Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 22, 2020 – 03:58 pm BST

PDB ID	:	6CKX
Title	:	Structure of CDK12/CycK in complex with a small molecule inhibitor N-(4-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)phenyl)-N-((1r,4r)-4-(quinazolin-2-ylamino)cyclohexyl)acetamide
Authors	:	Klein, M.G.
Deposited on	:	2018-03-01
Resolution	:	2.80 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

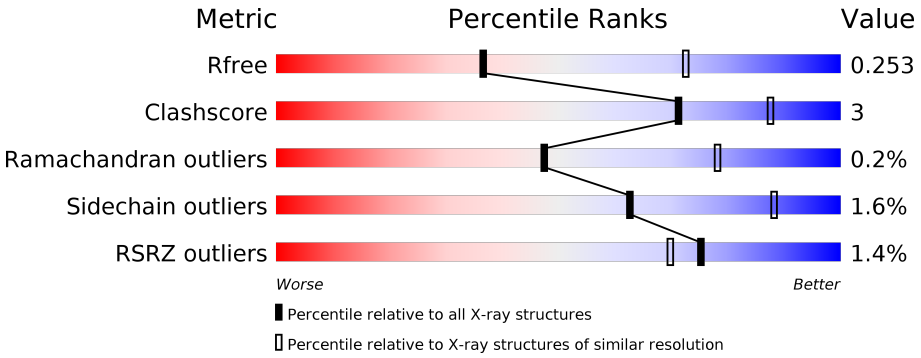
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.11
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	3140 (2.80-2.80)
Clashscore	141614	3569 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3498 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3500 (2.80-2.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3078 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	351	% 75% 9% 17%
1	C	351	2% 74% 9% 17%
2	B	268	% 84% • 11%
2	D	268	82% 7% 11%

2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8720 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Cyclin-dependent kinase 12.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	293	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0	0	0
			2339	1501	395	427	1	15			
1	C	293	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0	0	0
			2345	1506	394	429	1	15			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	713	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NYV4
C	713	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NYV4

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Cyclin-K.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	238	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1966	1280	325	349	12			
2	D	238	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1963	1278	325	349	11			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	0	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O75909
D	0	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O75909

- Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

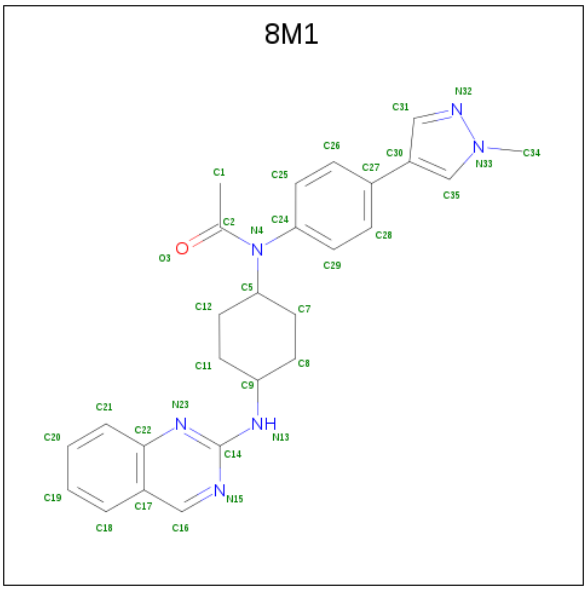
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		
3	A	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	C	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 4 is N-[4-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)phenyl]-N-{trans-4-[(quinazolin-2-yl)amino]cyclohexyl}acetamide (three-letter code: 8M1) (formula: $C_{26}H_{28}N_6O$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C N O 33 26 6 1	0	0
4	C	1	Total C N O 33 26 6 1	0	0

