

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jan 4, 2024 – 03:03 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4UO9

Title: Structure of the A Canine Colorado 17864 06 H3 haemagglutinin

Ser30Thr mutant

Authors: Vachieri, S.G.; Collins, P.J.; Haire, L.F.; Ogrodowicz, R.W.; Martin, S.R.;

Walker, P.A.; Xiong, X.; Gamblin, S.J.; Skehel, J.J.

Deposited on : 2014-05-31

Resolution : 3.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

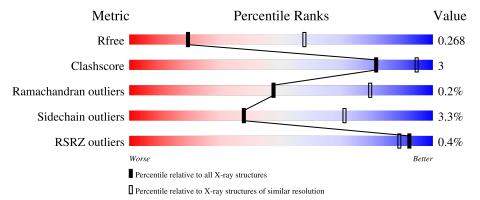
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	1133 (3.20-3.20)
Clashscore	141614	1253 (3.20-3.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1234 (3.20-3.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1233 (3.20-3.20)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1095 (3.20-3.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	328	88%	9% ••
2	В	175	92%	7% ••
3	С	2	50%	50%
3	D	2	100%	
3	F	2	100%	

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Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain
4	T.	2		
4	E	3	33%	67%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	NAG	С	2	-	-	-	X
3	NAG	D	2	X	-	=	X
4	BMA	E	3	X	-	=	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4013 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called HA1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Λ	320	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Λ	320	2449	1527	431	476	15	0	0	

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference	
Α	30	THR	SER	engineered mutation	UNP E0UVR5	

• Molecule 2 is a protein called HA2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
9	D	174	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
2	Ъ	174	1414	880	246	282	6	0	U	0

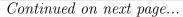
There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	173	SER	-	expression tag	UNP E0UVR5
В	174	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP E0UVR5
В	175	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP E0UVR5
В	131	GLU	ASP	conflict	UNP E0UVR5

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Aton	ns	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	С	2	Total C 28 16	N O 2 10	0	0	0





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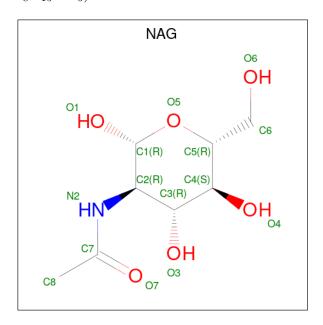
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	D	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0
3	F	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-b eta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	Е	3	Total 39	C 22	N 2	O 15	0	0	0

• Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Atoms				AltConf
5	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

• Molecule 6 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
6	В	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

• Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	2	Total O 2 2	0	0
7	В	1	Total O 1 1	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.







 $\bullet \ \, \text{Molecule 4: beta-D-mannopyranose-} (1\text{-}4)\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-} (1\text{-}4)\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-$

Chain E: 33% 67%





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3 2	Depositor
Cell constants	100.38Å 100.38Å 396.53Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	132.18 - 3.20	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	46.92 - 3.20	EDS
% Data completeness	95.5 (132.18-3.20)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	95.6 (46.92-3.20)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.40 (at 3.19Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0069	Depositor
D D.	0.218 , 0.274	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.220 , 0.268	DCC
R_{free} test set	626 reflections (4.97%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	69.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.382	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.26 , 31.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	4013	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	85.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.03% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BMA, NAG, SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.33	0/2500	0.56	0/3401	
2	В	0.40	0/1439	0.56	0/1935	
All	All	0.35	0/3939	0.56	0/5336	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2449	0	2353	15	0
2	В	1414	0	1331	6	0
3	С	28	0	25	0	0
3	D	28	0	25	0	0
3	F	28	0	25	0	0
4	Ε	39	0	34	0	0
5	A	14	0	13	1	0
6	A	5	0	0	0	0
6	В	5	0	0	0	0
7	A	2	0	0	0	0
7	В	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	4013	0	3806	20	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 20 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} \operatorname{Clash} \ \operatorname{overlap}\ (ext{Å}) \end{array}$	
1:A:22:ASN:ND2	5:A:601:NAG:H83	2.11	0.65	
1:A:15:LEU:HD22	2:B:119:PHE:HA	1.84	0.59	
1:A:283:THR:HG22	1:A:301:THR:HG22	1.87	0.56	
2:B:129:ASN:HD22	2:B:129:ASN:N	2.06	0.51	
2:B:173:SER:HB2	2:B:174:GLY:HA2	1.94	0.49	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	318/328 (97%)	299 (94%)	18 (6%)	1 (0%)	41	74
2	В	172/175~(98%)	158 (92%)	14 (8%)	0	100	100
All	All	490/503 (97%)	457 (93%)	32 (6%)	1 (0%)	47	79

