



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Nov 9, 2024 – 02:43 PM EST

PDB ID : 6XKV
EMDB ID : EMD-22226
Title : R. capsulatus cyt bc1 with both FeS proteins in b position (CIII2 b-b)
Authors : Steimle, S.; Van Eeuwen, T.; Ozturk, Y.; Kim, H.J.; Braitbard, M.; Selamoglu, N.; Garcia, B.A.; Schneidman-Duhovny, D.; Murakami, K.; Daldal, F.
Deposited on : 2020-06-27
Resolution : 3.50 Å(reported)
Based on initial model : 6XI0

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev113
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

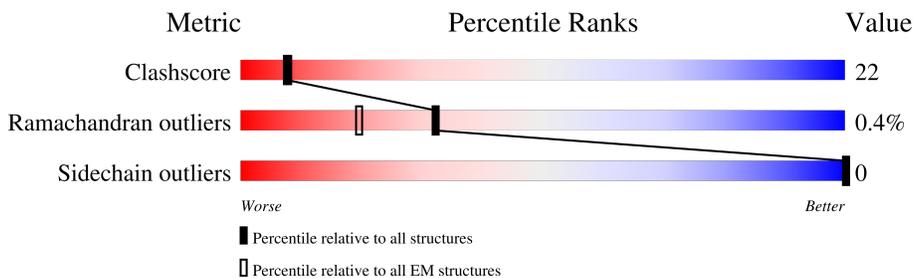
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	C	437	<p>7% 78% 18% •</p>
1	P	437	<p>7% 78% 19% •</p>
2	D	279	<p>14% 65% 19% 16%</p>
2	Q	279	<p>13% 66% 18% 16%</p>
3	E	191	<p>75% 48% 46% • 5%</p>
3	R	191	<p>74% 49% 45% • 5%</p>

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 13079 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Cytochrome b.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	C	423	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3244	2186	519	525	14		
1	P	423	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3244	2186	519	525	14		

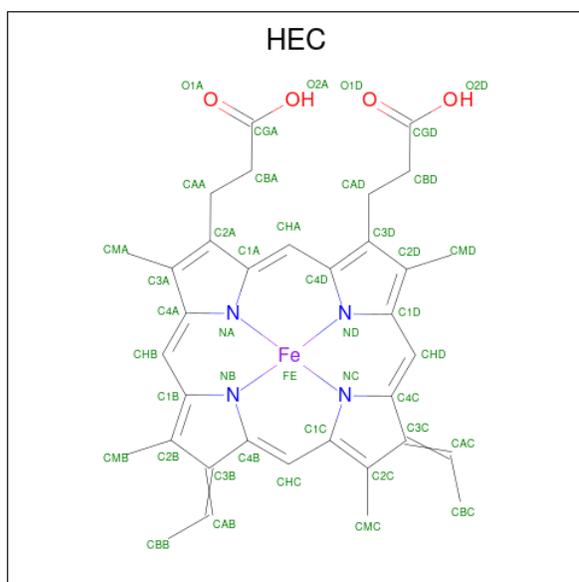
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Cytochrome c1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	D	235	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1801	1148	301	337	15		
2	Q	235	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1794	1144	300	335	15		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Ubiquinol-cytochrome c reductase iron-sulfur subunit.

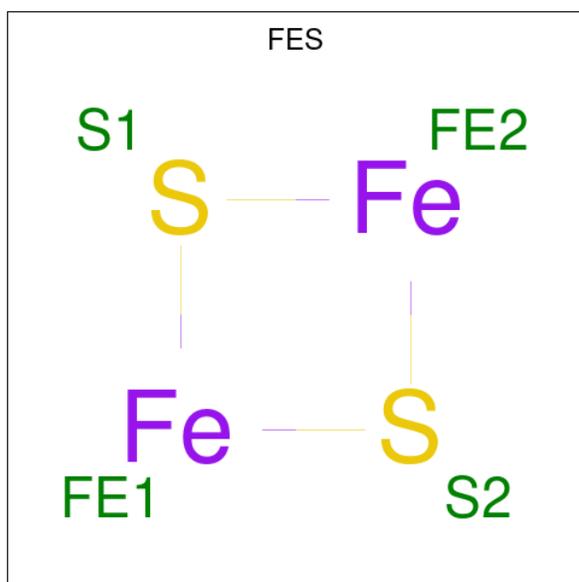
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	E	181	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1365	855	246	256	8		
3	R	181	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1365	855	246	256	8		

- Molecule 4 is HEME C (three-letter code: HEC) (formula: C₃₄H₃₄FeN₄O₄).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	
			Total	C	Fe	N		O
4	C	1	43	34	1	4	4	0
4	C	1	43	34	1	4	4	0
4	D	1	43	34	1	4	4	0
4	P	1	43	34	1	4	4	0
4	P	1	43	34	1	4	4	0
4	Q	1	43	34	1	4	4	0

- Molecule 5 is FE2/S2 (INORGANIC) CLUSTER (three-letter code: FES) (formula: Fe₂S₂).

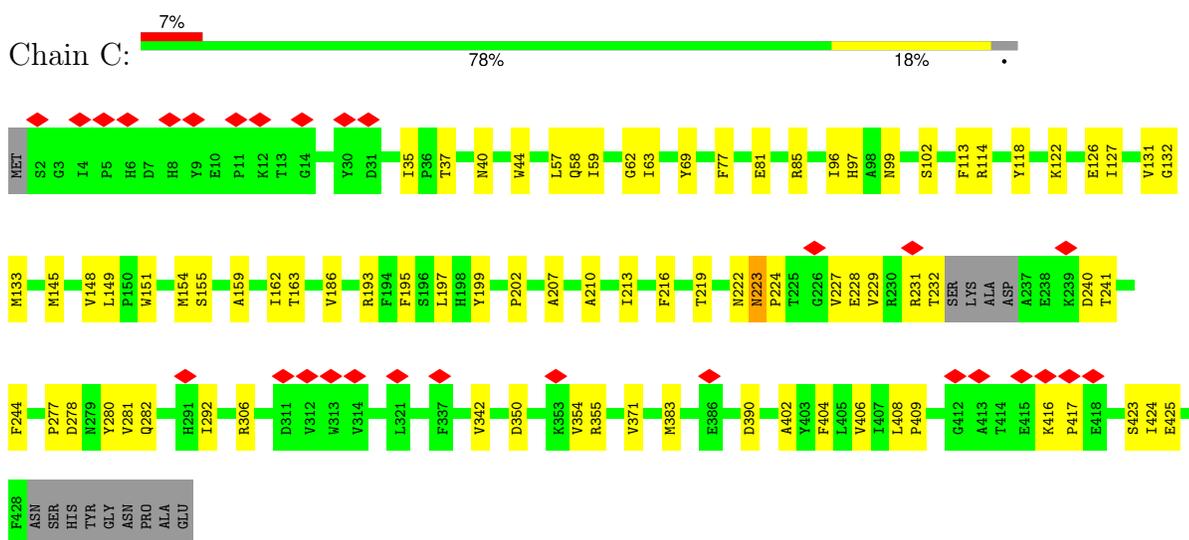


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
			Total	Fe	S	
5	E	1	4	2	2	0
5	R	1	4	2	2	0

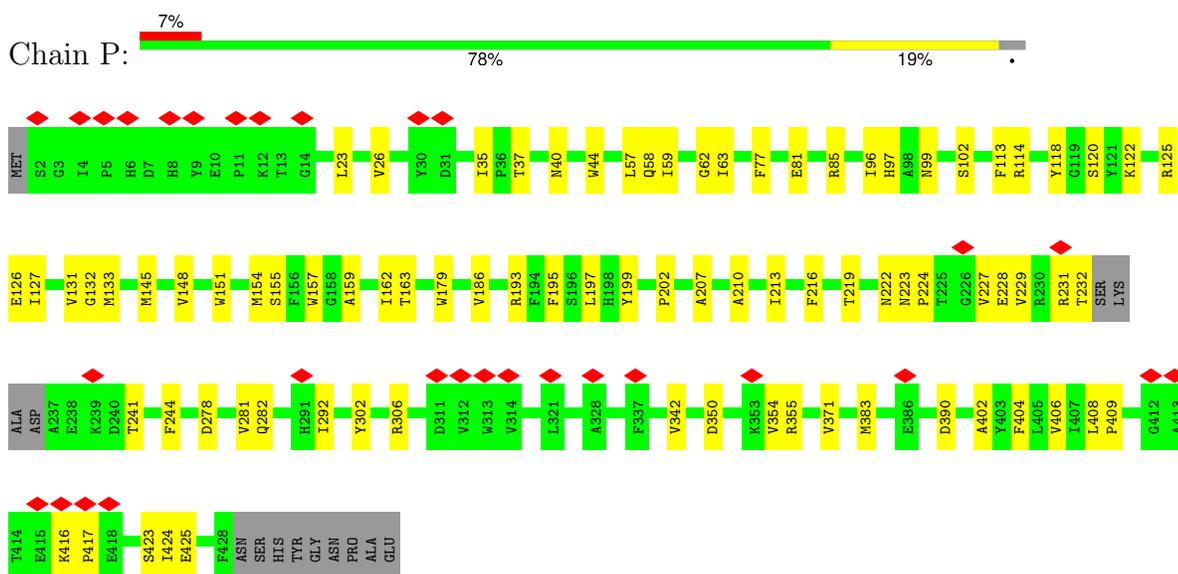
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

