



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Aug 21, 2020 – 07:16 PM BST

PDB ID : 3GXP  
Title : Crystal structure of acid-alpha-galactosidase A complexed with galactose at pH 4.5  
Authors : Lieberman, R.L.  
Deposited on : 2009-04-02  
Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.13.1  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

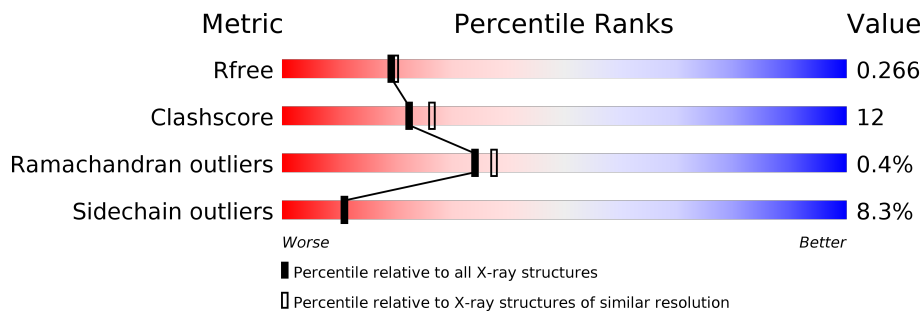
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	4898 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	398	72% (Green), 22% (Yellow), 6% (Orange), 0% (Red), 0% (Grey)
1	B	398	70% (Green), 25% (Yellow), 5% (Orange), 0% (Red), 0% (Grey)
2	C	3	67% (Yellow), 33% (Orange)
3	D	2	50% (Yellow), 50% (Orange)
3	E	2	50% (Yellow), 50% (Orange)
3	F	2	100% (Orange)
3	G	2	100% (Yellow)

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

<b>Mol</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Chain</b>	<b>Res</b>	<b>Chirality</b>	<b>Geometry</b>	<b>Clashes</b>	<b>Electron density</b>
2	MAN	C	3	X	-	-	-
6	TAM	A	6744	-	-	X	-

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

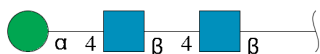
There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6666 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Alpha-galactosidase A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	390	Total 3122	C 1988	N 534	O 574	S 26	0	0	0
1	B	391	Total 3131	C 1993	N 536	O 576	S 26	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
2	C	3	Total 39	C 22	N 2	O 15	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



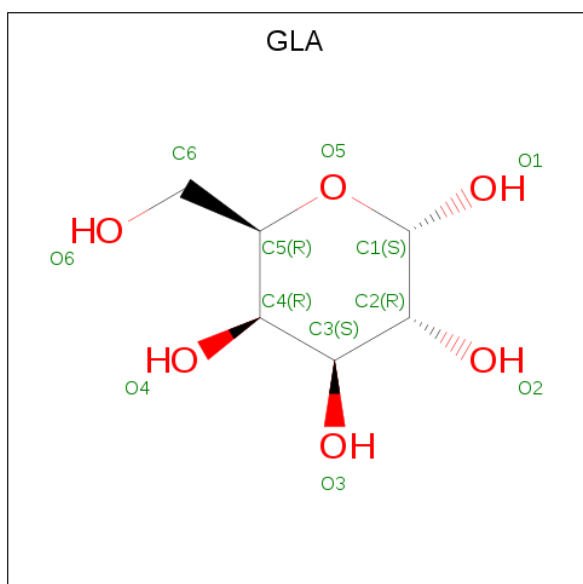
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
3	D	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0
3	E	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0
3	F	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0
3	G	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0

- Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).



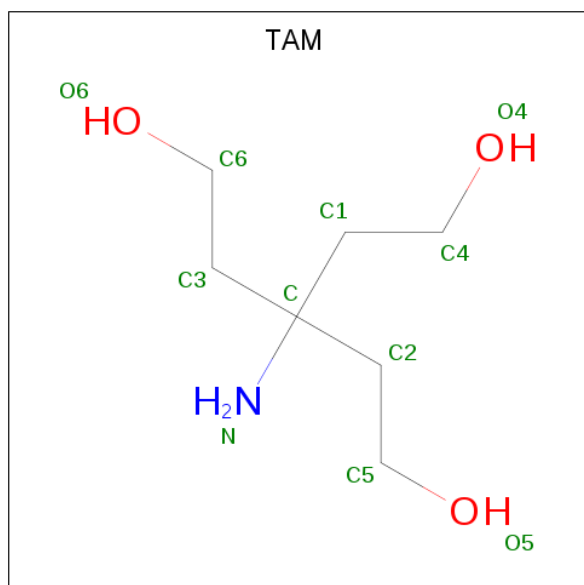
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
4	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
4	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
4	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 5 is alpha-D-galactopyranose (three-letter code: GLA) (formula: C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>6</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			12	6	6		
5	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			12	6	6		

- Molecule 6 is TRIS(HYDROXYETHYL)AMINOMETHANE (three-letter code: TAM) (formula:  $C_7H_{17}NO_3$ ).



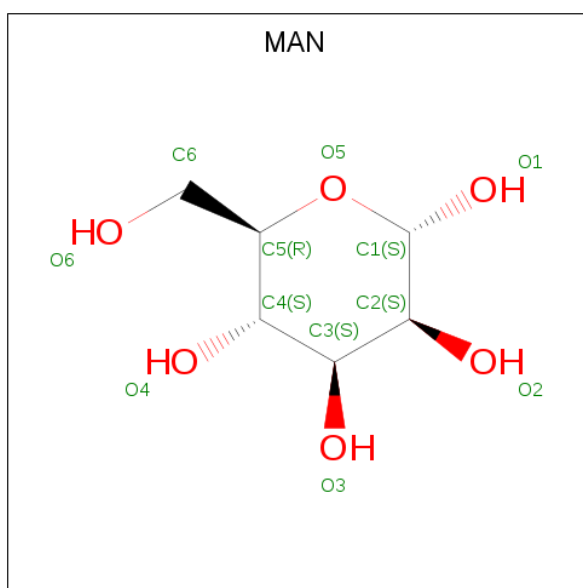
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			11	7	1	3		

- Molecule 7 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	
7	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
7	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 8 is alpha-D-mannopyranose (three-letter code: MAN) (formula: C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>6</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	6	5		
8	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	6	5		

- Molecule 9 is water.

