A:85:LEU:HD22	1.90	0.53
1:A:164:ASN:O	1:A:168:LYS:HG3	2.10	0.52
1:A:66:GLY:H	4:D:2:DT:H5"	1.76	0.51
1:A:270:LEU:HD23	9:A:568:HOH:O	2.10	0.51
1:A:234:LYS:HE2	2:T:10:DC:H5'	1.94	0.49
5:A:401:DUP:C6	3:P:10:DG:H2'	2.41	0.49
2:T:13:DC:H2'	2:T:14:DA:C8	2.47	0.49
1:A:49:TYR:CE2	1:A:51:HIS:HB2	2.48	0.48
1:A:244:LYS:HB3	9:A:592:HOH:O	2.13	0.47
1:A:84:LYS:O	1:A:88:ILE:HG13	2.15	0.47
1:A:215:VAL:O	1:A:219:GLN:HG3	2.15	0.47
2:T:7:DT:H2"	2:T:8:DC:O5'	2.14	0.47



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:208:PRO:HA	9:A:612:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:279:ASN:O	1:A:283:ARG:HG3	2.15	0.45
2:T:14:DA:H2'	9:T:139:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:244:LYS:HB2	1:A:247:GLU:OE2	2.18	0.44
1:A:299:ARG:HG2	1:A:310:PRO:HA	2.00	0.44
1:A:85:LEU:O	1:A:89:ARG:HG3	2.18	0.44
1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:26:GLU:OE1	2.19	0.43
1:A:231:GLY:HA3	2:T:10:DC:OP1	2.18	0.43
2:T:13:DC:H2"	2:T:14:DA:H5'	2.01	0.42
3:P:1:DG:H2'	3:P:2:DC:H6	1.82	0.42
1:A:33:ILE:HG23	1:A:34:HIS:N	2.35	0.42
1:A:299:ARG:HD3	9:A:618:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:67:THR:HG23	9:A:524:HOH:O	2.20	0.42
1:A:159:GLN:O	1:A:163:LEU:HD13	2.18	0.42
1:A:68:LYS:HB3	9:A:509:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
3:P:2:DC:H2"	3:P:3:DT:C5'	2.47	0.41
1:A:275:SER:HB2	9:A:583:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:244:LYS:O	1:A:247:GLU:HB2	2.21	0.40
1:A:320:PHE:HB3	1:A:325:TRP:O	2.21	0.40
1:A:223:PHE:O	1:A:239:CYS:HA	2.21	0.40
1:A:245:ASN:C	1:A:247:GLU:H	2.24	0.40

Continued from previous page...

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	326/335~(97%)	315 (97%)	11 (3%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	288/295~(98%)	286~(99%)	2(1%)	84 91

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	272	PHE
1	А	325	TRP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	31	GLN
1	А	159	GLN
1	А	264	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 9 ligands modelled in this entry, 8 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

[Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	B	ond ang	les
	WIOI	Type	Ullalli	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
	5	DUP	А	401	6	25,29,29	1.81	5 (20%)	30,45,45	1.57	5 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	DUP	А	401	6	-	6/16/34/34	0/2/2/2

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
5	А	401	DUP	PB-O3B	-6.10	1.51	1.59
5	А	401	DUP	C4-N3	2.99	1.38	1.33
5	А	401	DUP	PB-O2B	-2.84	1.49	1.56
5	А	401	DUP	PA-O2A	-2.84	1.49	1.56
5	А	401	DUP	C6-N1	2.12	1.38	1.35

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
5	А	401	DUP	O2A-PA-O1A	4.28	118.88	109.92
5	А	401	DUP	O2B-PB-O1B	4.18	118.69	109.92
5	А	401	DUP	C5-C4-N3	-3.90	114.72	123.31
5	А	401	DUP	O1G-PG-O2G	2.16	119.12	110.68
5	А	401	DUP	O5'-PA-O1A	-2.04	106.41	114.24

There are no chirality outliers.

