

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 16, 2023 – 10:39 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2F7Q

Title : Golgi alpha-mannosidase II complex with aminocyclopentitetrol

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Deposited on : 2005-12-01

Resolution : 1.85 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.35

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

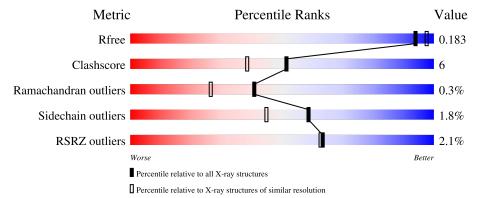
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# ext{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	2469 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	141614	2625 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2592 (1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2592 (1.86-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2436 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
			2%				
1	A	1045	84%	12%	• •		

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mo	l Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	MPD	A	5003	X	-	-	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9434 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called alpha-mannosidase II.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	1014	Total 8256	C 5241	N 1444	O 1529	S 42	0	19	0

There are 12 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	ARG	-	cloning artifact	GB 517481
A	2	SER	-	cloning artifact	GB 517481
A	3	SER	-	cloning artifact	GB 517481
A	4	HIS	-	expression tag	GB 517481
A	5	HIS	-	expression tag	GB 517481
A	6	HIS	-	expression tag	GB 517481
A	7	HIS	-	expression tag	GB 517481
A	8	HIS	-	expression tag	GB 517481
A	9	HIS	-	expression tag	GB 517481
A	10	GLY	-	cloning artifact	GB 517481
A	11	GLU	-	cloning artifact	GB 517481
A	12	PHE	-	cloning artifact	GB 517481

• Molecule 2 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



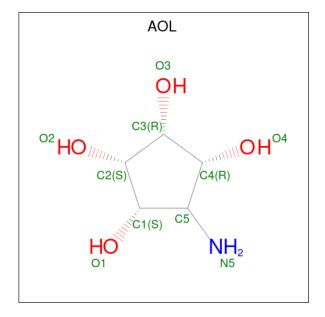


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf		
2	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

• Molecule 3 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		$\mathbf{ZeroOcc}$	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 1	Zn 1	0	0

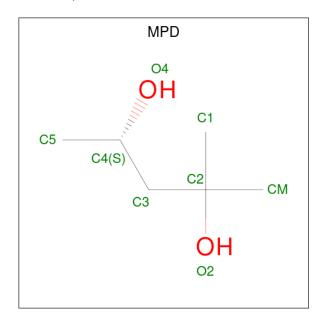
• Molecule 4 is (1R,2R,3S,4S,5R)-5-AMINOCYCLOPENTANE-1,2,3,4-TETROL (three-letter code: AOL) (formula: $C_5H_{11}NO_4$).





\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf		
4	A	1	Total 10	C 5	N 1	O 4	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 5 is (4S)-2-METHYL-2,4-PENTANEDIOL (three-letter code: MPD) (formula: $C_6H_{14}O_2).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C O 8 6 2	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

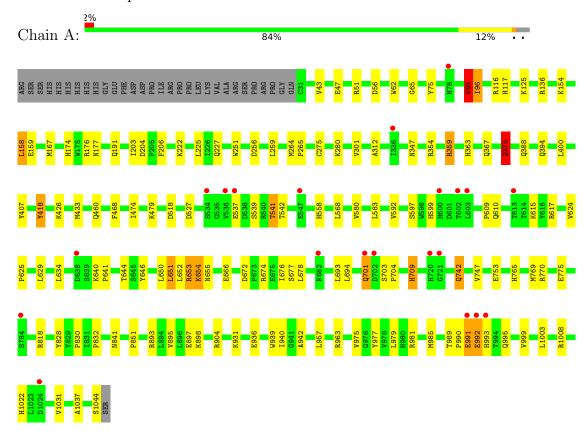
\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1145	Total O 1145 1145	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: alpha-mannosidase II





