

# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 3, 2023 – 07:54 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2JZC BMRB ID : 15617

Title : NMR solution structure of ALG13: The sugar donor subunit of a yeast N-

acetylglucosamine transferase. Northeast Structural Genomics Consortium

target YG1

Authors: Wang, X.; Weldeghorghis, T.; Zhang, G.; Imepriali, B.; Montelione, G.T.;

Prestegard, J.H.; Northeast Structural Genomics Consortium (NESG)

Deposited on : 2008-01-04

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} wwPDB\text{-}ShiftChecker &: & v1.2 \\ BMRB \ Restraints \ Analysis &: & v1.2 \\ \end{array}$ 

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

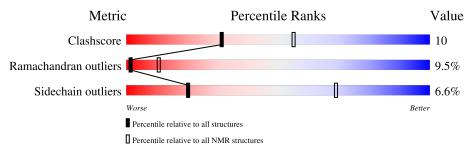
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.33

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 54%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive	
Metric	$(\#  ext{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries})$	
Clashscore	158937	12864	
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451	
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428	

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	A	224	58%	18%	14%	10%



# 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 10 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues					
Well-defined core	Residue rar	ige (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model	
1	A:27-A:90,	A:104-A:209	1.99	1	
	(170)				

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8
2	2, 10
Single-model clusters	9



# 3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 3170 atoms, of which 1586 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called UDP-N-acetylglucosamine transferase subunit ALG13.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			Trace			
1	Λ	201	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
1	A	201	3170	1010	1586	266	299	9	0

There are 23 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	3	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	4	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	5	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	6	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	7	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	8	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	9	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	10	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	11	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	12	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	13	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	14	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	15	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	16	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	17	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	18	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	19	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	20	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	21	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	22	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P53178
A	23	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P53178



# 4 Residue-property plots (i)

#### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

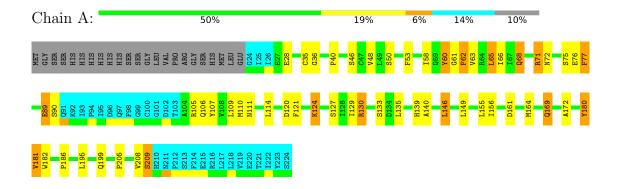
• Molecule 1: UDP-N-acetylglucosamine transferase subunit ALG13



# 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: UDP-N-acetylglucosamine transferase subunit ALG13





#### Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 50 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the least restraint violations.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	
X-PLOR NIH	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1611
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1524
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	87
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	54%



# 6 Model quality (i)

## 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1338	1345	1342	26±5
All	All	13380	13450	13420	257

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

5 of 192 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom 1	Atom-1 Atom-2		Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	$\operatorname{Clash}( ext{Å})$	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:61:GLY:O	1:A:62:PHE:O	0.66	2.13	3	4
1:A:173:ASP:O	1:A:176:VAL:HG22	0.66	1.90	6	1
1:A:155:LEU:C	1:A:156:ILE:HD13	0.66	2.10	7	5
1:A:134:ASP:N	1:A:153:LYS:HZ2	0.65	1.89	2	1
1:A:179:GLY:O	1:A:181:VAL:N	0.64	2.31	6	4

## 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	170/224 (76%)	129±3 (76±2%)	25±2 (15±1%)	16±3 (10±2%)	1 11	
All	All	1700/2240 (76%)	1290 (76%)	248 (15%)	162 (10%)	1 11	

5 of 51 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	63	VAL	8
1	A	110	MET	8
1	A	37	ALA	7
1	A	62	PHE	6
1	A	140	ALA	6

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	150/198 (76%)	140±4 (93±3%)	10±4 (7±3%)	20	69
All	All	1500/1980 (76%)	1401 (93%)	99 (7%)	20	69

5 of 59 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	49	LEU	5
1	A	156	ILE	5
1	A	65	LEU	3
1	A	68	GLN	3
1	A	114	LEU	3

## 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 54% for the well-defined parts and 55% for the entire structure.

#### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1611
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1524
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	87
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

• No matching atom found in the structure. First 5 (of 87) occurrences are reported below.

