

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Sep 15, 2023 – 05:45 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	3RJA
Title	:	Crystal structure of carbohydrate oxidase from Microdochium nivale in com-
		plex with substrate analogue
Authors	:	Duskova, J.; Skalova, T.; Kolenko, P.; Stepankova, A.; Koval, T.; Hasek, J.;
		Ostergaard, L.H.; Fuglsang, C.C.; Dohnalek, J.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	2.10 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

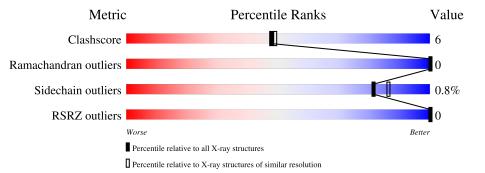
M - 1D		4 001 407
MolProbity	:	4.020-407
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.35.1
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
Clashscore	141614	5710 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5647 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5648 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5083 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	А	473	92%	8%					

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
8	CL	А	608	-	-	Х	-



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2 Entry composition (i)

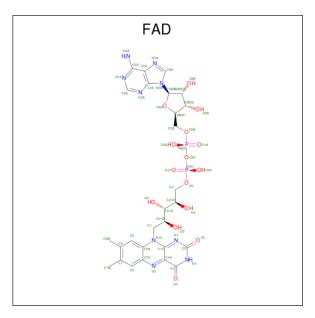
There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4543 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Carbohydrate oxidase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	А	473	Total 3789	C 2442	N 645	O 694	S 8	0	13	0

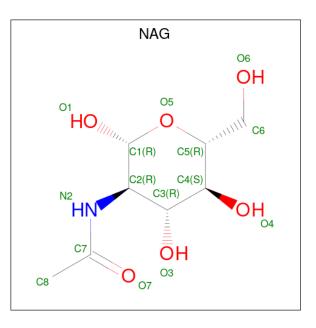
• Molecule 2 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula: $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	Total 53	С 27		O 15	Р 2	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



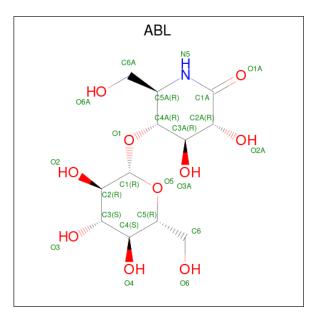


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

• Molecule 4 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	3	Total Zn 3 3	0	0

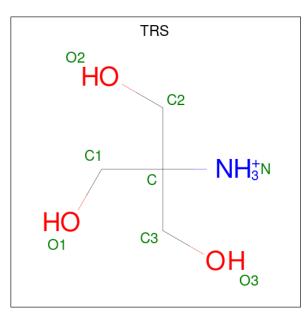
• Molecule 5 is (2R,3R,4R,5R)-4,5-dihydroxy-2-(hydroxymethyl)-6-oxopiperidin-3-yl beta-D-glucopyranoside (three-letter code: ABL) (formula: $C_{12}H_{21}NO_{10}$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	1	Total 23	-		-	0	0
5	А	1	Total 23	C 12		0 10	0	0

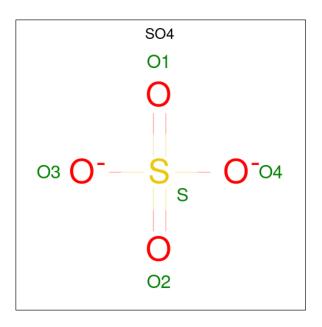
• Molecule 6 is 2-AMINO-2-HYDROXYMETHYL-PROPANE-1,3-DIOL (three-letter code: TRS) (formula: $C_4H_{12}NO_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	1	Total 16	C 8	N 2	O 6	0	1

• Molecule 7 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O_4S).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	А	1	Total 5	0 4	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 8 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	А	4	Total Cl 4 4	0	0

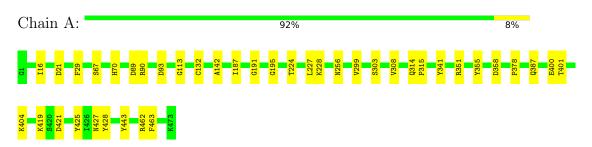
• Molecule 9 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	А	613	Total O 613 613	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Carbohydrate oxidase