All (6) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	А	401	DUP	PA-N3A-PB-O1B
	-		0	1 /



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	А	401	DUP	PB-O3B-PG-O3G
5	А	401	DUP	PB-N3A-PA-O1A
5	А	401	DUP	PB-O3B-PG-O1G
5	А	401	DUP	PB-O3B-PG-O2G
5	А	401	DUP	PB-N3A-PA-O5'

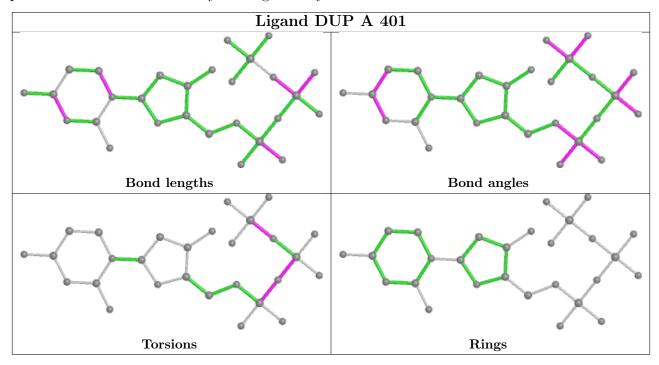
Continued from previous page...

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	А	401	DUP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	$\mathbf{Q} {<} 0.9$
1	А	326/335~(97%)	-0.04	6 (1%) 68 66	10, 23, 39, 55	0
2	Т	16/16~(100%)	-0.06	0 100 100	16, 30, 46, 51	0
3	Р	10/10 (100%)	0.03	0 100 100	19, 33, 39, 39	0
4	D	5/5~(100%)	0.04	0 100 100	23, 23, 39, 40	0
All	All	357/366~(97%)	-0.04	6 (1%) 70 68	10, 23, 41, 55	0

All (6) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	303	VAL	6.3
1	А	305	GLY	3.1
1	А	302	GLY	3.0
1	А	10	THR	2.8
1	А	304	THR	2.7
1	А	57	ALA	2.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,

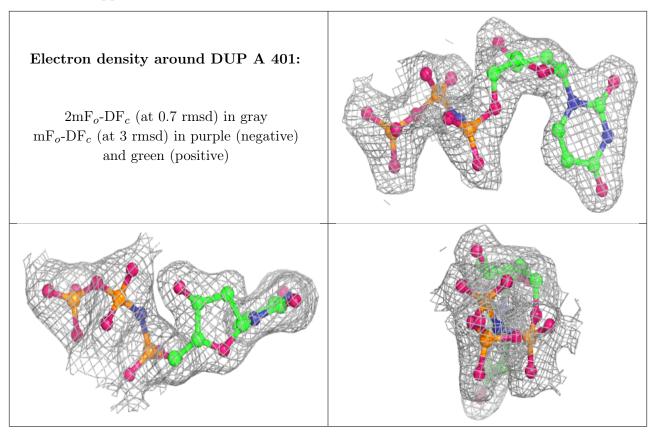


5J	2J

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\operatorname{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
7	NA	А	405	1/1	0.95	0.07	32,32,32,32	0
8	CL	А	408	1/1	0.96	0.13	42,42,42,42	0
8	CL	А	407	1/1	0.97	0.05	32,32,32,32	0
7	NA	А	404	1/1	0.98	0.05	$14,\!14,\!14,\!14$	0
5	DUP	А	401	28/28	0.98	0.09	$8,\!11,\!15,\!16$	0
8	CL	А	406	1/1	0.98	0.09	33,33,33,33	0
6	MG	А	402	1/1	0.98	0.04	$9,\!9,\!9,\!9$	0
6	MG	А	403	1/1	0.98	0.06	$10,\!10,\!10,\!10$	0
8	CL	А	409	1/1	0.99	0.04	29,29,29,29	0

median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