T:a4 ID	Clasia.	Das	Т	A 4	Shift Data		
List ID	Chain	Res	Type	$\mathbf{e} \mid \mathbf{Atom} \mid$	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	3	SER	HB2	3.853	0.05	2
1	A	3	SER	С	174.6	0.5	1
1	A	4	SER	Н	8.467	0.05	1
1	A	4	SER	С	174.7	0.5	1
1	A	4	SER	CA	59.3	0.5	1
1	A	4	SER	СВ	63.6	0.5	1
1	A	4	SER	N	118.038	0.5	1
1	A	5	HIS	Н	8.648	0.05	1
1	A	5	HIS	С	175.2	0.5	1
1	A	5	HIS	CA	55.4	0.5	1
1	A	5	HIS	СВ	28.7	0.5	1
1	A	5	HIS	N	123.738	0.5	1
1	A	6	HIS	С	176.9	0.5	1
1	A	12	SER	НА	4.46	0.05	1



Continued from previous page...

Continue				A 4		Shift Data	l
List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	12	SER	HB2	3.89	0.05	2
1	A	12	SER	С	174.9	0.5	1
1	A	12	SER	CA	58.7	0.5	1
1	A	12	SER	СВ	64.3	0.5	1
1	A	13	GLY	Н	8.358	0.05	1
1	A	13	GLY	HA2	3.942	0.05	2
1	A	13	GLY	С	173.8	0.5	1
1	A	13	GLY	CA	45.3	0.5	1
1	A	13	GLY	N	110.338	0.5	1
1	A	14	LEU	Н	8.038	0.05	1
1	A	14	LEU	HB2	1.53	0.05	2
1	A	14	LEU	HD11	0.8	0.05	2
1	A	14	LEU	HD12	0.8	0.05	2
1	A	14	LEU	HD13	0.8	0.05	2
1	A	14	LEU	HD21	0.85	0.05	2
1	A	14	LEU	HD22	0.85	0.05	2
1	A	14	LEU	HD23	0.85	0.05	2
1	A	14	LEU	С	177.1	0.5	1
1	A	14	LEU	CA	55.3	0.5	1
1	A	14	LEU	СВ	41.7	0.5	1
1	A	14	LEU	CD1	23.4	0.5	1
1	A	14	LEU	CD2	24.8	0.5	1
1	A	14	LEU	CG	27.2	0.5	1
1	A	14	LEU	N	121.438	0.5	1
1	A	15	VAL	Н	8.078	0.05	1
1	A	15	VAL	HA	4.35	0.05	1
1	A	15	VAL	HG11	0.86	0.05	2
1	A	15	VAL	HG12	0.86	0.05	2
1	A	15	VAL	HG13	0.86	0.05	2
1	A	15	VAL	HG21	0.88	0.05	2
1	A	15	VAL	HG22	0.88	0.05	2
1	A	15	VAL	HG23	0.88	0.05	2
1	A	15	VAL	CA	59.8	0.5	1
1	A	15	VAL	СВ	32.1	0.5	1
1	A	15	VAL	CG1	21.0	0.5	1
1	A	15	VAL	CG2	20.4	0.5	1
1	A	15	VAL	N	122.438	0.5	1
1	A	16	PRO	HA	4.356	0.05	1
1	A	16	PRO	HB2	2.22	0.05	2
1	A	16	PRO	HD2	3.625	0.05	2
1	A	16	PRO	HD3	3.83	0.05	2



 $Continued\ from\ previous\ page...$ 

	Classical			A 4	Shift Data		
List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	16	PRO	HG2	1.9	0.05	2
1	A	16	PRO	HG3	1.98	0.05	2
1	A	16	PRO	С	176.9	0.5	1
1	A	16	PRO	CA	63.0	0.5	1
1	A	16	PRO	СВ	31.8	0.5	1
1	A	17	ARG	Н	8.458	0.05	1
1	A	17	ARG	HA	4.26	0.05	1
1	A	17	ARG	HB2	1.81	0.05	2
1	A	17	ARG	HD2	3.16	0.05	2
1	A	17	ARG	HG2	1.64	0.05	2
1	A	17	ARG	С	177.0	0.5	1
1	A	17	ARG	CA	56.4	0.5	1
1	A	17	ARG	СВ	30.3	0.5	1
1	A	17	ARG	N	121.738	0.5	1
1	A	18	GLY	Н	8.467	0.05	1
1	A	18	GLY	HA2	3.97	0.05	2
1	A	18	GLY	С	174.1	0.5	1
1	A	18	GLY	CA	45.4	0.5	1
1	A	18	GLY	N	110.038	0.5	1
1	A	19	SER	Н	8.198	0.05	1
1	A	19	SER	CA	58.8	0.5	1
1	A	19	SER	СВ	64.1	0.5	1
1	A	19	SER	N	115.438	0.5	1
1	A	22	LEU	С	175.0	0.5	1
1	A	23	GLU	Н	8.288	0.05	1
1	A	23	GLU	HA	4.42	0.05	1
1	A	23	GLU	HB2	2.38	0.05	2
1	A	23	GLU	HB3	2.47	0.05	2
1	A	23	GLU	С	176.4	0.5	1
1	A	23	GLU	CA	55.6	0.5	1
1	A	23	GLU	СВ	32.2	0.5	1
1	A	23	GLU	N	120.938	0.5	1

