

# wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Feb 26, 2024 – 10:18 PM EST

PDB ID : 6VVX

EMDB ID : EMD-21406

Title : Mycobacterium tuberculosis WT RNAP transcription initiation intermediate

structure with Sorangicin

Authors : Lilic, M.; Boyaci, H.; Chen, J.; Campbell, E.A.; Darst, S.A.

Deposited on : 2020-02-18

Resolution : 3.39 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev70

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

MapQ : 1.9.13

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

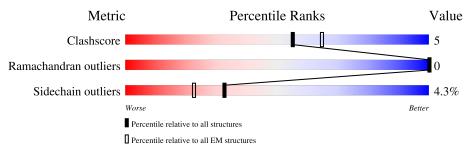
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.39 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\#  ext{Entries})$	${ m EM~structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$		
Clashscore	158937	4297		
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023		
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	A	347	53%	11% •	35%				
1	В	347	56%	12%	32%				
2	С	1179	78%		16% • 6%				
3	D	1326	80%		14% • 5%				
4	Е	110	64%	12%	25%				
5	F	531	51% 9	%	40%				
6	J	111	83%		13% • •				
7	Р	90	58%	11% •	30%				

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
8	M	162	75%		22%	• •			
9	О	90	63% 79	6 •	28%	_			



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 12 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 29858 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit alpha.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace		
1	A	225		C 1080		_		0	0	
1	В	237		C 1112		_		0	0	

• Molecule 2 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
2	С	1111	Total 8554	C 5357	N 1502	O 1656	S 39	0	0

There are 7 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
С	1179	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP V9Z879
С	1180	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP V9Z879
С	1181	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP V9Z879
С	1182	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP V9Z879
С	1183	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP V9Z879
С	1184	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP V9Z879
С	1185	SER	-	expression tag	UNP V9Z879

• Molecule 3 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit beta'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	D	1266	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
)	D	1200	9873	6184	1794	1853	42	0	U

There are 10 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference	
D	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A5U053	
D	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP A5U053	

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Continued	trom	mremone	naae
Continuou	110116	predudus	puqc

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	1317	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A5U053
D	1318	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A5U053
D	1319	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A5U053
D	1320	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A5U053
D	1321	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A5U053
D	1322	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A5U053
D	1323	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A5U053
D	1324	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A5U053

• Molecule 4 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit omega.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
4	E	83	Total	С	N	О	0	0
4	12	00	649	414	108	127	0	U

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
Ε	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0T9N9K3

• Molecule 5 is a protein called RNA polymerase sigma factor SigA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace		
5	F	319	Total 2505	C 1564	N 456	O 476	S 9	0	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
F	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P9WGI0
F	-1	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P9WGI0
F	0	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P9WGI0

• Molecule 6 is a protein called RNA polymerase-binding protein RbpA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$			AltConf	Trace		
6	J	108	Total 875	C 540	N 165	O 167	S 3	0	0

• Molecule 7 is a DNA chain called DNA (63-MER).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace		
7	Р	63	Total 1289	C 610	N 242	O 374	P 63	0	0

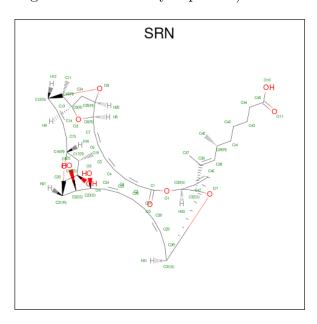
 $\bullet$  Molecule 8 is a protein called RNA polymerase-binding transcription factor CarD.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace		
0	М	159	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
0	M	159	1241	777	224	239	1	U	U

• Molecule 9 is a DNA chain called DNA (65-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$			AltConf	Trace		
9	О	65	Total 1336	C 633	N 243	O 395	P 65	0	0

• Molecule 10 is SORANGICIN A (three-letter code: SRN) (formula:  $C_{47}H_{66}O_{11}$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
10	С	1	Total C O 58 47 11	0

• Molecule 11 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
11	D	2	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{Zn} \\ 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0



