

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 21, 2020 – 01:55 pm BST

PDB ID : 2TBS

Title : COLD-ADAPTION OF ENZYMES: STRUCTURAL COMPARISON BE-

TWEEN SALMON AND BOVINE TRYPSINS

Authors : Smalas, A.O. Deposited on : 1994-01-14

Resolution : 1.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.11

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove) oteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

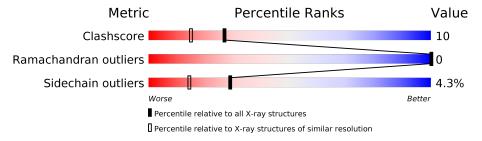
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	6793 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6697 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6696 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain	
1	A	222	37%	54%	9%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	BEN	A	246	-	X	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1833 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called TRYPSIN.

l	/Iol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
	1	A	222	Total 1659	C 1034	N 277	O 330	S 18	49	0	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

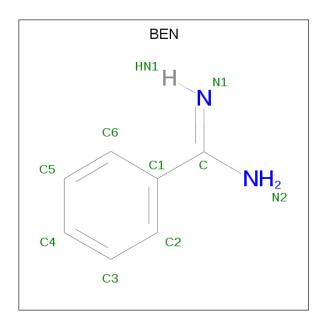
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	28	ALA	THR	CONFLICT	UNP P35031
A	153	ASP	ASN	CONFLICT	UNP P35031
A	170	ASP	ASN	CONFLICT	UNP P35031
A	235	SER	ASN	CONFLICT	UNP P35031

• Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is BENZAMIDINE (three-letter code: BEN) (formula: $C_7H_8N_2$).





	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C 7	N	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

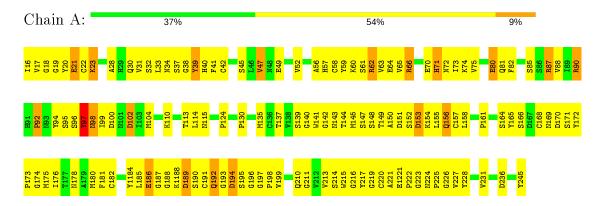
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	164	Total O 164 164	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: TRYPSIN





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	61.95Å 84.33Å 39.11Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	6.00 - 1.80	Depositor
Resolution (A)	42.17 - 1.83	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) (6.00-1.80)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.1 (42.17-1.83)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.57 (at 1.83Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PROLSQ	Depositor
P. P.	(Not available) , (Not available)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.498 , (Not available)	DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	12.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.656	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.22, 40.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.54	EDS
Total number of atoms	1833	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 9.51% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, BEN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	\mathbf{B}_{0}	ond angles
Mol	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	1.03	$2/1698 \; (0.1\%)$	1.72	$35/2310 \; (1.5\%)$

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(\mathbf{\AA})$
1	A	97	TYR	CB-CG	-7.63	1.40	1.51
1	A	192	GLN	CG-CD	6.82	1.66	1.51

The worst 5 of 35 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	Α	87	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-12.57	114.02	120.30
1	Α	66	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.45	124.52	120.30
1	A	170	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-8.26	110.86	118.30
1	A	87	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.25	124.43	120.30
1	A	62	ARG	CG-CD-NE	8.08	128.76	111.80

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	Α	87	ARG	Sidechain

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	90	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1659	0	1562	32	699
2	A	1	0	0	0	1
3	A	9	0	8	0	11
4	A	164	0	0	13	134
All	All	1833	0	1570	32	708

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 32 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{l} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} \ (ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} { m Clash} \ { m overlap} \ ({ m \AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:172:TYR:HB3	1:A:175:MET:HE3	1.24	1.16
1:A:172:TYR:HB3	1:A:175:MET:CE	1.86	1.04
1:A:192:GLN:HB2	4:A:342:HOH:O	1.67	0.93
1:A:110:LYS:HB3	4:A:443:HOH:O	1.77	0.85
1:A:175:MET:CE	4:A:336:HOH:O	2.28	0.82

The worst 5 of 708 symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} & ext{Interatomic} \ & ext{distance} & (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:141:TRP:CG	1:A:220:CYS:CA[2_665]	0.27	1.93
1:A:141:TRP:CD2	1:A:220:CYS:N[2_665]	0.31	1.89
1:A:165:TYR:CD2	4:A:339:HOH:O[3_556]	0.34	1.86
1:A:141:TRP:CD1	1:A:220:CYS:C[2_665]	0.34	1.86
1:A:145:MET:SD	1:A:156:GLN:O[2_665]	0.38	1.82



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	$220/222 \ (99\%)$	213 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	$185/185 \; (100\%)$	177 (96%)	8 (4%)	29 14		

5 of 8 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	97	TYR
1	A	186	GLU
1	A	130	PRO
1	A	92	PRO
1	A	98	ASN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	\mathbf{Type}
1	A	27	GLN
1	A	93	ASN
1	A	98	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	169	ASN
1	A	210	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Type Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Pos	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	туре		lites	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2							
3	BEN	A	246	1	9,9,9	2.84	3 (33%)	7,11,11	5.05	7 (100%)							

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

N.	Iol	Type	Chain	${f Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
	3	BEN	A	246	1	-	4/4/4/4	0/1/1/1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(ext{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
3	A	246	BEN	C1-C	-7.01	1.34	1.47
3	A	246	BEN	C4-C3	2.52	1.44	1.38
3	A	246	BEN	C5-C4	2.02	1.43	1.38

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$
3	A	246	BEN	C5-C4-C3	-7.46	106.06	119.93
3	A	246	BEN	C4-C3-C2	5.98	129.30	120.19
3	A	246	BEN	C4-C5-C6	5.86	129.11	120.19
3	A	246	BEN	C3-C2-C1	-4.08	115.52	120.34
3	A	246	BEN	C1-C-N2	4.00	124.07	118.05

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	246	BEN	N2-C-C1-C2
3	A	246	BEN	N2-C-C1-C6
3	A	246	BEN	N1-C-C1-C2
3	A	246	BEN	N1-C-C1-C6

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 11 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	246	BEN	0	11

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

