

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Nov 22, 2022 – 12:20 pm GMT

PDB ID : 5IV4

Title : Crystal structure of the human soluble adenylyl cyclase in complex with the

allosteric inhibitor LRE1

Authors: Kleinboelting, S.; Steegborn, C.

Deposited on : 2016-03-18

Resolution : 1.79 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.orgA user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.31.3 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0267$ 

CCP4 : 7.1.010 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

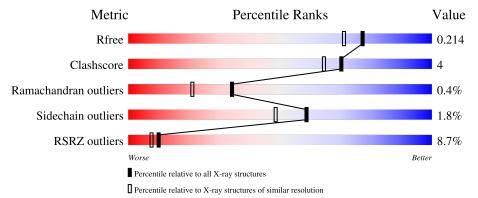
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.3

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.79 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	5950 (1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	141614	6793 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6697 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6696 (1.80-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5850 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
			8%	
1	A	475	88%	8% •



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4164 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

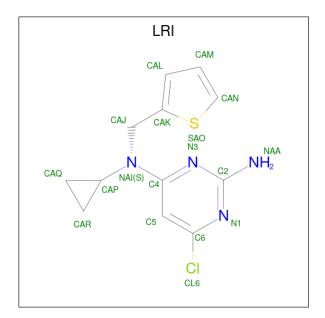
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Adenylate cyclase type 10.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	461	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1.4	0
1	Λ	401	3730	2429	594	670	37	0	14	

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	470	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q96PN6
A	471	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q96PN6
A	472	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q96PN6
A	473	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q96PN6
A	474	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q96PN6
A	475	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q96PN6

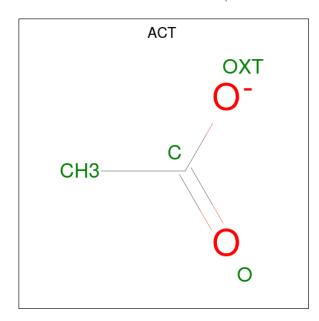
• Molecule 2 is 6-chloro-N 4 -cyclopropyl-N 4 -[(thiophen-2-yl)methyl]pyrimidine-2,4-diamine (three-letter code: LRI) (formula: C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>13</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>S).





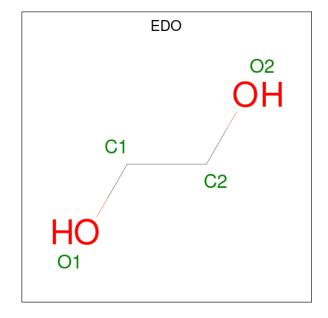
Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	Δ	1	Total	С	Cl	N	S	0	0
	Λ	1	18	12	1	4	1	U	

 $\bullet$  Molecule 3 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_2H_3O_2}).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
3	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

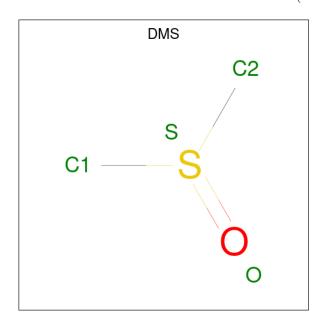
 $\bullet$  Molecule 4 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_2H_6O_2}).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 5 is DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE (three-letter code: DMS) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_2H_6OS}).$ 



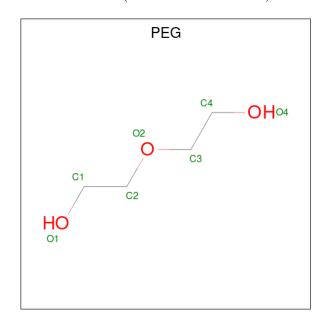
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total 4	C 2		S 1	0	0
5	A	1	Total 4	C 2		S 1	0	0
5	A	1	Total 4	C 2	O 1	S 1	0	0
5	A	1	Total 4	$\frac{\mathrm{C}}{2}$	O 1	S 1	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 6 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

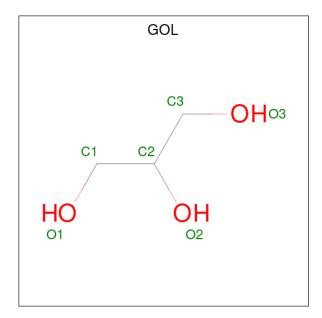


• Molecule 7 is DI(HYDROXYETHYL)ETHER (three-letter code: PEG) (formula:  $C_4H_{10}O_3$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0

• Molecule 8 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $C_3H_8O_3$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

• Molecule 9 is water.