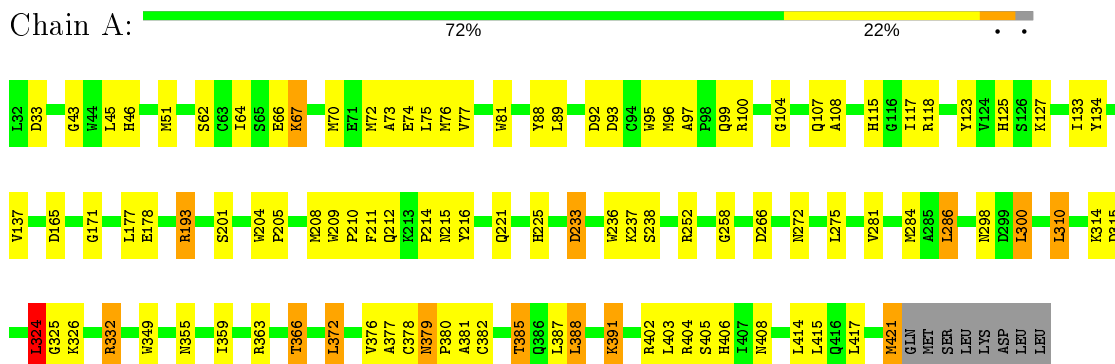
<b>Mol</b>	<b>Chain</b>	<b>Residues</b>	<b>Atoms</b>		<b>ZeroOcc</b>	<b>AltConf</b>
9	A	86	Total 86	O 86	0	0
9	B	71	Total 71	O 71	0	0



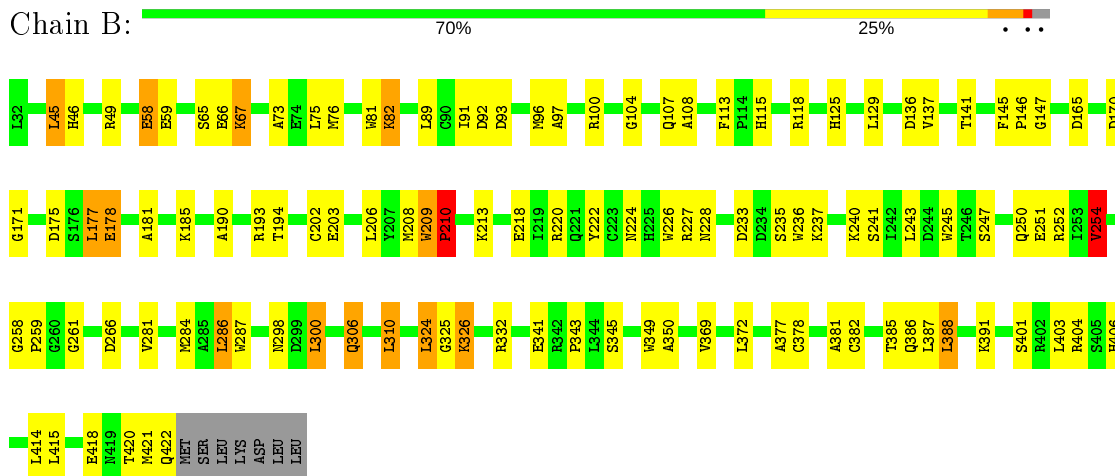
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

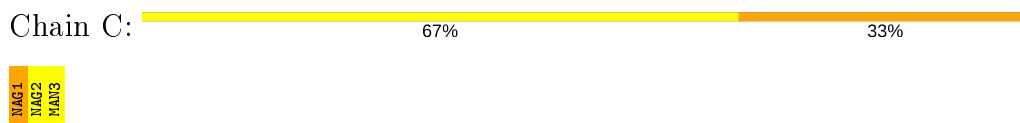
- Molecule 1: Alpha-galactosidase A



- Molecule 1: Alpha-galactosidase A



- Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D:  50% 50%

MAG1  
MAG2

- Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E:  50% 50%

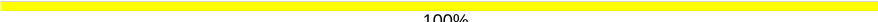
MAG1  
MAG2

- Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain F:  100%

MAG1  
MAG2

- Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain G:  100%

MAG1  
MAG2

## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	89.51Å 89.51Å 215.93Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.15 – 2.20 38.15 – 2.20	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	81.9 (38.15-2.20) 81.9 (38.15-2.20)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.97 (at 2.20Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.201 , 0.265 0.206 , 0.266	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2144 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	46.6	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.413	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.31 , 56.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.029 for -h,-k,l	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	6666	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	71.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.28% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GLA, MAN, NAG, TAM, SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.96	2/3209 (0.1%)	0.99	10/4358 (0.2%)
1	B	0.95	1/3218 (0.0%)	0.93	3/4370 (0.1%)
All	All	0.96	3/6427 (0.0%)	0.96	13/8728 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	B	0	2

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	281	VAL	CB-CG1	-6.01	1.40	1.52
1	A	209	TRP	CB-CG	5.57	1.60	1.50
1	B	254	VAL	CB-CG2	-5.18	1.42	1.52

The worst 5 of 13 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	286	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-10.05	92.19	115.30
1	B	286	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-7.34	98.41	115.30
1	A	332	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.03	116.79	120.30
1	A	286	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	6.90	122.73	111.00
1	B	49	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.50	117.05	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	B	209	TRP	Peptide
1	B	210	PRO	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3122	0	2982	66	0
1	B	3131	0	2987	78	0
2	C	39	0	34	1	0
3	D	28	0	25	3	0
3	E	28	0	24	1	0
3	F	28	0	25	1	0
3	G	28	0	22	1	0
4	A	5	0	0	0	0
4	B	15	0	0	0	0
5	A	12	0	12	0	0
5	B	12	0	12	4	0
6	A	11	0	17	11	0
7	A	28	0	25	2	0
8	B	22	0	20	0	0
9	A	86	0	0	6	0
9	B	71	0	0	2	0
All	All	6666	0	6185	147	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

The worst 5 of 147 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:215:ASN:ND2	3:D:1:NAG:C1	2.09	1.15
1:A:215:ASN:HD21	3:D:1:NAG:C1	1.72	0.99
1:A:236:TRP:H	6:A:6744:TAM:H52	1.31	0.94
6:A:6744:TAM:H22	1:B:236:TRP:HB3	1.47	0.94
1:A:66:GLU:OE1	1:A:115:HIS:HD2	1.51	0.93