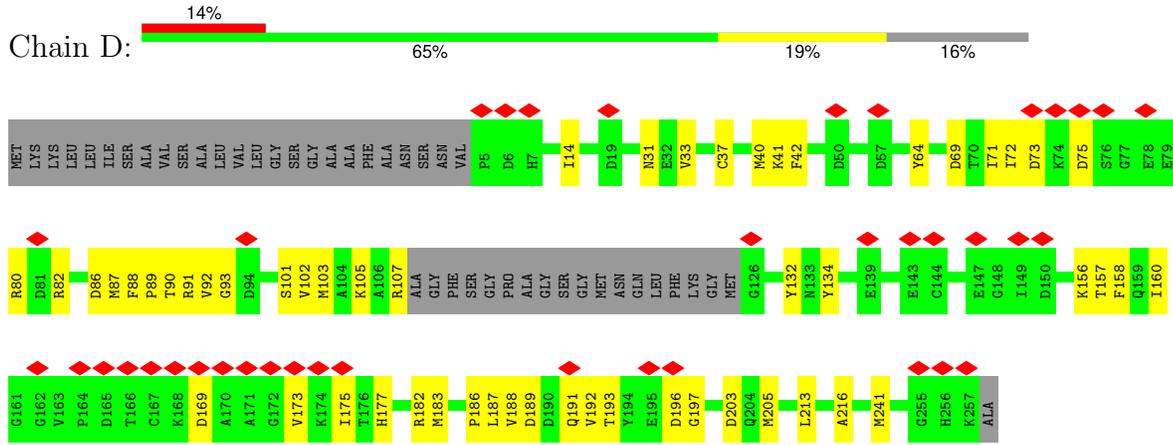
- Molecule 1: Cytochrome b



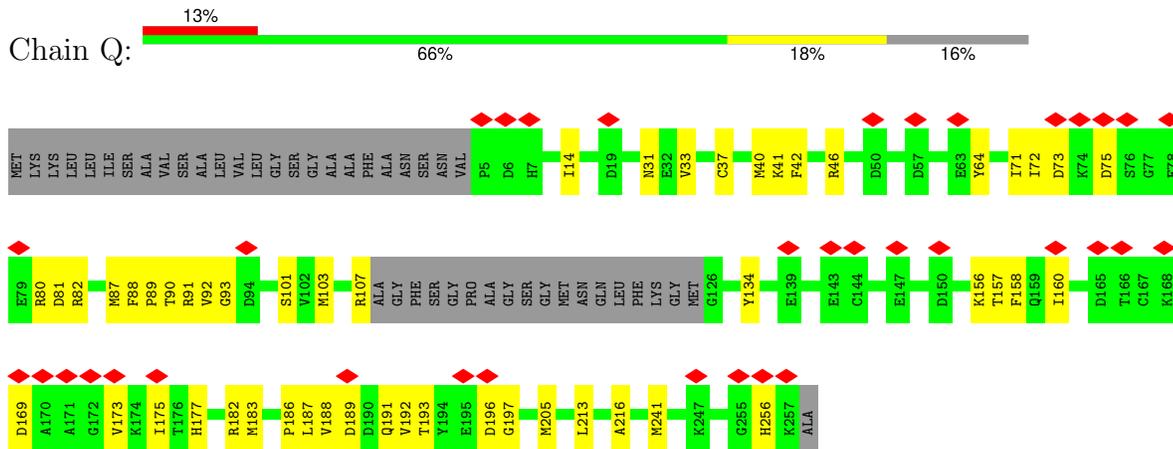
- Molecule 1: Cytochrome b



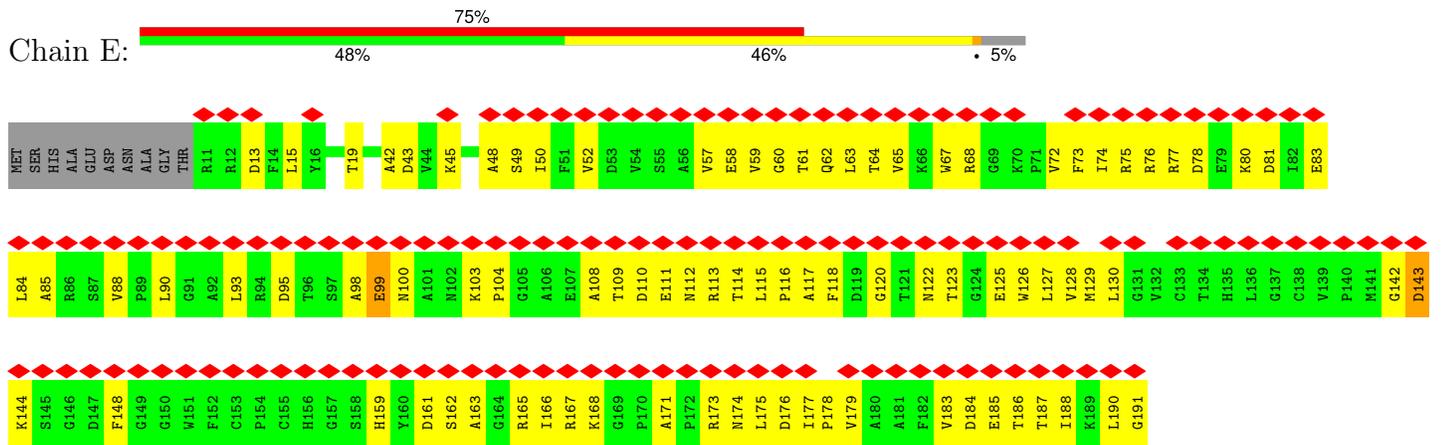
- Molecule 2: Cytochrome c1



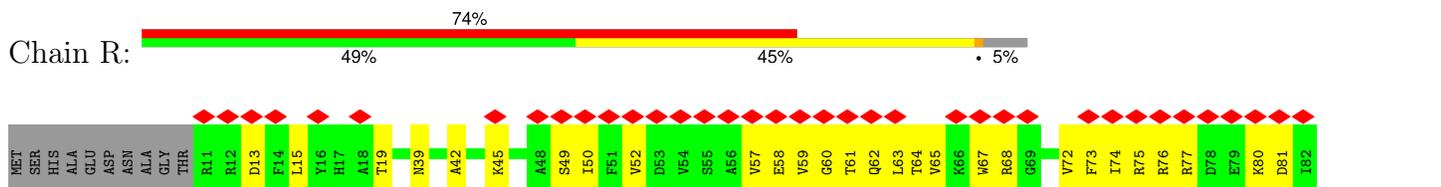
• Molecule 2: Cytochrome c1



• Molecule 3: Ubiquinol-cytochrome c reductase iron-sulfur subunit



• Molecule 3: Ubiquinol-cytochrome c reductase iron-sulfur subunit



E83	L64	A85	R86	S87	V68	P89	L90	G91	A92	L93	R94	D95	T96	S97	A98	E99	N100	A101	N102	K103	P104	G105	A106	E107	A108	T109	D110	E111	N112	R113	T114	L115	P116	A117	F118	D119	G120	T121	N122	T123	G124	E125	W126	L127	V128	M129	L130	G131	V132	C133	T134	H135	L136	G137	C138	V139	P140	M141	G142
D143	K144	S145	G146	D147	F148	G149	G150	W151	F152	C153	P154	C155	H156	G157	S158	H159	Y160	D161	S162	A163	G164	R165	I166	R167	K168	G169	P170	A171	P172	R173	M174	L175	D176	I177	P178	V179	A180	A181	F182	V183	D184	E185	T186	T187	I188	K189	L190	G191											

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C2	Depositor
Number of particles used	37710	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	40	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.244	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.162	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.004	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.048	Depositor
Map size (Å)	326.4, 326.4, 326.4	wwPDB
Map dimensions	240, 240, 240	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.36, 1.36, 1.36	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEC, FES

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	C	0.40	0/3363	0.48	0/4617
1	P	0.40	0/3363	0.48	0/4617
2	D	0.34	0/1846	0.49	0/2500
2	Q	0.33	0/1839	0.49	0/2492
3	E	0.31	0/1395	0.56	1/1895 (0.1%)
3	R	0.31	0/1395	0.57	2/1895 (0.1%)
All	All	0.37	0/13201	0.50	3/18016 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	E	143	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.28	123.05	118.30
3	R	143	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.21	122.99	118.30
3	R	49	SER	N-CA-C	5.17	124.97	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	C	3244	0	3072	88	0
1	P	3244	0	3072	94	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	D	1801	0	1722	78	0
2	Q	1794	0	1709	77	0
3	E	1365	0	1340	132	0
3	R	1365	0	1340	128	0
4	C	86	0	64	19	0
4	D	43	0	30	6	0
4	P	86	0	64	20	0
4	Q	43	0	30	6	0
5	E	4	0	0	0	0
5	R	4	0	0	0	0
All	All	13079	0	12443	571	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 22.

The worst 5 of 571 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:40:ASN:O	1:C:224:PRO:HG2	1.44	1.18
2:D:188:VAL:HG12	2:D:189:ASP:H	0.98	1.14
3:R:183:VAL:HB	3:R:187:THR:HB	1.30	1.12
2:Q:188:VAL:HG12	2:Q:189:ASP:H	0.98	1.11
3:E:183:VAL:HB	3:E:187:THR:HB	1.31	1.11

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	C	419/437 (96%)	352 (84%)	65 (16%)	2 (0%)	25 59
1	P	419/437 (96%)	352 (84%)	66 (16%)	1 (0%)	44 75

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	D	231/279 (83%)	197 (85%)	34 (15%)	0	100	100
2	Q	231/279 (83%)	197 (85%)	34 (15%)	0	100	100
3	E	179/191 (94%)	141 (79%)	36 (20%)	2 (1%)	12	45
3	R	179/191 (94%)	140 (78%)	37 (21%)	2 (1%)	12	45
All	All	1658/1814 (91%)	1379 (83%)	272 (16%)	7 (0%)	32	64

5 of 7 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	E	99	GLU
3	R	99	GLU
3	E	144	LYS
3	R	144	LYS
1	C	223	ASN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	300/360 (83%)	300 (100%)	0	100	100
1	P	301/360 (84%)	301 (100%)	0	100	100
2	D	184/220 (84%)	184 (100%)	0	100	100
2	Q	182/220 (83%)	182 (100%)	0	100	100
3	E	142/149 (95%)	142 (100%)	0	100	100
3	R	142/149 (95%)	142 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1251/1458 (86%)	1251 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 10 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	Q	177	HIS
3	E	17	HIS
3	R	17	HIS
2	D	177	HIS
1	P	68	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