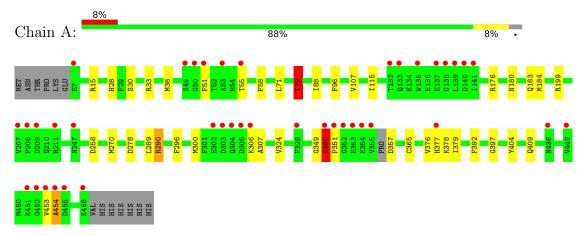
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	358	Total O 358 358	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Adenylate cyclase type 10





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 63	Depositor
Cell constants	99.30Å 99.30Å 99.39Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	44.42 - 1.79	Depositor
Resolution (A)	44.42 - 1.79	EDS
% Data completeness	99.9 (44.42-1.79)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.9 (44.42-1.79)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.12	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.76 (at 1.79Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0131	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.160 , $0.206$	Depositor
it, it <sub>free</sub>	0.171 , $0.214$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2621 reflections $(5.00\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	23.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.000	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	(Not available), (Not available)	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.053 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	4164	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	31.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.43% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: EDO, DMS, CME, CL, LRI, ACT, GOL, PEG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	1.06	0/3850	1.00	9/5208 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	258	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.10	123.79	118.30
1	A	199	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.97	117.31	120.30
1	A	15	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.97	117.31	120.30
1	A	79	ILE	CA-CB-CG2	5.93	122.76	110.90
1	A	357	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.87	113.01	118.30
1	A	290	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.35	122.98	120.30
1	A	33	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.32	122.96	120.30
1	A	350	PHE	N-CA-CB	5.14	119.85	110.60
1	A	278	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-5.03	113.78	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	453	VAL	Peptide



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	454	ALA	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3730	0	3727	26	0
2	A	18	0	0	0	0
3	A	8	0	6	0	0
4	A	20	0	30	1	0
5	A	16	0	24	1	0
6	A	1	0	0	0	0
7	A	7	0	10	0	0
8	A	6	0	8	0	0
9	A	358	0	0	4	0
All	All	4164	0	3805	27	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (27) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance}  ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
5:A:509:DMS:H13	9:A:951:HOH:O	1.87	0.74
1:A:107:VAL:HG11	1:A:115:ILE:HG13	1.72	0.71
1:A:350:PHE:CD1	1:A:351:PRO:HD2	2.25	0.71
1:A:71[A]:LEU:HD23	1:A:392[A]:PHE:CD1	2.30	0.65
1:A:324:VAL:HG12	1:A:365:CYS:SG	2.39	0.62
1:A:71[A]:LEU:CD2	1:A:392[A]:PHE:CD1	2.91	0.54
1:A:28:HIS:NE2	9:A:603:HOH:O	2.27	0.54
1:A:350:PHE:CG	1:A:351:PRO:HD2	2.43	0.53
1:A:36[A]:MET:HE1	1:A:307:ALA:HB1	1.91	0.53
1:A:290:ARG:NE	1:A:349:GLY:O	2.40	0.51
1:A:79:ILE:HD11	1:A:397:GLY:HA2	1.95	0.49
1:A:377:HIS:O	1:A:378:LYS:HB2	2.12	0.48
1:A:183:GLN:O	1:A:184:MET:C	2.52	0.47



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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance}({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:58:PHE:CD2	1:A:71[A]:LEU:HD13	2.50	0.47
1:A:51:PHE:O	1:A:55[A]:THR:HG23	2.15	0.46
1:A:270[A]:MET:HG2	9:A:834:HOH:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:409:GLN:HB2	4:A:504:EDO:H12	1.99	0.45
1:A:300[A]:MET:HE2	9:A:624:HOH:O	2.18	0.44
1:A:350:PHE:CE2	1:A:404:TYR:HE2	2.38	0.42
1:A:71[A]:LEU:HD23	1:A:392[A]:PHE:CG	2.55	0.42
1:A:36[A]:MET:CE	1:A:307:ALA:HB1	2.50	0.42
1:A:289:LEU:HD21	1:A:392[A]:PHE:CZ	2.55	0.41
1:A:376:VAL:HB	1:A:379:ILE:HD12	2.02	0.41
1:A:79:ILE:HD11	1:A:96:PHE:HE2	1.86	0.41
1:A:350:PHE:O	1:A:351:PRO:C	2.59	0.41
1:A:88[B]:ILE:HA	1:A:88[B]:ILE:HD13	1.66	0.41
1:A:71[A]:LEU:CD2	1:A:392[A]:PHE:CG	3.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	470/475 (99%)	454 (97%)	14 (3%)	2 (0%)	34 21

#### All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	350	PHE
1	A	454	ALA



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	412/418 (99%)	405 (98%)	7 (2%)	60 51