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	388/398 (98%)	370 (95%)	17 (4%)	1 (0%)	41	46
1	B	389/398 (98%)	369 (95%)	18 (5%)	2 (0%)	29	31
All	All	777/796 (98%)	739 (95%)	35 (4%)	3 (0%)	34	37

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	266	ASP
1	B	210	PRO
1	B	266	ASP

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	331/339 (98%)	306 (92%)	25 (8%)	13	14
1	B	332/339 (98%)	302 (91%)	30 (9%)	9	9
All	All	663/678 (98%)	608 (92%)	55 (8%)	11	11

5 of 55 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	421	MET
1	B	96	MET
1	B	387	LEU
1	B	45	LEU
1	B	67	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 15 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	272	ASN
1	A	379	ASN
1	B	125	HIS
1	A	212	GLN
1	B	115	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

11 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$
2	NAG	C	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.51	0	17,19,21	2.07	3 (17%)
2	NAG	C	2	2	14,14,15	0.79	0	17,19,21	1.87	5 (29%)
2	MAN	C	3	2	11,11,12	0.89	0	15,15,17	1.35	1 (6%)
3	NAG	D	1	3	14,14,15	0.51	0	17,19,21	2.31	4 (23%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	NAG	D	2	3	14,14,15	0.81	0	17,19,21	1.33	2 (11%)
3	NAG	E	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.56	0	17,19,21	2.39	3 (17%)
3	NAG	E	2	3	14,14,15	0.92	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.35	3 (17%)
3	NAG	F	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.66	0	17,19,21	1.40	3 (17%)
3	NAG	F	2	3	14,14,15	0.74	0	17,19,21	1.74	3 (17%)
3	NAG	G	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.41	0	17,19,21	1.72	5 (29%)
3	NAG	G	2	3	14,14,15	0.69	0	17,19,21	1.02	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	C	1	1,2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	C	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	C	3	2	1/1/4/5	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	1	3	-	5/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	E	1	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	E	2	3	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	F	1	1,3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	F	2	3	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	G	1	1,3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	G	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	E	2	NAG	C1-C2	2.86	1.56	1.52

The worst 5 of 32 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	E	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	8.07	123.13	112.19
3	D	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	6.61	132.31	122.90
2	C	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	6.23	120.64	112.19
3	F	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	5.09	119.08	112.19
2	C	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.52	118.31	112.19



All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
2	C	3	MAN	C1

5 of 21 torsion outliers are listed below:

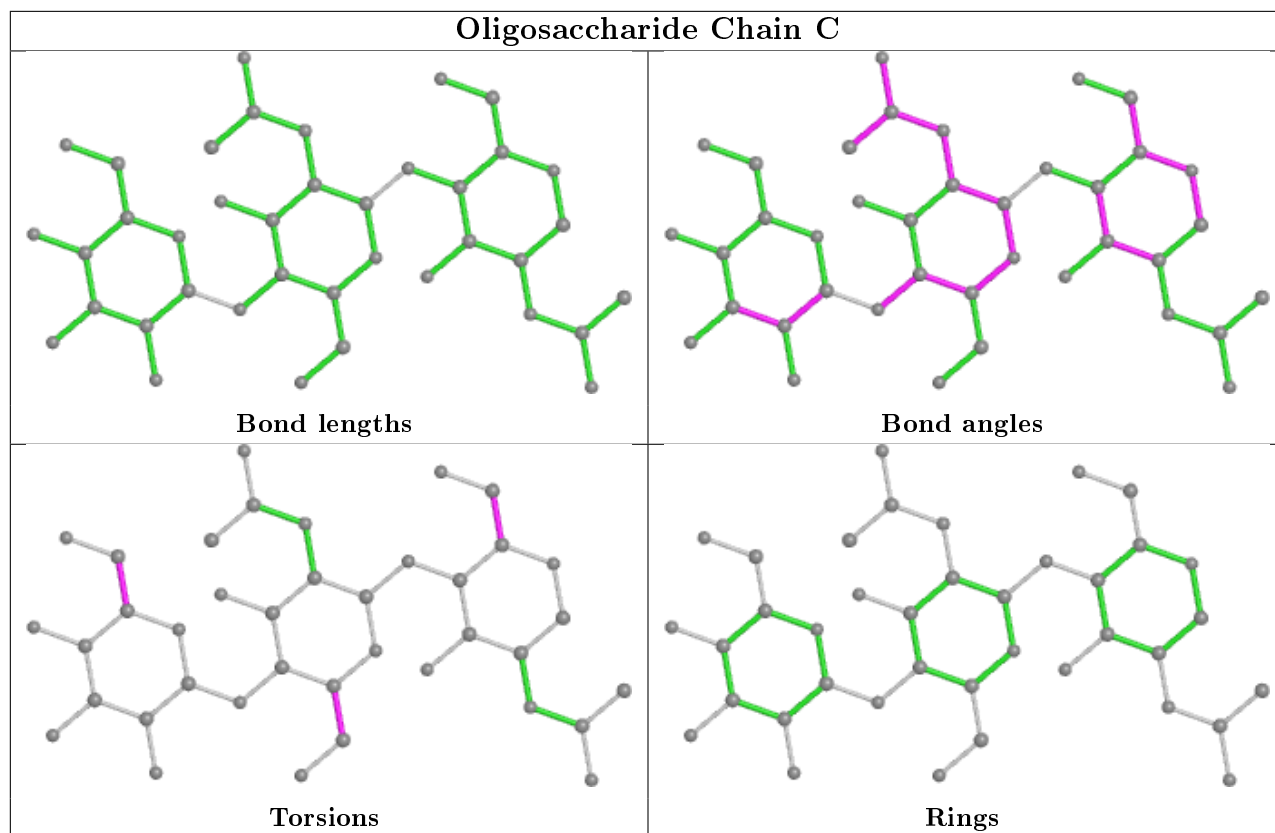
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	D	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
3	D	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	D	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
2	C	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	G	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