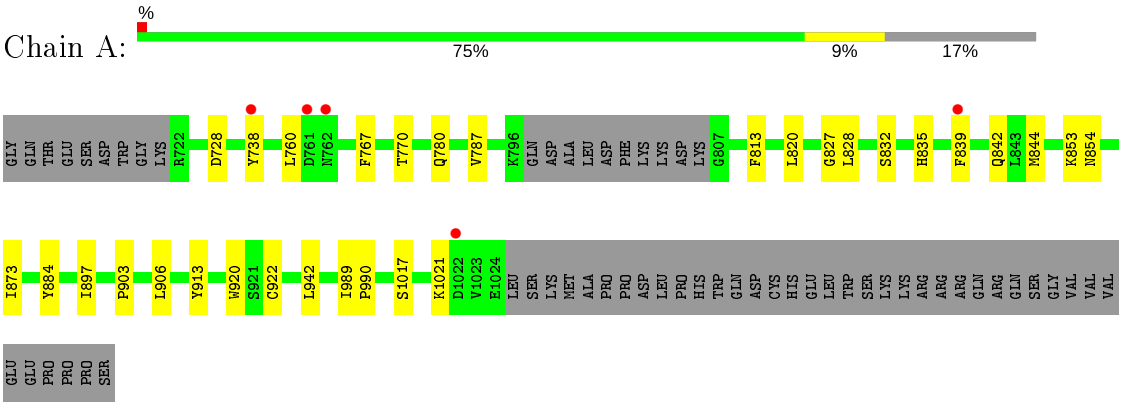
- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	8	Total O 8 8	0	0
5	B	7	Total O 7 7	0	0
5	C	10	Total O 10 10	0	0
5	D	13	Total O 13 13	0	0

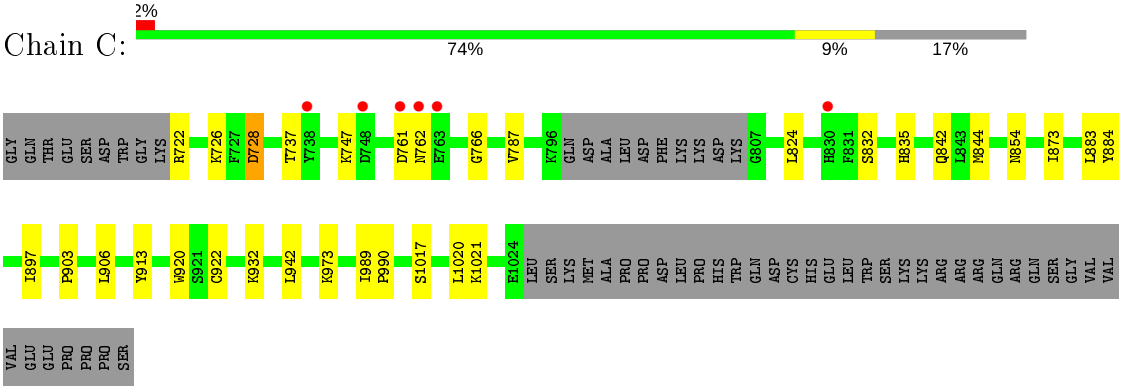
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

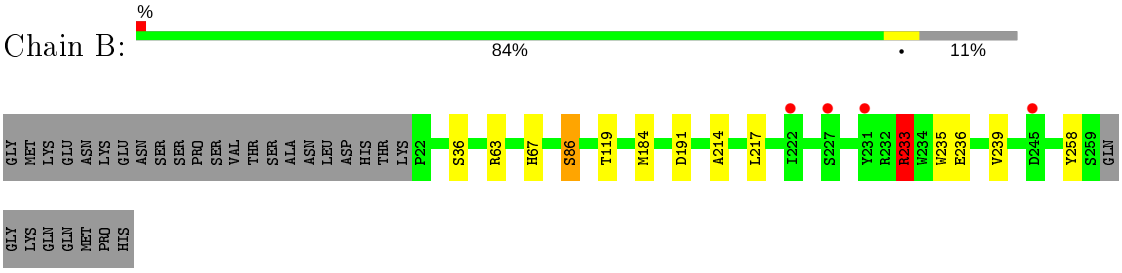
- Molecule 1: Cyclin-dependent kinase 12



- Molecule 1: Cyclin-dependent kinase 12

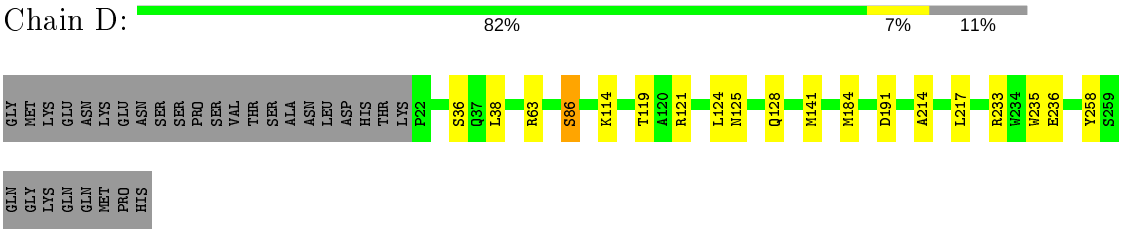


- Molecule 2: Cyclin-K



- Molecule 2: Cyclin-K

Chain D:


82%
7%
11%
GLY MET LYS GLU ASN LYS GLU ASN SER SER PRO SER VAL THR SER ALA ASN LEU ASP HIS THR LYS P22 S36 Q37 L38 R63 S86 K114 T119 A120 R121 L124 N125 Q128 M141 M184 D191 A214 L217 R233 W234 W235 E236 Y258 S259
GLN GLY LYS GLN GLN MET PRO HIS

4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	96.60Å 107.53Å 138.32Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.64 – 2.80 45.60 – 2.75	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.9 (45.64-2.80) 99.7 (45.60-2.75)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	1.05 (at 2.73Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0025	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.208 , 0.251 0.201 , 0.253	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1913 reflections (5.01%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	68.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.321	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.31 , 43.7	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.49$, $< L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	8720	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	87.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 34.10 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 7.2017e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TPO, MG, 8M1

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.52	0/2376	0.71	0/3208
1	C	0.51	0/2382	0.71	0/3215
2	B	0.56	0/2021	0.72	2/2741 (0.1%)
2	D	0.54	0/2018	0.66	0/2738
All	All	0.53	0/8797	0.70	2/11902 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	B	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	B	233	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.41	123.50	120.30
2	B	233	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.82	117.39	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	B	67	HIS	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2339	0	2326	24	0
1	C	2345	0	2340	15	0
2	B	1966	0	1922	11	0
2	D	1963	0	1915	11	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	C	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	33	0	0	0	0
4	C	33	0	0	0	0
5	A	8	0	0	0	0
5	B	7	0	0	0	0
5	C	10	0	0	0	0
5	D	13	0	0	0	0
All	All	8720	0	8503	60	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (60) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:780:GLN:O	1:A:853:LYS:NZ	2.06	0.88
2:B:191:ASP:OD2	2:B:258:TYR:OH	2.00	0.80
2:D:191:ASP:OD2	2:D:258:TYR:OH	2.01	0.79
1:A:839:PHE:CE1	1:A:873:ILE:HD11	2.17	0.79
1:A:844:MET:HE3	1:A:922:CYS:HB3	1.72	0.72
1:C:844:MET:HE3	1:C:922:CYS:HB3	1.75	0.68
2:B:184:MET:HE2	2:B:214:ALA:HA	1.79	0.64
1:A:827:GLY:O	1:A:828:LEU:HB3	1.97	0.64
2:D:63:ARG:HD2	2:D:119:THR:HG23	1.81	0.62
2:B:63:ARG:HD2	2:B:119:THR:HG23	1.82	0.62
1:A:820:LEU:HD13	1:A:839:PHE:CE1	2.34	0.62
2:D:184:MET:HE2	2:D:214:ALA:HA	1.82	0.61
2:D:184:MET:CE	2:D:214:ALA:HA	2.33	0.59
2:B:184:MET:CE	2:B:214:ALA:HA	2.33	0.57