• Molecule 12 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

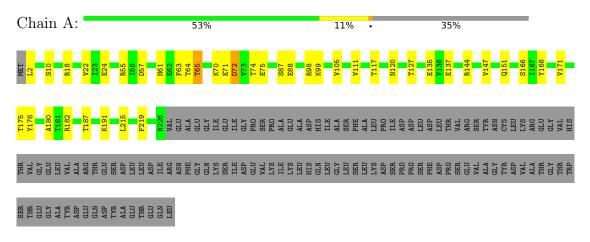
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
12	D	1	Total Mg 1 1	0



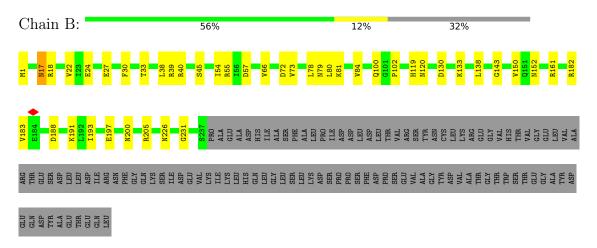
# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

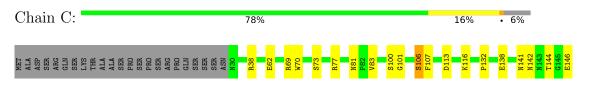
• Molecule 1: DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit alpha



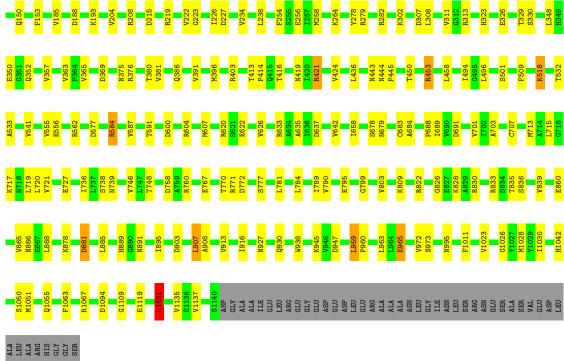
• Molecule 1: DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit alpha



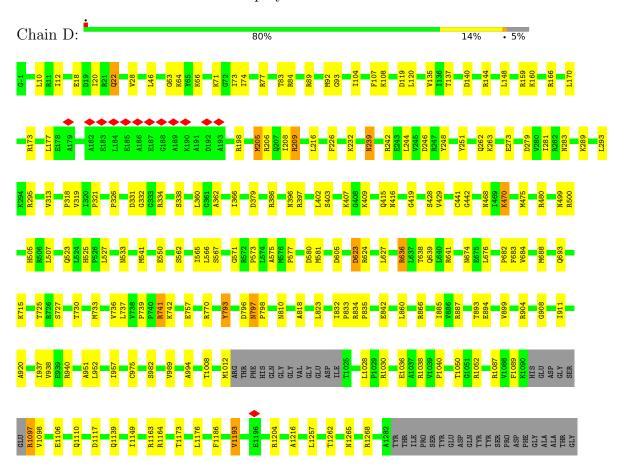
• Molecule 2: DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit beta







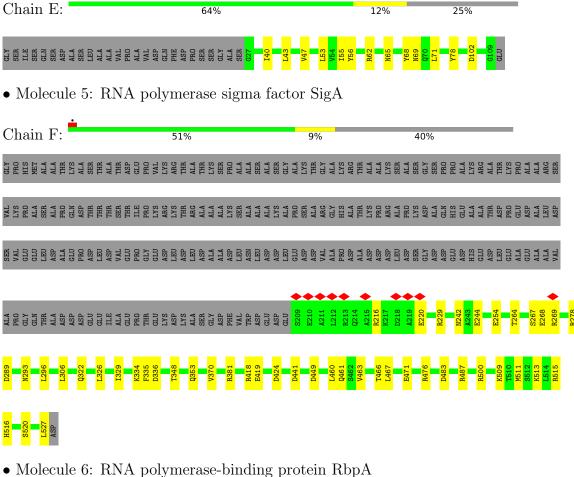
• Molecule 3: DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit beta'

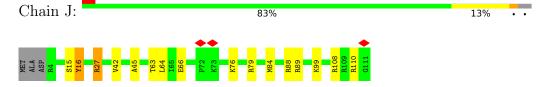




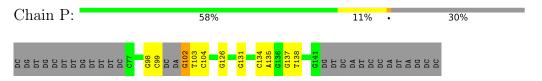
#### ALA ALA ALB ASP ASP ASP TTYR GGLY SER ARG ARG HIS HIS HIS HIS HIS HIS HIS

• Molecule 4: DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit omega





• Molecule 7: DNA (63-MER)



