



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Oct 23, 2021 – 09:41 AM EDT

PDB ID : 1DLO
Title : HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS TYPE 1
Authors : Hsiou, Y.; Ding, J.; Das, K.; Hughes, S.; Arnold, E.
Deposited on : 1996-04-17
Resolution : 2.70 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Xtrriage (Phenix) : **NOT EXECUTED**
EDS : **NOT EXECUTED**
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.23.2

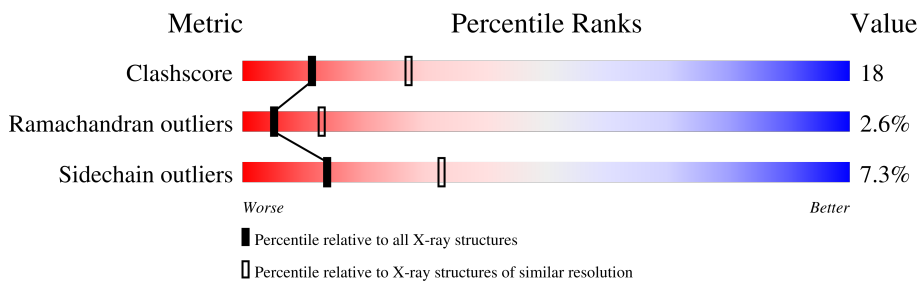
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	3122 (2.70-2.70)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3069 (2.70-2.70)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3069 (2.70-2.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	556	
2	B	427	

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7691 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS TYPE 1 REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	556	4370	2835	727	802	6	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	280	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P03366

- Molecule 2 is a protein called HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS TYPE 1 REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	B	415	3321	2163	549	604	5	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

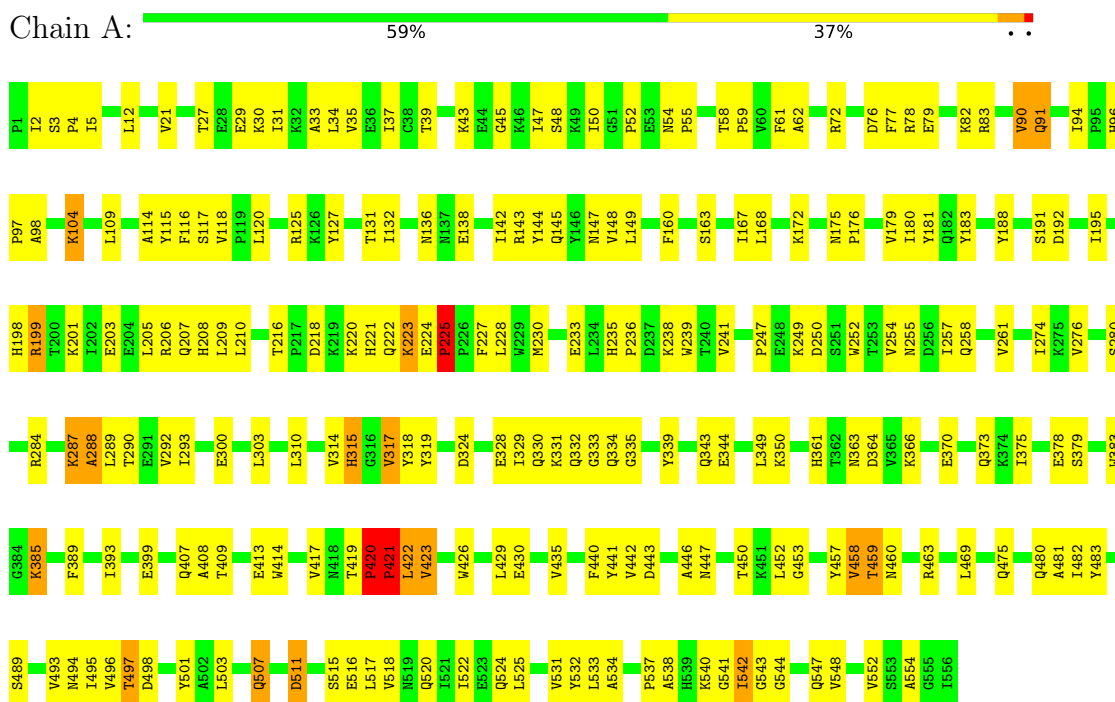
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	280	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P03366