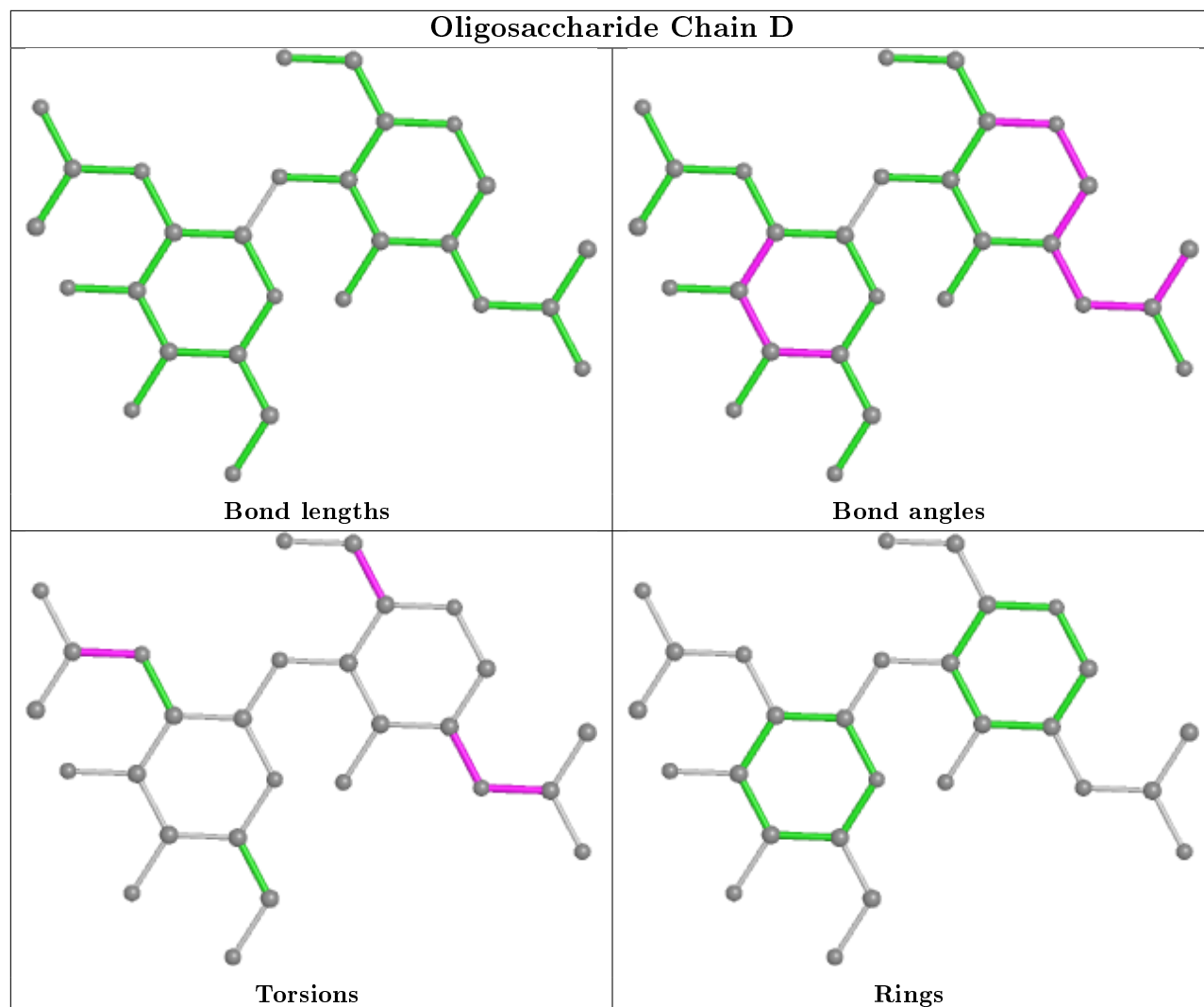
There are no ring outliers.

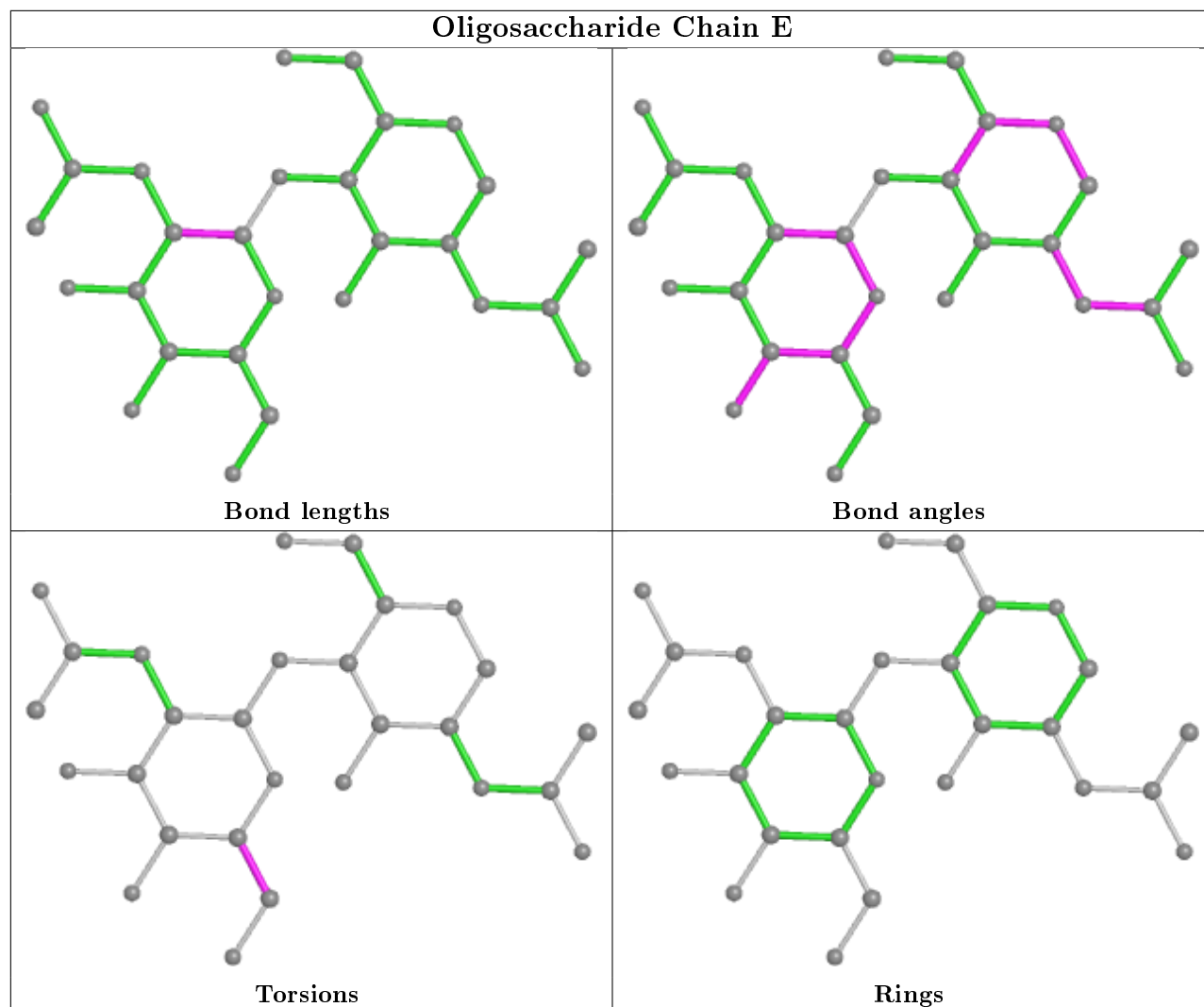
6 monomers are involved in 7 short contacts:

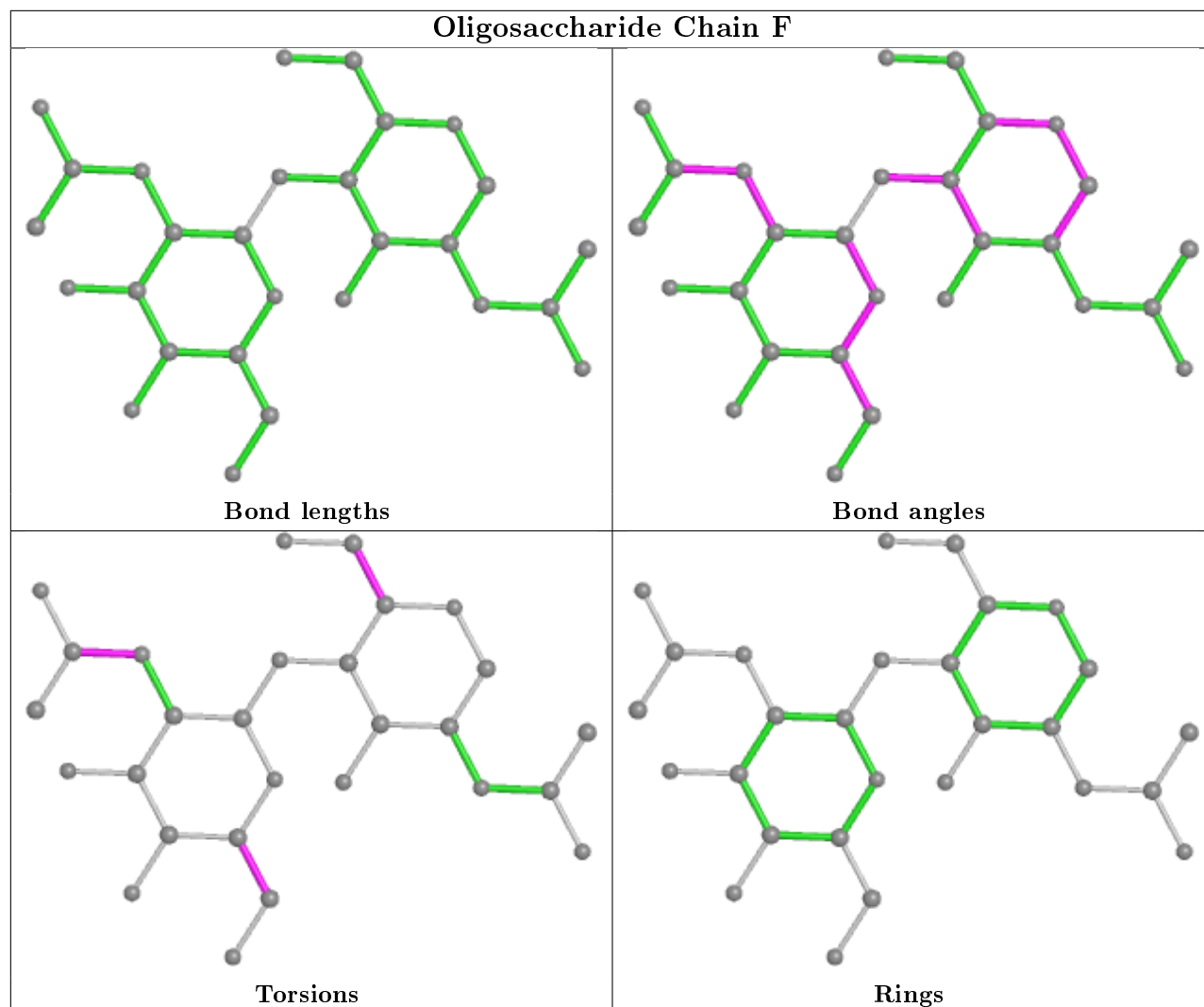
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	F	1	NAG	1	0
3	D	1	NAG	3	0
3	F	2	NAG	1	0
2	C	1	NAG	1	0
3	G	2	NAG	1	0
3	E	1	NAG	1	0