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, $ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	188	$-0.42 \pm 0.07$	None needed ( $< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$ )
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	171	$0.50 \pm 0.15$	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
<sup>13</sup> C′	183	$-0.14 \pm 0.07$	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)



Continued from previous page...

Nucleus	# values	$\text{Correction} \pm \text{precision}, \textit{ppm}$	Suggested action
$^{15}N$	185	$0.86 \pm 0.34$	Should be applied

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 54%, i.e. 1274 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2338. 0 out of 32 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	629/850 (74%)	182/346~(53%)	296/340 (87%)	151/164 (92%)
Sidechain	623/1307 (48%)	$386/852 \ (45\%)$	235/406 (58%)	2/49 (4%)
Aromatic	22/181 (12%)	21/88 (24%)	0/86 (0%)	1/7 (14%)
Overall	1274/2338 (54%)	589/1286 (46%)	531/832 (64%)	154/220 (70%)

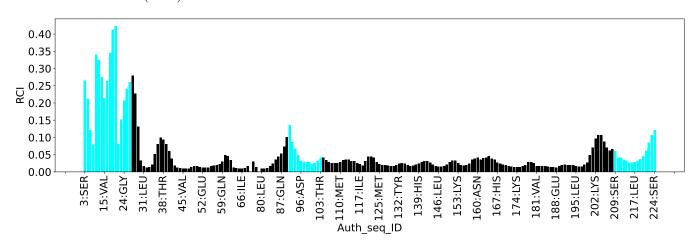
#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





# 8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

## 8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	901
Intra-residue ( $ i-j =0$ )	96
Sequential ( $ i-j =1$ )	223
Medium range ( $ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$ )	251
Long range ( i-j ≥5)	331
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	243
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	5.1
Number of long range restraints per residue <sup>1</sup>	1.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

## 8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

## 8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	32.2	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	38.2	0.48
>0.5 (Large)	0.5	1.09



## 8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than  $1^{\circ}$  are not included in the calculation.

Bins $(^{\circ})$	Average number of violations per model	$\mathbf{Max} \ (^{\circ})$
1.0-10.0 (Small)	36.4	9.7
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	0.2	11.4
>20.0 (Large)	None	None



# 9 Distance violation analysis (i)

## 9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

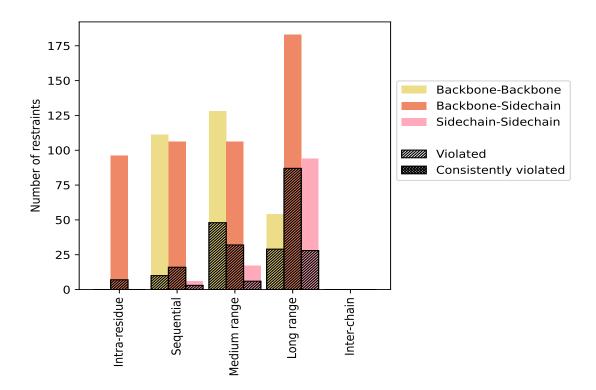
The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Doodnointe tour	C	<b>%</b> <sup>1</sup>	Vi	olated	3	Consis	tentl	${f y}$ Violated $^4$
Restraints type	Count	701	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^{1}$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
Intra-residue ( i-j =0)	96	10.7	7	7.3	0.8	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	96	10.7	7	7.3	0.8	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential ( i-j =1)	223	24.8	29	13.0	3.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	111	12.3	10	9.0	1.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	106	11.8	16	15.1	1.8	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	6	0.7	3	50.0	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ( $ i-j >1 \&  i-j <5$ )	251	27.9	86	34.3	9.5	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	128	14.2	48	37.5	5.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	106	11.8	32	30.2	3.6	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	17	1.9	6	35.3	0.7	0	0.0	0.0
Long range ( $ i-j  \ge 5$ )	331	36.7	144	43.5	16.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	54	6.0	29	53.7	3.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	183	20.3	87	47.5	9.7	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	94	10.4	28	29.8	3.1	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	901	100.0	266	29.5	29.5	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	293	32.5	87	29.7	9.7	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	491	54.5	142	28.9	15.8	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	117	13.0	37	31.6	4.1	0	0.0	0.0