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:842:GLN:HE22	1:A:873:ILE:H	1.53	0.57
1:C:842:GLN:HE22	1:C:873:ILE:H	1.53	0.56
2:B:233:ARG:HG3	2:B:233:ARG:NH1	2.21	0.55
1:A:820:LEU:HD13	1:A:839:PHE:HE1	1.72	0.54
1:C:728:ASP:OD1	1:C:747:LYS:HE2	2.08	0.53
2:B:233:ARG:HB3	2:B:236:GLU:HG3	1.90	0.53
1:A:827:GLY:O	1:A:828:LEU:CB	2.55	0.52
1:A:903:PRO:HD2	1:A:906:LEU:HD12	1.93	0.51
2:B:233:ARG:HG3	2:B:233:ARG:HH11	1.76	0.50
1:A:903:PRO:HB3	1:A:920:TRP:CG	2.47	0.49
1:C:903:PRO:HB3	1:C:920:TRP:CG	2.48	0.49
1:C:1017:SER:O	1:C:1021:LYS:HB2	2.13	0.48
1:C:824:LEU:HD12	1:C:932:LYS:HA	1.93	0.48
1:A:842:GLN:NE2	1:A:873:ILE:H	2.11	0.48
1:C:903:PRO:HD2	1:C:906:LEU:HD12	1.96	0.48
1:A:738:TYR:HE2	1:A:770:THR:HG1	1.61	0.47
1:C:906:LEU:HD21	1:C:913:TYR:CD2	2.49	0.47
1:C:989:ILE:HG22	1:C:990:PRO:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:906:LEU:HD21	1:A:913:TYR:CD2	2.49	0.47
1:A:854:ASN:HA	1:A:884:TYR:CE2	2.50	0.47
1:A:832:SER:OG	1:A:835:HIS:ND1	2.48	0.47
2:B:184:MET:HE1	2:B:217:LEU:HB2	1.98	0.46
1:C:832:SER:OG	1:C:835:HIS:ND1	2.49	0.46
1:C:854:ASN:HA	1:C:884:TYR:CE2	2.50	0.46
1:A:820:LEU:HD22	1:A:839:PHE:HZ	1.80	0.46
2:D:184:MET:HE1	2:D:217:LEU:HB2	1.97	0.45
1:A:760:LEU:CD2	1:A:767:PHE:HA	2.46	0.45
1:A:738:TYR:HE2	1:A:770:THR:OG1	1.98	0.45
1:A:989:ILE:HG22	1:A:990:PRO:O	2.16	0.45
1:C:726:LYS:HG2	1:C:726:LYS:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:787:VAL:HG13	1:A:813:PHE:CD1	2.52	0.45
1:C:842:GLN:NE2	1:C:873:ILE:H	2.13	0.44
2:D:36:SER:HA	2:D:86:SER:HB2	1.99	0.43
1:A:1017:SER:O	1:A:1021:LYS:HB2	2.18	0.43
1:A:844:MET:HE3	1:A:922:CYS:CB	2.45	0.43
2:D:121:ARG:HH22	2:D:125:ASN:C	2.22	0.43
2:D:233:ARG:HG2	2:D:235:TRP:CH2	2.54	0.43
1:A:839:PHE:CD1	1:A:873:ILE:HD11	2.53	0.42
2:B:233:ARG:HG2	2:B:235:TRP:CH2	2.55	0.41
2:B:36:SER:HA	2:B:86:SER:HB2	2.02	0.41
2:D:124:LEU:HD22	2:D:128:GLN:HB3	2.03	0.41

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:820:LEU:HD22	1:A:839:PHE:CZ	2.55	0.40
1:C:766:GLY:N	2:D:141:MET:HE1	2.36	0.40
2:B:236:GLU:HA	2:B:239:VAL:O	2.22	0.40
1:C:761:ASP:O	1:C:762:ASN:HB2	2.21	0.40
2:D:233:ARG:HB3	2:D:236:GLU:HG3	2.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	288/351 (82%)	272 (94%)	15 (5%)	1 (0%)	41	72
1	C	288/351 (82%)	272 (94%)	15 (5%)	1 (0%)	41	72
2	B	236/268 (88%)	231 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
2	D	236/268 (88%)	233 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	1048/1238 (85%)	1008 (96%)	38 (4%)	2 (0%)	47	78

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	897	ILE
1	C	897	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	252/316 (80%)	250 (99%)	2 (1%)	81 94
1	C	254/316 (80%)	246 (97%)	8 (3%)	40 74
2	B	210/241 (87%)	208 (99%)	2 (1%)	76 93
2	D	209/241 (87%)	206 (99%)	3 (1%)	67 90
All	All	925/1114 (83%)	910 (98%)	15 (2%)	62 88

All (15) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	728	ASP
1	A	942	LEU
2	B	86	SER
2	B	233	ARG
1	C	722	ARG
1	C	728	ASP
1	C	737	THR
1	C	787	VAL
1	C	883	LEU
1	C	942	LEU
1	C	973	LYS
1	C	1020	LEU
2	D	38	LEU
2	D	86	SER
2	D	114	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	842	GLN
1	A	977	GLN
2	B	149	GLN
1	C	842	GLN
2	D	240	GLN

5.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
1	TPO	C	893	1	8,10,11	0.85	0	10,14,16	1.21	1 (10%)
1	TPO	A	893	1	8,10,11	0.92	0	10,14,16	1.13	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	TPO	C	893	1	-	0/9/11/13	-
1	TPO	A	893	1	-	0/9/11/13	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	C	893	TPO	O3P-P-O2P	2.05	115.45	107.64

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
4	8M1	A	1102	-	34,37,37	0.83	1 (2%)	47,52,52	2.08	15 (31%)
4	8M1	C	1102	-	34,37,37	1.00	1 (2%)	47,52,52	2.36	18 (38%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	8M1	A	1102	-	-	2/20/37/37	0/5/5/5
4	8M1	C	1102	-	-	2/20/37/37	0/5/5/5