• Molecule 8: RNA polymerase-binding transcription factor CarD

Chain M: 75% 22%





#### 1153 1154 1154 1158 8156 V157 1158 A159 A160 A1A SER

• Molecule 9: DNA (65-MER)





# 4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	75398	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	66	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	3.045	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.960	Depositor
Average map value	0.011	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.113	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.48	Depositor
Map size (Å)	330.0, 330.0, 330.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	300, 300, 300	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.1, 1.1, 1.1	Depositor



# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SRN, MG, ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	В	ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.39	0/1742	0.53	0/2370
1	В	0.35	0/1786	0.53	0/2435
2	С	0.39	0/8712	0.54	2/11822~(0.0%)
3	D	0.37	0/10037	0.52	3/13570~(0.0%)
4	Е	0.36	0/662	0.57	0/901
5	F	0.31	0/2536	0.47	0/3421
6	J	0.29	0/891	0.50	0/1203
7	Р	0.73	1/1445~(0.1%)	0.99	2/2224~(0.1%)
8	M	0.29	0/1257	0.55	0/1700
9	О	0.72	0/1497	1.01	4/2310~(0.2%)
All	All	0.41	1/30565~(0.0%)	0.60	$11/41956 \ (0.0\%)$

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	С	0	3

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
7	Р	102	DG	C3'-O3'	6.74	1.52	1.44

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
7	P	131	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	7.05	112.94	108.00
3	D	834	ARG	C-N-CD	-6.05	107.29	120.60

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
9	О	59	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	5.89	112.12	108.00
2	С	1131	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.83	128.72	115.30
2	С	584	ARG	CA-CB-CG	5.73	126.00	113.40

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	С	146	GLU	Peptide
2	С	226	ILE	Peptide
2	С	227	ASP	Peptide

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1716	0	1756	18	0
1	В	1759	0	1783	25	0
2	С	8554	0	8448	107	0
3	D	9873	0	9938	112	0
4	Е	649	0	645	6	0
5	F	2505	0	2523	29	0
6	J	875	0	850	11	0
7	Р	1289	0	706	7	0
8	M	1241	0	1259	22	0
9	O	1336	0	732	5	0
10	С	58	0	63	8	0
11	D	2	0	0	0	0
12	D	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	29858	0	28703	312	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 312 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} { m Clash} \\ { m overlap} \ ({ m \AA}) \end{array}$
10:C:1201:SRN:C10	10:C:1201:SRN:C12	1.76	1.57
10:C:1201:SRN:O3	10:C:1201:SRN:C8	1.79	1.30
10:C:1201:SRN:O3	10:C:1201:SRN:C9	1.80	1.29
10:C:1201:SRN:C10	10:C:1201:SRN:C13	2.49	0.90
10:C:1201:SRN:C12	10:C:1201:SRN:C11	2.62	0.76

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percei	ntiles
1	A	223/347~(64%)	211 (95%)	12 (5%)	0	100	100
1	В	235/347~(68%)	215 (92%)	20 (8%)	0	100	100
2	C	1109/1179 (94%)	1029 (93%)	80 (7%)	0	100	100
3	D	1260/1326~(95%)	1185 (94%)	75 (6%)	0	100	100
4	E	81/110 (74%)	76 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
5	F	317/531 (60%)	309 (98%)	8 (2%)	0	100	100
6	J	106/111 (96%)	96 (91%)	10 (9%)	0	100	100
8	M	157/162 (97%)	150 (96%)	7 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	3488/4113 (85%)	3271 (94%)	217 (6%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was



analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	194/297~(65%)	179 (92%)	15 (8%)	13	40	
1	В	194/297 (65%)	187 (96%)	7 (4%)	35	63	
2	C	925/997 (93%)	886 (96%)	39 (4%)	30	59	
3	D	1042/1103 (94%)	1004 (96%)	38 (4%)	35	63	
4	E	69/89~(78%)	63 (91%)	6 (9%)	10	34	
5	F	260/429 (61%)	253 (97%)	7 (3%)	44	70	
6	J	92/97~(95%)	86 (94%)	6 (6%)	17	46	
8	M	129/131 (98%)	121 (94%)	8 (6%)	18	48	
All	All	2905/3440 (84%)	2779 (96%)	126 (4%)	33	59	