8 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	HEC	C	502	1	32,50,50	1.95	5 (15%)	30,82,82	1.62	6 (20%)
5	FES	E	501	3	0,4,4	-	-	-		
4	HEC	C	501	1	32,50,50	1.99	4 (12%)	30,82,82	1.70	9 (30%)
4	HEC	P	502	1	32,50,50	1.94	5 (15%)	30,82,82	1.62	6 (20%)
4	HEC	Q	501	2	32,50,50	2.01	3 (9%)	30,82,82	2.12	5 (16%)
5	FES	R	501	3	0,4,4	-	-	-		
4	HEC	P	501	1	32,50,50	2.00	4 (12%)	30,82,82	1.70	9 (30%)
4	HEC	D	501	2	32,50,50	2.01	3 (9%)	30,82,82	2.12	5 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	HEC	C	502	1	-	5/10/54/54	-
5	FES	E	501	3	-	-	0/1/1/1
4	HEC	C	501	1	-	4/10/54/54	-
4	HEC	P	502	1	-	5/10/54/54	-
4	HEC	Q	501	2	-	2/10/54/54	-
5	FES	R	501	3	-	-	0/1/1/1
4	HEC	P	501	1	-	4/10/54/54	-
4	HEC	D	501	2	-	2/10/54/54	-

The worst 5 of 24 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	Q	501	HEC	C2B-C3B	-5.88	1.34	1.40
4	D	501	HEC	C2B-C3B	-5.81	1.34	1.40
4	D	501	HEC	C3D-C2D	5.34	1.53	1.37
4	Q	501	HEC	C3D-C2D	5.29	1.53	1.37
4	P	501	HEC	C3C-C2C	-5.28	1.34	1.40

The worst 5 of 40 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	D	501	HEC	CBB-CAB-C3B	-6.62	111.99	127.49
4	Q	501	HEC	CBB-CAB-C3B	-6.62	112.00	127.49
4	D	501	HEC	CBC-CAC-C3C	-5.44	114.77	127.49
4	Q	501	HEC	CBC-CAC-C3C	-5.43	114.79	127.49
4	D	501	HEC	CMC-C2C-C1C	-4.03	122.56	128.46

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 22 torsion outliers are listed below:

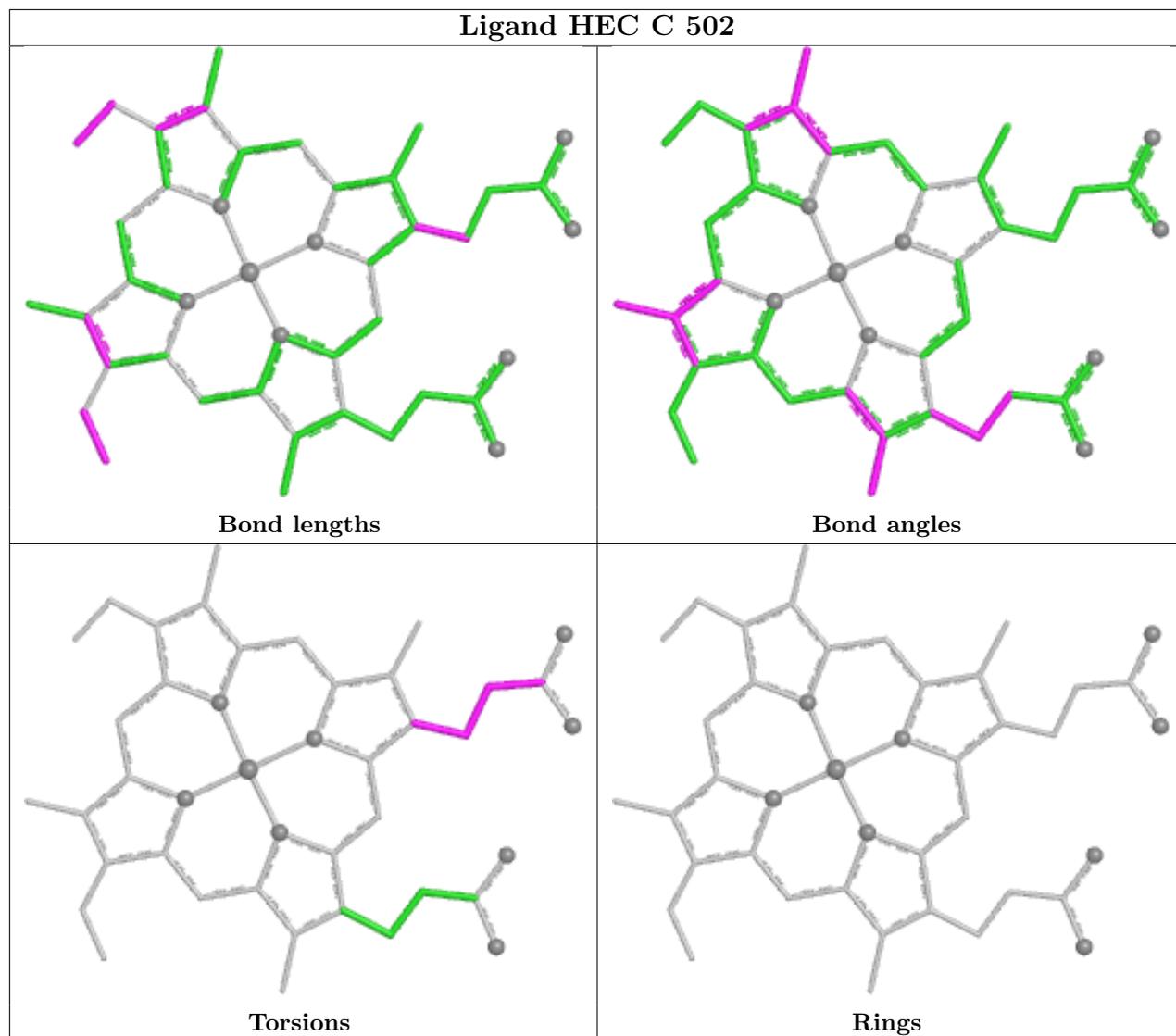
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	C	502	HEC	C2A-CAA-CBA-CGA
4	P	502	HEC	C2A-CAA-CBA-CGA
4	C	502	HEC	C3A-C2A-CAA-CBA
4	P	502	HEC	C3A-C2A-CAA-CBA
4	C	502	HEC	C1A-C2A-CAA-CBA

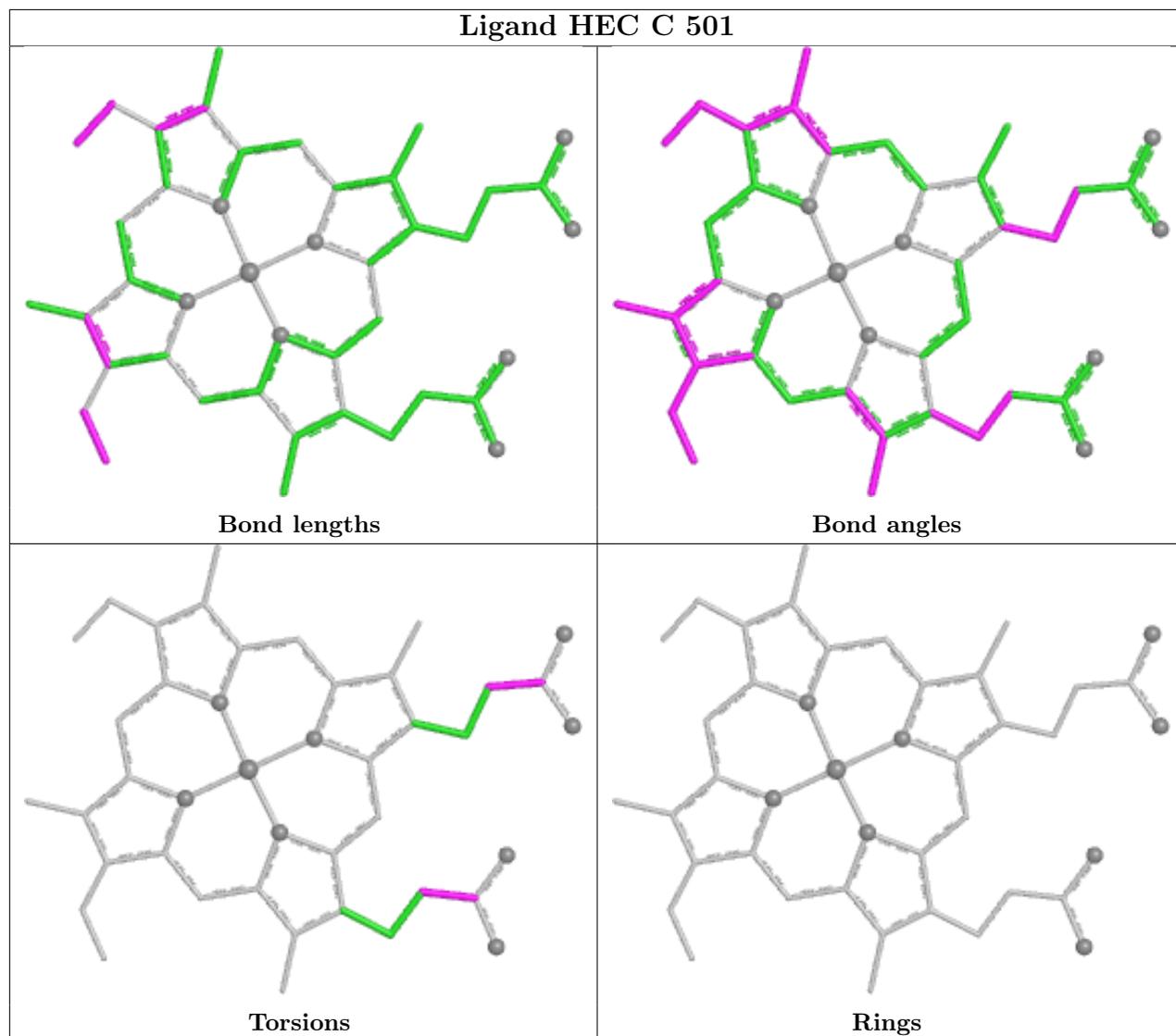
There are no ring outliers.

