

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Oct 15, 2023 – 07:28 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2GGS

Title : crystal structure of hypothetical dTDP-4-dehydrorhamnose reductase from

sulfolobus tokodaii

Authors: Rajakannan, V.; Mizushima, T.; Suzuki, A.; Masui, R.; Kuramitsu, S.; Ya-

mane, T.

Deposited on : 2006-03-24

Resolution : 1.70 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

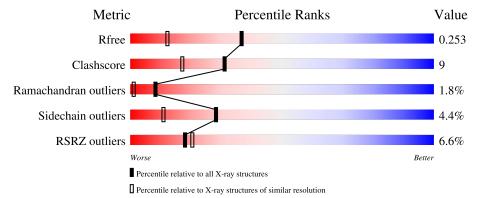
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	Similar resolution $(\# \text{Entries, resolution range}(\text{\AA}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	4298 (1.70-1.70)
Clashscore	141614	4695 (1.70-1.70)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4610 (1.70-1.70)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4610 (1.70-1.70)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4222 (1.70-1.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	273	87%	10%	<del>.</del>
1	В	273	80%	16%	<del></del>



# 2 Entry composition (i)

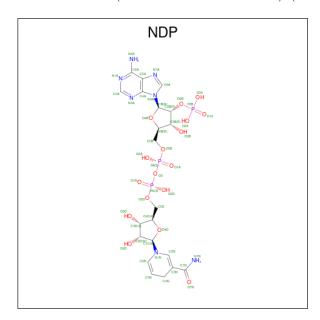
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4995 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called 273aa long hypothetical dTDP-4-dehydrorhamnose reductase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	273	Total 2185	C 1402	± 1	O 410	S 4	0	0	0
1	В	273	Total 2184	C 1402	N 369	O 409	S 4	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is NADPH DIHYDRO-NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: NDP) (formula: C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>30</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>17</sub>P<sub>3</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
2	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	A	1	48	21	7	17	3	U	
9	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	Б	1	48	21	7	17	3	U	0

• Molecule 3 is water.



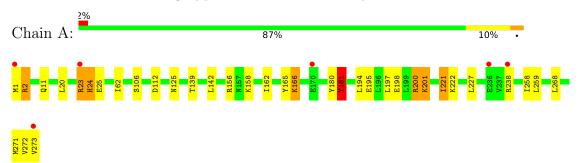
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	331	Total O 331 331	0	0
3	В	199	Total O 199 199	0	0



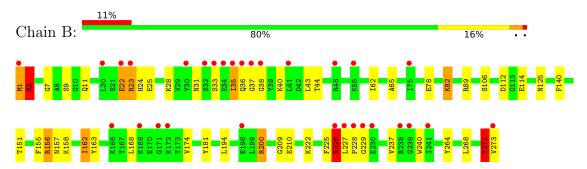
## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: 273aa long hypothetical dTDP-4-dehydrorhamnose reductase



• Molecule 1: 273aa long hypothetical dTDP-4-dehydrorhamnose reductase





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	153.94Å 40.68Å 103.14Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 116.18° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.87 - 1.70	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	19.87 - 1.70	EDS
% Data completeness	99.0 (19.87-1.70)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.0 (19.87-1.70)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	5.20 (at 1.70Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
D D.	0.208 , 0.253	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.206 , $0.253$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3203  reflections  (5.09%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	22.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.091	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.37, 54.3	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	4995	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	27.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.52% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NDP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol   Chain		Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.76	0/2223	0.80	2/2991 (0.1%)	
1	В	0.72	0/2222	0.82	1/2991 (0.0%)	
All	All	0.74	0/4445	0.81	3/5982 (0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3
1	В	0	3
All	All	0	6

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	226	ASN	N-CA-C	6.53	128.64	111.00
1	A	23	ARG	N-CA-C	6.52	128.61	111.00
1	A	181	TYR	N-CA-CB	-5.25	101.16	110.60

There are no chirality outliers.

