



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jul 8, 2025 – 02:10 PM JST

PDB ID : 8ID3 / pdb_00008id3
EMDB ID : EMD-35356
Title : Cryo-EM structure of the 9-hydroxystearic acid bound GPR120-Gi complex
Authors : Mao, C.; Xiao, P.; Tao, X.; Qin, J.; He, Q.; Zhang, C.; Yu, X.; Zhang, Y.; Sun, J.
Deposited on : 2023-02-12
Resolution : 3.10 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : **FAILED**
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : **FAILED**
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.44

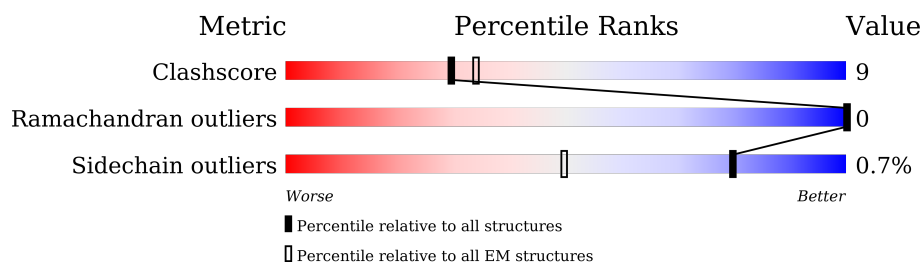
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	B	339	
2	S	285	
3	Y	71	
4	A	354	
5	R	361	

2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8742 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	B	339	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2566	1587	460	498	21		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called scFv16.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	S	229	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1752	1114	292	336	10		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	Y	57	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			432	270	76	83	3		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(i) subunit alpha-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	A	225	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1762	1123	297	328	14		

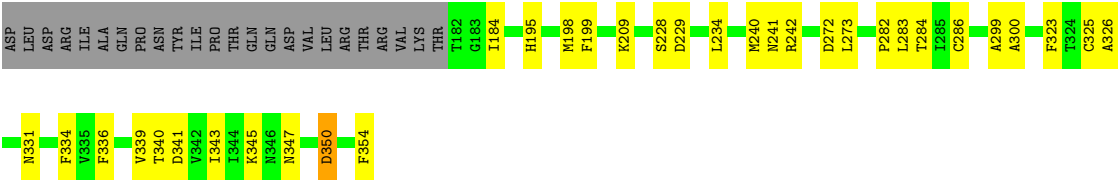
- Molecule 5 is a protein called Free fatty acid receptor 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	R	291	Total	C	N	O	S	1	0
			2209	1473	367	359	10		

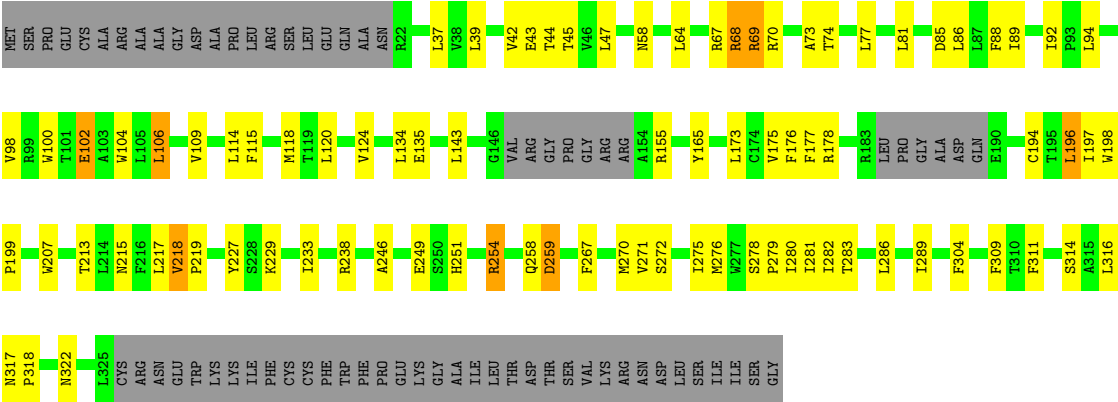
- Molecule 6 is 9-Hydroxyoctadecanoic acid (CCD ID: 7NR) (formula: C₁₈H₃₆O₃) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



WORLDWIDE
PDB
PROTEIN DATA BANK



• Molecule 5: Free fatty acid receptor 4



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	189856	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	62	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 7NR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	B	0.17	0/2613	0.38	0/3547
2	S	0.15	0/1796	0.38	0/2436
3	Y	0.11	0/438	0.30	0/593
4	A	0.22	0/1792	0.45	1/2409 (0.0%)
5	R	0.29	0/2257	0.77	7/3089 (0.2%)
All	All	0.21	0/8896	0.52	8/12074 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
5	R	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	R	254	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	-19.28	97.41	124.40
5	R	259	ASP	CA-CB-CG	-8.94	103.66	112.60
5	R	258	GLN	CA-CB-CG	8.09	130.28	114.10
5	R	86	LEU	CA-CB-CG	7.28	141.78	116.30
5	R	109	VAL	N-CA-C	-6.93	107.13	113.71