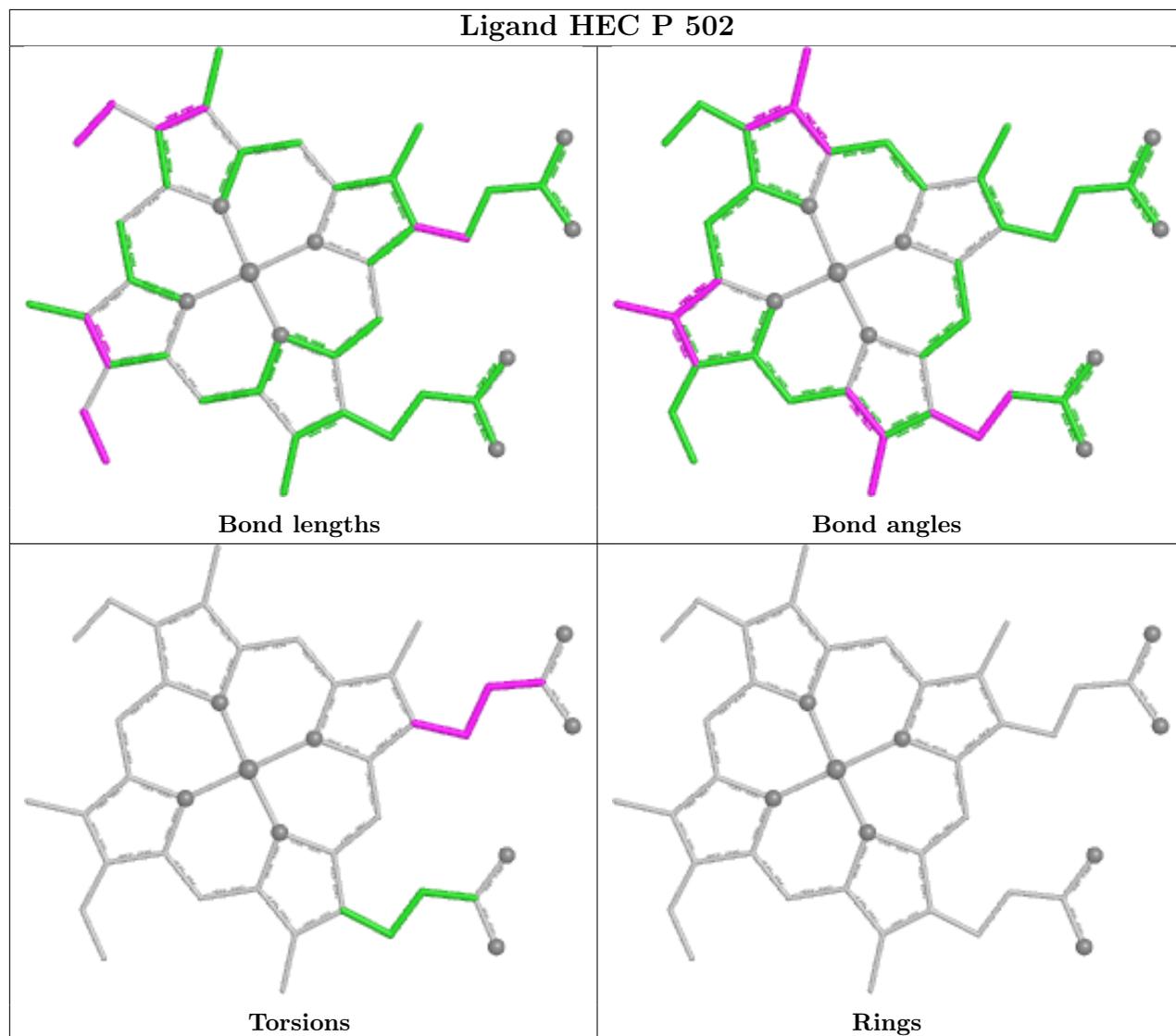
6 monomers are involved in 51 short contacts:

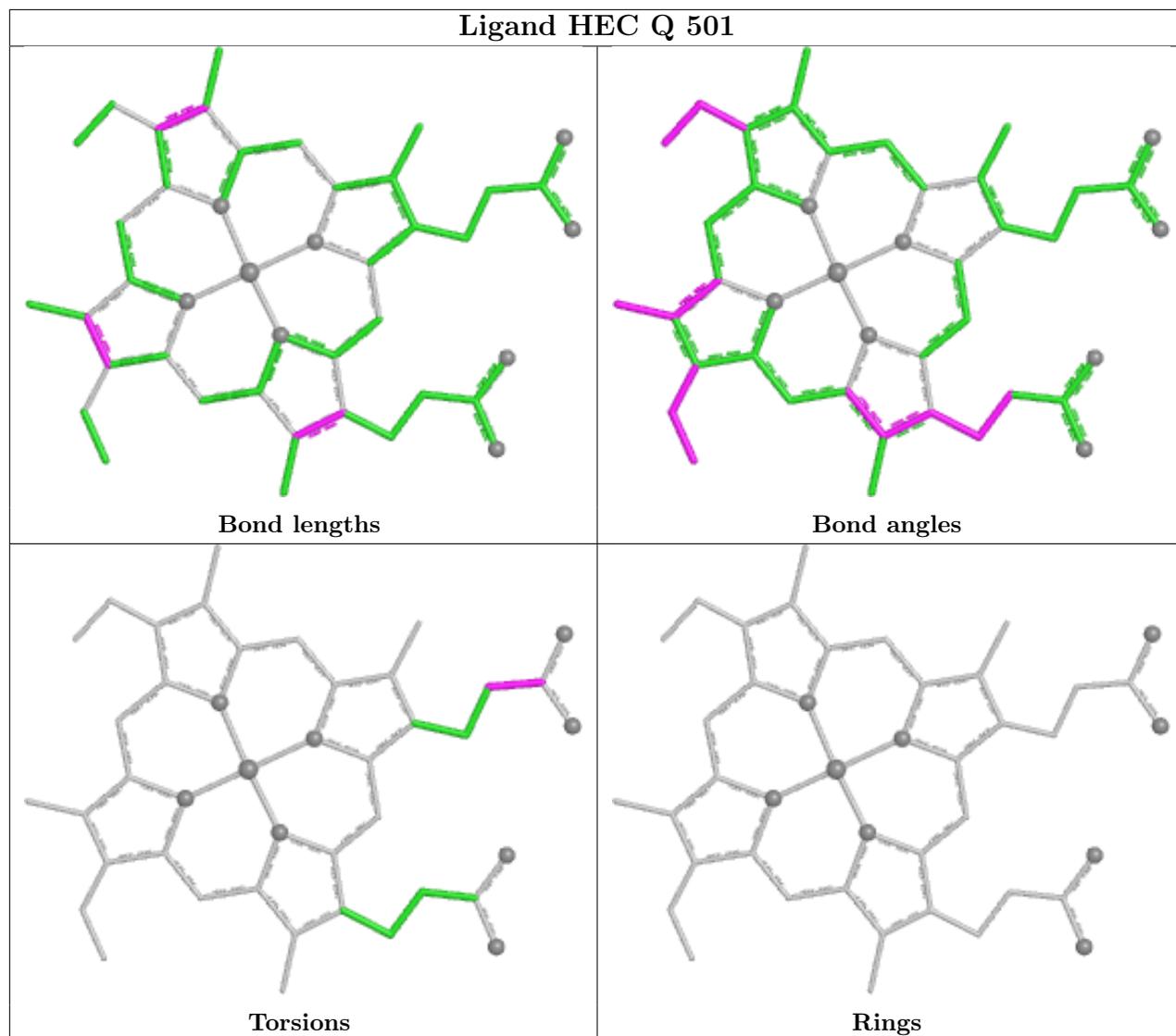
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	C	502	HEC	4	0
4	C	501	HEC	15	0
4	P	502	HEC	4	0
4	Q	501	HEC	6	0
4	P	501	HEC	16	0
4	D	501	HEC	6	0

