

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Sep 17, 2023 – 04:04 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	4PF0
Title	:	Structure of the E502A variant of sacteLam55A from Streptomyces sp.
		SirexAA-E in complex with laminarihexaose
Authors	:	Bianchetti, C.M.; Takasuka, T.E.; Yik, E.J.; Bergeman, L.F.; Fox, B.G.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.75 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

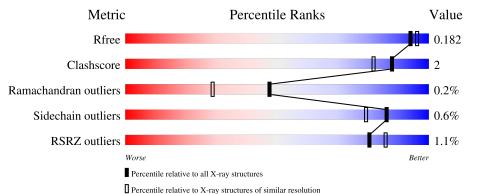
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.35.1
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.75 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	$2340 \ (1.76-1.76)$
Clashscore	141614	2466 (1.76-1.76)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2437 (1.76-1.76)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2437 (1.76-1.76)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2298 (1.76-1.76)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	561	.% • 92%	6% •
1	В	561	.% • 92%	6% •
2	С	6	100%	
2	Е	6	17% 83%	
3	D	5	80%	20%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
3	F	5	80%	20%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10102 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Putative secreted protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	549	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	17	0
	A	549	4254	2694	715	840	5	0		
1	В	В 548	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	11	0
1	D		4214	2665	714	830	5	0	11	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	45	SER	-	expression tag	UNP G2NFJ9
А	502	ALA	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP G2NFJ9
В	45	SER	-	expression tag	UNP G2NFJ9
В	502	ALA	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP G2NFJ9

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	С	6	Total C O 79 42 37	0	2	0
2	Е	6	Total C O 79 42 37	0	2	0

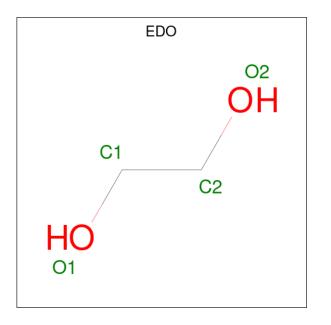
• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose.





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	D	5	Total C O 56 30 26	0	0	0
3	F	5	Total C O 56 30 26	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula: $C_2H_6O_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0
4	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0

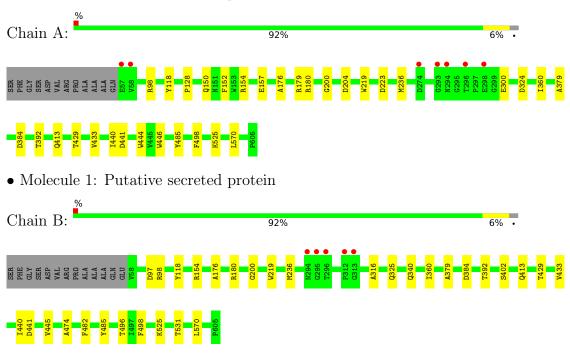
• Molecule 5 is water.

\mathbf{N}	ſol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
	5	А	667	Total O 667 667	0	0
	5	В	689	Total O 689 689	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Putative secreted protein

• Molecule 2: beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C:

100%

BGC1 BGC2 BGC3 BGC5 BGC5 BGC6

• Molecule 2: beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E: 17% 83%

BGC1 BGC2 BGC3 BGC4 BGC5 BGC5

 \bullet Molecule 3: beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose



20%

Chain D:



• Molecule 3: beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain F:	80%	20%
BGC1 BGC2 BGC3 BGC4 BGC5		

80%



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	54.10Å 100.96Å 104.18Å	Deperitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 91.09° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.30 - 1.75	Depositor
Resolution (A)	$30.30 \ - \ 1.75$	EDS
% Data completeness	99.6 (30.30-1.75)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	93.6(30.30-1.75)	EDS
R _{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$3.38 (at 1.75 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (PHENIX.REFINE: 1.8.4_1496)	Depositor
D D	0.151 , 0.182	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.152 , 0.182	DCC
R_{free} test set	5640 reflections (5.03%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	14.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.140	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34 , 44.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.52, < L^2>=0.35$	Xtriage
	0.000 for -h,l,k	
Estimated twinning fraction	0.000 for -h,-l,-k	Xtriage
	0.026 for h,-k,-l	
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	10102	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	17.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 49.79 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 7.0959e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BGC, EDO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.37	0/4418	0.55	0/6036	
1	В	0.36	0/4360	0.56	0/5957	
All	All	0.37	0/8778	0.55	0/11993	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	4254	0	4055	15	0
1	В	4214	0	4007	19	0
2	С	79	0	60	0	0
2	Е	79	0	60	0	0
3	D	56	0	48	0	0
3	F	56	0	48	0	0
4	А	4	0	6	0	0
4	В	4	0	6	0	0
5	А	667	0	0	1	1
5	В	689	0	0	6	0
All	All	10102	0	8290	34	1