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	C	1102	8M1	C14-N13	4.18	1.40	1.34
4	A	1102	8M1	C14-N13	3.50	1.39	1.34

All (33) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
4	A	1102	8M1	C34-N33-N32	5.67	127.17	120.50
4	C	1102	8M1	C34-N33-N32	5.18	126.59	120.50
4	C	1102	8M1	N15-C14-N23	-4.99	121.70	126.52
4	C	1102	8M1	C16-N15-C14	4.89	123.13	115.88
4	A	1102	8M1	N15-C14-N23	-4.72	121.96	126.52
4	A	1102	8M1	C16-N15-C14	4.69	122.83	115.88
4	C	1102	8M1	C35-N33-N32	-4.68	107.48	111.56
4	C	1102	8M1	C31-N32-N33	4.58	109.00	104.23
4	C	1102	8M1	C1-C2-N4	4.39	124.19	117.86

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
4	A	1102	8M1	C31-N32-N33	4.18	108.58	104.23
4	C	1102	8M1	C25-C24-N4	3.86	124.39	120.13
4	C	1102	8M1	N13-C14-N23	3.56	122.52	117.18
4	C	1102	8M1	C7-C8-C9	-3.54	107.57	111.48
4	A	1102	8M1	C35-N33-N32	-3.47	108.54	111.56
4	A	1102	8M1	C1-C2-N4	3.46	122.84	117.86
4	A	1102	8M1	C17-C16-N15	-3.27	117.93	124.08
4	C	1102	8M1	C17-C16-N15	-3.14	118.17	124.08
4	C	1102	8M1	C24-N4-C5	3.00	123.00	119.25
4	A	1102	8M1	C35-C30-C27	-2.94	123.89	127.74
4	C	1102	8M1	C14-N13-C9	2.88	129.18	124.31
4	A	1102	8M1	N13-C14-N23	2.59	121.08	117.18
4	A	1102	8M1	C12-C11-C9	-2.55	108.66	111.48
4	C	1102	8M1	O3-C2-N4	-2.54	117.90	120.73
4	C	1102	8M1	C21-C22-N23	2.52	122.53	118.69
4	C	1102	8M1	C14-N23-C22	2.49	119.65	115.60
4	A	1102	8M1	C8-C9-N13	2.41	114.35	110.60
4	C	1102	8M1	C29-C24-N4	-2.37	117.52	120.13
4	A	1102	8M1	C14-N23-C22	2.35	119.44	115.60
4	A	1102	8M1	C28-C27-C30	-2.35	117.29	121.36
4	C	1102	8M1	C8-C7-C5	2.23	114.43	109.81
4	A	1102	8M1	C21-C22-N23	2.23	122.09	118.69
4	C	1102	8M1	C28-C27-C30	-2.14	117.64	121.36
4	A	1102	8M1	C11-C9-N13	-2.00	107.47	110.60

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	C	1102	8M1	C11-C9-N13-C14
4	A	1102	8M1	N15-C14-N13-C9
4	A	1102	8M1	N23-C14-N13-C9
4	C	1102	8M1	C8-C9-N13-C14