5 of 126 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	С	965	GLU
5	F	460	LEU
3	D	244	LEU
5	F	370	VAL
8	M	25	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 24 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	D	283	ASN
3	D	564	ASN
3	D	505	HIS
3	D	639	GLN
2	С	298	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	Type			Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
10	SRN	С	1201	-	60,62,62	4.99	33 (55%)	62,84,84	1.40	7 (11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
10	SRN	С	1201	-	-	22/52/105/105	0/4/5/5

The worst 5 of 33 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
10	С	1201	SRN	O3-C8	19.20	1.79	1.44
10	С	1201	SRN	О3-С9	16.08	1.80	1.45
10	С	1201	SRN	C34-C9	-10.71	1.29	1.52
10	С	1201	SRN	C3-C2	9.32	1.58	1.34
10	С	1201	SRN	C34-C35	-8.76	1.33	1.52

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
10	С	1201	SRN	C35-O8-C12	3.14	118.39	112.81
10	С	1201	SRN	C18-C17-C19	-2.73	108.01	111.36
10	С	1201	SRN	C30-C31-C46	-2.66	108.32	113.00
10	С	1201	SRN	C8-C7-C6	-2.62	120.48	125.61

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
10	С	1201	SRN	C20-C19-C17	2.54	114.25	111.02

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 22 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
10	С	1201	SRN	C25-C26-C27-C28
10	С	1201	SRN	C21-C22-C23-C24
10	С	1201	SRN	O9-C21-C22-C23
10	С	1201	SRN	C20-C21-C22-O5
10	С	1201	SRN	C14-C15-C16-O9

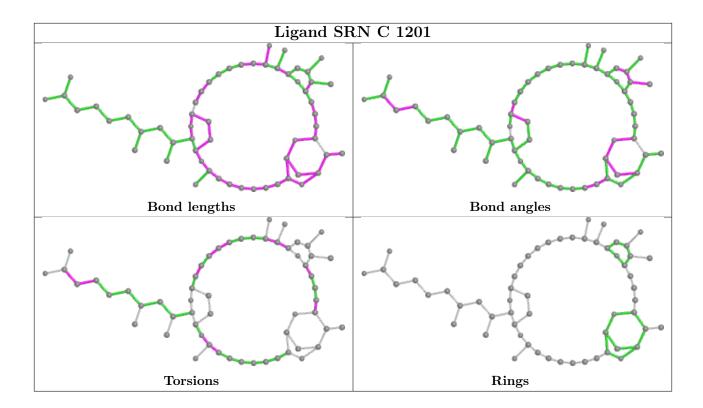
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 8 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
10	С	1201	SRN	8	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



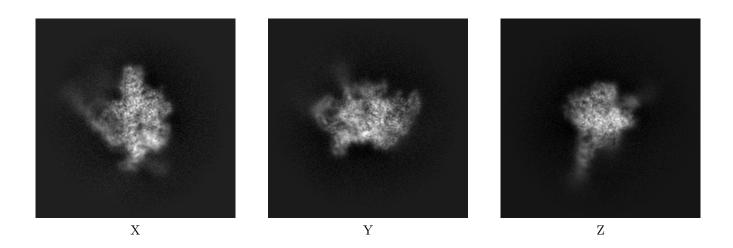
# 6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-21406. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

#### 6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

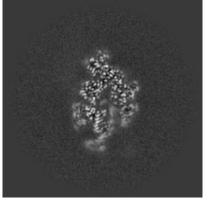
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



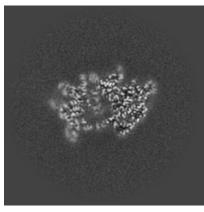
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

