

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 22, 2020 – 06:29 am BST

PDB ID : 1JWT

Title : CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF THROMBIN IN COMPLEX WITH A NOVEL

BICYCLIC LACTAM INHIBITOR

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Deposited on : 2001-09-05

Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad 4.02b\text{--}467$

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.11

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

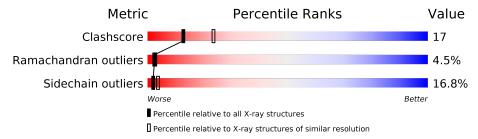
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	$5346 \ (2.50 - 2.50)$
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Qual	ity of chain	
1	A	305	46%	36%	12% • •



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2463 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Prothrombin.

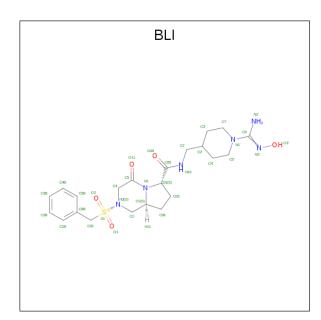
\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace				
1	A	299	Total 2429	C 1546	N 420	O 448	S 15	0	0	0	

There are 10 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	290	ASP	_	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP P00734
A	291	PHE	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP P00734
A	292	GLU	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP P00734
A	293	GLU	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP P00734
A	294	ILE	_	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP P00734
A	295	PRO	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP P00734
A	296	GLU	_	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP P00734
A	297	GLU	_	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP P00734
A	298	TYR	_	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP P00734
A	299	LEU	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP P00734

• Molecule 2 is 4-OXO-2-PHENYLMETHANESULFONYL-OCTAHYDRO-PYRROLO[1,2-A]PYRAZINE-6-CARBOXYLIC ACID [1-(N-HYDROXYCARBAMIMIDOYL)-PIPERIDI N-4-YLMETHYL]-AMIDE (three-letter code: BLI) (formula: $C_{22}H_{32}N_6O_5S$).





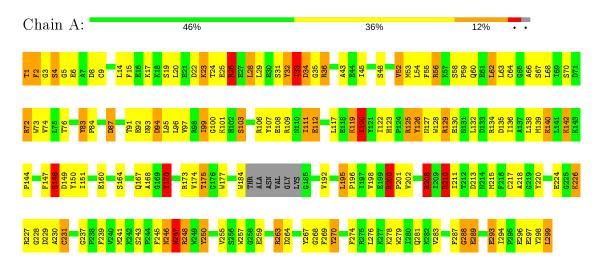
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
9	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
	Α	1	34	22	6	5	1	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Prothrombin





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	71.54Å 72.18Å 73.41Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 100.99° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	25.00 - 2.50	Depositor
resolution (11)	24.84 - 2.50	EDS
% Data completeness	$98.4\ (25.00-2.50)$	Depositor
(in resolution range)	90.1 (24.84-2.50)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$0.49~({\rm at}~2.50{\rm \AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.182 , 0.301	Depositor
it, it free	0.270 , (Not available)	DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (\mathring{A}^2)	34.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.195	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.31 , 39.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.52, < L^2> = 0.36$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.89	EDS
Total number of atoms	2463	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	7.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 8.46% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BLI

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	1.13	0/2488	1.90	$45/3354 \ (1.3\%)$	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	Α	0	19

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 45 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type	${f Atoms}$	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	36	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.67	125.14	120.30
1	A	93	ASN	CB-CA-C	-9.04	92.32	110.40
1	A	247	ASN	CB-CA-C	9.01	128.41	110.40
1	A	56	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.43	116.08	120.30
1	A	200	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.20	124.40	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 19 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	107	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	33	ILE	Peptide
1	A	5	GLY	Peptide
1	A	64	CYS	Peptide
1	A	83	TYR	Sidechain



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{model})$	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2429	0	2372	81	0
2	A	34	0	32	2	0
All	All	2463	0	2404	81	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 17.

