

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Mar 9, 2024 – 08:03 PM EST

PDB ID : 3ONC

Title: Bond breakage and relocation of a covalently bound bromine of IDD594 in a

complex with hAR T113A mutant after moderate radiation dose

Authors : Koch, C.; Heine, A.; Klebe, G.

Deposited on : 2010-08-28

Resolution : 1.06 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

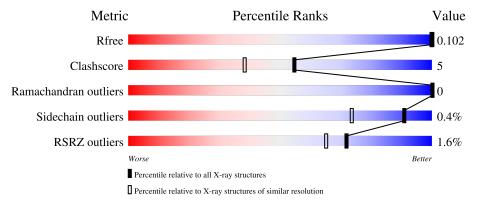
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.06 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	1202 (1.10-1.02)
Clashscore	141614	1252 (1.10-1.02)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1204 (1.10-1.02)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1202 (1.10-1.02)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1178 (1.10-1.02)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
			2%					
1	A	315	90%	9%				

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	BR	A	700	-	-	X	-



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3149 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

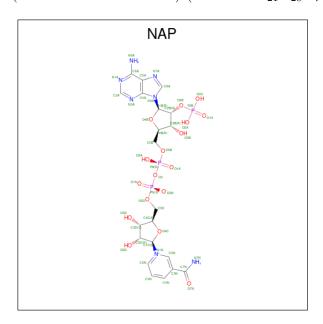
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Aldose reductase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	313	Total 2601	C 1675	N 436	O 476	S 14	0	24	1

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	4	ILE	LEU	SEE REMARK 999	UNP P15121
A	113	ALA	THR	engineered mutation	UNP P15121

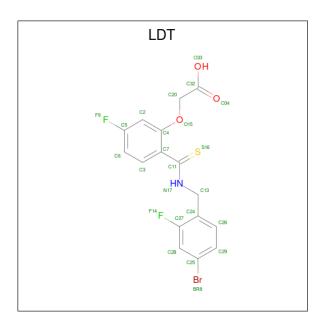
• Molecule 2 is NADP NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: NAP) (formula: C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>28</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>17</sub>P<sub>3</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	A	1	Total	C 21	_	O 17	P	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 3 is IDD594 (three-letter code: LDT) (formula:  $\rm C_{16}H_{12}BrF_2NO_3S).$ 



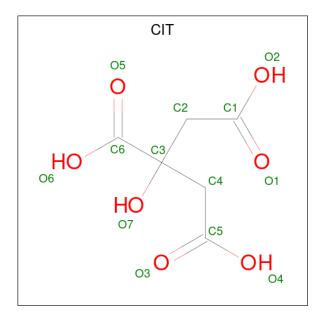


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf		
9	Λ	1	Total	Br	С	F	N	О	S	0	0
3	A	1	24	1	16	2	1	3	1	U	U

• Molecule 4 is BROMIDE ION (three-letter code: BR) (formula: Br).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total I	Br 1	0	0		

• Molecule 5 is CITRIC ACID (three-letter code: CIT) (formula: C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>7</sub>).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total 13	C 6	O 7	0	0

### • Molecule 6 is water.

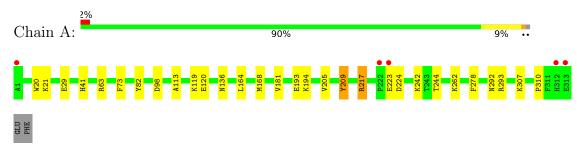
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	462	Total O 462 462	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Aldose reductase





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	$49.25 ext{Å}$ $66.75 ext{Å}$ $47.26 ext{Å}$	D
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $92.41^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 - 1.06	Depositor
Resolution (A)	18.49 - 1.06	EDS
% Data completeness	96.4 (10.00-1.06)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	95.8 (18.49-1.06)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{eum}$	0.05	Depositor
$ < I/\sigma(I) > 1 $	15.84 (at 1.06Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	SHELXL-97	Depositor
рρ.	0.096 , $0.118$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.098 , 0.102	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	6659 reflections (5.01%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	4.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.066	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.44, 78.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
	0.001 for -l,k,h	
Estimated twinning fraction	0.018  for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
	0.014  for  l,-k,h	
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	3149	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	9.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 8.57% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CIT, LDT, BR, NAP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.64	0/2713	1.06	9/3687 (0.2%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	217[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.74	125.67	120.30
1	A	217[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.74	125.67	120.30
1	A	209	TYR	CA-CB-CG	8.57	129.69	113.40
1	A	63	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.90	116.35	120.30
1	A	217[A]	ARG	NH1-CZ-NH2	-6.27	112.50	119.40
1	A	217[B]	ARG	NH1-CZ-NH2	-6.27	112.50	119.40
1	A	82	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	5.43	124.26	121.00
1	A	224	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.38	123.15	118.30
1	A	29	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-5.21	117.04	123.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2601	0	2639	27	0
2	A	48	0	25	1	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	24	0	11	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	4	0
5	A	13	0	5	2	0
6	A	462	0	0	11	0
All	All	3149	0	2680	28	0

The all-atom clash score is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clash score for this structure is 5.