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints,  $^2$  percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category,  $^3$  violated in at least one model,  $^4$  violated in all the models



#### 9.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

## 9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

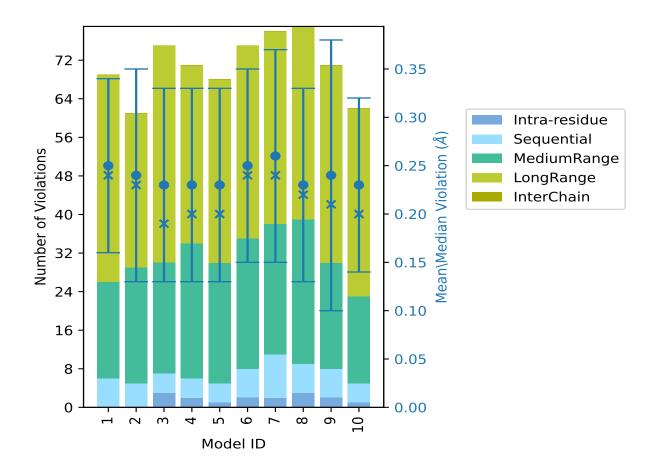
Model ID	$IR^1$	Nun   SQ <sup>2</sup>	nber o	f viola	tions	Total	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	${ m SD}^6 \ ( m \AA)$	Median (Å)
1	0	6	20	43	0	69	0.25	0.44	0.09	0.24
2	0	5	24	32	0	61	0.24	0.72	0.11	0.23
3	3	4	23	45	0	75	0.23	0.61	0.1	0.19
4	2	4	28	37	0	71	0.23	0.47	0.1	0.2
5	1	4	25	38	0	68	0.23	0.57	0.1	0.2
6	2	6	27	40	0	75	0.25	0.48	0.1	0.24
7	2	9	27	40	0	78	0.26	0.66	0.11	0.24
8	3	6	30	40	0	79	0.23	0.43	0.1	0.22
9	2	6	22	41	0	71	0.24	1.09	0.14	0.21
10	1	4	18	39	0	62	0.23	0.43	0.09	0.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intra-residue restraints, <sup>2</sup>Sequential restraints, <sup>3</sup>Medium range restraints, <sup>4</sup>Long range restraints,



<sup>5</sup>Inter-chain restraints, <sup>6</sup>Standard deviation

#### 9.2.1 Bar graph: Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

## 9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 635(IR:89, SQ:194, MR:165, LR:187, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

N	umber	of vio	lated	restr	aints	Fraction of the ensemble		
$IR^1$	$SQ^2$	$MR^3$	$LR^4$	$IC^5$	Total	Count <sup>6</sup>	%	
2	17	33	50	0	102	1	10.0	
4	5	18	35	0	62	2	20.0	
0	5	12	19	0	36	3	30.0	
0	0	5	12	0	17	4	40.0	

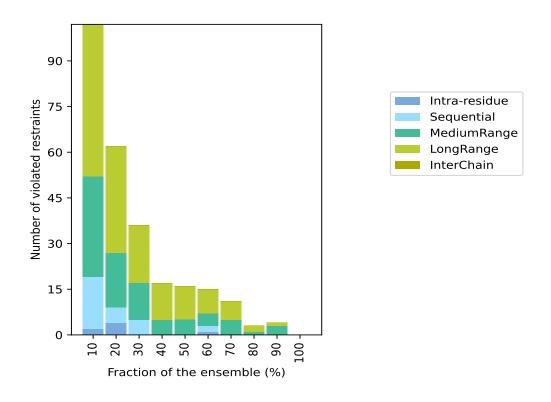


Continued from previous page...

