

wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID : 1IO5

Title : HYDROGEN AND HYDRATION OF HEN EGG-WHITE LYSOZYME DE-

TERMINED BY NEUTRON DIFFRACTION

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Deposited on : 2001-01-14

Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

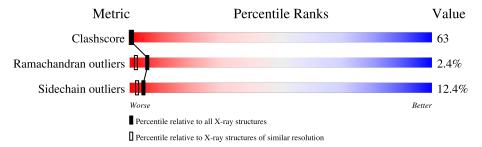
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $NEUTRON\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\#\text{Entries})$	Similar resolution $(\#\text{Entries, resolution range}(\text{\AA}))$
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain		
1	Δ.	120				
1	А	129	30%	48%	19%	•



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2714 atoms, of which 696 are hydrogens and 766 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called LYSOZYME C.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace			
1	Λ	129	Total	С	D	Н	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	129	1961	613	264	696	193	185	10	U	0	U

• Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	A	251	Total 753	D 502	O 251	0	0

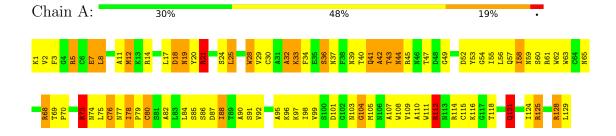


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: LYSOZYME C





4 Model quality (i)

4.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DOD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.62	0/1021	1.09	0/1379	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	37

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 37 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	12	MET	Mainchain
1	A	14	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	18	ASP	Mainchain
1	A	21	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	5	ARG	Sidechain

4.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1265	696	959	124	4
2	A	753	0	0	91	19
All	All	2018	696	959	124	19

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 63.

The worst 5 of 124 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:103:ASN:HB2	2:A:371:DOD:O	1.54	1.02
1:A:17:LEU:CD1	2:A:298:DOD:O	2.09	1.00
1:A:8:LEU:HD11	2:A:370:DOD:O	1.56	0.99
1:A:32:ALA:CB	2:A:288:DOD:O	2.15	0.94
1:A:7:GLU:OE1	2:A:270:DOD:O	1.85	0.93

The worst 5 of 19 symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
2:A:296:DOD:D1	2:A:316:DOD:D2[1_554]	0.58	1.62
2:A:191:DOD:D2	2:A:358:DOD:D2[7_556]	0.80	1.40
2:A:201:DOD:O	2:A:329:DOD:D1[8_555]	0.91	1.29
2:A:335:DOD:D1	2:A:336:DOD:O[8_555]	1.14	1.06
2:A:296:DOD:O	2:A:316:DOD:D2[1_554]	1.15	1.05

4.3 Torsion angles (i)

4.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	127/129 (98%)	112 (88%)	12 (9%)	3 (2%)	6 2



All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	19	ASN
1	A	36	SER
1	A	57	GLN

4.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	105/105 (100%)	92 (88%)	13 (12%)	4 2

5 of 13 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	78	ILE
1	A	85	SER
1	A	121	GLN
1	A	101	ASP
1	A	112	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	44	ASN

4.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

4.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



4.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

4.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

4.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

4.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