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	132.04Å 56.92Å 86.90Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 95.55° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	15.00 - 2.10	Depositor
Resolution (A)	15.00 - 2.10	EDS
% Data completeness	90.1 (15.00-2.10)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	90.1 (15.00-2.10)	EDS
R _{merge}	0.05	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$3.47 (at 2.10 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0060	Depositor
D D.	0.142 , (Not available)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.145 , (Not available)	DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	16.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.113	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34,62.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ \langle L \rangle = 0.49, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	4543	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.60% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FAD, CL, ZN, NAG, ABL, TRS, SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Iol Bond lengths Dot GZ 1112		lengths	Bond angles	
Mol Chain	Unain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	А	0.73	0/3935	0.69	1/5352~(0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	227	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.25	127.37	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	3789	0	3724	34	0
2	А	53	0	29	5	0
3	А	14	0	13	6	0
4	А	3	0	0	0	0
5	А	46	0	31	4	0
6	А	16	0	24	6	0
7	А	5	0	0	1	0
8	А	4	0	0	3	0
9	А	613	0	0	19	0
All	All	4543	0	3821	47	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 47 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:502:NAG:C8	9:A:722:HOH:O	1.78	1.25
1:A:421:ASP:OD1	9:A:702:HOH:O	1.55	1.24
1:A:400:GLU:OE1	9:A:711:HOH:O	1.61	1.19
7:A:607:SO4:O1	9:A:735:HOH:O	1.67	1.10
1:A:256[A]:ASN:OD1	9:A:727:HOH:O	1.76	1.03

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	484/473~(102%)	470 (97%)	14 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	400/387~(103%)	397~(99%)	3(1%)	81 86	



All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	89	ASP
1	А	341	TYR
1	А	351	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 7 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	356	GLN
1	А	366	GLN
1	А	451	GLN
1	А	387	GLN
1	А	288	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 14 ligands modelled in this entry, 7 are monoatomic - leaving 7 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	ol Type Chain Res		Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les	
10101	ion Type Chain	nam nes Link		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	
6	TRS	А	606[B]	-	7, 7, 7	0.39	0	$9,\!9,\!9$	1.29	2 (22%)
6	TRS	А	606[A]	-	7,7,7	0.35	0	9,9,9	1.84	3 (33%)
3	NAG	А	502	1	14,14,15	0.62	0	17,19,21	1.11	1 (5%)
7	SO4	А	607	-	$4,\!4,\!4$	0.18	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.20	0
5	ABL	А	604	-	$24,\!24,\!24$	1.26	2 (8%)	$32,\!35,\!35$	0.94	1 (3%)
5	ABL	А	605	-	24,24,24	0.88	1 (4%)	32,35,35	1.15	2(6%)
2	FAD	А	501	1	$53,\!58,\!58$	1.05	2 (3%)	68,89,89	1.10	4 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	TRS	А	606[B]	-	-	6/9/9/9	-
6	TRS	А	606[A]	-	-	6/9/9/9	-
3	NAG	А	502	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	ABL	А	604	-	-	0/8/48/48	0/2/2/2
5	ABL	А	605	-	-	4/8/48/48	0/2/2/2
2	FAD	А	501	1	-	3/30/50/50	0/6/6/6

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	А	501	FAD	C2A-N3A	3.98	1.38	1.32
5	А	604	ABL	C4A-C5A	3.44	1.57	1.52
2	А	501	FAD	C2A-N1A	3.03	1.39	1.33
5	А	604	ABL	C2A-C1A	2.53	1.54	1.52
5	А	605	ABL	C4A-C5A	2.32	1.55	1.52

The worst 5 of 13 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	А	501	FAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-4.66	121.40	128.68
6	А	606[A]	TRS	C2-C-C1	-3.96	98.53	110.81
5	А	605	ABL	C3A-C4A-C5A	-3.58	104.94	111.18
2	А	501	FAD	C9A-C5X-N5	-2.93	119.25	122.43
2	А	501	FAD	C10-N1-C2	2.86	122.61	116.90

There are no chirality outliers.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	А	502	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
5	А	605	ABL	C4A-C5A-C6A-O6A
6	А	606[A]	TRS	C1-C-C2-O2
6	А	606[B]	TRS	C3-C-C1-O1
6	А	606[B]	TRS	N-C-C1-O1

5 of 22 torsion outliers are listed below:

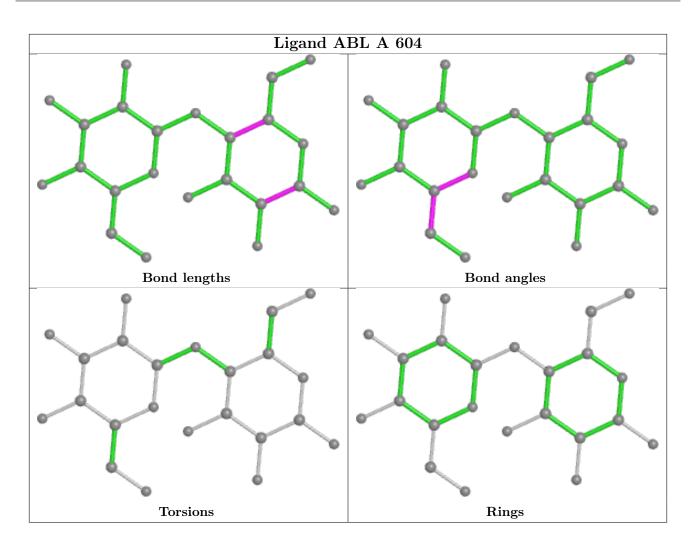
There are no ring outliers.

7 monomers are involved in 22 short contacts:

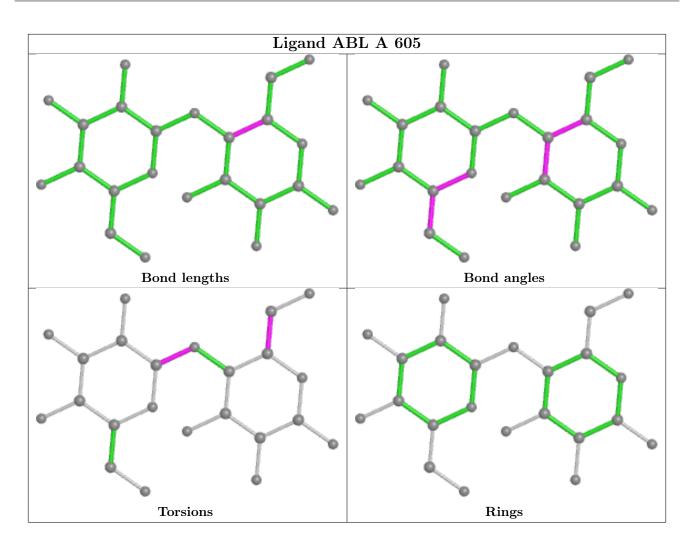
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	А	606[B]	TRS	3	0
6	А	606[A]	TRS	3	0
3	А	502	NAG	6	0
7	А	607	SO4	1	0
5	А	604	ABL	2	0
5	А	605	ABL	2	0
2	А	501	FAD	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



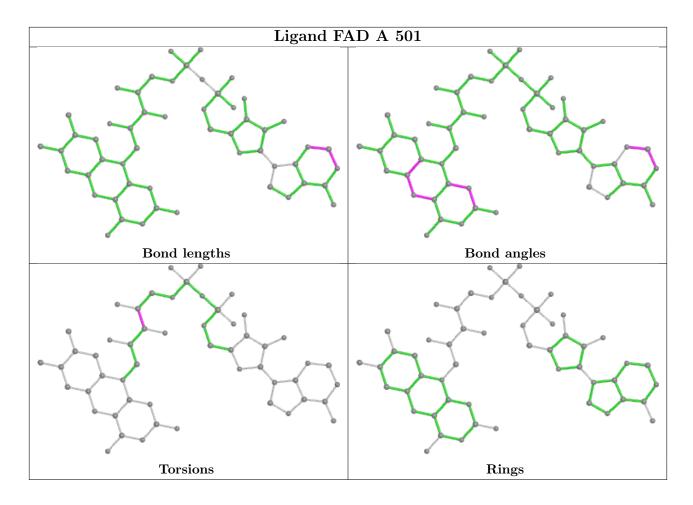












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	< RSRZ > $ $ # RSRZ >		$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	473/473~(100%)	-0.87	0 100 100	8, 15, 25, 53	7 (1%)