The worst 5 of 81 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:175:THR:HG22	1:A:192:VAL:HG12	1.65	0.77
1:A:14:LEU:HD13	1:A:149:ASP:HB3	1.66	0.76
1:A:53:MET:SD	1:A:62:LEU:HD12	2.26	0.76
1:A:6:GLU:HB2	1:A:9:CYS:HB3	1.69	0.74
1:A:29:LEU:HD12	1:A:35:GLY:HA2	1.70	0.72

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	291/305~(95%)	235 (81%)	43 (15%)	13 (4%)	2 3

5 of 13 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	87	ASP
1	A	135	ASP
1	A	201	PRO
1	A	202	VAL
1	A	224	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	262/266 (98%)	218 (83%)	44 (17%)	2 4	

5 of 44 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	106	ARG
1	A	122	ILE
1	A	281	GLN
1	A	111	ILE
1	A	119	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	102	HIS
1	A	110	ASN
1	A	127	ASN
1	A	246	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	nd leng	ths	В	ond ang	gles
'	10101	туре	Chain	res	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
	2	BLI	A	300	-	36,37,37	1.74	5 (13%)	46,53,53	1.84	13 (28%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	BLI	A	300	-	-	9/24/61/61	0/3/4/4

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
2	A	300	BLI	S1-N3	7.94	1.73	1.63
2	A	300	BLI	C6'-N2'	-3.43	1.27	1.34
2	A	300	BLI	O2-S1	2.30	1.45	1.43
2	A	300	BLI	C01-C09	2.25	1.58	1.52
2	A	300	BLI	C6'-N1'	2.08	1.40	1.36

The worst 5 of 13 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
2	A	300	BLI	O1-S1-C02	4.06	113.45	107.81
2	A	300	BLI	C2'-C1'-N10	-3.85	105.48	112.73
2	A	300	BLI	O1-S1-N3	-3.62	104.16	107.23
2	A	300	BLI	O2-S1-N3	-3.26	104.46	107.23
2	A	300	BLI	C7'-N1'-C6'	-3.19	109.40	118.77

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 9 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	300	BLI	C6B-C02-S1-O2
2	A	300	BLI	S1-C02-C6B-C5B
2	A	300	BLI	N10-C1'-C2'-C3'
2	A	300	BLI	N10-C1'-C2'-C4'
2	A	300	BLI	C4-N3-S1-O2

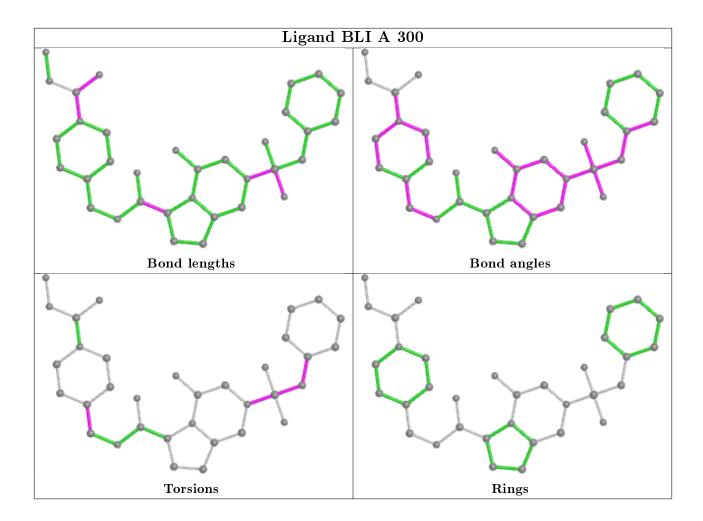
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	300	BLI	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	A	2

All chain breaks are listed below:

	Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	${f Distance} \; ({f A})$
ĺ	1	A	289:GLU	С	290:ASP	N	39.02
	1	A	36:ARG	С	37:ILE	N	30.95



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

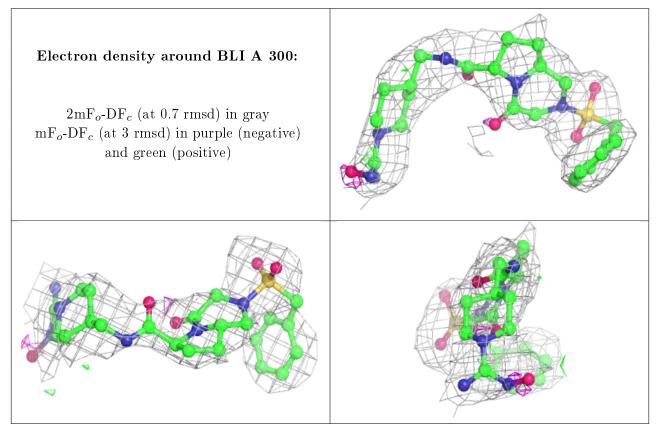
6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

