

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	$5 \mathrm{GVQ}$
Title	:	Solution structure of the first RRM domain of human spliceosomal protein
		SF3b49
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

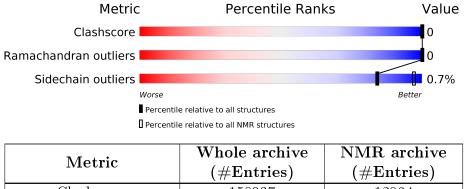
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
$\operatorname{NmrClust}$:	Kelley et al. (1996)
$\operatorname{MolProbity}$:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
${ m ShiftChecker}$:	2.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 95%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$(\# { m Entries})$	$(\# { m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	105	67%	33%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 10 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *fewest violations*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core	Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model					
1	A:16-A:49, A:56-A:91 (70)	0.10	10			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

NmrClust was unable to cluster the ensemble.

Error message: Inconsistent models



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1580 atoms, of which 780 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Splicing factor 3B subunit 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
1	Λ	105	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	S	0
	A		105	1580	501	780	137	159	3



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Splicing factor 3B subunit 4

Chain A:	67%	33%
61 82 85 85 85 85 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	D50 R51 V52 V52 V52 C55 C55 C55 C55 C55 C55 C55 N96 N96 N96 N96 N96 N96 S100 S100 S100 S103 S103 S103 S105 S105 S105 S105 S105 S105 S105 S105	

4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 10. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Splicing factor 3B subunit 4

Chain A:	65%	·	33%
61 82 83 85 85 85 85 85 85 10 11 81 10 11 81 10 11 81 10 11 81 10 11 81 10 11 81 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	829 850 153 153 153 153 153 153 153 153 153 153	199 199 6101 7102 8103 8104 6105	



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the least restraint violations*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
AMBER	refinement	
CYANA	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 6 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	input_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1162
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1162
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	95%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

COVALENT-GEOMETRY INFOmissingINFO

5.1 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	11180	11180	11180	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.



5.2 Torsion angles (i)

5.2.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	70/105~(67%)	$66 \pm 1 \ (95 \pm 1\%)$	$4\pm1~(5\pm1\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	1400/2100~(67%)	1328~(95%)	72~(5%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

5.2.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	А	60/87~(69%)	60 ± 1 (99 $\pm1\%$)	$0\pm1~(1\pm1\%)$	84	97
All	All	1200/1740~(69%)	1192 (99%)	8 (1%)	84	97

All 4 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	71	ASP	4
1	А	29	GLU	2
1	А	88	ARG	1
1	А	90	ASN	1

5.2.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.3 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.4 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.5 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.6 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

5.7 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 95% for the well-defined parts and 84% for the entire structure.

6.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: input_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: rrm31_mgr.str

6.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1162
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1162
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	3

6.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\bf Correction}\pm{\bf precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	91	-0.24 ± 0.12	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	83	-0.01 ± 0.12	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	88	-0.07 ± 0.14	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
¹⁵ N	84	0.55 ± 0.23	Should be applied

6.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 95%, i.e. 828 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 868. 0 out of 14 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	341/342~(100%)	136/136~(100%)	140/140~(100%)	65/66~(98%)
Sidechain	408/441~(93%)	251/258~(97%)	153/170~(90%)	4/13~(31%)

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	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	15 N
Aromatic	79/85~(93%)	41/45~(91%)	37/37~(100%)	1/3~(33%)
Overall	828/868~(95%)	428/439~(97%)	330/347~(95%)	70/82~(85%)

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6.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	А	42	VAL	HG11	-0.53	2.130.47	-5.2
1	А	42	VAL	HG13	-0.53	2.130.47	-5.2
1	А	42	VAL	HG12	-0.53	2.130.47	-5.2

6.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (1)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