All (6) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	180	TYR	Peptide
1	A	23	ARG	Peptide
1	A	272	VAL	Peptide



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	В	155	PHE	Peptide
1	В	225	PHE	Peptide
1	В	272	VAL	Peptide

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2185	0	2243	28	0
1	В	2184	0	2243	51	0
2	A	48	0	26	3	0
2	В	48	0	26	11	0
3	A	331	0	0	6	0
3	В	199	0	0	3	0
All	All	4995	0	4538	82	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (82) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:22:GLU:CB	1:B:23:ARG:HB2	1.71	1.20
1:B:22:GLU:HB2	1:B:23:ARG:HB2	1.33	1.07
1:B:22:GLU:HB2	1:B:23:ARG:CB	1.86	1.05
1:B:7:GLY:HA2	2:B:901:NDP:H1B	1.39	1.05
1:A:200:ARG:HG2	1:A:200:ARG:HH11	1.22	1.00
1:B:200:ARG:HG2	1:B:200:ARG:HH11	1.28	0.96
1:B:22:GLU:HB3	1:B:23:ARG:HB2	1.49	0.91
1:A:20:LEU:O	1:A:24:HIS:HB2	1.75	0.86
1:A:200:ARG:HH11	1:A:200:ARG:CG	1.88	0.86
1:A:2:ARG:HD3	1:A:24:HIS:HD2	1.43	0.82
1:B:43:LEU:HB2	2:B:901:NDP:N1A	1.97	0.80
2:A:900:NDP:H41N	3:A:1134:HOH:O	1.85	0.76
1:B:7:GLY:CA	2:B:901:NDP:H1B	2.17	0.74
1:A:20:LEU:O	1:A:24:HIS:CB	2.35	0.74



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Continued from prev		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}({\rm \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:B:200:ARG:HD2	3:B:1036:HOH:O	1.86	0.74
1:A:2:ARG:HD3	1:A:24:HIS:CD2	2.23	0.73
1:B:22:GLU:CB	1:B:23:ARG:CB	2.51	0.73
1:B:22:GLU:HB2	1:B:23:ARG:HB3	1.68	0.72
1:B:168:LEU:HB2	1:B:227:LEU:HD23	1.73	0.70
1:A:200:ARG:HG2	1:A:200:ARG:NH1	2.02	0.70
1:B:151:THR:O	2:B:901:NDP:H5N	1.92	0.69
1:B:1:MET:HA	1:B:1:MET:CE	2.24	0.68
1:B:226:ASN:H	1:B:227:LEU:HB2	1.58	0.68
1:B:162:ILE:C	1:B:162:ILE:HD13	2.16	0.65
1:B:44:THR:HB	1:B:82:LYS:HG2	1.79	0.65
1:B:106:SER:O	2:B:901:NDP:H6N	1.95	0.65
1:B:1:MET:HA	1:B:1:MET:HE2	1.78	0.64
1:B:200:ARG:HH11	1:B:200:ARG:CG	2.06	0.63
1:A:238:ARG:HG2	3:A:1014:HOH:O	1.97	0.62
1:A:1:MET:HG2	1:A:25:GLU:OE1	2.00	0.62
1:B:35:ILE:HG23	1:B:36:GLN:H	1.64	0.61
1:B:31:ASN:HB3	2:B:901:NDP:O3X	2.02	0.60
1:A:201:LYS:NZ	3:A:1052:HOH:O	2.35	0.59
2:A:900:NDP:C4N	3:A:1134:HOH:O	2.46	0.59
1:B:78:GLU:H	1:B:78:GLU:CD	2.06	0.59
1:B:200:ARG:HG2	1:B:200:ARG:NH1	2.05	0.57
1:B:7:GLY:HA2	2:B:901:NDP:C1B	2.24	0.57
1:A:2:ARG:CD	1:A:24:HIS:HD2	2.16	0.56
1:B:36:GLN:HA	1:B:36:GLN:OE1	2.06	0.56
1:A:62:ILE:HD11	1:A:197:LEU:HD11	1.88	0.56
1:B:89:ARG:HD3	1:B:140:PHE:CE1	2.42	0.55
1:B:156:ARG:HG2	1:B:157:ASN:H	1.71	0.55
1:A:11:GLN:NE2	1:A:158:LYS:H	2.04	0.55
1:A:162:ILE:O	1:A:166:LYS:HG3	2.06	0.54
1:A:2:ARG:HB3	1:A:25:GLU:O	2.06	0.54
1:B:114:GLU:HG2	3:B:1021:HOH:O	2.09	0.53
1:B:1:MET:HB3	1:B:25:GLU:OE1	2.10	0.51
1:A:268:LEU:HB3	1:A:271:MET:HE2	1.93	0.51
1:B:157:ASN:HA	1:B:272:VAL:O	2.11	0.51
1:B:226:ASN:N	1:B:227:LEU:HB2	2.26	0.50
1:A:200:ARG:CG	1:A:200:ARG:NH1	2.57	0.49
1:B:112:ASP:HB3	1:B:125:ASN:O	2.13	0.49
1:A:20:LEU:O	1:A:24:HIS:HB3	2.14	0.48
1:B:2:ARG:CD	1:B:24:HIS:HD2	2.26	0.47
1:A:181:TYR:H	1:A:181:TYR:HD1	1.62	0.47