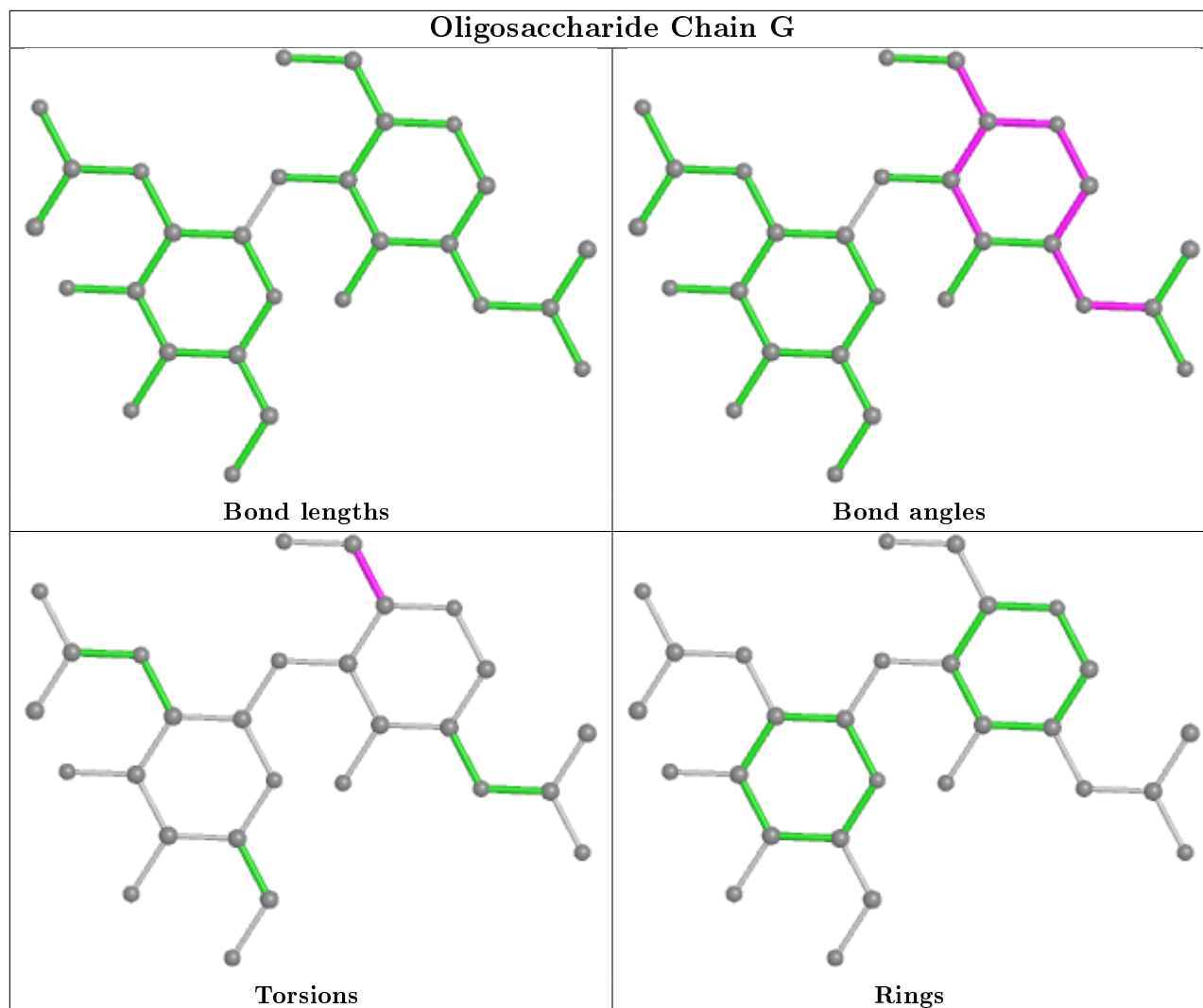
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.











## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

11 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
4	SO4	B	4	-	4,4,4	0.16	0	6,6,6	0.36	0
8	MAN	B	695	-	11,11,12	0.79	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.75	6 (40%)
7	NAG	A	430	-	14,14,15	0.59	0	17,19,21	1.67	5 (29%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	GLA	B	3681	-	12,12,12	0.78	0	17,17,17	1.86	4 (23%)
5	GLA	A	3681	-	12,12,12	1.39	1 (8%)	17,17,17	1.98	7 (41%)
4	SO4	B	3	-	4,4,4	0.27	0	6,6,6	0.56	0
4	SO4	B	2	-	4,4,4	0.08	0	6,6,6	0.70	0
7	NAG	A	498	1	14,14,15	1.02	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.76	5 (29%)
4	SO4	A	1	-	4,4,4	0.21	0	6,6,6	1.08	0
6	TAM	A	6744	-	7,10,10	1.97	2 (28%)	9,12,12	3.41	3 (33%)
8	MAN	B	694	-	11,11,12	0.67	0	15,15,17	1.88	3 (20%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	NAG	A	430	-	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	MAN	B	695	-	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	GLA	B	3681	-	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
5	GLA	A	3681	-	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	A	498	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	TAM	A	6744	-	-	6/12/12/12	-
8	MAN	B	694	-	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	A	6744	TAM	C-N	-3.86	1.36	1.49
5	A	3681	GLA	O5-C5	-3.83	1.35	1.44
6	A	6744	TAM	C1-C4	2.71	1.57	1.52
8	B	695	MAN	C2-C3	2.17	1.55	1.52
7	A	498	NAG	C1-C2	2.03	1.55	1.52

The worst 5 of 33 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	A	6744	TAM	C2-C-C1	7.07	122.97	110.50
6	A	6744	TAM	C2-C-N	-5.58	92.19	108.09
8	B	694	MAN	C1-C2-C3	5.49	116.41	109.67
5	B	3681	GLA	O5-C1-C2	4.42	118.18	110.28
7	A	498	NAG	C3-C4-C5	4.20	117.73	110.24

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 14 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	A	6744	TAM	C2-C-C1-C4
6	A	6744	TAM	C3-C-C1-C4
6	A	6744	TAM	N-C-C1-C4
6	A	6744	TAM	C2-C-C3-C6
6	A	6744	TAM	N-C-C3-C6

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 17 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	A	430	NAG	2	0
5	B	3681	GLA	4	0
7	A	498	NAG	2	0
6	A	6744	TAM	11	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