#### 6.2 Central slices (i)

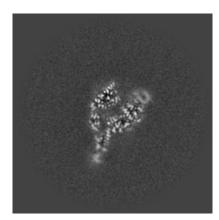
#### 6.2.1 Primary map







Y Index: 150



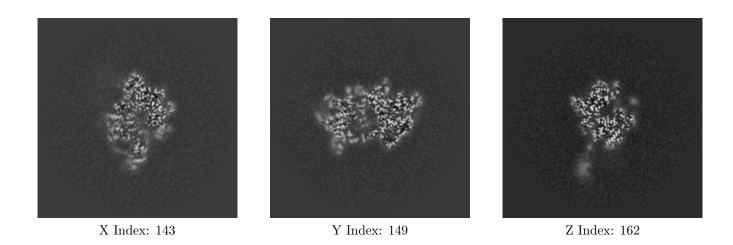
Z Index: 150



The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

#### 6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

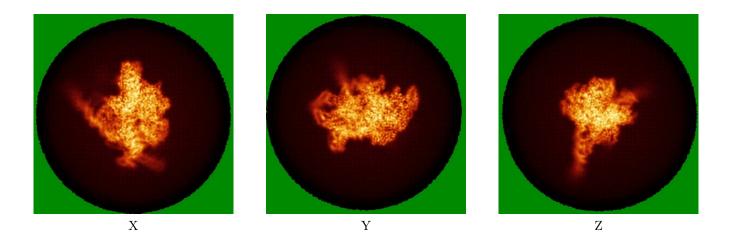
#### 6.3.1 Primary map



The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

# 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

#### 6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



### 6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

#### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.48. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

#### 6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

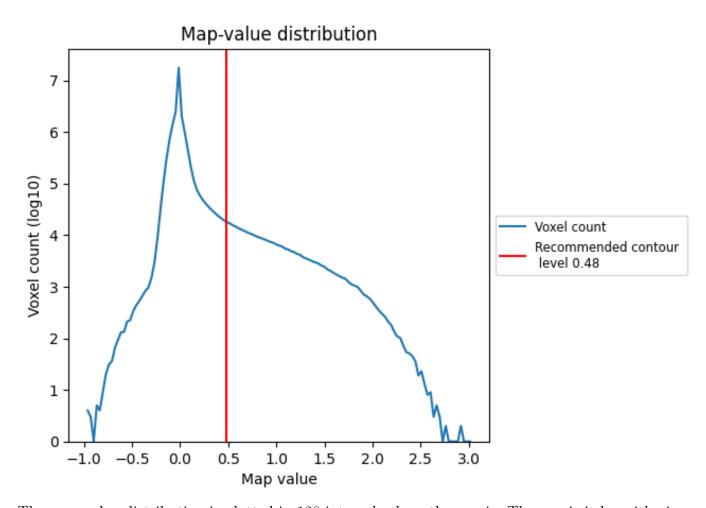
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



# 7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

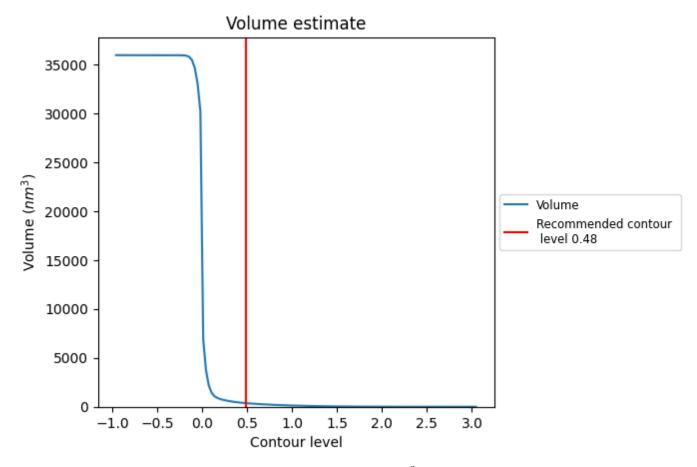
### 7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