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 34 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:474:ALA:HB3	1:B:496[B]:THR:HG22	1.73	0.69
1:B:97:ASP:OD2	5:B:801:HOH:O	2.13	0.65
1:A:324[A]:ASP:OD2	5:A:801:HOH:O	2.15	0.63
1:B:413:GLN:HG2	1:B:441:ASP:HB3	1.85	0.59
1:B:325:GLN:NE2	5:B:804:HOH:O	2.24	0.56

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:A:816:HOH:O	5:A:1337:HOH:O[2_656]	2.02	0.18

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentile
1	А	564/561~(100%)	544 (96%)	19 (3%)	1 (0%)	47 29
1	В	557/561~(99%)	537~(96%)	19 (3%)	1 (0%)	47 29
All	All	1121/1122 (100%)	1081 (96%)	38~(3%)	2(0%)	47 29

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	498	PHE
1	В	498	PHE



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	А	453/444~(102%)	449~(99%)	4 (1%)	78 67		
1	В	446/444 (100%)	444 (100%)	2(0%)	91 87		
All	All	899/888~(101%)	893~(99%)	6 (1%)	86 75		

5 of 6 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	570	LEU
1	В	236	MET
1	В	570	LEU
1	А	300[A]	GLU
1	А	236	MET

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

26 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the



N/[_]	T	Chain	Dec	T in la	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	BGC	C	1	2	12,12,12	1.82	1 (8%)	$17,\!17,\!17$	0.99	1 (5%)
2	BGC	С	2	2	11,11,12	1.30	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.78	1 (6%)
2	BGC	С	3	2	11,11,12	0.56	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.89	1 (6%)
2	BGC	С	4	2	11,11,12	0.66	0	15, 15, 17	1.14	2 (13%)
2	BGC	С	5[A]	2	11,11,12	1.03	1 (9%)	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.34	1 (6%)
2	BGC	С	5[B]	2	11,11,12	0.86	0	15, 15, 17	1.34	1 (6%)
2	BGC	С	6[A]	2	11,11,12	0.56	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.25	2 (13%)
2	BGC	С	6[B]	2	11,11,12	0.59	0	15, 15, 17	0.98	1 (6%)
3	BGC	D	1	3	12,12,12	0.49	0	17,17,17	0.52	0
3	BGC	D	2	3	11,11,12	0.61	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.80	0
3	BGC	D	3	3	11,11,12	0.61	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.61	0
3	BGC	D	4	3	11,11,12	0.64	0	15, 15, 17	0.74	1 (6%)
3	BGC	D	5	3	11,11,12	0.58	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.52	0
2	BGC	Е	1	2	12,12,12	0.68	0	17,17,17	0.81	1 (5%)
2	BGC	Е	2	2	11,11,12	1.75	1 (9%)	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.42	1 (6%)
2	BGC	Е	3	2	11,11,12	0.67	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.90	0
2	BGC	Е	4	2	11,11,12	0.64	0	15, 15, 17	1.05	1 (6%)
2	BGC	Е	5[A]	2	11,11,12	0.72	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.07	0
2	BGC	Е	5[B]	2	11,11,12	0.59	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.30	1 (6%)
2	BGC	Е	6[A]	2	11,11,12	0.60	0	15, 15, 17	1.15	2 (13%)
2	BGC	Е	6[B]	2	11,11,12	0.61	0	15,15,17	0.84	0
3	BGC	F	1	3	12,12,12	0.52	0	17,17,17	0.54	0
3	BGC	F	2	3	11,11,12	0.50	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.75	0
3	BGC	F	3	3	11,11,12	0.68	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.54	0
3	BGC	F	4	3	11,11,12	0.50	0	15, 15, 17	0.88	1 (6%)
3	BGC	F	5	3	11,11,12	0.62	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.49	0