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Continued from prec		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}\ ({\rm \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:B:9:SER:OG	2:B:901:NDP:O1X	2.29	0.47
1:B:168:LEU:HD22	1:B:229:GLY:HA3	1.97	0.47
1:B:9:SER:HB3	1:B:33:SER:O	2.15	0.47
1:B:237:VAL:HB	1:B:240:TRP:CD2	2.50	0.47
1:A:222:LYS:NZ	1:A:227:LEU:O	2.48	0.47
1:A:273:VAL:HG22	3:A:1109:HOH:O	2.14	0.47
1:B:7:GLY:HA3	2:B:901:NDP:H4B	1.98	0.46
1:B:1:MET:CE	1:B:1:MET:CA	2.91	0.45
1:A:112:ASP:HB3	1:A:125:ASN:O	2.16	0.45
1:B:156:ARG:CG	1:B:157:ASN:N	2.80	0.45
1:B:11:GLN:NE2	1:B:158:LYS:H	2.15	0.45
1:B:163:TYR:HE2	1:B:174:VAL:HG13	1.82	0.44
1:A:165:TYR:CA	1:A:221:ILE:HD11	2.47	0.44
1:A:162:ILE:HG12	3:A:1126:HOH:O	2.19	0.43
1:A:106:SER:O	2:A:900:NDP:H6N	2.19	0.43
1:B:209:GLY:HA2	1:B:264:TYR:HA	2.01	0.43
1:B:168:LEU:CB	1:B:227:LEU:HD23	2.46	0.42
1:B:65:ALA:HA	2:B:901:NDP:O4B	2.19	0.42
1:B:168:LEU:HD13	1:B:222:LYS:HB2	2.02	0.42
1:B:36:GLN:O	1:B:38:GLY:N	2.53	0.41
1:B:156:ARG:HG2	1:B:157:ASN:N	2.35	0.41
1:A:195:GLU:HB3	1:A:259:LEU:HD22	2.03	0.41
1:A:258:ILE:HG22	1:A:259:LEU:HD23	2.01	0.41
1:A:139:THR:HA	1:A:142:LEU:HD12	2.02	0.41
1:B:28:LYS:O	1:B:38:GLY:HA2	2.21	0.41
2:B:901:NDP:H2N	2:B:901:NDP:H2D	1.72	0.40
1:B:200:ARG:CD	3:B:1036:HOH:O	2.58	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Favoured   Allowed		Percentiles	
1	A	271/273 (99%)	257 (95%)	12 (4%)	2 (1%)	22 8	
1	В	271/273 (99%)	251 (93%)	12 (4%)	8 (3%)	4 0	
All	All	542/546 (99%)	508 (94%)	24 (4%)	10 (2%)	8 1	

All (10) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	24	HIS
1	В	2	ARG
1	В	23	ARG
1	В	37	GLY
1	В	22	GLU
1	В	226	ASN
1	В	228	PRO
1	A	156	ARG
1	В	35	ILE
1	В	272	VAL

