

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 17, 2023 – 09:57 am GMT

PDB ID : 4BG6

Title : 14-3-3 interaction with Rnd3 prenyl-phosphorylation motif Authors : Riou, P.; Kjaer, S.; Purkiss, A.; O'Reilly, N.; McDonald, N.Q.

Deposited on : 2013-03-23

Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS: 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

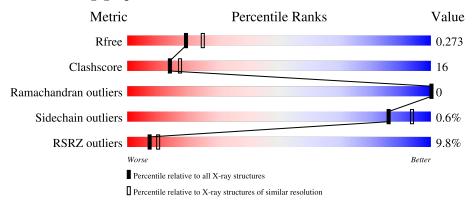
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},\ {\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$		
R_{free}	130704	5042 (2.30-2.30)		
Clashscore	141614	5643 (2.30-2.30)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575 (2.30-2.30)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575 (2.30-2.30)		
RSRZ outliers	127900	4938 (2.30-2.30)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	A	245	13%	63%			30%	7%	
1	В	245	4%	65%			29%	7%	
2	Q	10	30%	•	40%		30%		
2	R	10	30%		20%	10%	30%		

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

	\mathbf{Mol}	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
	3	PE4	A	1232	-	-	-	X
	3	PE4	В	1231	-	-	=	X
	4	FAR	Q	348	-	-	-	X
ĺ	4	FAR	R	348	-	-	-	X



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3795 atoms, of which 35 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

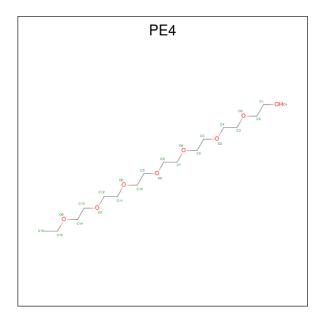
• Molecule 1 is a protein called 14-3-3 PROTEIN ZETA/DELTA.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	228	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
I A	220	1740	1096	286	349	9	0	1		
1	D	220	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	1 B	229	1782	1125	295	353	9			

• Molecule 2 is a protein called RHO-RELATED GTP-BINDING PROTEIN RHOE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	0	7	Total	C N O P		S	0	0	0		
	1	57	31	10	14	1	1	U	0		
9	D	7	Total	С	N	О	Р	S	0	0	0
2	n	1	53	29	8	14	1	1	U		

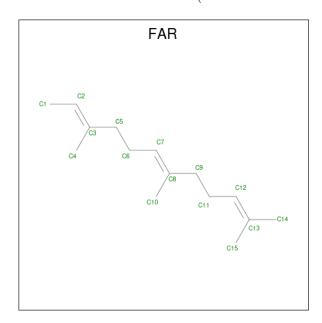
• Molecule 3 is $2-\{2-[2-(2-ETHOXY-ETHOXY)-ETHOXY]-ETHOXY\}$ -ETHOXY}-ETHOXY}-ETHOXY}-ETHOXY}-ETHOXY}-ETHOXY}-ETHOXY}-ETHOXY





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C H 23 6 13	0	0
3	В	1	Total C H 31 9 1	0	0
3	В	1	Total C H	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 4 is FARNESYL (three-letter code: FAR) (formula: $\mathrm{C}_{15}\mathrm{H}_{26}).$



\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	Q	1	Total C 10 10	0	0
4	R	1	Total C 10 10	0	0

• Molecule 5 is water.

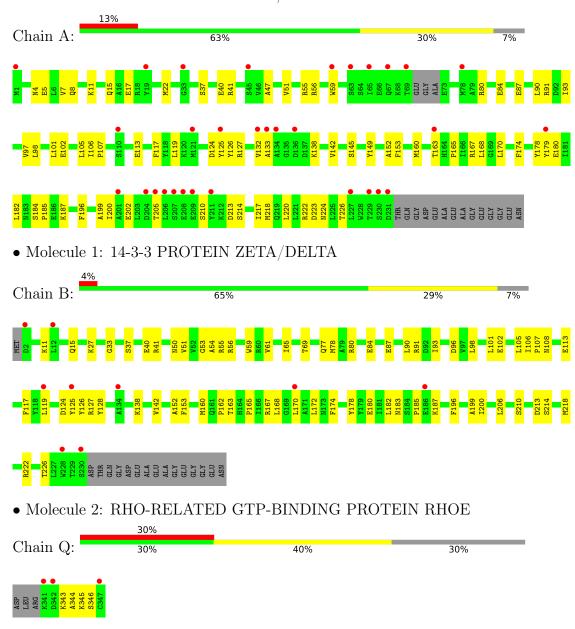
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	38	Total O 38 38	0	0
5	В	41	Total O 41 41	0	0
5	Q	1	Total O 1 1	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: 14-3-3 PROTEIN ZETA/DELTA