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

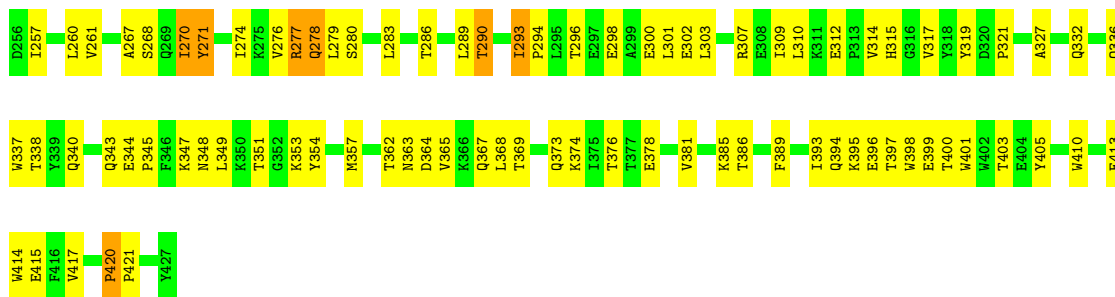
Note EDS was not executed.

- Molecule 1: HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS TYPE 1 REVERSE TRANSCRIP-TASE



- Molecule 2: HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS TYPE 1 REVERSE TRANSCRIP-TASE





4 Data and refinement statistics

Xtrriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	235.50Å 70.30Å 93.30Å 90.00° 106.10° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	8.00 – 2.70	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (8.00-2.70)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.1	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.249 , 0.336	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
Total number of atoms	7691	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	44.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.69	0/4486	0.87	5/6119 (0.1%)
2	B	0.72	0/3415	0.90	1/4652 (0.0%)
All	All	0.70	0/7901	0.89	6/10771 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
2	B	0	2
All	All	0	3

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	90	VAL	N-CA-C	5.73	126.48	111.00
1	A	91	GLN	N-CA-C	5.54	125.95	111.00
1	A	136	ASN	N-CA-C	-5.26	96.80	111.00
2	B	54	ASN	N-CA-C	-5.25	96.82	111.00
1	A	120	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.11	127.05	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	501	TYR	Sidechain
2	B	127	TYR	Sidechain
2	B	183	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4370	0	4315	151	0
2	B	3321	0	3293	135	0
All	All	7691	0	7608	270	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 18.

The worst 5 of 270 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:260:LEU:HD21	2:B:303:LEU:HD21	1.58	0.86
1:A:420:PRO:HB3	1:A:421:PRO:HD2	1.57	0.85
1:A:420:PRO:CB	1:A:421:PRO:HD2	2.06	0.85
1:A:393:ILE:HB	1:A:423:VAL:HG22	1.57	0.83
2:B:255:ASN:HB2	2:B:289:LEU:HB3	1.61	0.80

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	554/556 (100%)	490 (88%)	50 (9%)	14 (2%)	5 14
2	B	411/427 (96%)	353 (86%)	47 (11%)	11 (3%)	5 12
All	All	965/983 (98%)	843 (87%)	97 (10%)	25 (3%)	5 13

5 of 25 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	195	ILE
1	A	223	LYS
1	A	225	PRO
1	A	334	GLN
1	A	420	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	458/496 (92%)	425 (93%)	33 (7%)	14	34
2	B	353/389 (91%)	327 (93%)	26 (7%)	13	32
All	All	811/885 (92%)	752 (93%)	59 (7%)	14	33

5 of 59 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	507	GLN
2	B	394	GLN
2	B	24	TRP
2	B	321	PRO
2	B	271	TYR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 24 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	54	ASN
2	B	145	GLN
2	B	96	HIS
2	B	147	ASN
1	A	306	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.