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	196	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was



analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	$272/289 \ (94\%)$	264 (97%)	8 (3%)	42 74		
2	В	147/148 (99%)	141 (96%)	6 (4%)	30 66		
All	All	419/437 (96%)	405 (97%)	14 (3%)	38 71		

5 of 14 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	295	GLN
2	В	56	ILE
2	В	161	ILE
2	В	127	ARG
2	В	150	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 9 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	125	GLN
2	В	129	ASN
1	A	132	GLN
1	A	250	ASN
1	A	290	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

9 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond



length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tune	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAG	С	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.63	0	17,19,21	1.00	0
3	NAG	С	2	3	14,14,15	0.49	0	17,19,21	1.52	1 (5%)
3	NAG	D	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.44	0	17,19,21	1.48	2 (11%)
3	NAG	D	2	3	14,14,15	0.61	0	17,19,21	1.71	4 (23%)
4	NAG	Е	1	1,4	14,14,15	0.47	0	17,19,21	1.78	4 (23%)
4	NAG	Е	2	4	14,14,15	0.62	0	17,19,21	0.69	0
4	BMA	Е	3	4	11,11,12	0.43	0	15,15,17	1.65	2 (13%)
3	NAG	F	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.63	0	17,19,21	1.00	1 (5%)
3	NAG	F	2	3	14,14,15	0.55	0	17,19,21	1.69	3 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	С	1	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2	3	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	1	1,3	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	2	3	1/1/5/7	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	E	1	1,4	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	Е	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	Е	3	4	1/1/4/5	1/2/19/22	1/1/1/1
3	NAG	F	1	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	F	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 17 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
3	F	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	5.27	119.33	112.19
3	С	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.70	118.55	112.19
4	Е	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.66	118.51	112.19
3	D	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	4.55	118.47	111.29
4	Ε	3	BMA	O5-C1-C2	4.06	117.04	110.77



All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
3	D	2	NAG	C1
4	Е	3	BMA	C1

5 of 14 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	Е	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	D	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2

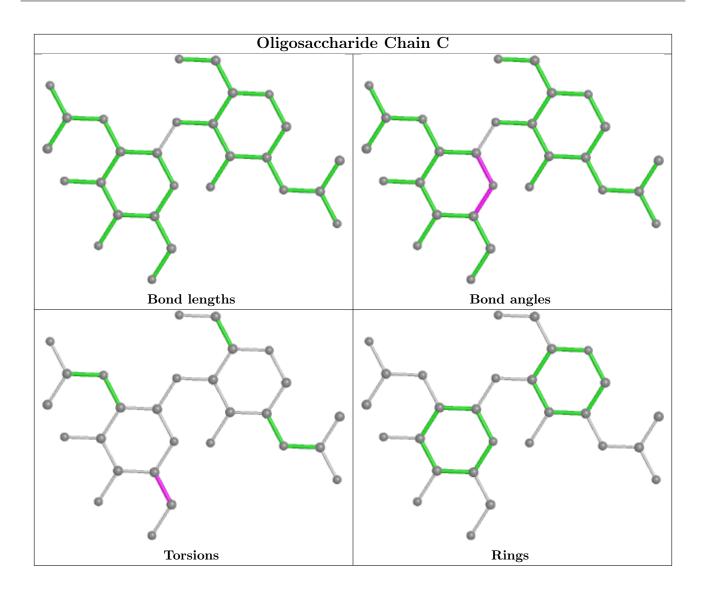
All (1) ring outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	Ε	3	BMA	C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5

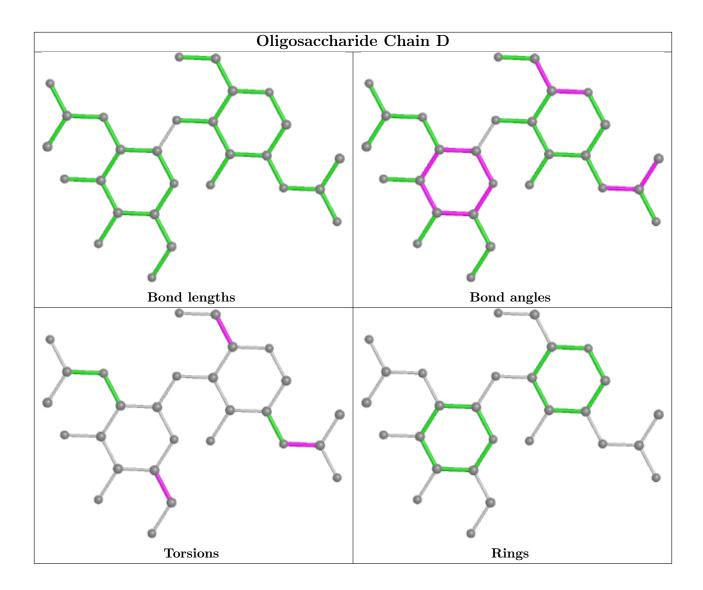
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