All (28) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:120[A]:GLU:OE2	6:A:1384:HOH:O	1.66	1.12
1:A:193[B]:GLU:OE1	6:A:1295:HOH:O	1.69	1.09
1:A:244[B]:THR:HG23	6:A:1199:HOH:O	1.91	0.69
1:A:164:LEU:O	1:A:168[B]:MET:HG3	1.95	0.66
1:A:307:LYS:HD3	6:A:1407:HOH:O	1.95	0.65
1:A:194[B]:LYS:HE3	1:A:194[B]:LYS:H	1.64	0.63
1:A:113:ALA:CB	4:A:700:BR:BR	3.06	0.59
1:A:194[B]:LYS:H	1:A:194[B]:LYS:CE	2.15	0.58
5:A:800:CIT:H42	6:A:1194:HOH:O	2.06	0.56
1:A:113:ALA:HB2	4:A:700:BR:BR	2.63	0.53
1:A:113:ALA:HB3	4:A:700:BR:BR	2.63	0.53
1:A:223:GLU:OE2	1:A:223:GLU:HA	2.08	0.53
1:A:242:LYS:HE3	1:A:278:PHE:CD1	2.43	0.53
1:A:310:PRO:HD3	4:A:700:BR:BR	2.68	0.48
1:A:181:VAL:HA	1:A:205:VAL:O	2.14	0.48
1:A:119[A]:LYS:HD2	6:A:1100:HOH:O	2.13	0.47
1:A:293[B]:ARG:NH1	6:A:1230:HOH:O	2.49	0.46
1:A:217[B]:ARG:NH2	6:A:1456:HOH:O	2.49	0.46
1:A:20:TRP:CE3	1:A:21:LYS:HE3	2.51	0.46
1:A:293[B]:ARG:NH1	6:A:1160:HOH:O	2.48	0.46
1:A:119[B]:LYS:HD2	6:A:1125:HOH:O	2.15	0.45
1:A:136[A]:ASN:ND2	6:A:1387:HOH:O	2.50	0.44
1:A:98:ASP:OD2	5:A:800:CIT:O5	2.35	0.44
1:A:292:ASN:O	1:A:293[B]:ARG:NH1	2.50	0.44
1:A:292:ASN:O	1:A:293[B]:ARG:HD3	2.19	0.42
1:A:262:LYS:O	2:A:500:NAP:H8A	2.21	0.41
1:A:41:HIS:HA	1:A:73:PHE:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:244[B]:THR:HG23	1:A:244[B]:THR:H	1.50	0.41



There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Favoured Allow		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	335/315 (106%)	330 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100 100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	292/279 (105%)	291 (100%)	1 (0%)		92	75

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
1	A	209	TYR	

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
1	A	129	ASN	
1	A	283	GLN	



#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
Moi Type	туре			Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAP	A	500	-	45,52,52	1.05	4 (8%)	56,80,80	1.10	3 (5%)
5	CIT	A	800	-	12,12,12	1.16	1 (8%)	17,17,17	2.22	5 (29%)
3	LDT	A	600	-	25,25,25	1.45	1 (4%)	34,34,34	1.15	5 (14%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAP	A	500	-	-	4/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
5	CIT	A	800	-	-	2/16/16/16	-
3	LDT	A	600	-	-	2/14/14/14	0/2/2/2

All (6) bond length outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
3	A	600	LDT	C11-S16	-5.54	1.55	1.66
2	A	500	NAP	C2A-N3A	2.57	1.36	1.32
2	A	500	NAP	C2N-N1N	2.40	1.37	1.35
2	A	500	NAP	C8A-N7A	-2.12	1.30	1.34
5	A	800	CIT	O4-C5	-2.07	1.23	1.30
2	A	500	NAP	C6N-N1N	2.04	1.40	1.35

All (13) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
5	A	800	CIT	O5-C6-C3	-5.25	114.82	122.25
5	A	800	CIT	O6-C6-C3	4.84	121.45	113.05
2	A	500	NAP	C5A-C6A-N6A	3.36	125.46	120.35
5	A	800	CIT	O3-C5-C4	-2.95	114.31	122.94
5	A	800	CIT	O7-C3-C6	-2.92	104.77	108.86
3	A	600	LDT	C7-C11-S16	-2.73	117.96	121.51
3	A	600	LDT	C7-C11-N17	2.66	117.69	115.39
2	A	500	NAP	C5A-C6A-N1A	-2.53	114.62	120.35
3	A	600	LDT	C13-N17-C11	-2.37	121.55	124.86
5	A	800	CIT	O4-C5-C4	2.24	121.56	114.35
2	A	500	NAP	O2B-P2B-O1X	-2.21	100.86	109.39
3	A	600	LDT	BR8-C25-C29	2.07	122.31	119.30
3	A	600	LDT	C27-C28-C25	2.00	118.99	117.40