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	BGC	С	1	2	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	С	2	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	С	3	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	BGC	С	4	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	С	5[A]	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	С	5[B]	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	С	6[A]	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	С	6[B]	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	BGC	D	1	3	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
3	BGC	D	2	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	BGC	D	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	BGC	D	4	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	BGC	D	5	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	Е	1	2	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	Е	2	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	Е	3	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	Е	4	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	Е	5[A]	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	Е	5[B]	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	Е	6[A]	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	Е	6[B]	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	BGC	F	1	3	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
3	BGC	F	2	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	BGC	F	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	BGC	F	4	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	BGC	F	5	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

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All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
2	С	1	BGC	O3-C3	5.99	1.57	1.43
2	Е	2	BGC	O3-C3	5.34	1.55	1.43
2	С	2	BGC	O3-C3	3.80	1.51	1.43
2	С	5[A]	BGC	O3-C3	2.54	1.49	1.43

The worst 5 of 18 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	С	2	BGC	O3-C3-C2	-6.56	97.44	109.99
2	Е	2	BGC	O3-C3-C2	-5.08	100.26	109.99
2	С	5[A]	BGC	O3-C3-C4	-4.23	100.56	110.35
2	С	5[B]	BGC	O3-C3-C2	-4.06	102.22	109.99
2	Е	5[B]	BGC	O3-C3-C2	-3.50	103.28	109.99

There are no chirality outliers.

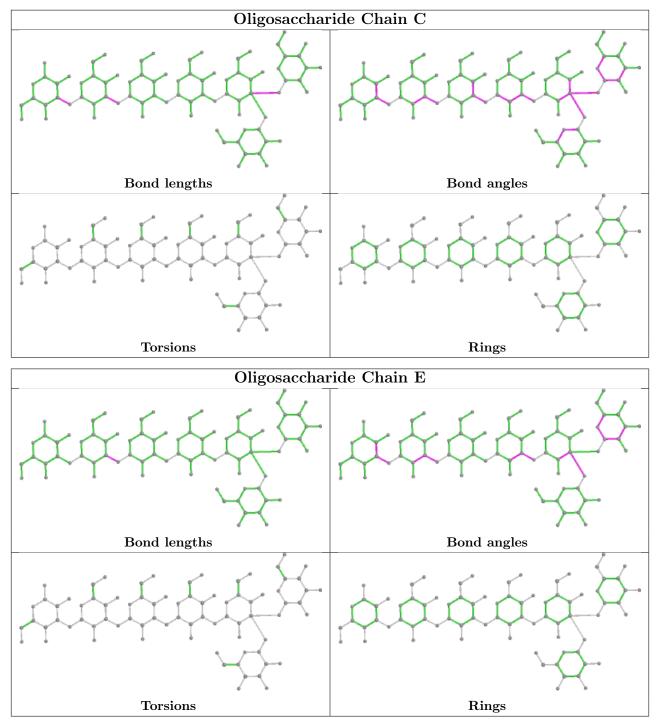


There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

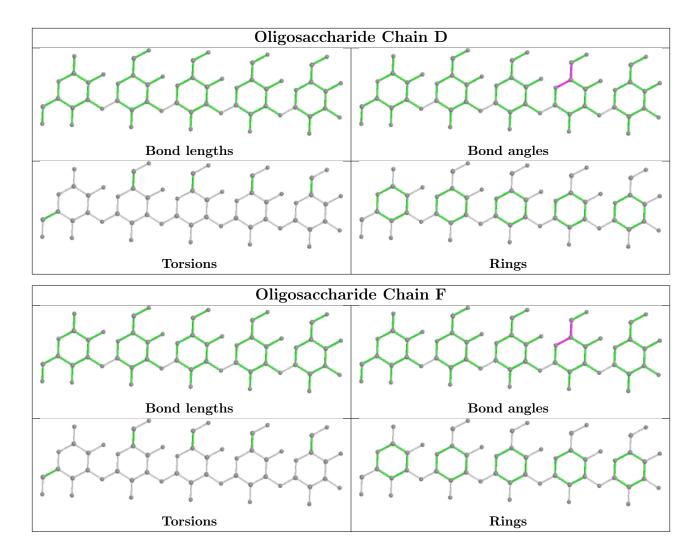
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type (Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	gths	В	ond ang	gles
	Type	Ullaili	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2				
4	EDO	В	712	-	$3,\!3,\!3$	0.43	0	$2,\!2,\!2$	0.25	0				
4	EDO	А	712	-	3,3,3	0.47	0	$2,\!2,\!2$	0.21	0				