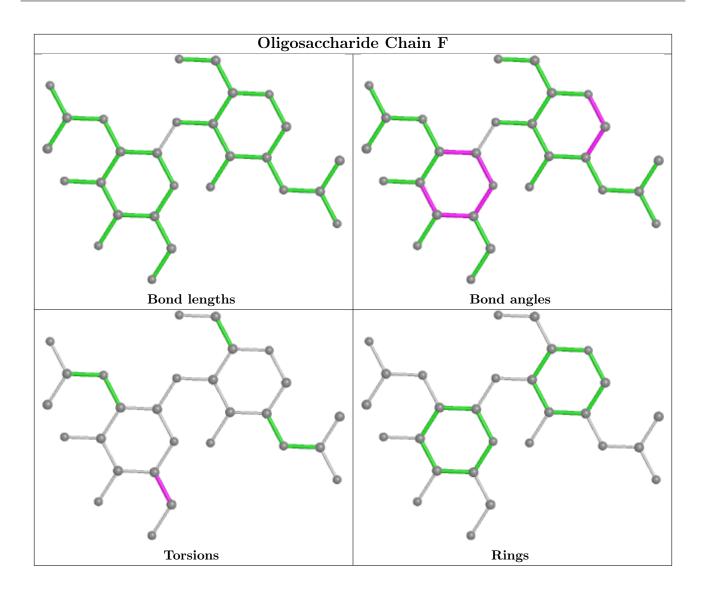




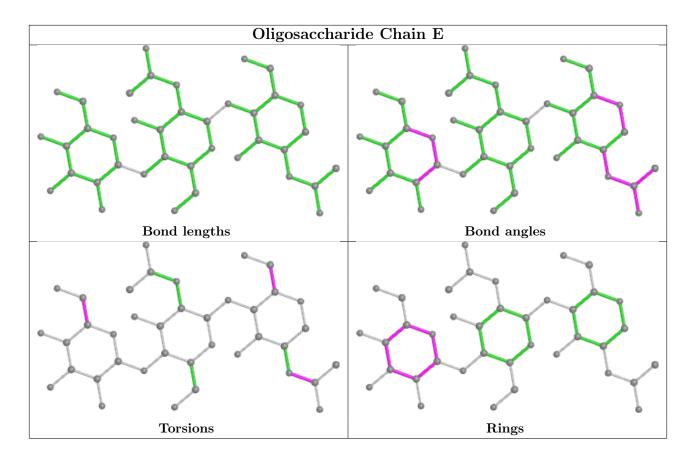












5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	NAG	A	601	1	14,14,15	0.58	0	17,19,21	1.83	5 (29%)
6	SO4	В	1175	-	4,4,4	0.38	0	6,6,6	0.21	0
6	SO4	A	1328	-	4,4,4	0.32	0	6,6,6	0.17	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	A	601	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
5	A	601	NAG	C2-N2-C7	4.02	128.63	122.90
5	A	601	NAG	C8-C7-N2	3.74	122.44	116.10
5	A	601	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.54	115.64	112.19
5	A	601	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.52	114.71	111.02
5	A	601	NAG	O7-C7-C8	-2.05	118.25	122.06

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	601	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
5	A	601	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
5	A	601	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	A	601	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	601	NAG	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	320/328 (97%)	-0.19	2 (0%) 89 83	48, 95, 119, 132	0
2	В	174/175~(99%)	-0.42	0 100 100	43, 60, 98, 119	0
All	All	494/503 (98%)	-0.27	2 (0%) 92 89	43, 84, 117, 132	0

All (2) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	79	PHE	2.6
1	A	138	ALA	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	BMA	Ε	3	11/12	0.72	0.25	147,150,152,152	0
3	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.76	0.63	155,159,162,164	0
3	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.80	0.45	120,131,132,133	0
3	NAG	F	2	14/15	0.81	0.38	124,130,134,138	0
3	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.86	0.37	131,137,143,150	0
3	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.88	0.34	105,111,120,128	0
4	NAG	E	2	14/15	0.90	0.34	135,139,141,144	0