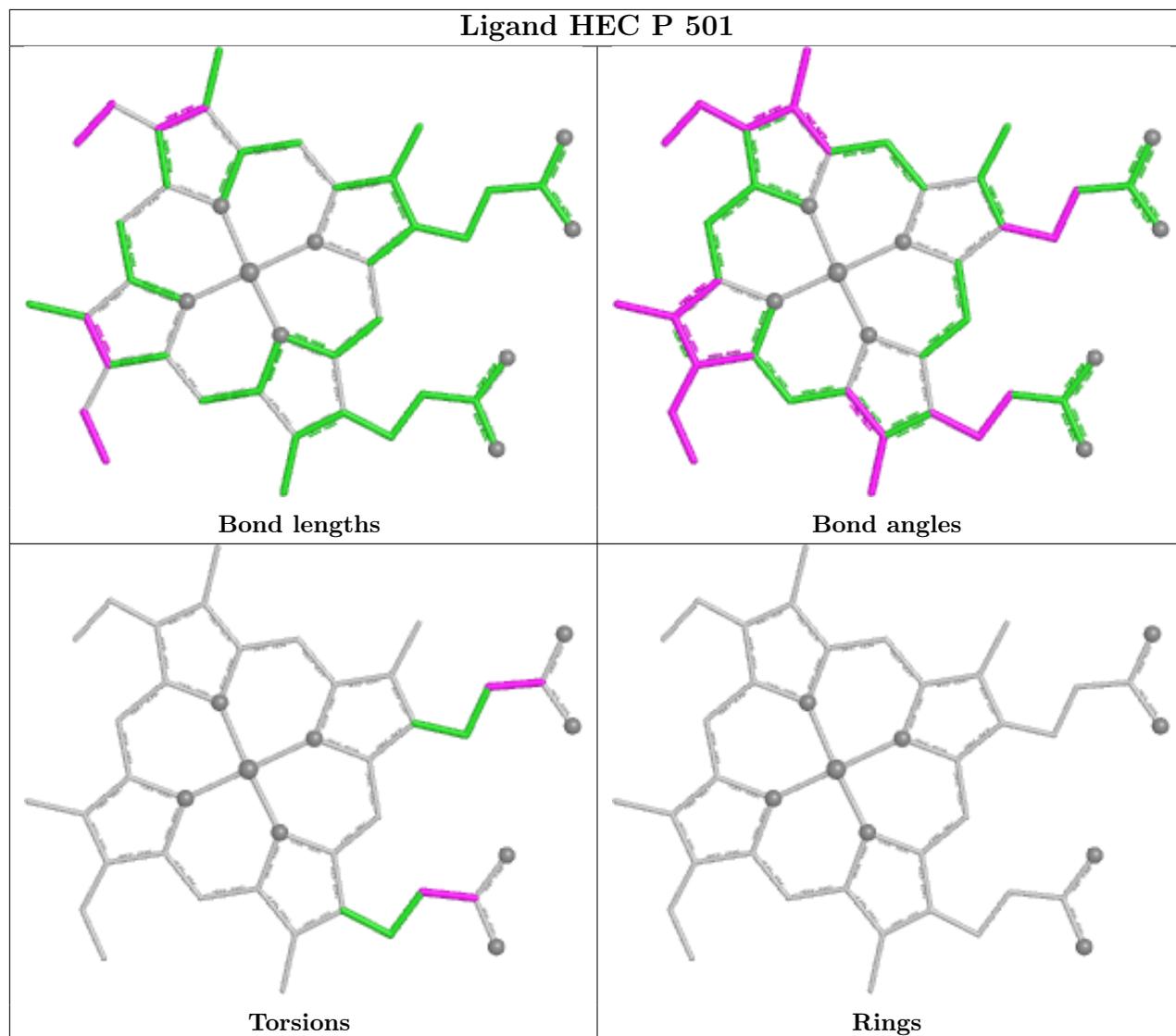
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

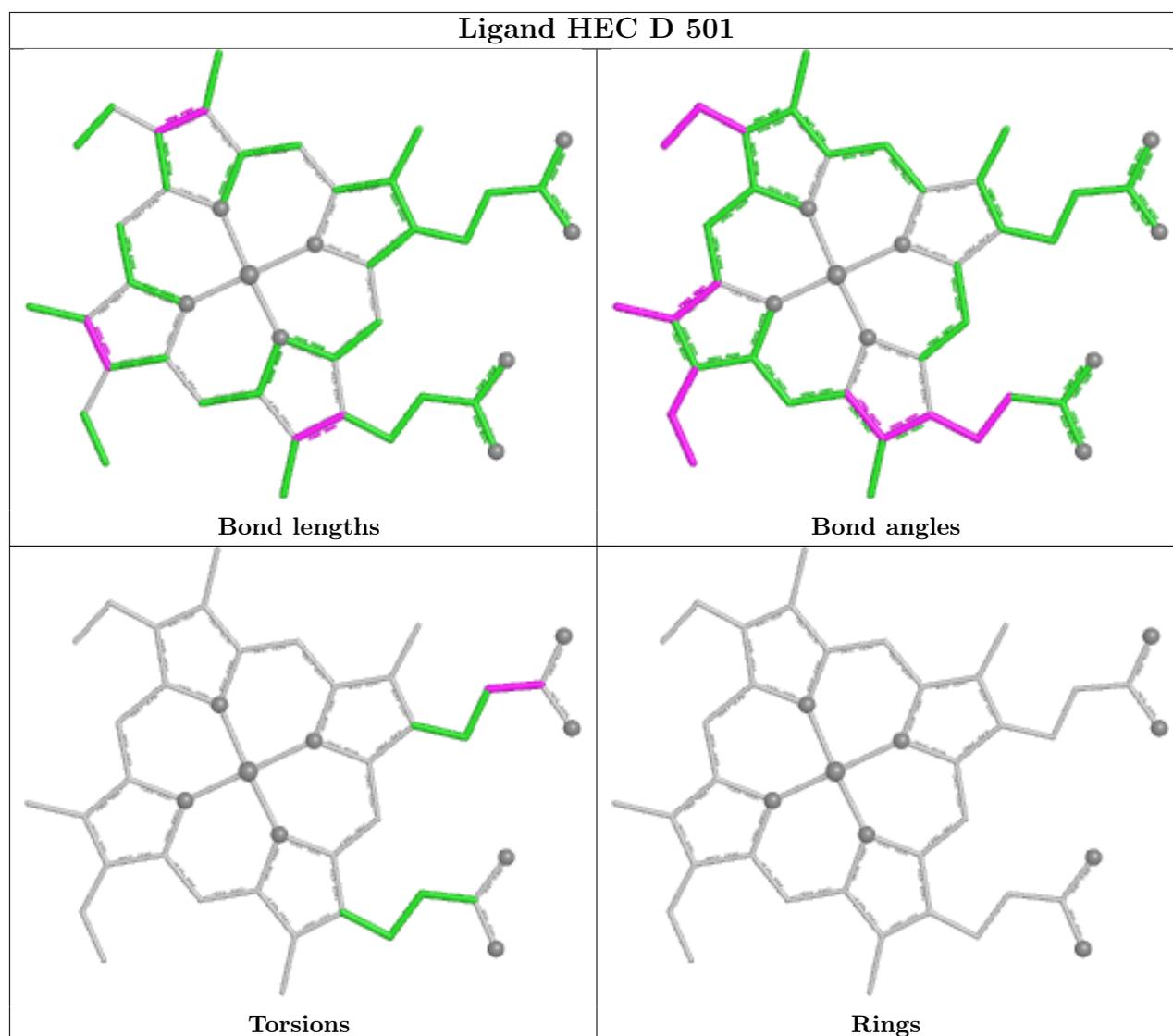












5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

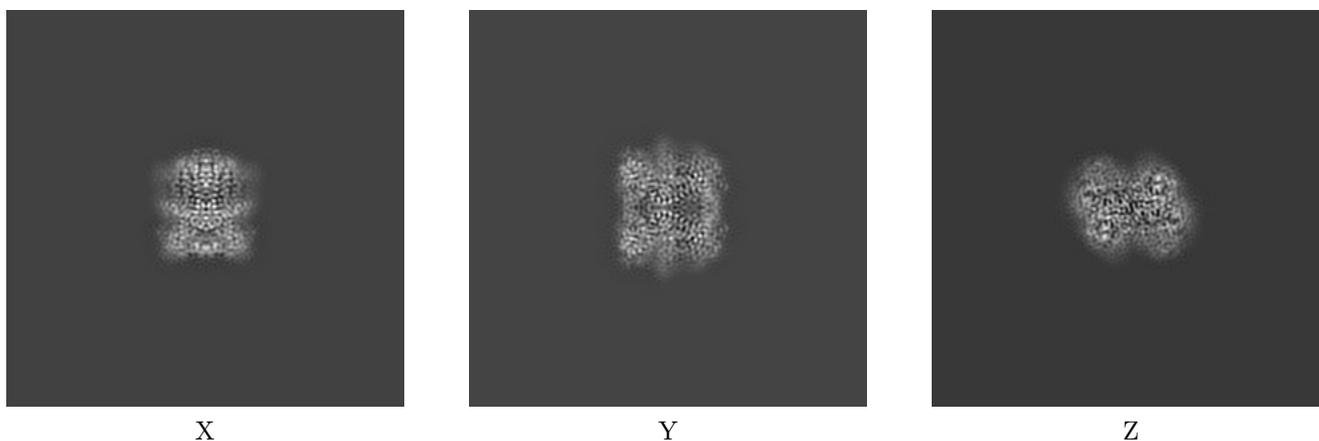
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-22226. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

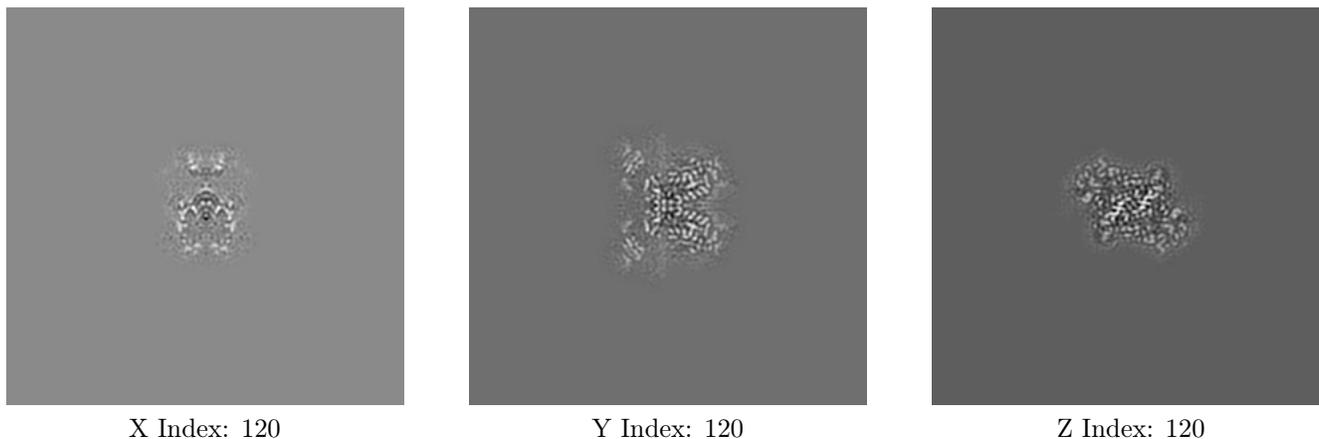
6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