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	NAG	А	502	14/15	0.78	0.21	30,32,33,33	14
5	ABL	А	605	23/23	0.82	0.19	16,24,30,30	23
6	TRS	А	606[A]	8/8	0.83	0.21	16, 18, 20, 22	8
6	TRS	А	606[B]	8/8	0.83	0.21	26,29,31,34	8
7	SO4	А	607	5/5	0.86	0.27	29,30,32,36	5
5	ABL	А	604	23/23	0.90	0.13	35,42,48,51	0
8	CL	А	609	1/1	0.94	0.06	34,34,34,34	1
8	CL	А	608	1/1	0.97	0.10	25,25,25,25	1
4	ZN	А	601	1/1	0.98	0.08	32,32,32,32	1

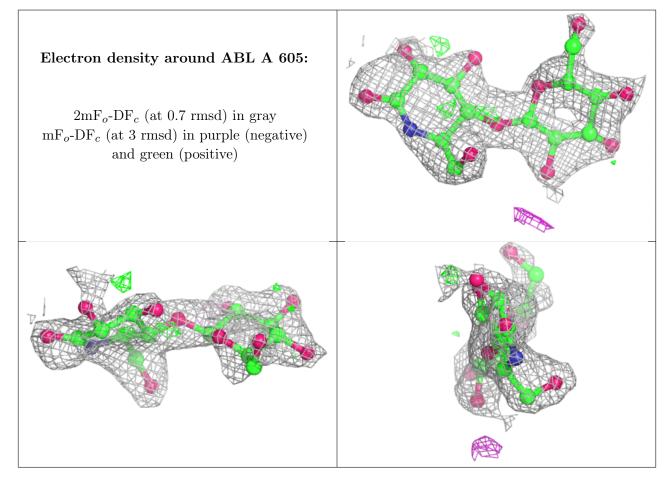
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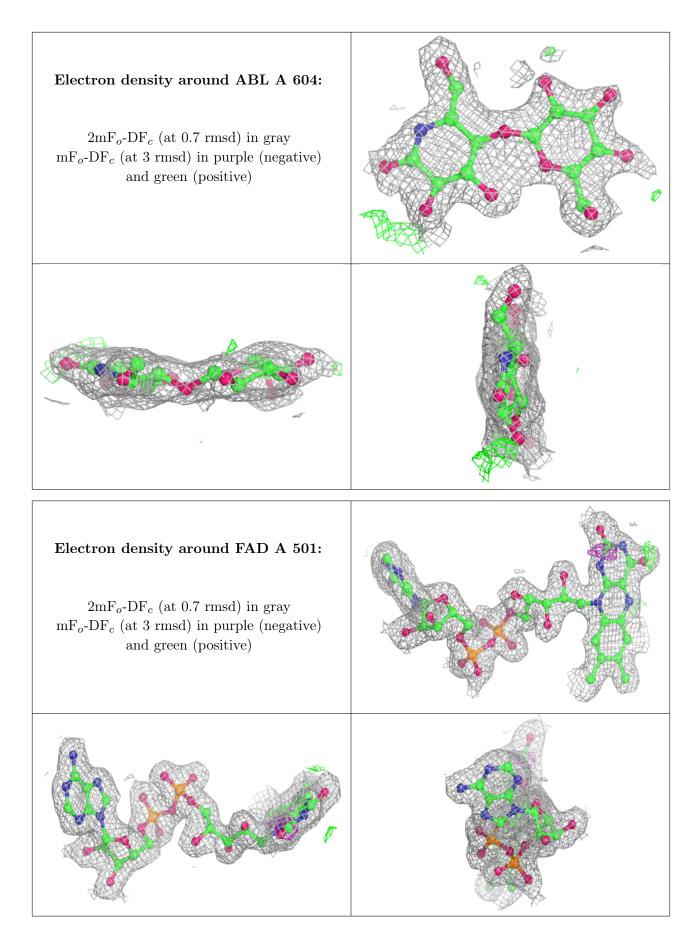
Contentaca from process page									
Mol	Type	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9	
2	FAD	А	501	53/53	0.98	0.06	8,10,16,16	0	
8	CL	А	610	1/1	0.98	0.06	25,25,25,25	1	
8	CL	А	611	1/1	0.98	0.05	27,27,27,27	1	
4	ZN	А	602	1/1	0.99	0.02	23,23,23,23	1	
4	ZN	А	603	1/1	1.00	0.03	18,18,18,18	1	

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The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.









6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