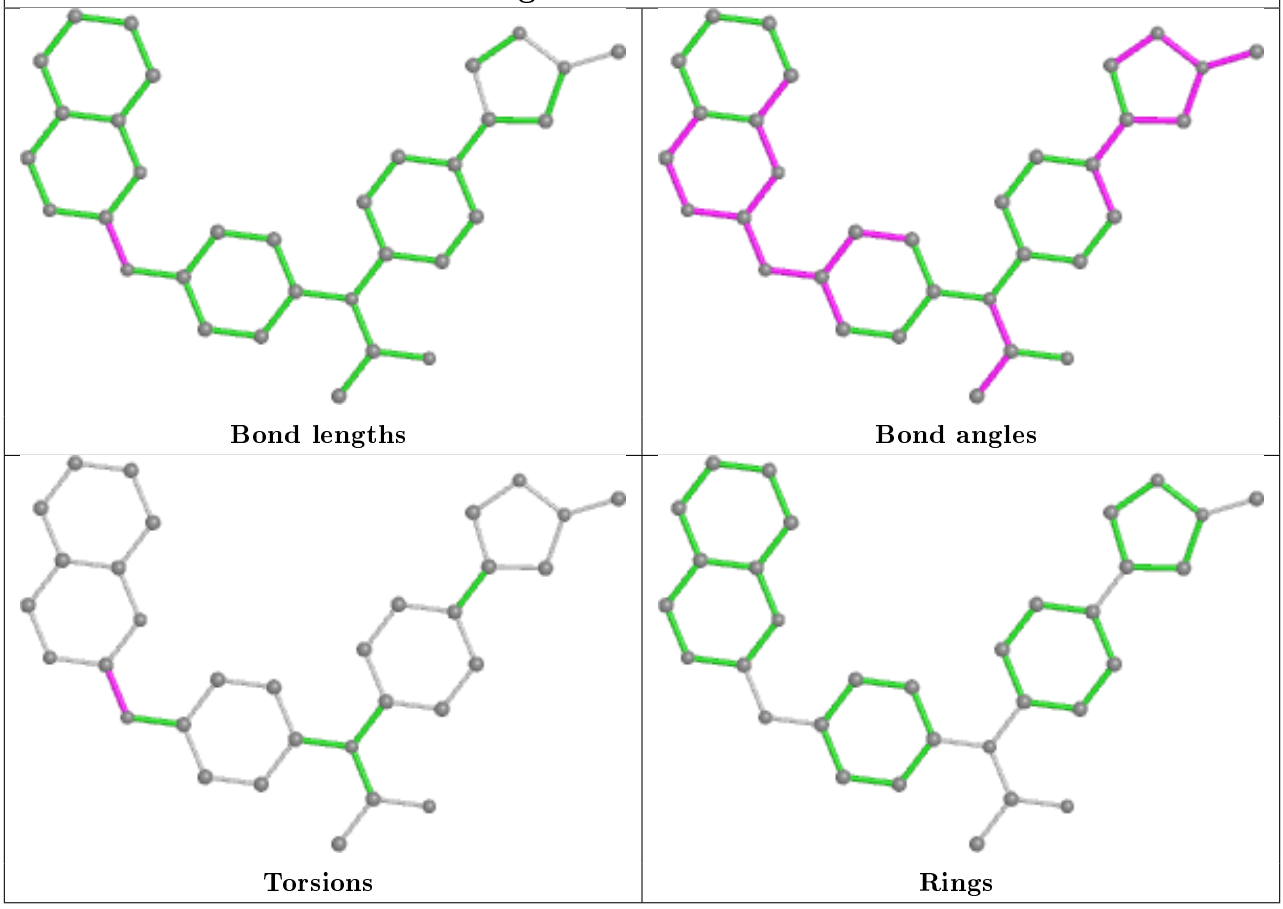
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

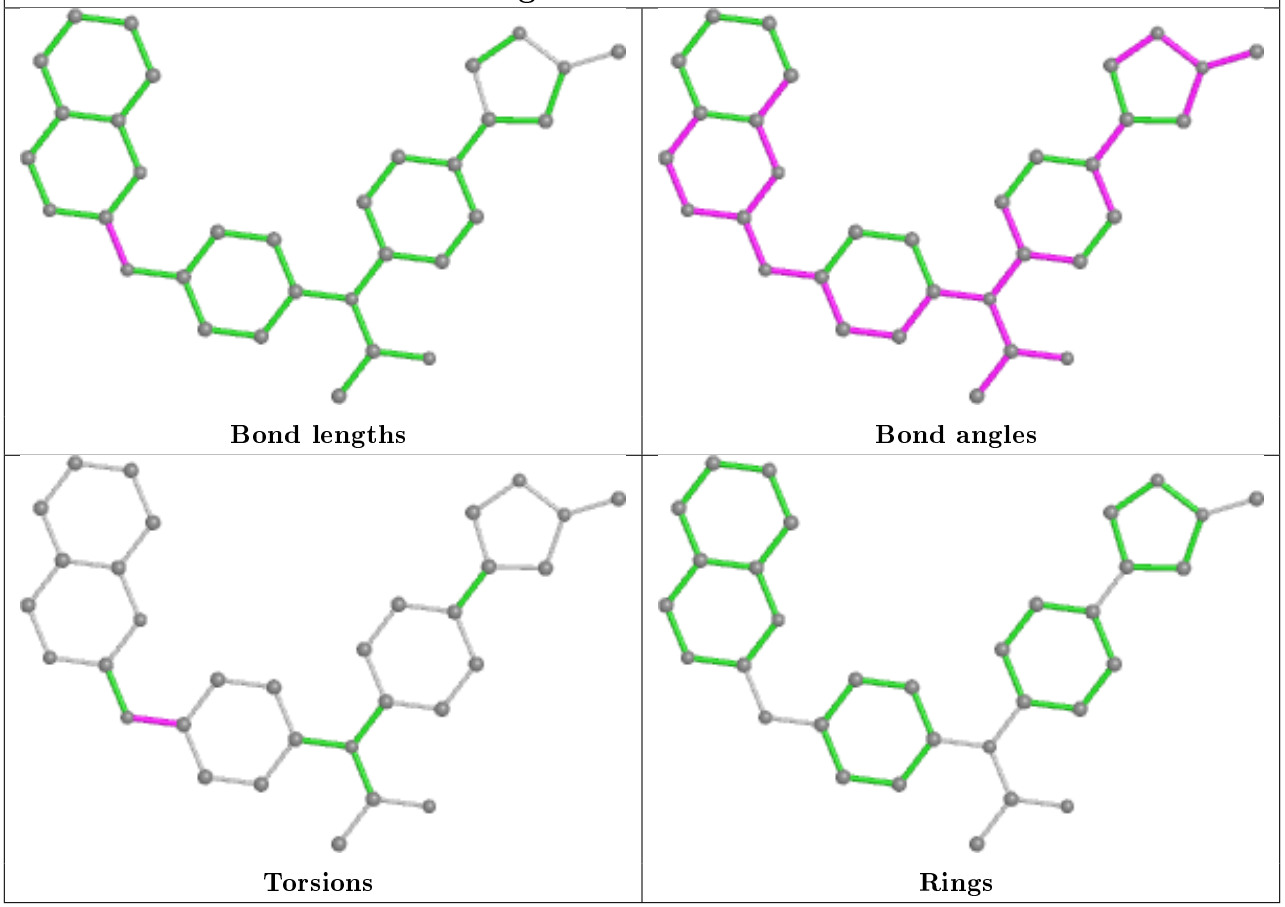
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier.

Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand 8M1 A 1102



Ligand 8M1 C 1102



5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	292/351 (83%)	-0.19	5 (1%) 70 63	58, 89, 129, 172	0
1	C	292/351 (83%)	-0.25	6 (2%) 63 54	57, 85, 138, 179	0
2	B	238/268 (88%)	-0.25	4 (1%) 70 63	50, 75, 124, 163	0
2	D	238/268 (88%)	-0.30	0 100 100	53, 78, 114, 127	0
All	All	1060/1238 (85%)	-0.24	15 (1%) 75 70	50, 82, 128, 179	0

All (15) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	762	ASN	6.5
1	C	738	TYR	4.4
1	C	762	ASN	3.8
1	A	839	PHE	3.1
2	B	245	ASP	3.1
2	B	231	TYR	2.9
1	A	761	ASP	2.7
1	C	761	ASP	2.6
2	B	222	ILE	2.5
1	A	738	TYR	2.3
1	C	763	GLU	2.3
1	A	1022	ASP	2.2
2	B	227	SER	2.2
1	C	748	ASP	2.1
1	C	830	HIS	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column

labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	TPO	A	893	11/12	0.95	0.09	75,82,88,89	0
1	TPO	C	893	11/12	0.97	0.09	64,70,77,77	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

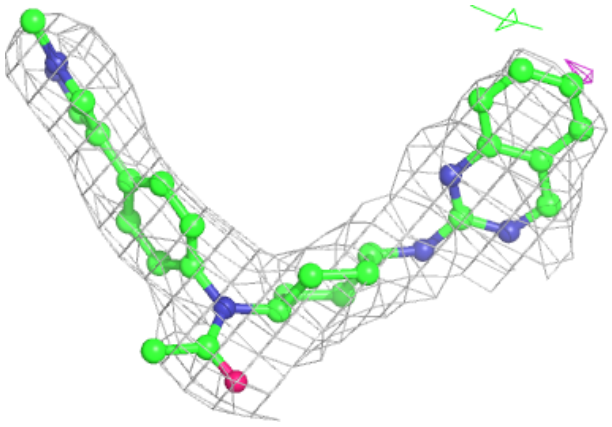
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

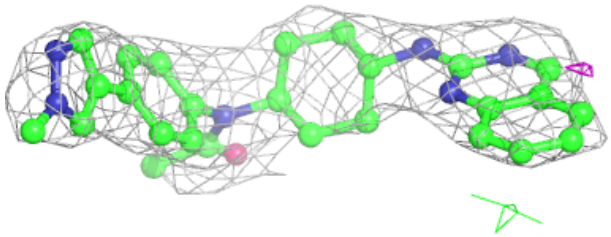
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
4	8M1	C	1102	33/33	0.92	0.21	78,100,109,110	0
3	MG	A	1101	1/1	0.94	0.07	86,86,86,86	0
3	MG	C	1101	1/1	0.95	0.08	76,76,76,76	0
4	8M1	A	1102	33/33	0.96	0.27	78,89,104,107	0
3	MG	B	301	1/1	0.96	0.51	81,81,81,81	0