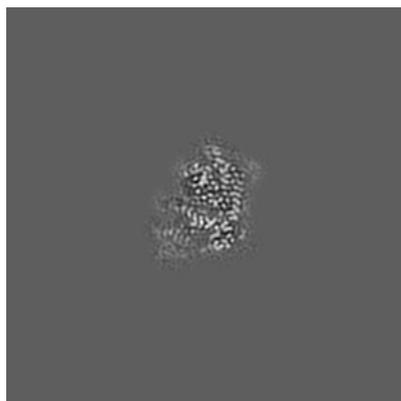
6.2.1 Primary map



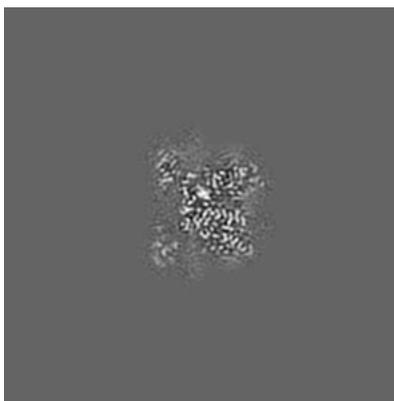
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

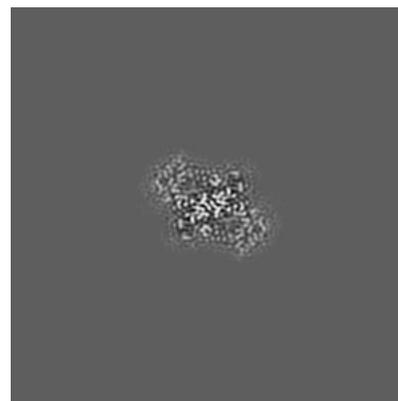
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 134



Y Index: 122

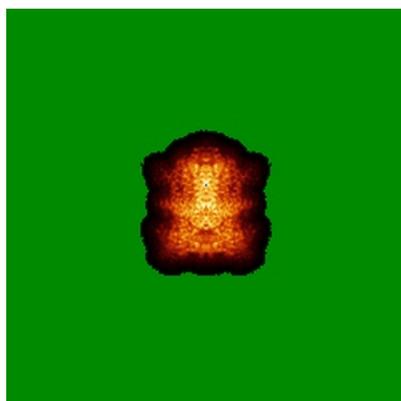


Z Index: 121

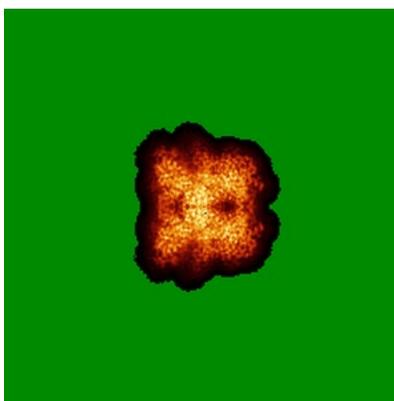
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

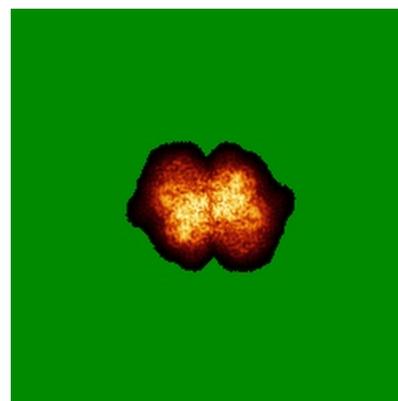
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

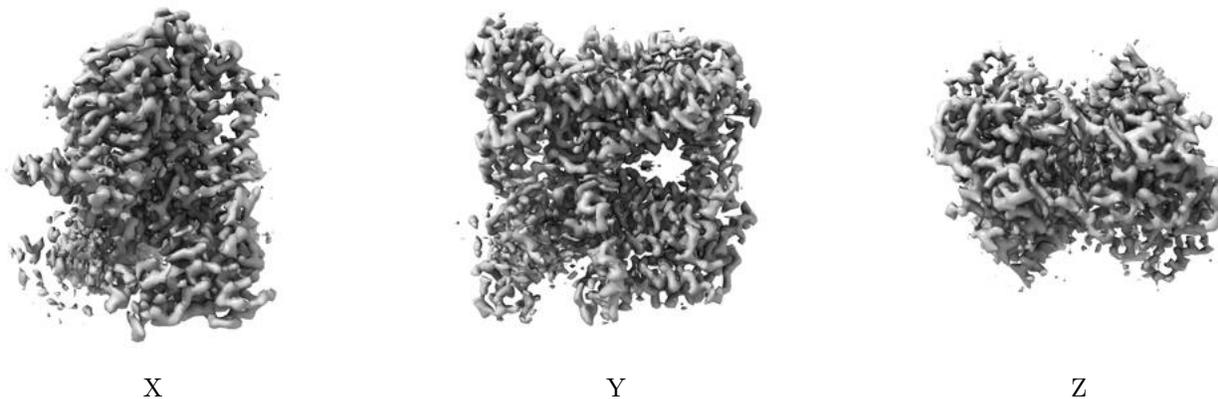


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.048. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

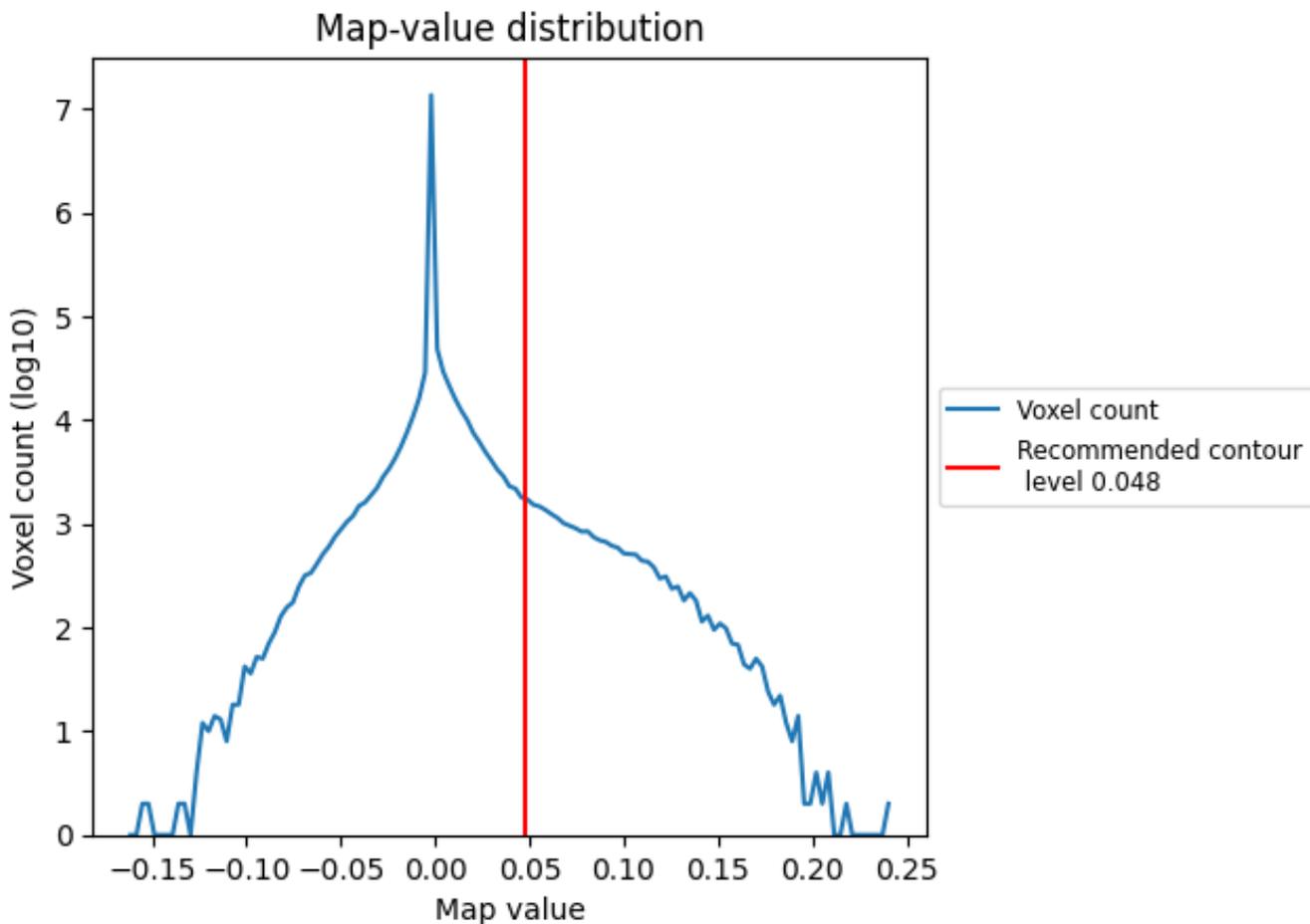
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