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
5	R	68	ARG	Sidechain
5	R	69	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	B	2566	0	2453	32	0
2	S	1752	0	1688	20	0
3	Y	432	0	437	7	0
4	A	1762	0	1731	27	0
5	R	2209	0	2252	79	0
6	R	21	0	0	1	0
All	All	8742	0	8561	155	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 155 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:R:68:ARG:HB2	5:R:70:ARG:NH1	1.78	0.96
5:R:165:TYR:HE2	5:R:215:ASN:HD21	1.03	0.92
5:R:67:ARG:HH11	5:R:67:ARG:HG2	1.34	0.90
5:R:68:ARG:CB	5:R:70:ARG:NH1	2.42	0.83
4:A:184:ILE:HD11	4:A:199:PHE:HB3	1.60	0.81

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	337/339 (99%)	326 (97%)	11 (3%)	0	100	100
2	S	225/285 (79%)	215 (96%)	10 (4%)	0	100	100
3	Y	55/71 (78%)	54 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
4	A	221/354 (62%)	212 (96%)	9 (4%)	0	100	100
5	R	286/361 (79%)	273 (96%)	13 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	1124/1410 (80%)	1080 (96%)	44 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	272/282 (96%)	272 (100%)	0	100	100
2	S	191/228 (84%)	191 (100%)	0	100	100
3	Y	45/58 (78%)	45 (100%)	0	100	100
4	A	187/305 (61%)	186 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	92
5	R	227/314 (72%)	222 (98%)	5 (2%)	47	71
All	All	922/1187 (78%)	916 (99%)	6 (1%)	80	90

5 of 6 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	R	196	LEU
5	R	197	ILE
5	R	282	ILE
5	R	102	GLU
4	A	354	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	293	ASN
5	R	322	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
6	7NR	R	401	-	20,20,20	0.77	0	21,21,21	0.72	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	7NR	R	401	-	-	12/19/19/19	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 12 torsion outliers are listed below:

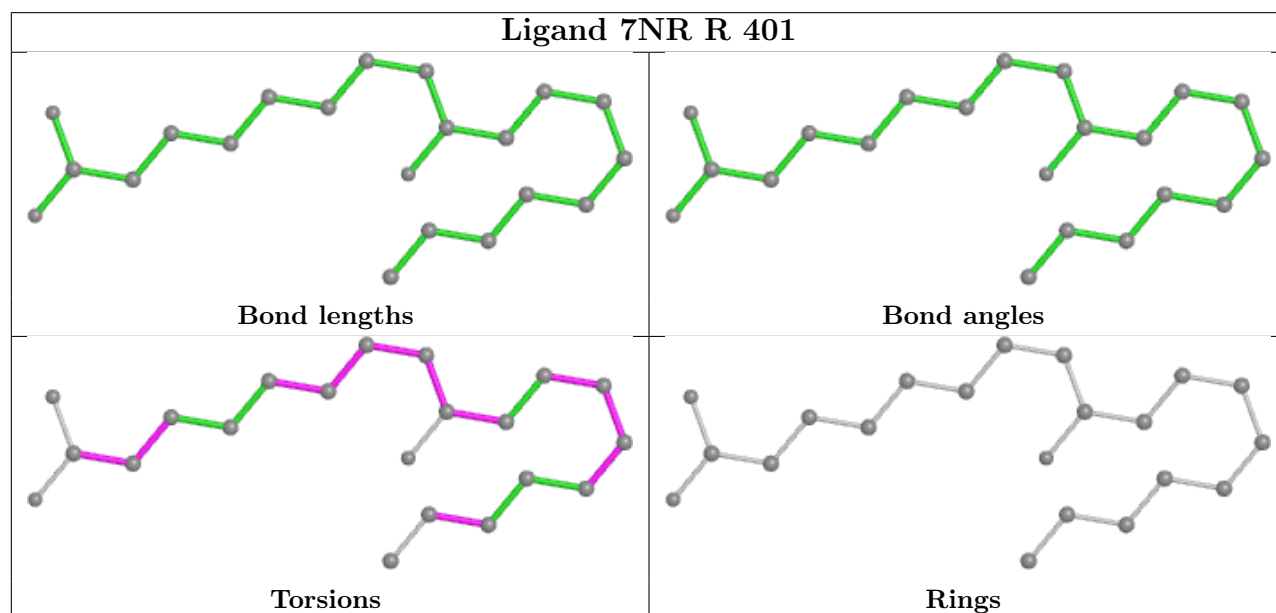
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	R	401	7NR	C05-C07-C09-C10
6	R	401	7NR	C06-C08-C11-C13
6	R	401	7NR	C07-C09-C10-C12
6	R	401	7NR	C08-C11-C13-C15
6	R	401	7NR	O01-C04-C06-C08

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	R	401	7NR	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.