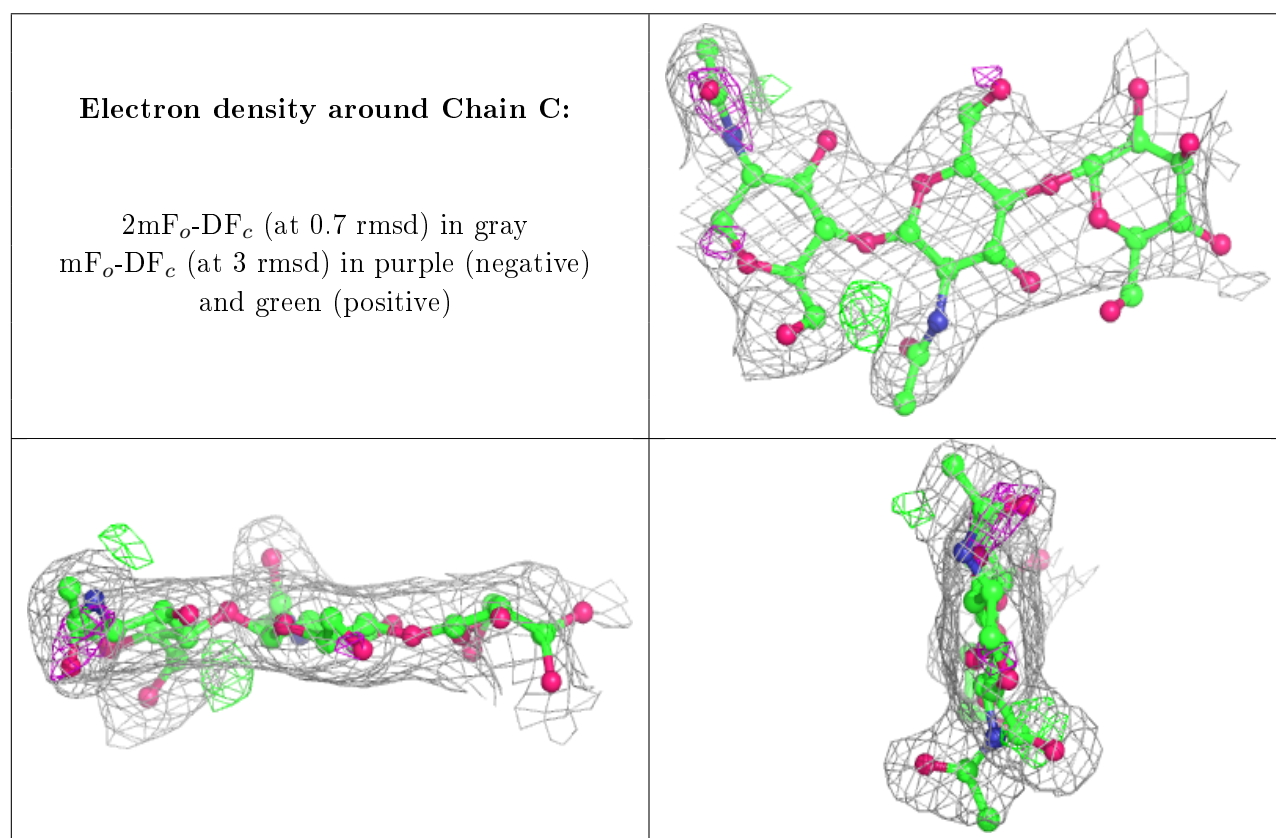
### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

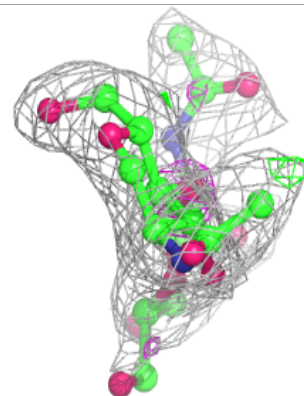
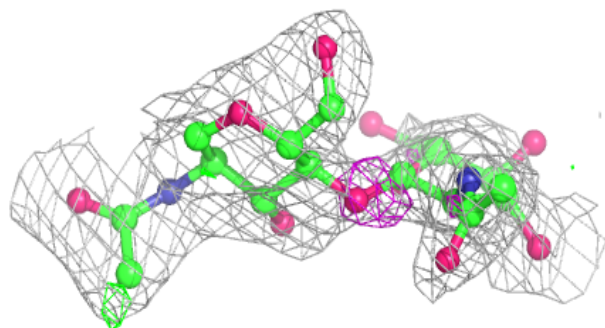
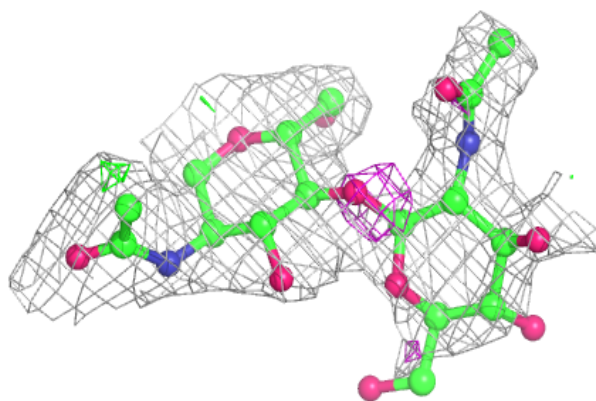
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

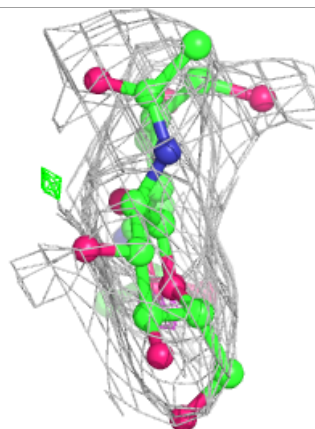
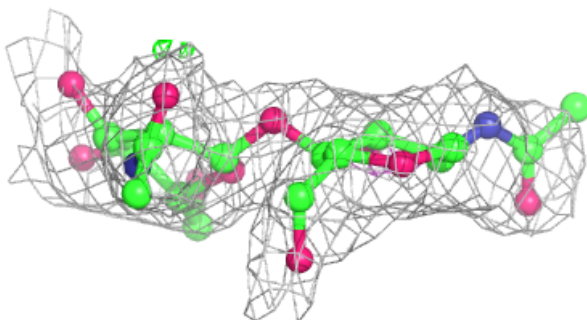
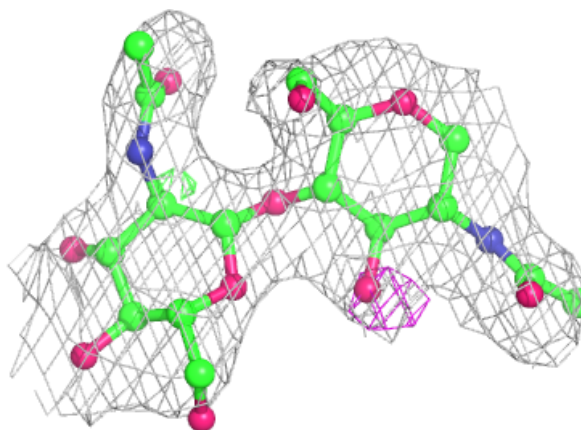