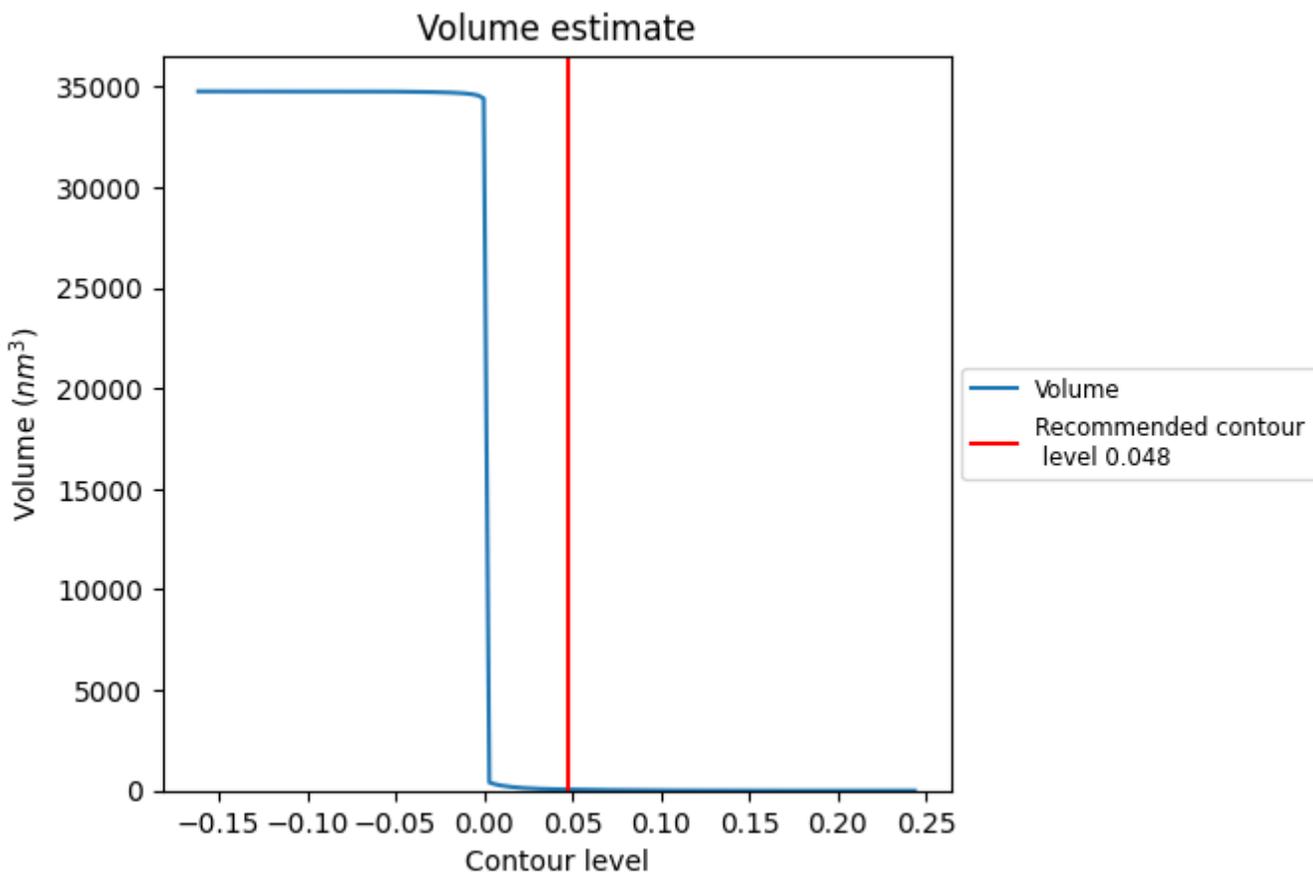
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

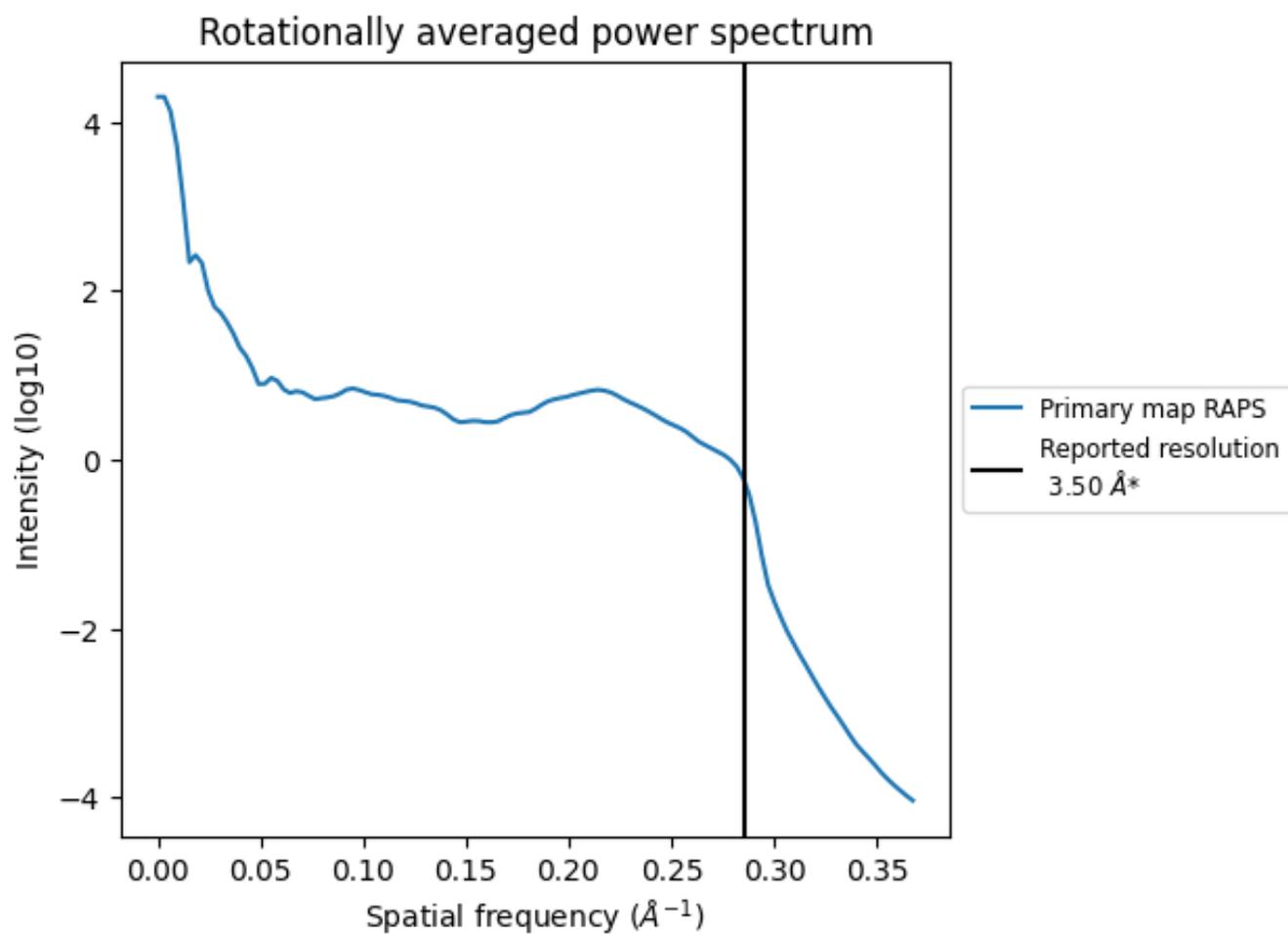
7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 56 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 51 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

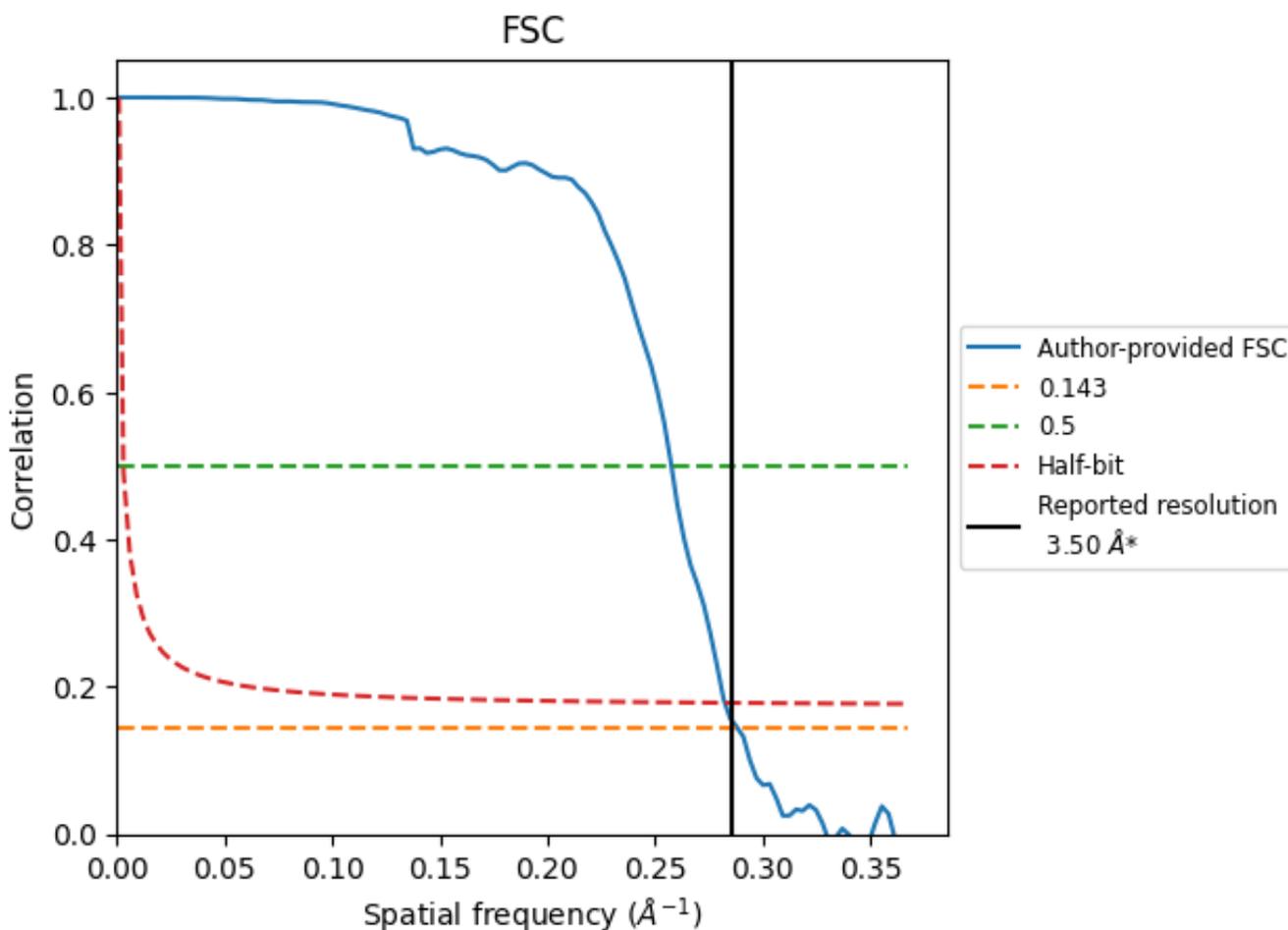


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.286 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.286 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