All (7) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	30	SER
1	A	79	ILE
1	A	176	ARG
1	A	180	ASN
1	A	296	PHE
1	A	306	LYS
1	A	350	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	298	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Mol Type Chain Res		Res	Link	В	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
Moi Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2		
1	CME	A	253	1	8,9,10	0.70	0	5,9,11	0.69	0	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CME	A	253	1	-	2/5/8/10	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	253	CME	SD-CE-CZ-OH
1	A	253	CME	CZ-CE-SD-SG

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 15 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 14 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	gles
IVIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	EDO	A	507	-	3,3,3	0.43	0	2,2,2	0.78	0
2	LRI	A	501	-	19,20,20	1.79	4 (21%)	20,28,28	4.53	11 (55%)
4	EDO	A	508	-	3,3,3	0.33	0	2,2,2	0.70	0
7	PEG	A	514	-	6,6,6	0.66	0	5,5,5	1.51	1 (20%)
4	EDO	A	505	-	3,3,3	0.45	0	2,2,2	0.19	0
4	EDO	A	504	-	3,3,3	0.57	0	2,2,2	0.43	0
3	ACT	A	502	-	3,3,3	0.88	0	3,3,3	1.16	0
3	ACT	A	503	-	3,3,3	1.57	1 (33%)	3,3,3	0.24	0
5	DMS	A	510	-	3,3,3	0.79	0	3,3,3	1.65	1 (33%)
8	GOL	A	515	-	5,5,5	0.82	0	5,5,5	1.28	1 (20%)
4	EDO	A	506	-	3,3,3	1.40	0	2,2,2	0.80	0
5	DMS	A	509	-	3,3,3	0.53	0	3,3,3	1.77	1 (33%)
5	DMS	A	512		3,3,3	0.33	0	3,3,3	1.40	0
5	DMS	A	511	-	3,3,3	0.76	0	3,3,3	0.60	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	EDO	A	507	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
2	LRI	A	501	_	-	0/11/14/14	0/3/3/3
4	EDO	A	508	_	-	0/1/1/1	-
7	PEG	A	514	-	-	3/4/4/4	-
4	EDO	A	505	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
4	EDO	A	504	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
8	GOL	A	515	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
4	EDO	A	506	-	-	1/1/1/1	-

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
2	A	501	LRI	CAJ-CAK	4.60	1.57	1.51
2	A	501	LRI	CAQ-CAP	3.30	1.56	1.48
2	A	501	LRI	CAK-SAO	-2.62	1.68	1.73
2	A	501	LRI	C2-N3	-2.55	1.30	1.35
3	A	503	ACT	O-C	2.12	1.32	1.22

All (15) bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	A	501	LRI	C6-C5-C4	11.73	121.33	115.14
2	A	501	LRI	C5-C6-CL6	7.50	128.23	118.88
2	A	501	LRI	CAM-CAN-SAO	-7.48	106.91	112.98
2	A	501	LRI	C5-C6-N1	-7.02	117.80	125.50
2	A	501	LRI	C6-N1-C2	4.82	119.44	114.43
2	A	501	LRI	C2-N3-C4	4.74	120.09	116.73
2	A	501	LRI	CAJ-NAI-CAP	-4.09	113.46	118.20
2	A	501	LRI	CAR-CAQ-CAP	-3.94	56.40	59.80
7	A	514	PEG	O1-C1-C2	-3.20	93.25	111.81
2	A	501	LRI	C5-C4-N3	-3.15	117.00	123.15
2	A	501	LRI	CAQ-CAR-CAP	2.88	62.28	59.80
5	A	510	DMS	O-S-C2	-2.76	92.48	106.54
8	A	515	GOL	O1-C1-C2	-2.27	99.31	110.20
5	A	509	DMS	O-S-C2	2.13	117.42	106.54
2	A	501	LRI	N3-C4-NAI	2.01	118.80	116.57

There are no chirality outliers.

All (9) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	A	514	PEG	O1-C1-C2-O2
8	A	515	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
7	A	514	PEG	O2-C3-C4-O4
4	A	505	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
4	A	506	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
4	A	507	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
8	A	515	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
4	A	504	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
7	A	514	PEG	C4-C3-O2-C2

There are no ring outliers.

