wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Sep 24, 2023 – 06:07 AM EDT

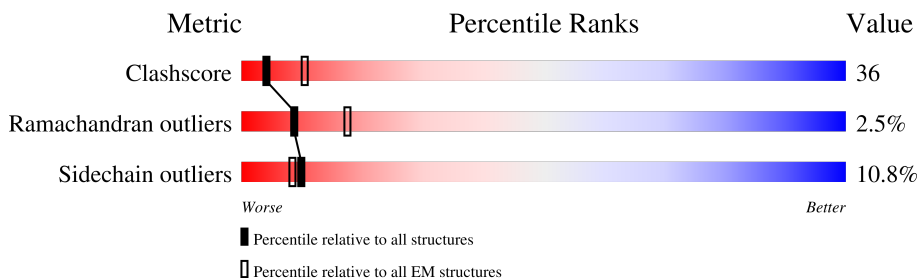|		
PDB ID	:	5TY4
EMDB ID	:	EMD-8472
Title	:	MicroED structure of a complex between monomeric TGF-b and its receptor, TbRII, at 2.9 A resolution
Authors	:	Weiss, S.C.; de la Cruz, M.J.; Hattne, J.; Shi, D.; Reyes, F.E.; Callero, G.; Gonen, T.
Deposited on	:	2016-11-18
Resolution	:	2.90 Å(reported)

1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON CRYSTALLOGRAPHY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	Percentile Ranks	Value
Clashscore		36
Ramachandran outliers		2.5%
Sidechain outliers		10.8%

Worse   *Better*

▮ Percentile relative to all structures
⧠ Percentile relative to all EM structures

Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	103	17% 42% 49% 8% •
2	B	97	7% 31% 29% 7% 33%

2 Entry composition ⓘ

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1327 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called TGF-beta receptor type-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	101	Total 796	C 497	N 130	O 154	S 15	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	120	THR	LYS	conflict	UNP P37173

- Molecule 2 is a protein called mmTGF-b2-7m.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	65	Total 531	C 344	N 90	O 90	S 7	0	0

# 3   Residue-property plots ⓘ

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: TGF-beta receptor type-2
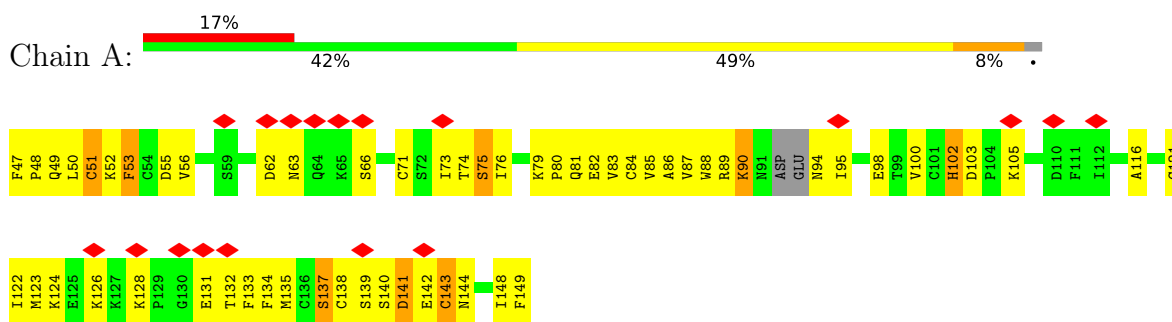
• Molecule 2: mmTGF-b2-7m
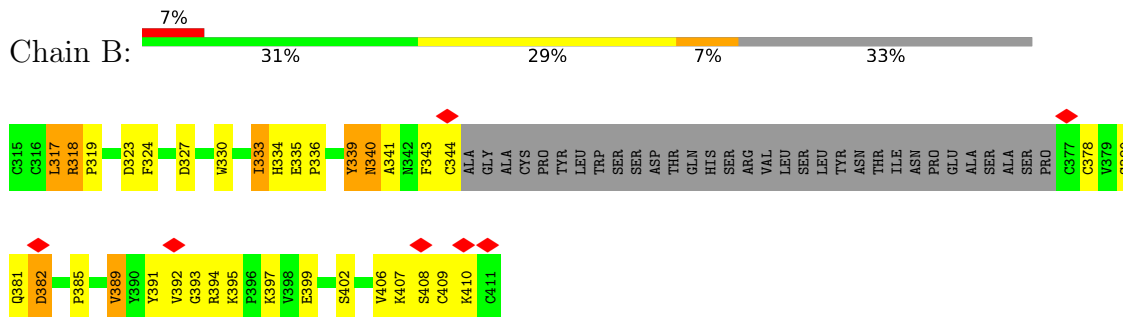
4   Experimental information ⓘ