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the



Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	EDO	В	712	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
4	EDO	А	712	-	-	0/1/1/1	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	$\mathbf{Q}{<}0.9$
1	А	549/561~(97%)	-0.26	7 (1%) 77 83	10, 15, 26, 59	0
1	В	548/561~(97%)	-0.28	5 (0%) 84 89	10, 14, 24, 46	0
All	All	1097/1122~(97%)	-0.27	12 (1%) 80 86	10, 14, 26, 59	0

The worst 5 of 12 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	296	THR	4.8
1	А	57	GLU	3.8
1	А	294	ASN	3.7
1	А	296	THR	3.5
1	В	294	ASN	3.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	BGC	D	1	12/12	0.90	0.23	$35,\!43,\!47,\!53$	0
3	BGC	F	1	12/12	0.91	0.23	27,35,46,66	0
3	BGC	D	3	11/12	0.92	0.13	21,25,31,42	0
3	BGC	F	2	11/12	0.92	0.18	24,27,30,33	0
3	BGC	D	4	11/12	0.94	0.13	18,20,25,28	0

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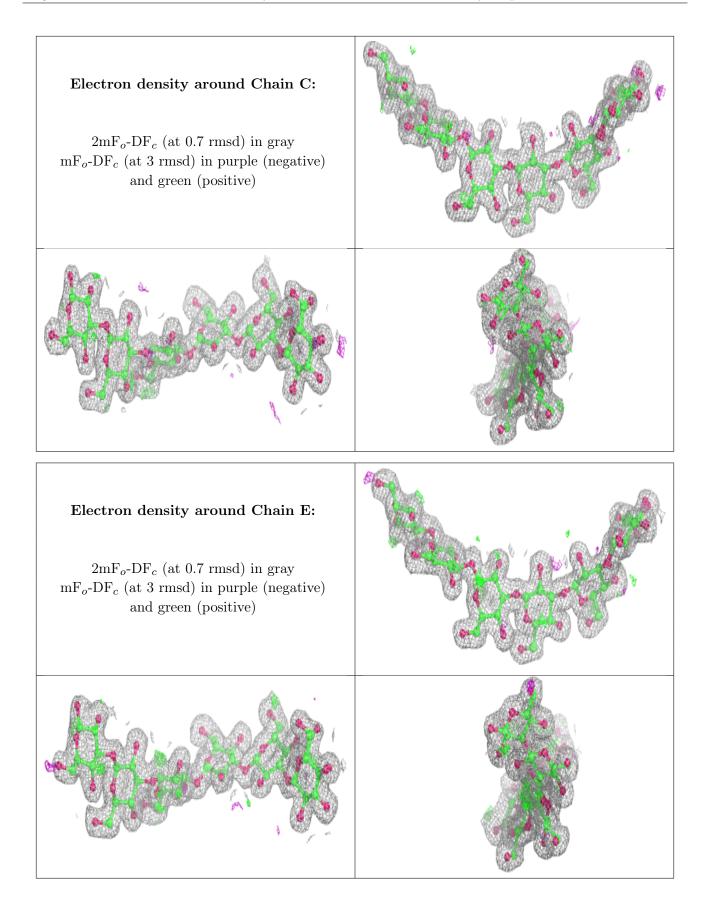