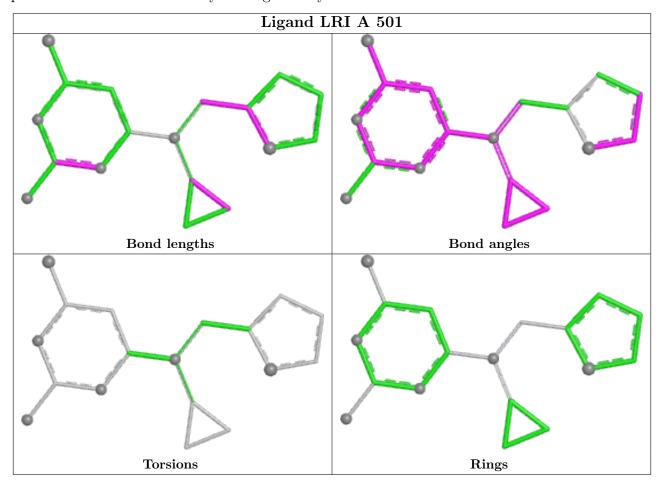
2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	504	EDO	1	0
5	A	509	DMS	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be



highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	460/475 (96%)	0.42	40 (8%) 10 8	13, 26, 58, 89	0

All (40) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	132	THR	9.1
1	A	352	GLY	7.7
1	A	135	TRP	5.9
1	A	350	PHE	5.7
1	A	449	VAL	5.2
1	A	454	ALA	5.1
1	A	303	ASP	5.1
1	A	50	GLY	4.7
1	A	304	GLN	4.7
1	A	351	PRO	4.6
1	A	138	GLY	4.5
1	A	453	VAL	4.1
1	A	A 207 VAL		4.0
1	A	208 PRO		4.0
1	A	306	LYS	3.8
1	A	49	SER	3.5
1	A	53	ALA	3.2
1	A	455	ASP	3.2
1	A	137	GLU	3.1
1	A	139	LEU	3.1
1	A	209	ASP	3.0
1	A	451	LYS	3.0
1	A	247	ASN	2.9
1	A	377	HIS	2.9
1	A	140	ASP	2.8
1	A	51	PHE	2.8
1	A	328	PHE	2.7



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	436	ASN	2.7
1	A	353	GLU	2.5
1	A	305	ASP	2.4
1	A	468	LYS	2.3
1	A	452	GLY	2.3
1	A	133	GLN	2.2
1	A	302	GLU	2.2
1	A	141	ILE	2.2
1	A	355	VAL	2.2
1	A	55[A]	THR	2.1
1	A	211	ARG	2.1
1	A	354	LYS	2.0
1	A	7	GLU	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	CME	A	253	10/11	0.96	0.08	15,20,24,25	0

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

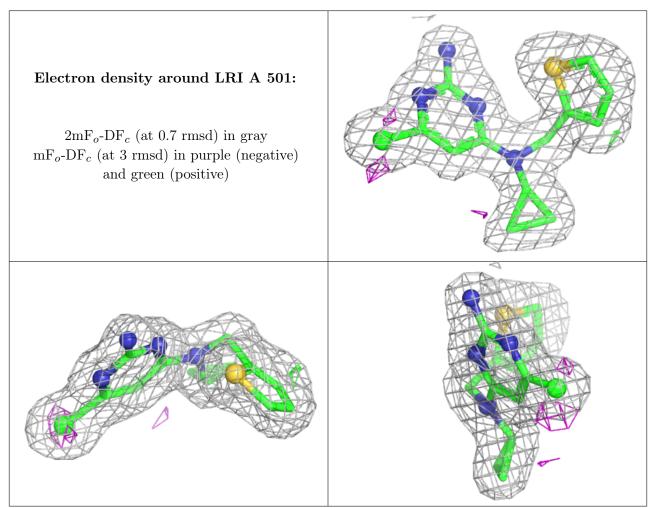
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	EDO	A	506	4/4	0.66	0.13	40,42,45,47	0
4	EDO	A	505	4/4	0.69	0.18	66,67,69,70	0
4	EDO	A	507	4/4	0.83	0.15	43,46,52,54	0
6	CL	A	513	1/1	0.86	0.06	51,51,51,51	0



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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
7	PEG	A	514	7/7	0.86	0.12	26,40,45,48	0
4	EDO	A	504	4/4	0.87	0.31	45,48,50,56	0
8	GOL	A	515	6/6	0.87	0.17	33,35,39,51	0
4	EDO	A	508	4/4	0.91	0.18	37,39,39,43	0
5	DMS	A	511	4/4	0.92	0.13	23,31,38,40	0
3	ACT	A	502	4/4	0.94	0.11	36,40,51,53	0
5	DMS	A	510	4/4	0.96	0.07	34,44,45,51	0
5	DMS	A	509	4/4	0.96	0.11	39,44,46,50	0
5	DMS	A	512	4/4	0.96	0.11	25,39,41,43	0
2	LRI	A	501	18/18	0.97	0.07	17,19,23,29	0
3	ACT	A	503	4/4	0.97	0.10	21,22,23,23	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