• Molecule 2: RHO-RELATED GTP-BINDING PROTEIN RHOE









4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	70.78Å 81.31Å 111.19Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.51 - 2.30	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	38.51 - 2.30	EDS
% Data completeness	98.9 (38.51-2.30)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	92.7 (38.51-2.30)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.42 (at 2.29Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (PHENIX.REFINE)	Depositor
D D.	0.244 , 0.273	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.245 , 0.273	DCC
R_{free} test set	1471 reflections (5.09%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	51.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.627	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32, 39.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.51, < L^2>=0.35$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	3795	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	69.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 18.46% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FAR, PE4, SEP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.20	0/1767	0.35	0/2394	
1	В	0.20	0/1807	0.36	0/2440	
2	Q	0.50	0/45	0.49	0/53	
2	R	0.18	0/41	0.37	0/49	
All	All	0.21	0/3660	0.36	0/4936	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1740	0	1637	58	0
1	В	1782	0	1711	59	0
2	Q	57	0	54	6	0
2	R	53	0	40	4	0
3	A	10	13	13	0	0
3	В	18	22	22	8	0
4	Q	10	0	14	1	0
4	R	10	0	13	1	0
5	A	38	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	В	41	0	0	2	0
5	Q	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	3760	35	3504	113	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

The worst 5 of 113 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)	
1:B:50:ASN:HA	3:B:1231:PE4:C9	1.86	1.04	
1:B:56:ARG:HG3	1:B:90:LEU:HD21	1.62	0.81	
1:A:113:GLU:HA	1:A:160:MET:CE	2.12	0.79	
1:B:172:LEU:HD23	2:R:347:CYS:HB2	1.69	0.75	
1:B:50:ASN:O	3:B:1231:PE4:C9	2.34	0.75	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	225/245~(92%)	217 (96%)	8 (4%)	0	100	100
1	В	227/245~(93%)	218 (96%)	9 (4%)	0	100	100
2	Q	4/10 (40%)	4 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	R	4/10 (40%)	3 (75%)	1 (25%)	0	100	100
All	All	$460/510 \ (90\%)$	442 (96%)	18 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles			
1	A	174/209~(83%)	173 (99%)	1 (1%)	86	94		
1	В	179/209 (86%)	178 (99%)	1 (1%)	86	94		
2	Q	5/8~(62%)	5 (100%)	0	100	100		
2	R	3/8 (38%)	3 (100%)	0	100	100		
All	All	361/434 (83%)	359 (99%)	2 (1%)	86	94		

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type		
1	A	174	PHE		
1	В	174	PHE		

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Trunc	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Des	Timle	В	ond leng	$_{ m gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
IVIOI	Type		nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2					
2	SEP	Q	346	2	8,9,10	1.56	1 (12%)	8,12,14	1.28	2 (25%)					
2	SEP	R	346	2	8,9,10	1.56	1 (12%)	8,12,14	1.74	2 (25%)					

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	SEP	Q	346	2	-	3/5/8/10	-
2	SEP	R	346	2	-	0/5/8/10	-

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
2	R	346	SEP	P-O1P	3.41	1.61	1.50
2	Q	346	SEP	P-O1P	3.39	1.61	1.50

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	R	346	SEP	OG-CB-CA	3.31	111.37	108.14
2	R	346	SEP	P-OG-CB	-3.11	109.73	118.30
2	Q	346	SEP	P-OG-CB	-2.25	112.09	118.30
2	Q	346	SEP	OG-CB-CA	2.06	110.15	108.14

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	Q	346	SEP	N-CA-CB-OG
2	Q	346	SEP	CB-OG-P-O2P
2	Q	346	SEP	CB-OG-P-O3P

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	R	346	SEP	1	0



5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

5 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	Bond angles			
IVIOI	Type		nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	$\mid \# Z > 2$
3	PE4	В	1232	-	3,3,23	0.43	0	2,2,22	0.30	0
4	FAR	Q	348	2	9,9,14	0.37	0	10,10,16	1.89	4 (40%)
3	PE4	A	1232	-	9,9,23	0.45	0	8,8,22	0.23	0
4	FAR	R	348	2	9,9,14	0.35	0	10,10,16	2.00	4 (40%)
3	PE4	В	1231	-	13,13,23	2.51	1 (7%)	12,12,22	0.36	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	PE4	В	1232	-	-	0/1/1/21	-
4	FAR	Q	348	2	-	1/8/8/14	-
3	PE4	A	1232	-	-	1/7/7/21	-
4	FAR	R	348	2	-	3/8/8/14	-
3	PE4	В	1231	-	-	7/11/11/21	_

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	Ideal(Å)
3	В	1231	PE4	O5-C9	-8.88	0.97	1.42

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	R	348	FAR	C4-C3-C5	3.20	120.65	115.27
4	Q	348	FAR	C1-C2-C3	-2.69	120.39	126.57
4	Q	348	FAR	C4-C3-C5	2.66	119.75	115.27
4	R	348	FAR	C1-C2-C3	-2.62	120.55	126.57
4	R	348	FAR	C10-C8-C9	2.59	120.32	114.60