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	68.81Å 109.67Å 137.67Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	29.64 - 1.85	Depositor
Resolution (A)	29.64 - 1.84	EDS
% Data completeness	96.2 (29.64-1.85)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	95.8 (29.64-1.84)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	5.16 (at 1.84Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
D D.	0.150 , 0.190	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.143 , 0.183	DCC
R_{free} test set	2246 reflections (2.49%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	18.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.378	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 51.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	9434	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	20.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.58% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: AOL, MPD, ZN, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
Mol Chain		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	1.12	$12/8557 \ (0.1\%)$	1.01	10/11618 (0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	6

The worst 5 of 12 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
1	A	312	ALA	CA-CB	6.24	1.65	1.52
1	A	742	GLN	CD-OE1	5.78	1.36	1.24
1	A	977	TYR	CD1-CE1	5.64	1.47	1.39
1	A	655	ASN	CG-OD1	5.63	1.36	1.24
1	A	460	GLN	CD-NE2	-5.58	1.18	1.32

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	56	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.95	123.65	118.30
1	A	167	MET	N-CA-C	-5.78	95.39	111.00
1	A	818	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.77	117.41	120.30
1	A	518	ASP	N-CA-C	-5.53	96.07	111.00
1	A	963	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.46	117.57	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	375[B]	GLN	Mainchain
1	A	407	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	597[B]	SER	Mainchain
1	A	677[B]	SER	Mainchain
1	A	75	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	8256	0	8029	89	0
2	A	14	0	13	2	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	10	0	9	1	0
5	A	8	0	14	0	0
6	A	1145	0	0	16	0
All	All	9434	0	8065	91	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 91 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:117[B]:HIS:CE1	1:A:354:ARG:HE	1.83	0.95
1:A:117[B]:HIS:HE1	1:A:354:ARG:HE	1.14	0.91
1:A:256:ASP:HB2	6:A:5763:HOH:O	1.74	0.86
1:A:47:GLU:OE2	1:A:51:ARG:HD3	1.75	0.86
1:A:742:GLN:HG3	6:A:5546:HOH:O	1.76	0.83

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	1031/1045 (99%)	1004 (97%)	24 (2%)	3 (0%)	41 26

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	991	GLU
1	A	95	TRP
1	A	204	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	920/929 (99%)	902 (98%)	18 (2%)	55 40	

5 of 18 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	828	TYR
1	A	1044	SER
1	A	995	GLN
1	A	609	PRO
1	A	666[B]	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	119	HIS
1	A	919	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type		Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Res	Link	Во	nd leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
Mol Type Chain	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2								
5	MPD	A	5003	-	7,7,7	0.60	0	9,10,10	0.83	0							
2	NAG	A	5002	1	14,14,15	0.85	0	17,19,21	0.85	0							
4	AOL	A	5009	3	10,10,10	0.33	0	12,15,15	1.58	4 (33%)							

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	MPD	A	5003	-	1/1/2/2	2/5/5/5	-
2	NAG	A	5002	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

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Mol	\mathbf{Type}	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	AOL	A	5009	3	-	-	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	A	5009	AOL	O1-C1-C5	2.55	118.10	111.47
4	A	5009	AOL	O3-C3-C2	2.21	118.97	111.82
4	A	5009	AOL	O4-C4-C3	2.15	118.76	111.82
4	A	5009	AOL	C2-C3-C4	2.07	105.99	102.64

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
5	A	5003	MPD	C4

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	5002	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	A	5002	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
5	A	5003	MPD	C2-C3-C4-O4
2	A	5002	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
5	A	5003	MPD	C2-C3-C4-C5

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	5002	NAG	2	0
4	A	5009	AOL	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\# \mathbf{RS}$	SRZ>2		$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	1014/1045 (97%)	-0.17	21 (2%)	63	63	9, 17, 30, 64	0

The worst 5 of 21 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	993	HIS	5.8
1	A	1024	ASP	4.4
1	A	638	ASP	4.0
1	A	701	GLN	4.0
1	A	78	HIS	3.9

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	NAG	A	5002	14/15	0.76	0.36	39,45,49,49	0
5	MPD	A	5003	8/8	0.90	0.15	18,21,24,25	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	AOL	A	5009	10/10	0.98	0.08	11,14,17,18	0
3	ZN	A	5001	1/1	1.00	0.03	15,15,15,15	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