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	237/237 (100%)	229 (97%)	8 (3%)	37	18	
1	В	237/237 (100%)	224 (94%)	13 (6%)	21	7	
All	All	474/474 (100%)	453 (96%)	21 (4%)	28	11	

All (21) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	2	ARG
1	A	166	LYS
1	A	181	TYR
1	A	194	LEU
1	A	198	GLU
1	A	200	ARG



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	201	LYS
1	A	221	ILE
1	В	1	MET
1	В	2	ARG
1	В	40	LYS
1	В	62	ILE
1	В	82	LYS
1	В	156	ARG
1	В	162	ILE
1	В	181	TYR
1	В	194	LEU
1	В	200	ARG
1	В	210	GLU
1	В	268	LEU
1	В	273	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	11	GLN
1	A	24	HIS
1	В	11	GLN
1	В	24	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	e Chain Res Link		Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NDP	A	900	-	45,52,52	1.71	5 (11%)	53,80,80	1.41	4 (7%)
2	NDP	В	901	-	45,52,52	1.60	5 (11%)	53,80,80	1.46	4 (7%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NDP	A	900	-	-	9/30/77/77	0/5/5/5
2	NDP	В	901	-	-	7/30/77/77	0/5/5/5

All (10) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\textup{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
2	A	900	NDP	O7N-C7N	7.11	1.41	1.24
2	В	901	NDP	O7N-C7N	7.04	1.41	1.24
2	A	900	NDP	C6N-C5N	3.99	1.40	1.33
2	A	900	NDP	P2B-O2B	3.76	1.66	1.59
2	В	901	NDP	C2A-N3A	3.72	1.38	1.32
2	В	901	NDP	C6N-C5N	3.68	1.39	1.33
2	A	900	NDP	C2A-N3A	3.57	1.37	1.32
2	В	901	NDP	C2A-N1A	3.44	1.40	1.33
2	A	900	NDP	C2A-N1A	2.96	1.39	1.33
2	В	901	NDP	P2B-O2B	2.00	1.63	1.59

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	901	NDP	N3A-C2A-N1A	-6.35	118.75	128.68
2	A	900	NDP	N3A-C2A-N1A	-6.34	118.76	128.68
2	В	901	NDP	C1D-N1N-C2N	-4.20	114.12	121.11
2	В	901	NDP	PN-O3-PA	-3.08	122.26	132.83



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	A	900	NDP	C2A-N1A-C6A	2.97	123.83	118.75
2	A	900	NDP	O3D-C3D-C4D	-2.35	104.27	111.05
2	A	900	NDP	O4B-C4B-C3B	2.29	109.64	105.11
2	В	901	NDP	C2D-C1D-N1N	-2.27	107.63	113.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (16) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	900	NDP	C2B-O2B-P2B-O3X
2	A	900	NDP	C5D-O5D-PN-O1N
2	В	901	NDP	C5D-O5D-PN-O1N
2	В	901	NDP	C2D-C1D-N1N-C6N
2	A	900	NDP	PN-O3-PA-O1A
2	В	901	NDP	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B
2	A	900	NDP	C5D-O5D-PN-O3
2	В	901	NDP	PN-O3-PA-O1A
2	A	900	NDP	C5D-O5D-PN-O2N
2	A	900	NDP	O4D-C1D-N1N-C6N
2	A	900	NDP	C2D-C1D-N1N-C6N
2	В	901	NDP	O4D-C1D-N1N-C6N
2	В	901	NDP	C5D-O5D-PN-O3
2	A	900	NDP	PN-O3-PA-O2A
2	В	901	NDP	PN-O3-PA-O2A
2	A	900	NDP	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 14 short contacts:

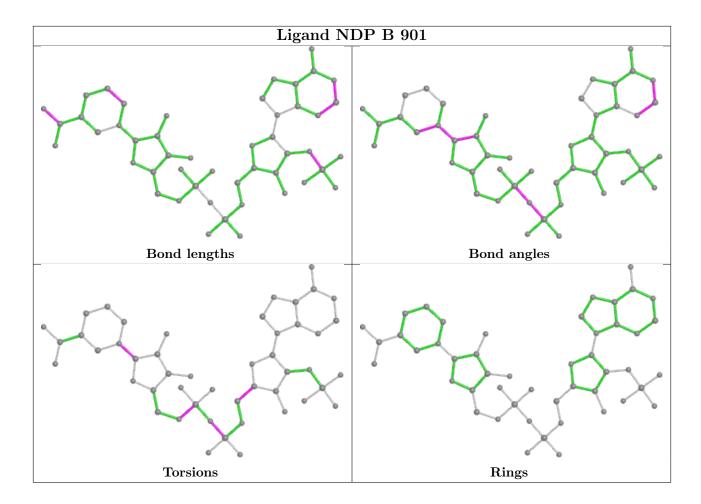
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	900	NDP	3	0
2	В	901	NDP	11	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and



any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	273/273 (100%)	-0.01	6 (2%) 62 66	12, 21, 34, 43	0
1	В	273/273 (100%)	0.70	30 (10%) 5 6	14, 29, 51, 61	0
All	All	546/546 (100%)	0.34	36 (6%) 18 20	12, 24, 46, 61	0

All (36) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	35	ILE	9.5
1	В	273	VAL	9.0
1	В	23	ARG	7.3
1	В	226	ASN	6.4
1	В	238	ARG	6.1
1	В	37	GLY	6.1
1	В	227	LEU	5.3
1	В	1	MET	5.3
1	В	33	SER	5.2
1	В	36	GLN	4.8
1	В	171	GLY	4.7
1	В	169	LYS	4.7
1	В	32	SER	4.6
1	В	22	GLU	3.7
1	A	1	MET	3.6
1	A	273	VAL	3.6
1	В	228	PRO	3.4
1	В	38	GLY	3.3
1	В	239	GLY	3.3
1	В	75	ILE	3.2
1	В	166	LYS	3.1
1	В	41	LEU	3.0
1	В	229	GLY	2.7
1	В	241	ILE	2.6



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	230	GLU	2.5
1	В	34	GLU	2.4
1	В	48	ARG	2.3
1	A	238	ARG	2.3
1	В	55	LYS	2.3
1	A	170	GLU	2.3
1	В	198	GLU	2.2
1	В	172	LYS	2.2
1	A	23	ARG	2.2
1	В	30	TYR	2.1
1	В	20	LEU	2.0
1	A	236	GLU	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

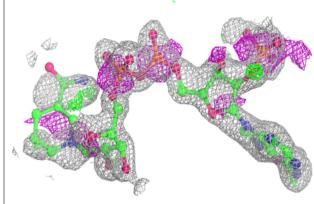
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	NDP	В	901	48/48	0.79	0.22	22,36,49,52	0
2	NDP	A	900	48/48	0.97	0.07	13,16,33,39	0

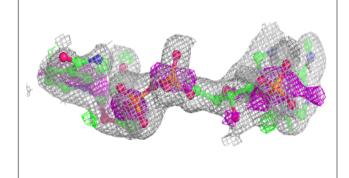
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

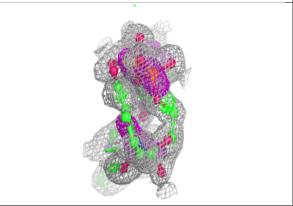


#### Electron density around NDP B 901:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

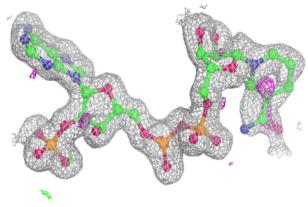


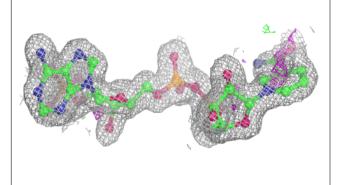


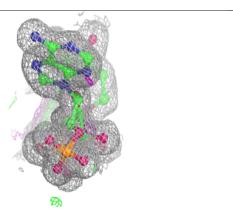


#### Electron density around NDP A 900:

 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