Nu	ımber	of vio	lated	restra	aints	Fraction of the ensemble		
$IR^1$	$SQ^2$	$MR^3$	$LR^4$	$IC^5$	Total	Count <sup>6</sup>	%	
0	0	5	11	0	16	5	50.0	
1	2	4	8	0	15	6	60.0	
0	0	5	6	0	11	7	70.0	
0	0	1	2	0	3	8	80.0	
0	0	3	1	0	4	9	90.0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	100.0	

 $<sup>^1{\</sup>rm Intra-residue}$  restraints,  $^2{\rm Sequential}$  restraints,  $^3{\rm Medium}$  range restraints,  $^4{\rm Long}$  range restraints,  $^5{\rm Inter-chain}$  restraints,  $^6$  Number of models with violations

#### 9.3.1 Bar graph: Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

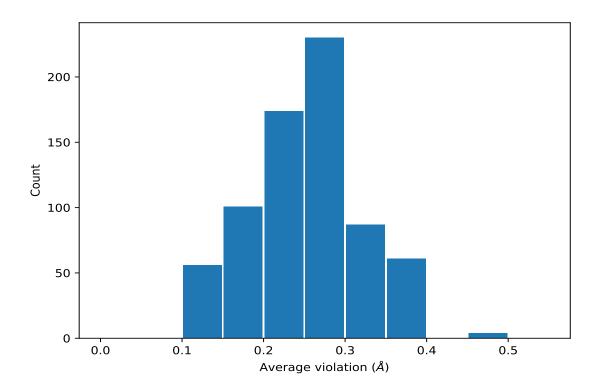


## 9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

#### 9.4.1 Histogram: Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble





#### 9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	$\mathbf{Models}^1$	Mean (Å)	$\mathbf{SD}^1$ (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,387)	1:A:106:GLN:H	1:A:117:ILE:H	9	0.33	0.07	0.35
(1,163)	1:A:48:VAL:H	1:A:52:GLU:H	9	0.29	0.09	0.32
(1,231)	1:A:56:GLU:H	1:A:58:ILE:H	9	0.25	0.08	0.24
(1,855)	1:A:198:SER:HB2	1:A:201:GLU:H	9	0.22	0.09	0.17
(1,855)	1:A:198:SER:HB3	1:A:201:GLU:H	9	0.22	0.09	0.17
(1,362)	1:A:89:GLU:H	1:A:117:ILE:HG21	8	0.3	0.1	0.31
(1,362)	1:A:89:GLU:H	1:A:117:ILE:HG22	8	0.3	0.1	0.31
(1,362)	1:A:89:GLU:H	1:A:117:ILE:HG23	8	0.3	0.1	0.31
(1,184)	1:A:49:LEU:H	1:A:51:ASP:H	8	0.27	0.08	0.3
(1,168)	1:A:49:LEU:HD11	1:A:107:TYR:H	8	0.22	0.12	0.16
(1,168)	1:A:49:LEU:HD12	1:A:107:TYR:H	8	0.22	0.12	0.16
(1,168)	1:A:49:LEU:HD13	1:A:107:TYR:H	8	0.22	0.12	0.16
(1,220)	1:A:54:CYS:H	1:A:58:ILE:H	7	0.34	0.08	0.37
(1,610)	1:A:150:ARG:H	1:A:153:LYS:H	7	0.32	0.07	0.32
(1,298)	1:A:77:PHE:HD1	1:A:116:VAL:HG11	7	0.3	0.12	0.3