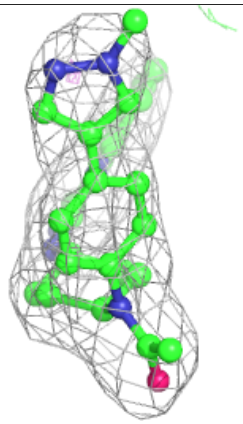
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around 8M1 C 1102:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

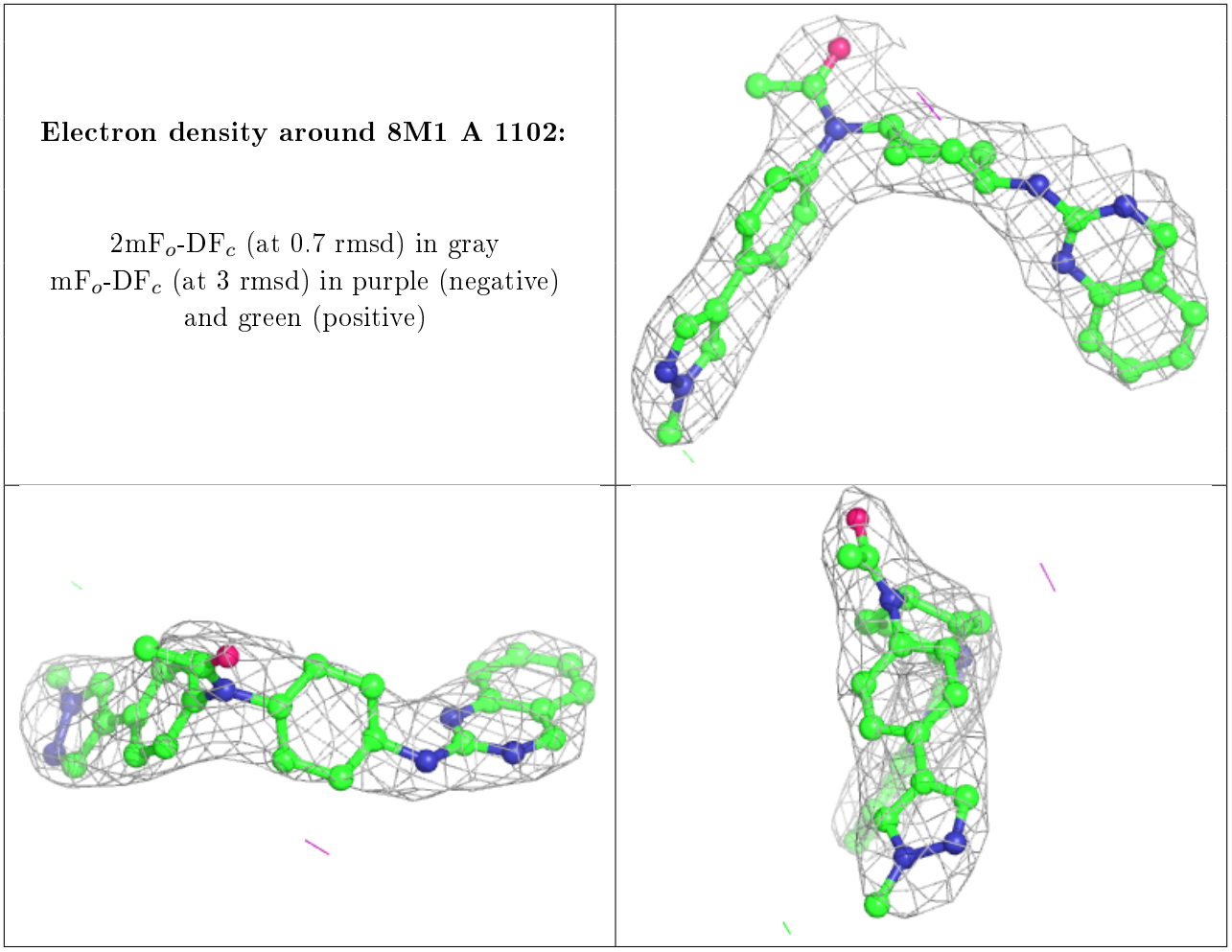






Electron density around 8M1 A 1102:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.