#### 7.2 Volume estimate (i)

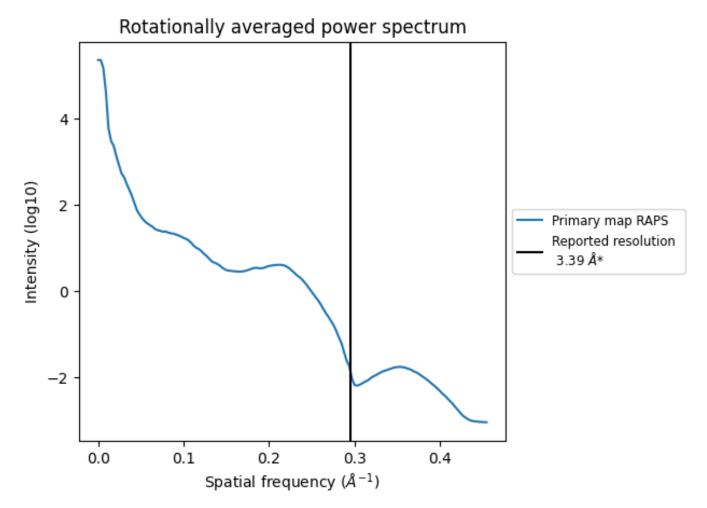


The volume at the recommended contour level is  $377~\mathrm{nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of  $340~\mathrm{kDa}$ .

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



## 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



<sup>\*</sup>Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.295  $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$ 



# 8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

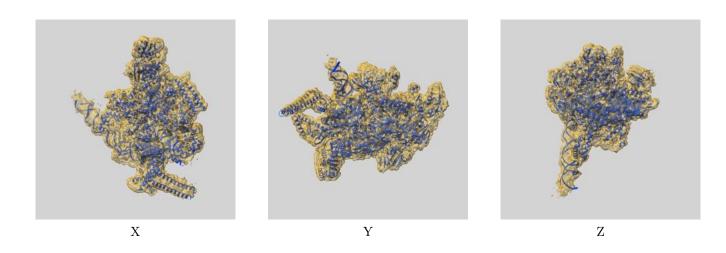
This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.



# 9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-21406 and PDB model 6VVX. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 8.

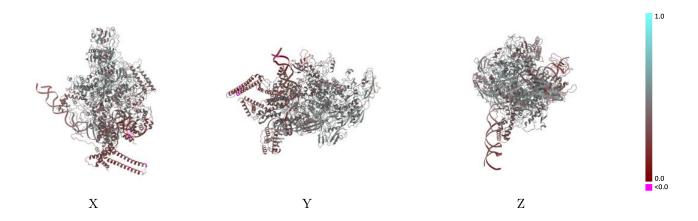
## 9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.48 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

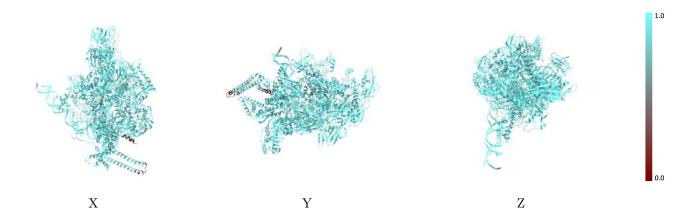


### 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

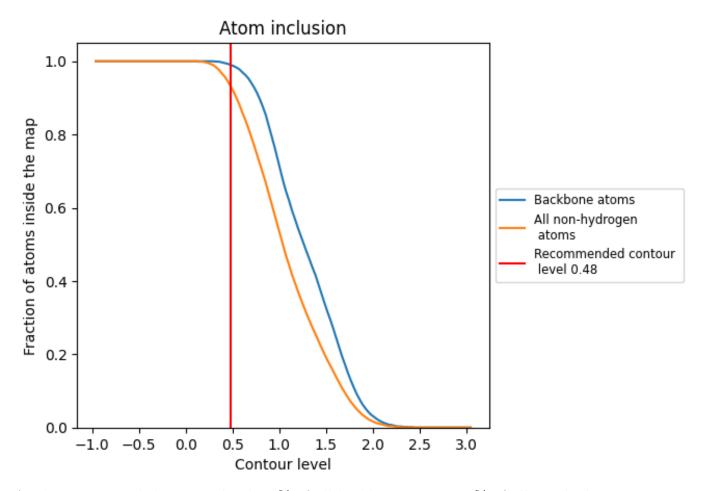
#### 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.48).



## 9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 99% of all backbone atoms, 93% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



# 9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.48) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.9310	0.4250
A	0.9540	0.4820
В	0.9420	0.4570
С	0.9410	0.4670
D	0.9240	0.4330
Е	0.9450	0.4620
F	0.8960	0.3750
J	0.8850	0.3850
M	0.9010	0.3420
О	0.9600	0.2970
P	0.9550	0.2900