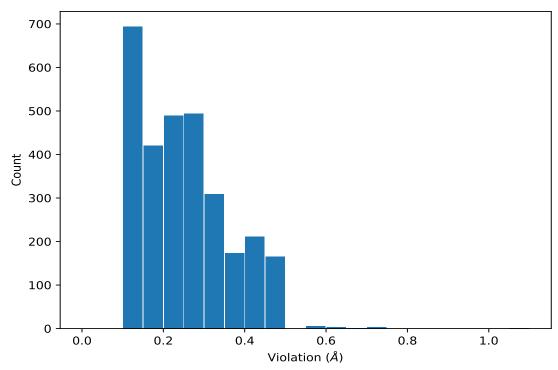


<sup>1</sup>Number of violated models, <sup>2</sup>Standard deviation

#### 9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

#### 9.5.1 Histogram: Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



#### 9.5.2 Table: All distance violations (i)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,27)	1:A:30:ALA:H	1:A:63:VAL:H	9	1.09
(1,748)	1:A:179:GLY:H	1:A:203:LEU:HD21	2	0.72
(1,748)	1:A:179:GLY:H	1:A:203:LEU:HD22	2	0.72
(1,748)	1:A:179:GLY:H	1:A:203:LEU:HD23	2	0.72
(1,226)	1:A:55:GLN:H	1:A:58:ILE:HB	7	0.66
(1,649)	1:A:157:VAL:HG21	1:A:182:TRP:H	3	0.61
(1,649)	1:A:157:VAL:HG22	1:A:182:TRP:H	3	0.61
(1,649)	1:A:157:VAL:HG23	1:A:182:TRP:H	3	0.61



Continued from previous page...

Key		Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
	1:A:39:VAL:HG21	1:A:98:PHE:HE1	5	0.57
(1,110)	1:A:39:VAL:HG21	1:A:98:PHE:HE2	5	0.57
(1,110)	1:A:39:VAL:HG22	1:A:98:PHE:HE1	5	0.57
(1,110)	1:A:39:VAL:HG22	1:A:98:PHE:HE2	5	0.57
(1,110)	1:A:39:VAL:HG23	1:A:98:PHE:HE1	5	0.57
(1,110)	1:A:39:VAL:HG23	1:A:98:PHE:HE2	5	0.57
(1,410)	1:A:108:VAL:HG11	1:A:114:LEU:H	7	0.48
(1,410)	1:A:108:VAL:HG12	1:A:114:LEU:H	7	0.48
(1,410)	1:A:108:VAL:HG13	1:A:114:LEU:H	7	0.48
(1,410)		1:A:114:LEU:H	7	0.48
(1,410)	1:A:108:VAL:HG22	1:A:114:LEU:H	7	0.48
(1,410)	1:A:108:VAL:HG23	1:A:114:LEU:H	7	0.48
(1,298)	1:A:77:PHE:HD1	1:A:116:VAL:HG11	6	0.48
(1,298)	1:A:77:PHE:HD1	1:A:116:VAL:HG12	6	0.48
(1,298)	1:A:77:PHE:HD1	1:A:116:VAL:HG13	6	0.48
(1,298)	1:A:77:PHE:HD1	1:A:116:VAL:HG21	6	0.48
(1,298)	1:A:77:PHE:HD1	1:A:116:VAL:HG22	6	0.48
(1,298)	1:A:77:PHE:HD1	1:A:116:VAL:HG23	6	0.48
(1,298)	1:A:77:PHE:HD2	1:A:116:VAL:HG11	6	0.48
(1,298)	1:A:77:PHE:HD2	1:A:116:VAL:HG12	6	0.48
(1,298)	1:A:77:PHE:HD2	1:A:116:VAL:HG13	6	0.48
(1,298)	1:A:77:PHE:HD2	1:A:116:VAL:HG21	6	0.48
(1,298)	1:A:77:PHE:HD2	1:A:116:VAL:HG22	6	0.48
(1,298)	1:A:77:PHE:HD2	1:A:116:VAL:HG23	6	0.48
(1,761)	1:A:181:VAL:H	1:A:183:SER:H	4	0.47
(1,362)	1:A:89:GLU:H	1:A:117:ILE:HG21	7	0.47
(1,362)	1:A:89:GLU:H	1:A:117:ILE:HG22	7	0.47
(1,362)	1:A:89:GLU:H	1:A:117:ILE:HG23	7	0.47
(1,306)	1:A:80:LEU:HD11	1:A:81:VAL:HG11	2	0.47



# 10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

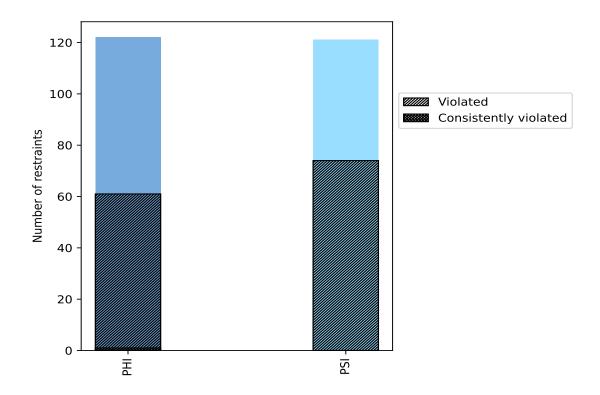
## 10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle true	Count	$\%^{1}$	${f Violated}^3$			Consistently Violated <sup>4</sup>			
Angle type	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	
PHI	122	50.2	61	50.0	25.1	1	0.8	0.4	
PSI	121	49.8	74	61.2	30.5	0	0.0	0.0	
Total	243	100.0	135	55.6	55.6	1	0.4	0.4	