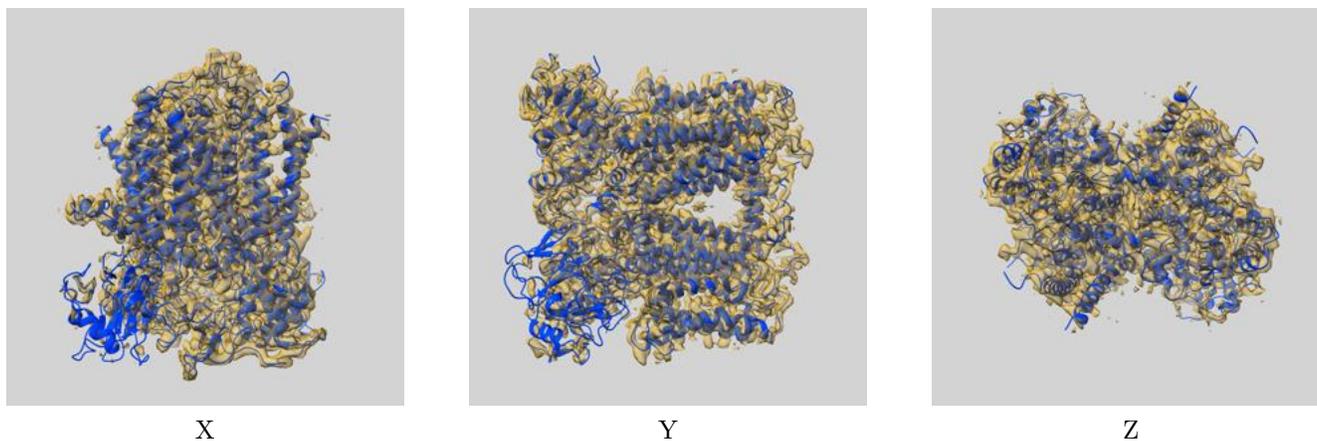
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.50	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.47	3.88	3.54
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

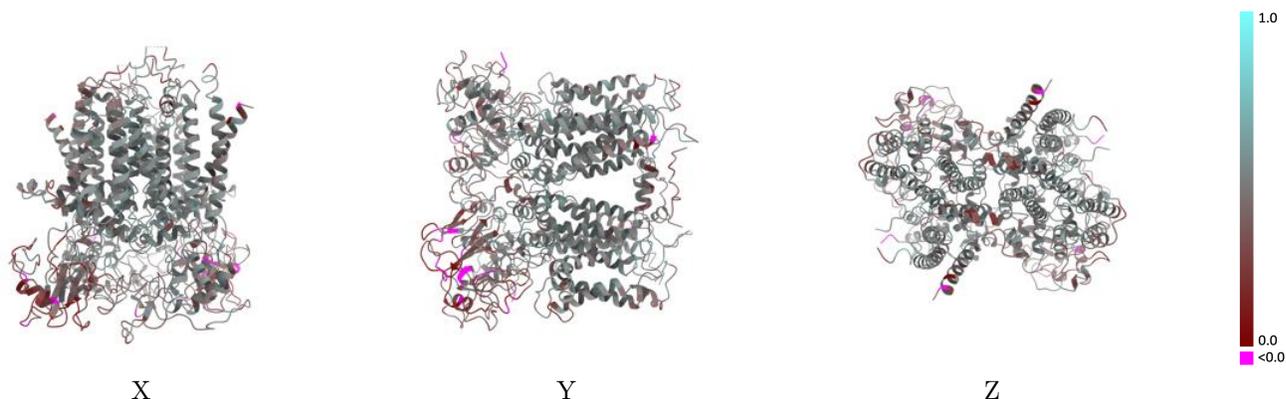
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-22226 and PDB model 6XKV. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [6](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



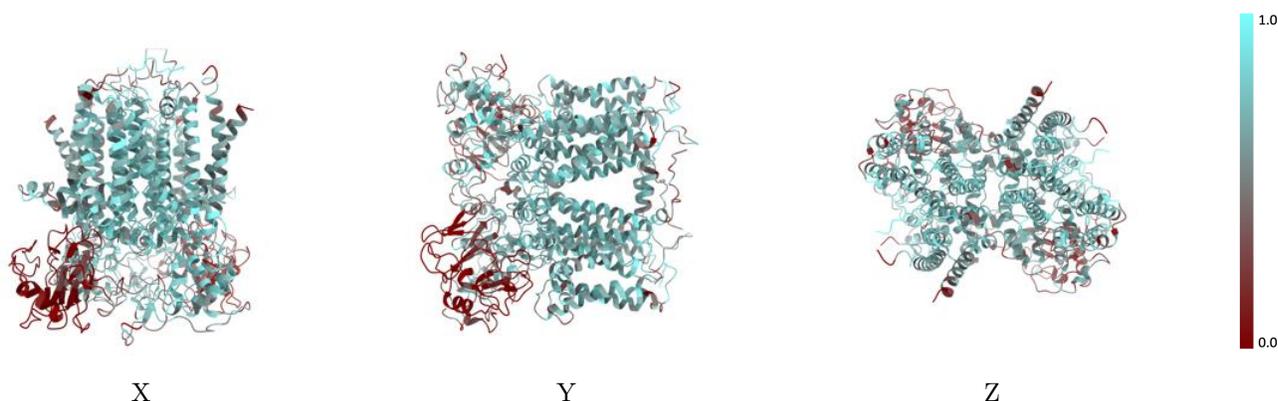
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.048 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



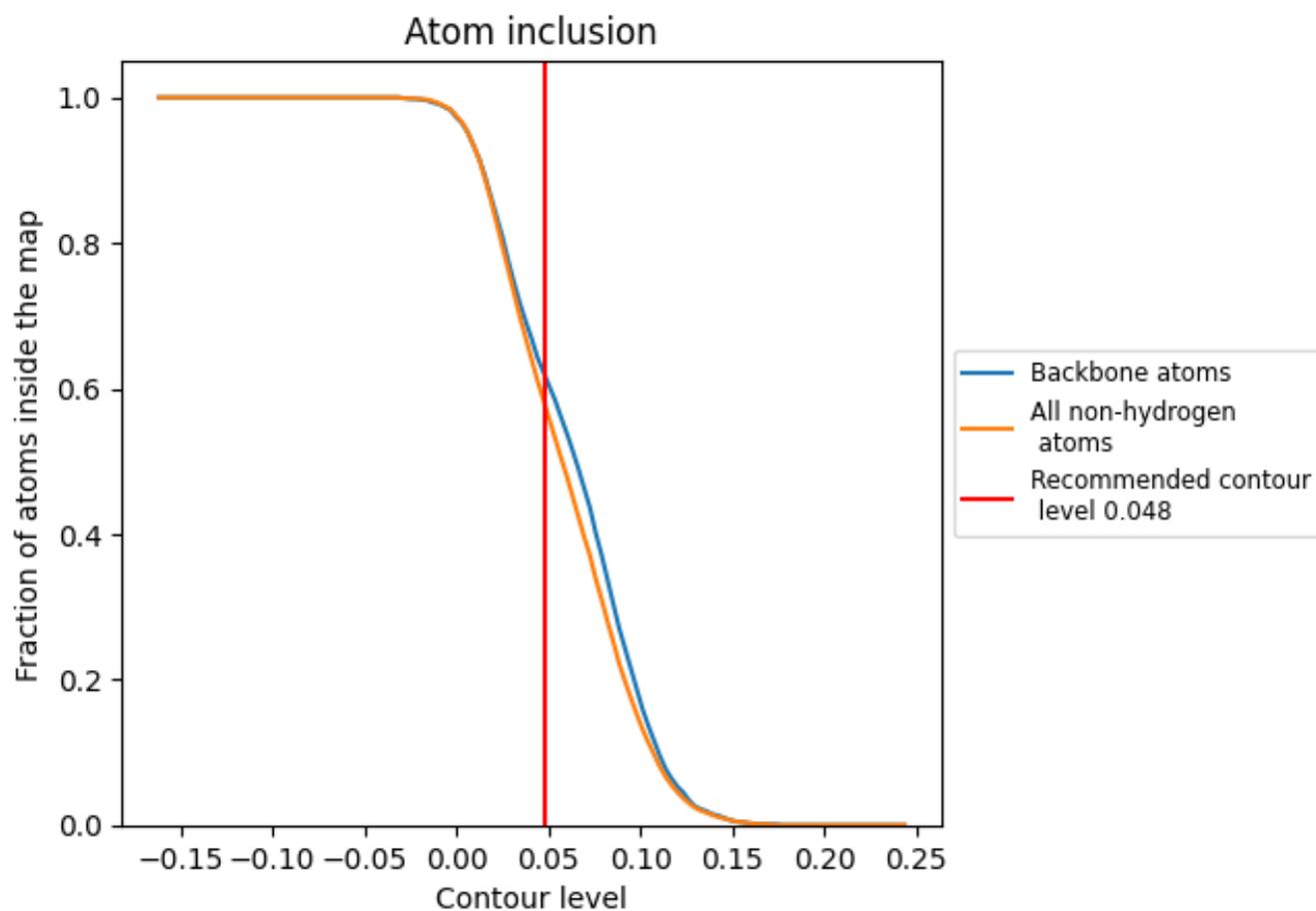
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.048).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 62% of all backbone atoms, 58% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.048) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.5790	 0.4440
C	 0.7180	 0.4930
D	 0.6130	 0.4560
E	 0.1830	 0.2820
P	 0.7160	 0.4950
Q	 0.6190	 0.4570
R	 0.2060	 0.3310