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 12 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	Q	348	FAR	C3-C5-C6-C7
4	R	348	FAR	C3-C5-C6-C7
3	В	1231	PE4	O1-C1-C2-O2
3	В	1231	PE4	C7-C8-O5-C9
3	В	1231	PE4	C6-C5-O3-C4

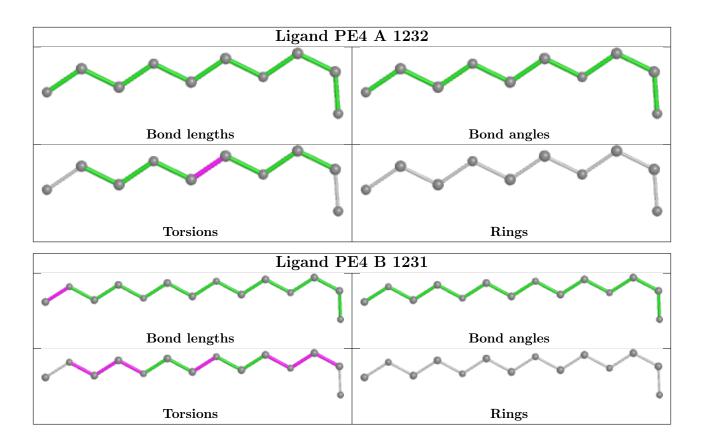
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 10 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	Q	348	FAR	1	0
4	R	348	FAR	1	0
3	В	1231	PE4	8	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	228/245~(93%)	0.86	31 (13%) 3 4	44, 70, 105, 119	0
1	В	229/245~(93%)	0.67	9 (3%) 39 46	41, 63, 90, 112	0
2	Q	6/10 (60%)	2.20	3 (50%) 0 0	64, 80, 99, 125	0
2	R	6/10 (60%)	1.56	3 (50%) 0 0	55, 74, 111, 115	0
All	All	469/510 (91%)	0.80	46 (9%) 7 10	41, 66, 99, 125	0

The worst 5 of 46 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	230	SER	9.4
1	A	230	SER	5.2
1	A	63	SER	5.1
2	Q	347	CYS	4.9
2	Q	342	ASP	4.9

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	SEP	R	346	10/11	0.97	0.20	39,44,66,76	0
2	SEP	Q	346	10/11	0.98	0.19	50,57,67,67	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

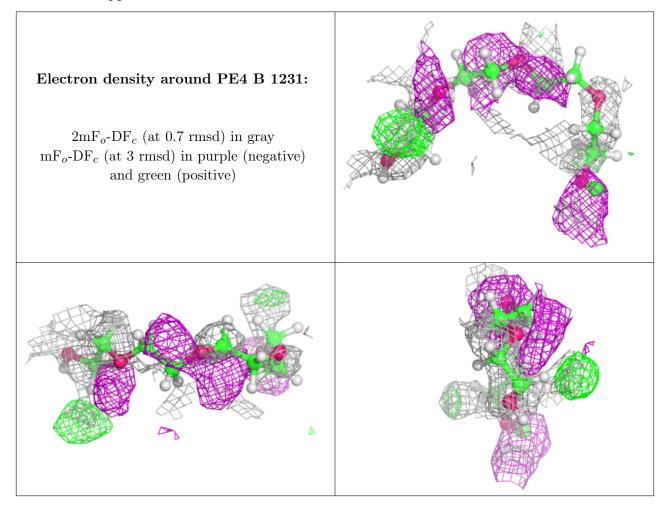


6.4 Ligands (i)

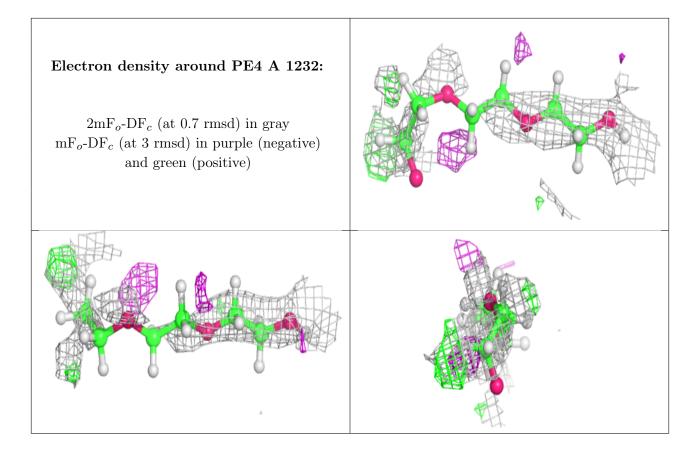
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	FAR	R	348	10/15	0.29	0.68	76,114,119,122	0
3	PE4	В	1231	14/24	0.52	0.66	71,102,134,134	0
3	PE4	A	1232	10/24	0.56	0.45	73,110,138,146	0
4	FAR	Q	348	10/15	0.57	0.52	91,109,116,122	0
3	PE4	В	1232	4/24	0.60	0.28	45,54,63,63	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