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints,  $^2$  percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type,  $^3$  violated in at least one model,  $^4$  violated in all the models

#### 10.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

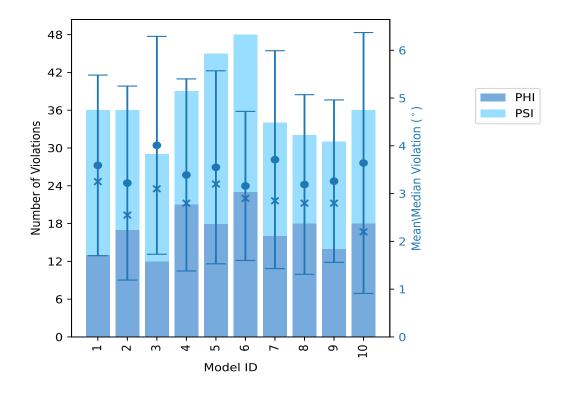


## 10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Num	iber o	of violations	Moon (°)	Mov (°)	SD (°)	Median (°)
Model 1D	PHI	PSI	Total	$Mean (^{\circ})$	$\mathbf{Max} \ (^{\circ})$	SD ( )	Median ( )
1	13	23	36	3.59	8.9	1.89	3.25
2	17	19	36	3.22	9.0	2.03	2.55
3	12	17	29	4.01	9.0	2.28	3.1
4	21	18	39	3.39	7.9	2.01	2.8
5	18	27	45	3.55	9.3	2.02	3.2
6	23	25	48	3.16	7.0	1.56	2.9
7	16	18	34	3.71	11.4	2.28	2.85
8	18	14	32	3.19	9.0	1.88	2.8
9	14	17	31	3.26	7.7	1.7	2.8
10	18	18	36	3.64	10.3	2.73	2.2

#### 10.2.1 Bar graph: Dihedral violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right



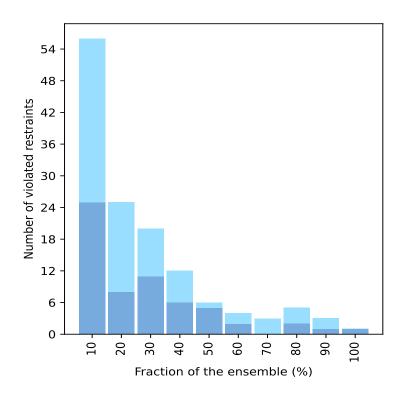
#### 10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Num	iber o	f violated restraints	Fractio	n of the ensemble
PHI	PSI	Total	Count <sup>1</sup>	%
25	31	56	1	10.0
8	17	25	2	20.0
11	9	20	3	30.0
6	6	12	4	40.0
5	1	6	5	50.0
2	2	4	6	60.0
0	3	3	7	70.0
2	3	5	8	80.0
1	2	3	9	90.0
1	0	1	10	100.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Number of models with violations