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Mol	Type	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Atoms	RSCC	\mathbf{RSR}	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\operatorname{\AA}^2)$	$Q{<}0.9$			
3	BGC	F	4	11/12	0.94	0.13	$15,\!19,\!22,\!29$	0			
2	BGC	Е	1	12/12	0.95	0.16	17,20,30,39	0			
3	BGC	D	5	11/12	0.95	0.12	16, 19, 23, 27	0			
2	BGC	С	1	12/12	0.95	0.14	20,24,32,37	0			
3	BGC	D	2	11/12	0.95	0.17	21,28,33,36	0			
3	BGC	F	3	11/12	0.95	0.15	19,23,30,35	0			
2	BGC	С	2	11/12	0.95	0.10	13,17,24,24	0			
2	BGC	Е	3	11/12	0.96	0.07	11,14,19,23	0			
2	BGC	С	3	11/12	0.96	0.08	12,13,18,26	0			
3	BGC	F	5	11/12	0.96	0.09	$15,\!17,\!22,\!25$	0			
2	BGC	Е	6[A]	11/12	0.97	0.08	10,12,13,14	11			
2	BGC	Е	6[B]	11/12	0.97	0.08	10,12,13,14	11			
2	BGC	Е	2	11/12	0.97	0.07	15,17,23,23	0			
2	BGC	С	5[B]	11/12	0.98	0.06	$10,\!12,\!18,\!22$	1			
2	BGC	Е	4	11/12	0.98	0.06	11,12,17,18	0			
2	BGC	Ε	5[A]	11/12	0.98	0.05	11,13,18,20	1			
2	BGC	Е	5[B]	11/12	0.98	0.05	11,13,18,20	1			
2	BGC	С	6[A]	11/12	0.98	0.06	9,12,14,14	11			
2	BGC	С	6[B]	11/12	0.98	0.06	$10,\!12,\!13,\!15$	11			
2	BGC	С	4	11/12	0.98	0.06	$11,\!12,\!16,\!17$	0			
2	BGC	С	5[A]	11/12	0.98	0.06	10,12,18,22	1			

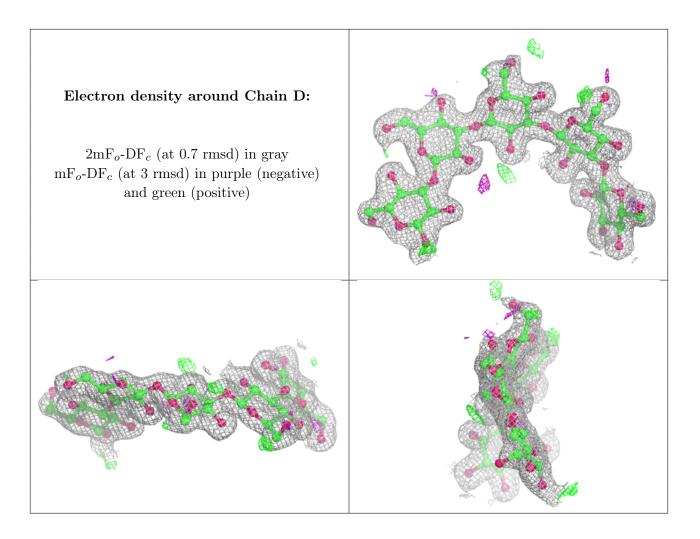
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The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

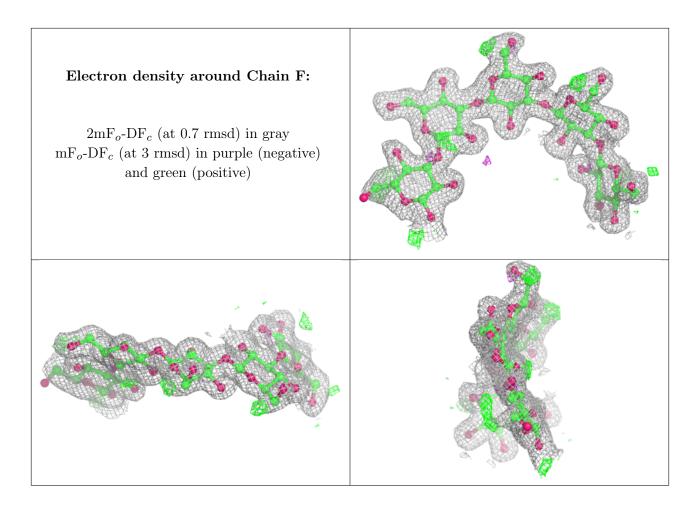












6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	EDO	А	712	4/4	0.95	0.15	$15,\!19,\!21,\!23$	0
4	EDO	В	712	4/4	0.95	0.13	16,18,20,20	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