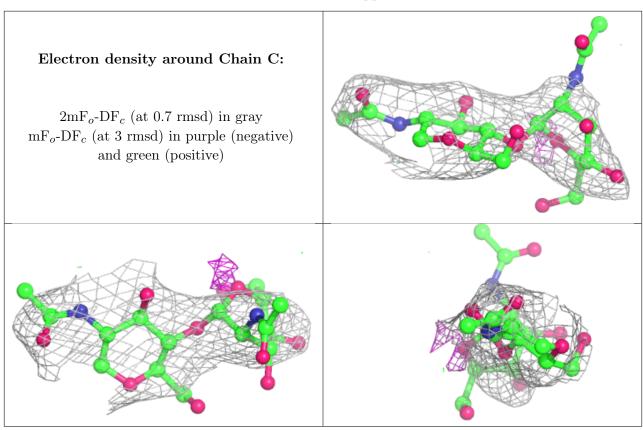
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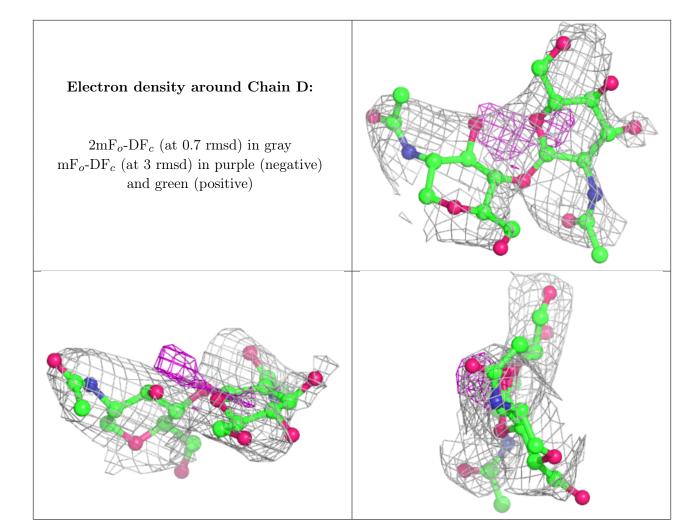
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	NAG	F	1	14/15	0.91	0.30	111,115,120,125	0
4	NAG	Е	1	14/15	0.94	0.17	119,122,125,130	0

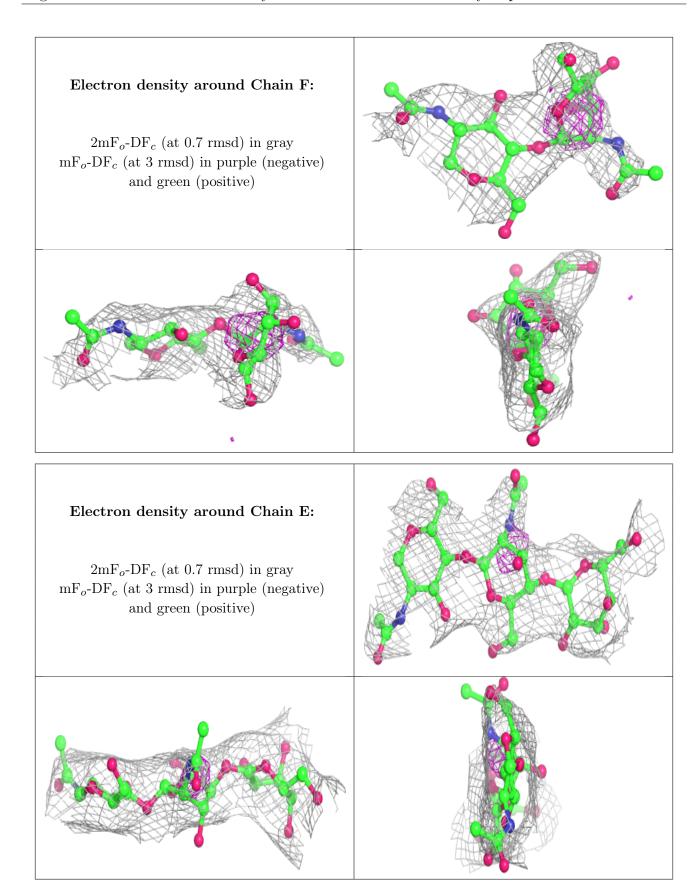
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.













6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	NAG	A	601	14/15	0.67	0.37	115,122,127,129	0
6	SO4	В	1175	5/5	0.96	0.16	70,79,80,84	0
6	SO4	A	1328	5/5	0.97	0.11	75,79,80,85	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