#### 10.3.1 Bar graph: Dihedral-angle Violation statistics for the ensemble (i)



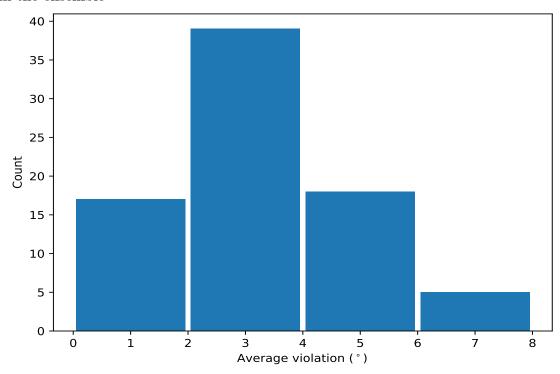




#### 10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble (i)

#### 10.4.1 Histogram: Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



#### 10.4.2 Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	$\mathbf{Models}^1$	Mean	$\mathbf{SD}^2$	Median
(1,25)	1:A:46:SER:C	1:A:47:CYS:N	1:A:47:CYS:CA	1:A:47:CYS:C	10	4.58	2.07	3.65
(1,191)	1:A:185:ALA:N	1:A:185:ALA:CA	1:A:185:ALA:C	1:A:186:PRO:N	9	3.46	1.37	3.9
(1,72)	1:A:84:ARG:N	1:A:84:ARG:CA	1:A:84:ARG:C	1:A:85:GLY:N	9	2.8	2.25	2.2
(1,190)	1:A:184:CYS:C	1:A:185:ALA:N	1:A:185:ALA:CA	1:A:185:ALA:C	9	2.42	1.2	1.9
(1,87)	1:A:105:ARG:C	1:A:106:GLN:N	1:A:106:GLN:CA	1:A:106:GLN:C	8	6.19	1.73	5.5
(1,112)	1:A:126:GLN:N	1:A:126:GLN:CA	1:A:126:GLN:C	1:A:127:SER:N	8	4.36	1.6	4.15
(1,160)	1:A:158:CYS:N	1:A:158:CYS:CA	1:A:158:CYS:C	1:A:159:VAL:N	8	3.64	1.38	3.45
(1,225)	1:A:206:PHE:N	1:A:206:PHE:CA	1:A:206:PHE:C	1:A:207:PRO:N	8	3.5	1.86	3.4
(1,81)	1:A:97:GLN:C	1:A:98:PHE:N	1:A:98:PHE:CA	1:A:98:PHE:C	8	2.0	0.82	1.5
(1,173)	1:A:172:ALA:N	1:A:172:ALA:CA	1:A:172:ALA:C	1:A:173:ASP:N	7	5.71	2.41	5.6

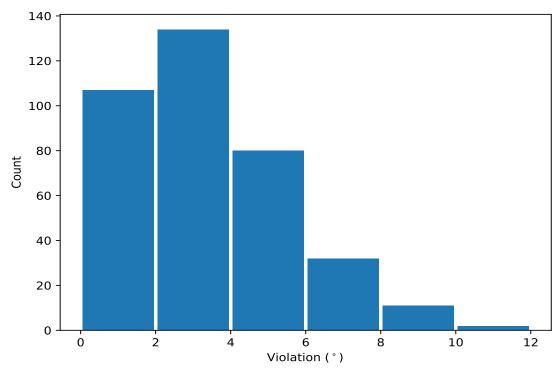
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Number of violated models, <sup>2</sup>Standard deviation, All angle values are in degree (°)



## 10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

#### 10.5.1 Histogram: Distribution of violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



#### 10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the list of violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,176)	1:A:173:ASP:C	1:A:174:LYS:N	1:A:174:LYS:CA	1:A:174:LYS:C	7	11.4
(1,184)	1:A:177:GLU:C	1:A:178:LEU:N	1:A:178:LEU:CA	1:A:178:LEU:C	10	10.3
(1,87)	1:A:105:ARG:C	1:A:106:GLN:N	1:A:106:GLN:CA	1:A:106:GLN:C	10	9.7
(1,168)	1:A:169:GLN:C	1:A:170:GLN:N	1:A:170:GLN:CA	1:A:170:GLN:C	10	9.6
(1,98)	1:A:114:LEU:N	1:A:114:LEU:CA	1:A:114:LEU:C	1:A:115:LYS:N	5	9.3
(1,72)	1:A:84:ARG:N	1:A:84:ARG:CA	1:A:84:ARG:C	1:A:85:GLY:N	2	9.0
(1,176)	1:A:173:ASP:C	1:A:174:LYS:N	1:A:174:LYS:CA	1:A:174:LYS:C	3	9.0
(1,173)	1:A:172:ALA:N	1:A:172:ALA:CA	1:A:172:ALA:C	1:A:173:ASP:N	8	9.0
(1,182)	1:A:176:VAL:C	1:A:177:GLU:N	1:A:177:GLU:CA	1:A:177:GLU:C	1	8.9
(1,131)	1:A:137:ILE:C	1:A:138:SER:N	1:A:138:SER:CA	1:A:138:SER:C	10	8.8

