

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Dec 10, 2023 - 03:42 am GMT

PDB ID : 2JHS

Title : CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF RHOGDI K135H,K138H,K141H MUTANT

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Deposited on : 2007-02-23

Resolution : 1.95 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

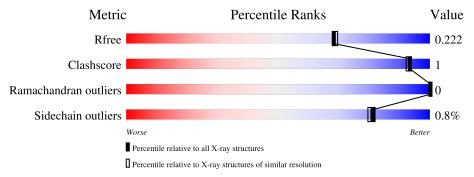
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

### 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.95 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	2580 (1.96-1.96)
Clashscore	141614	2705 (1.96-1.96)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2678 (1.96-1.96)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2678 (1.96-1.96)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

ľ	Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
	1	A	138	93%	5% ••



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1262 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

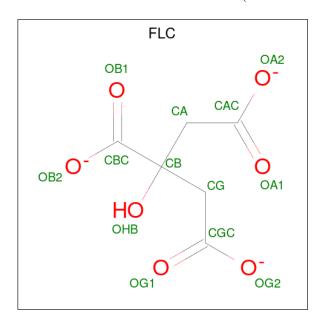
• Molecule 1 is a protein called RHO GDP-DISSOCIATION INHIBITOR 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	137	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
1	Α	137	1116	713	189	209	5	0	1	U

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	135	HIS	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P52565
A	138	HIS	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P52565
A	141	HIS	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P52565

• Molecule 2 is CITRATE ANION (three-letter code: FLC) (formula:  $C_6H_5O_7$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total 13	C 6	O 7	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.



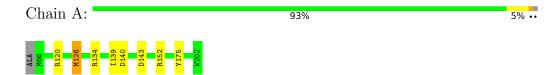
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	133	Total O 133 133	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: RHO GDP-DISSOCIATION INHIBITOR 1





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	75.32Å 75.32Å 91.28Å	Domositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	65.23 - 1.95	Depositor
Resolution (A)	37.66  -  1.95	EDS
% Data completeness	99.5 (65.23-1.95)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.5 (37.66-1.95)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.04	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.66 (at 1.95Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
D.D.	0.178 , 0.209	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.184 , $0.222$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1043 reflections (4.71%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	35.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.109	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34 , 34.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.029 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	1262	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	56.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.42% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

### 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FLC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.54	0/1147	1.23	7/1551 (0.5%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	126	MET	CG-SD-CE	-14.00	77.80	100.20
1	A	140	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	9.69	127.02	118.30
1	A	143	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	8.23	125.71	118.30
1	A	140	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-7.01	111.99	118.30
1	A	120	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.42	123.01	120.30
1	A	152	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.39	122.99	120.30
1	A	143	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.10	113.71	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1116	0	1099	3	0
2	A	13	0	5	0	0
3	A	133	0	0	0	0
All	All	1262	0	1104	3	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (3) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ (\rm \AA) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:134[B]:ARG:HG2	1:A:175:TYR:CE2	2.46	0.50
1:A:134[B]:ARG:HG2	1:A:175:TYR:CD2	2.49	0.47
1:A:139:ILE:HG21	1:A:139:ILE:HD13	1.88	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	136/138 (99%)	135 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	124/123 (101%)	123 (99%)	1 (1%)	81 80		

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	126	MET

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
WIOI					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	FLC	A	1203	-	12,12,12	1.15	0	17,17,17	2.01	6 (35%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	FLC	A	1203	_	_	0/16/16/16	-



There are no bond length outliers.

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	A	1203	FLC	OB2-CBC-CB	4.43	120.74	113.05
2	A	1203	FLC	OA2-CAC-OA1	-3.34	114.98	123.30
2	A	1203	FLC	OB1-CBC-CB	-3.07	117.91	122.25
2	A	1203	FLC	CB-CG-CGC	2.69	120.33	113.81
2	A	1203	FLC	OA1-CAC-CA	2.35	129.80	122.94
2	A	1203	FLC	OHB-CB-CG	2.09	114.29	109.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

