

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 16, 2020 - 05:07 am BST

PDB ID : 2G60

Title : Structure of anti-FLAG M2 Fab domain

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Resolution : 1.85 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $\begin{array}{ccc} Mol Probity & : & 4.02 \, b\text{-}467 \\ Xtriage & (Phenix) & : & 1.13 \end{array}$

EDS: 2.11

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove) roteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

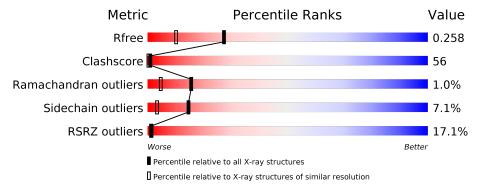
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, resolution range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	2469 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	141614	2625 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2592 (1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2592 (1.86-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2436 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
			23%	_				
1	L	216	47%	47%	5% •			
_			11%					
2	Н	215	59%	33%	• •			



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3518 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called anti-FLAG M2 Fab light chain.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	L	213	Total 1635	C 1026	N 275	O 328	S 6	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called anti-FLAG M2 Fab heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	Н	208	Total 1499	C 949	N 245	O 298	S 7	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

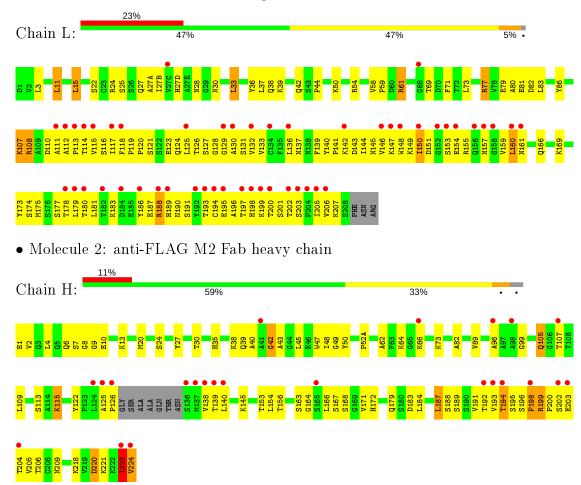
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	L	175	Total O 175 175	0	0
3	Н	209	Total O 209 209	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: anti-FLAG M2 Fab light chain





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor	
Cell constants	87.36Å 133.76Å 41.48Å	D	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	50.00 - 1.85	Depositor	
Resolution (A)	41.52 - 1.86	EDS	
% Data completeness	(Not available) (50.00-1.85)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	95.7 (41.52-1.86)	EDS	
R_{merge}	0.03	Depositor	
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.11 (at 1.86Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor	
P. P.	0.235 , 0.278	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.254 , 0.258	DCC	
R_{free} test set	2008 reflections (5.02%)	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	29.0	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.552	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35, 76.2	EDS	
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS	
Total number of atoms	3518	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	45.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.13% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	L	0.80	0/1673	0.87	$2/2274 \ (0.1\%)$	
2	Н	1.06	4/1535~(0.3%)	1.05	1/2097 (0.0%)	
All	All	0.93	4/3208 (0.1%)	0.96	3/4371 (0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	L	0	1

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
2	Н	27	TYR	CD2-CE2	6.99	1.49	1.39
2	Н	62	ALA	CA-CB	6.66	1.66	1.52
2	Н	224	VAL	C-OXT	6.54	1.35	1.23
2	Н	50	TYR	CD1-CE1	5.35	1.47	1.39

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type	Atoms	Atoms Z C		$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	L	11	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.12	129.37	115.30
2	Н	99	GLY	N-CA-C	-6.06	97.96	113.10
1	L	33	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-5.34	103.02	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	${ m L}$	36	TYR	Sidechain



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	L	1635	0	1579	178	0
2	Н	1499	0	1473	170	0
3	Н	209	0	0	102	1
3	L	175	0	0	83	1
All	All	3518	0	3052	346	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 56.

The worst 5 of 346 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{c} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance } (ext{Å}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
2:H:9:GLY:HA3	3:H:414:HOH:O	1.34	1 27
1:L:61:ARG:HD2	3:L:372:HOH:O	1.45	1.27
1:L:108:ARG:HD3	3:L:371:HOH:O	1.48	1.09
2:H:1:GLU:HG2	2:H:2:VAL:N		
		1.60	1.08
2:H:198:PRO:HA	3:H:428:HOH:O	1.53	1.08

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-1 Atom-2		$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
3:L:212:HOH:O	3:H:227:HOH:O[4_455]	1.79	0.41

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	L	211/216 (98%)	197 (93%)	14 (7%)	0	100	100
2	Н	$204/215 \; (95\%)$	189 (93%)	11 (5%)	4 (2%)	7	1
All	All	415/431 (96%)	386 (93%)	25 (6%)	4 (1%)	15	5

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	Н	223	ILE
2	Н	163	SER
2	Н	198	PRO
2	Н	42	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	L	183/186 (98%)	170 (93%)	13 (7%)	14 3
2	Н	156/160 (98%)	145 (93%)	11 (7%)	14 3
All	All	339/346 (98%)	315 (93%)	24 (7%)	14 3

5 of 24 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	L	150	ILE
2	Н	24	SER
2	Н	221	LYS
1	L	160	LEU
1	L	188	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 7 such sidechains are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	${f Res}$	\mathbf{Type}
1	L	161	ASN
2	Н	35	HIS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	L	189	HIS
1	L	30	ASN
2	Н	3	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ} > 2$	2	$OWAB(m \AA^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	L	213/216 (98%)	1.23	49 (23%) 0	0	22, 47, 88, 98	0
2	Н	$208/215 \; (96\%)$	0.68	23 (11%) 5	5	19, 32, 76, 87	0
All	All	421/431 (97%)	0.96	72 (17%) 1	1	19, 38, 85, 98	0

The worst 5 of 72 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type	RSRZ
1	L	203	SER	8.2
2	Н	125	ALA	5.6
1	L	202	THR	5.5
1	L	117	ILE	5.1
1	L	206	VAL	5.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

