

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 23, 2021 – 10:17 AM EDT

PDB ID : 1EE5

Title : YEAST KARYOPHERIN (IMPORTIN) ALPHA IN A COMPLEX WITH A

NUCLEOPLASMIN NLS PEPTIDE

Authors : Conti, E. Deposited on : 2000-01-30

Resolution : 2.40 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED EDS : NOT EXECUTED

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

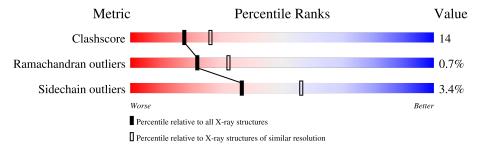
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.23.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	4398 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4318 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4319 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	424	73%	25%				
2	В	19	68%	32%				



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3342 atoms, of which 84 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called KARYOPHERIN ALPHA.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Λ	421	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	421	3170	1964	82	518	592	14	0	0	U

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference	
A	397	ASP	TYR	engineered mutation	UNP Q02821	

• Molecule 2 is a protein called NUCLEOPLASMIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
9	D	10	Total	С	Н	N	О	0	0	0
	D	19	140	87	2	30	21	U	0	

• Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	28	Total O 28 28	0	0
3	В	4	Total O 4 4	0	0

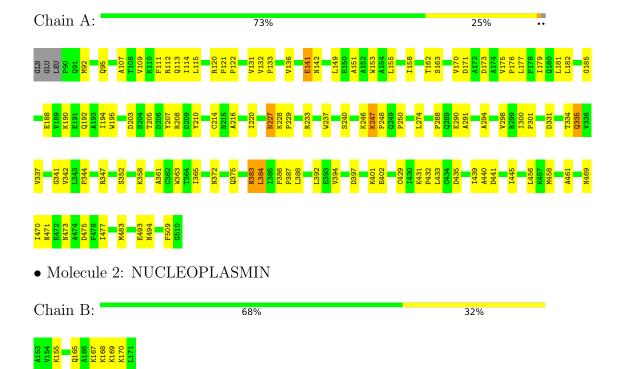


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: KARYOPHERIN ALPHA





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	157.56Å 63.70Å 62.15Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 97.34° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 - 2.40	Depositor
% Data completeness	(Not available) (30.00-2.40)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	(1100 available) (50.00 2.40)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.241 , 0.265	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	3342	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	65.0	wwPDB-VP



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.32	0/3137	0.61	0/4293	
2	В	0.35	0/138	0.80	0/179	
All	All	0.33	0/3275	0.62	0/4472	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3088	82	3014	86	0
2	В	138	2	164	11	0
3	A	28	0	0	0	0
3	В	4	0	0	0	0
All	All	3258	84	3178	87	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 14.

The worst 5 of 87 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:237:TRP:CE2	2:B:168:LYS:HD2	1.96	1.00

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ (\rm \AA) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:205:THR:HG21	1:A:248:PRO:HD2	1.51	0.93
1:A:335:GLN:HG2	1:A:375:GLN:HE21	1.47	0.79
1:A:352:SER:O	1:A:358:LYS:HE3	1.84	0.78
1:A:483:MET:HG3	1:A:509:PHE:CD2	2.19	0.78

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Allowed Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	419/424 (99%)	393 (94%)	23 (6%)	3 (1%)	22	32		
2	В	17/19 (90%)	17 (100%)	0	0	100	100		
All	All	436/443 (98%)	410 (94%)	23 (5%)	3 (1%)	22	32		

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	247	LYS
1	A	141	GLU
1	A	122	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percen	$_{ m tiles}$
1	A	314/365~(86%)	303 (96%)	11 (4%)	36	55
2	В	$12/13 \; (92\%)$	12 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	326/378~(86%)	315 (97%)	11 (3%)	37	56

5 of 11 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	392	LEU
1	A	456	LEU
1	A	494	ASN
1	A	475	ASP
1	A	335	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	494	ASN
1	A	491	GLN
1	A	335	GLN
1	A	241	ASN
1	A	375	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