**Electron density around Chain D:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

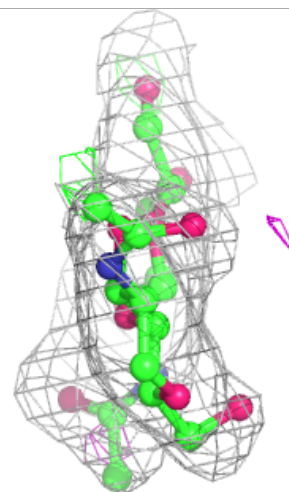
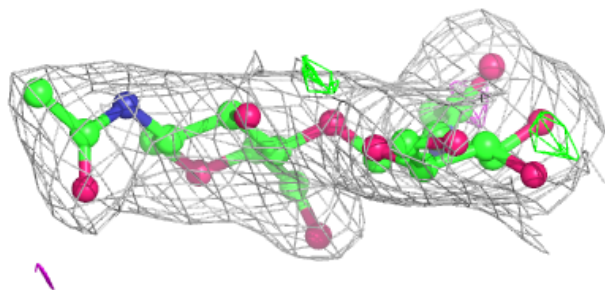
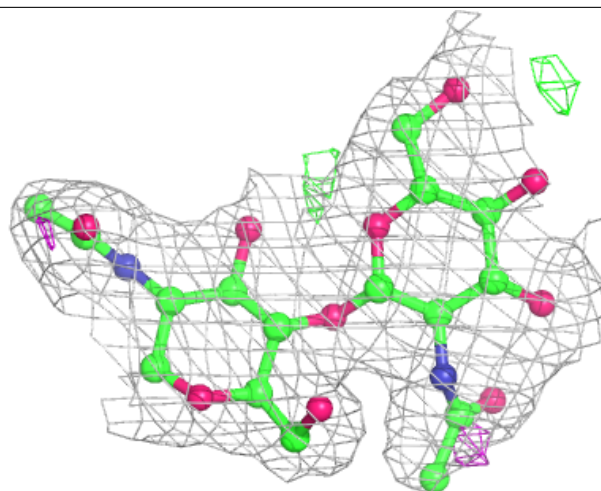
**Electron density around Chain E:**

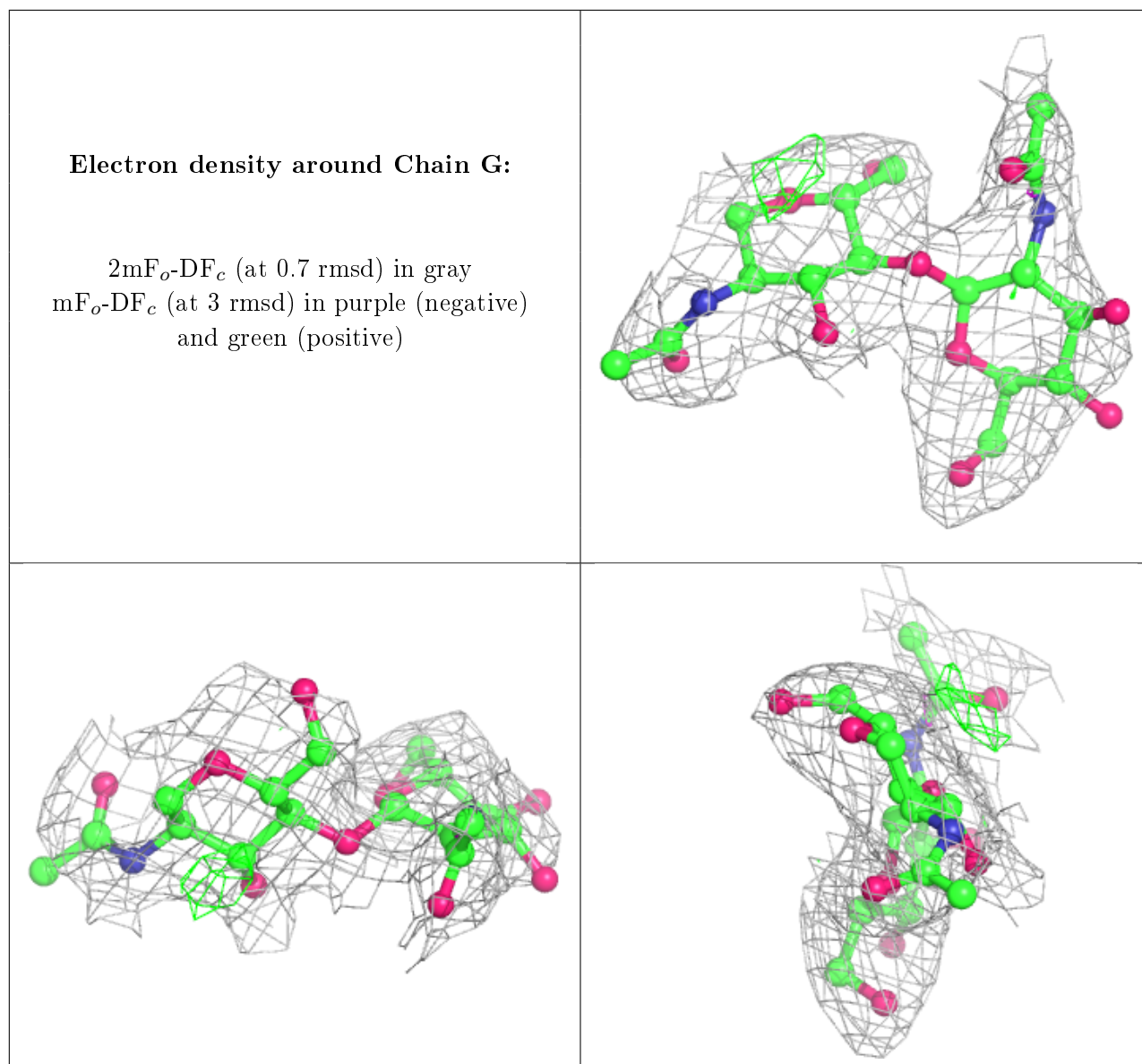
$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



**Electron density around Chain F:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)





## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.