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Atoms
2	A	500	NAP	C2B-O2B-P2B-O1X
2	A	500	NAP	PA-O3-PN-O5D
2	A	500	NAP	C4D-C5D-O5D-PN
3	A	600	LDT	N17-C11-C7-C4
2	A	500	NAP	PN-O3-PA-O1A
5	A	800	CIT	O1-C1-C2-C3
5	A	800	CIT	O2-C1-C2-C3
3	A	600	LDT	N17-C11-C7-C3

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	500	NAP	1	0

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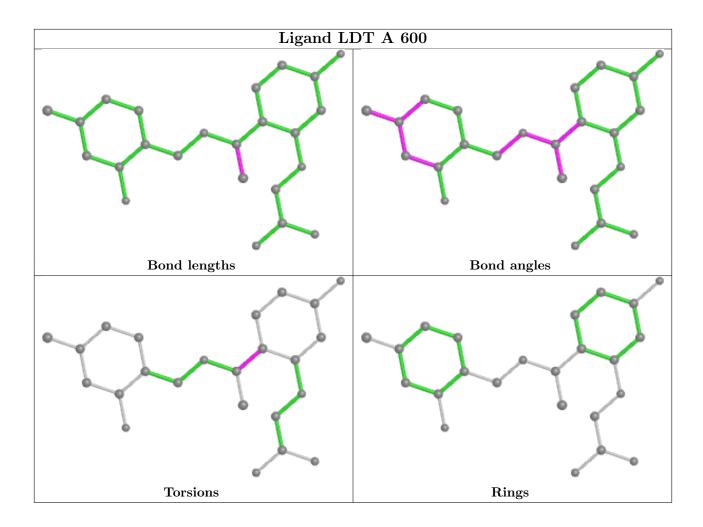


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$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	800	CIT	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	313/315 (99%)	-0.19	5 (1%) 72	65	2, 6, 16, 56	0

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	312	HIS	6.6
1	A	313	GLU	5.6
1	A	1	ALA	3.1
1	A	222	PRO	2.8
1	A	223	GLU	2.2

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	CIT	A	800	13/13	0.95	0.14	4,9,12,12	13
4	BR	A	700	1/1	0.98	0.10	12,12,12,12	1

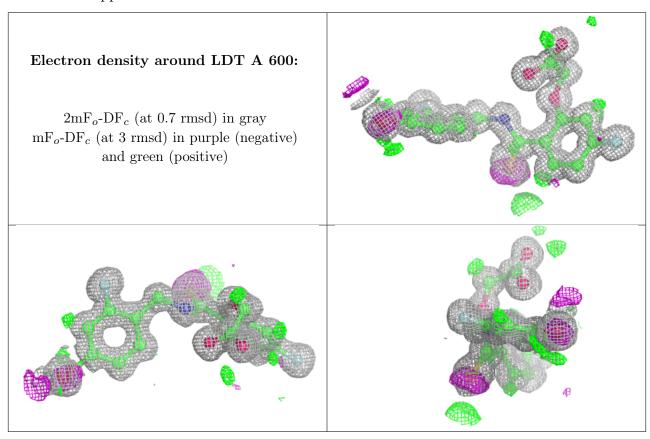
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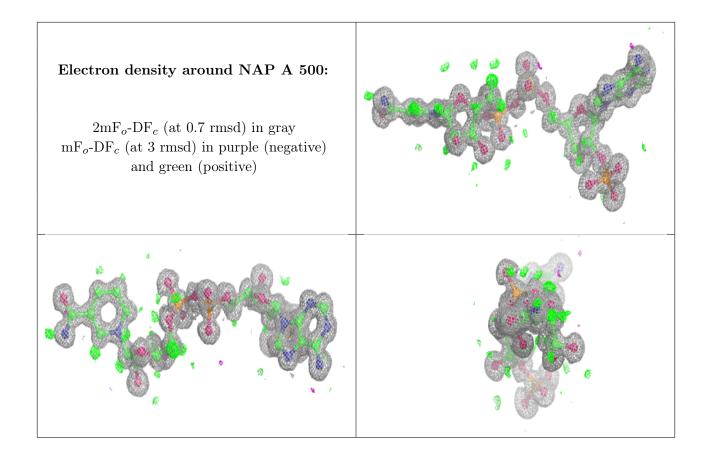
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	LDT	A	600	24/24	0.99	0.05	3,4,6,12	1
2	NAP	A	500	48/48	1.00	0.05	2,3,5,6	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