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	CRYSTALLOGRAPHY	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	3D CRYSTAL, a=41.5298 Å, b=71.3297 Å, c=79.5082 Å, α=90°, β=90°, γ=90°, space group=P 21 21 21	Depositor
Number of images used	Not provided	
Resolution determination method	DIFFRACTION PATTERN/LAYERLINES	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TECNAI F20	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	0.004	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	TVIPS TEMCAM-F416 (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.067	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.045	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.009	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.01299	Depositor
Map size (Å)	41.5298, 71.3297, 79.5082	wwPDB
Map dimensions	85, 52, 49	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.9438591, 0.9385486, 0.9465262	Depositor

5   Model quality (i)

5.1   Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#|Z|>5$	RMSZ	$\#|Z|>5$
1	A	0.51	1/812 (0.1%)	0.67	1/1094 (0.1%)
2	B	0.62	0/544	0.82	0/733
All	All	0.56	1/1356 (0.1%)	0.73	1/1827 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	B	0	1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	51	CYS	CB-SG	7.64	1.95	1.82

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	102	HIS	C-N-CA	5.92	136.50	121.70

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	B	317	LEU	Peptide

5.2　Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	796	0	755	56	0
2	B	531	0	529	45	0
All	All	1327	0	1284	95	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 36.

The worst 5 of 95 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:90:LYS:HG2	1:A:95:ILE:HD12	1.27	1.11
1:A:73:ILE:HB	2:B:394:ARG:HH12	1.24	1.01
1:A:90:LYS:HG2	1:A:95:ILE:CD1	1.91	0.99
2:B:318:ARG:NH1	2:B:409:CYS:SG	2.38	0.96
2:B:318:ARG:HE	2:B:343:PHE:N	1.64	0.94

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3　Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1　Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	97/103 (94%)	89 (92%)	7 (7%)	1 (1%)	15	45
2	B	61/97 (63%)	53 (87%)	5 (8%)	3 (5%)	2	8
All	All	158/200 (79%)	142 (90%)	12 (8%)	4 (2%)	9	21

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	143	CYS
2	B	319	PRO
2	B	324	PHE
2	B	393	GLY

5.3.2　Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	97/99 (98%)	87 (90%)	10 (10%)	7	22
2	B	60/88 (68%)	53 (88%)	7 (12%)	5	16
All	All	157/187 (84%)	140 (89%)	17 (11%)	10	20

5 of 17 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	380	SER
2	B	389	VAL
1	A	137	SER
1	A	140	SER
1	A	141	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	49	GLN

5.3.3　RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4   Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5   Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6   Ligand geometry ⓘ

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7   Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8   Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6   Map visualisation ⓘ

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-8472. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1   Orthogonal projections ⓘ

6.1.1   Primary map

| X | Y | Z |
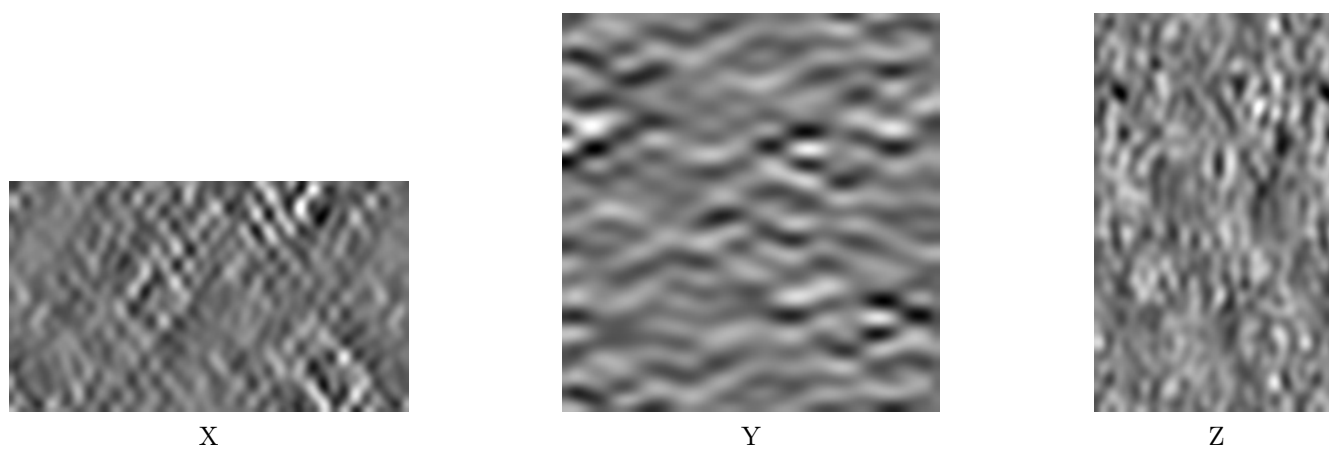
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2   Central slices ⓘ

6.2.1   Primary map

| X Index: 26 | Y Index: 42 | Z Index: 24 |
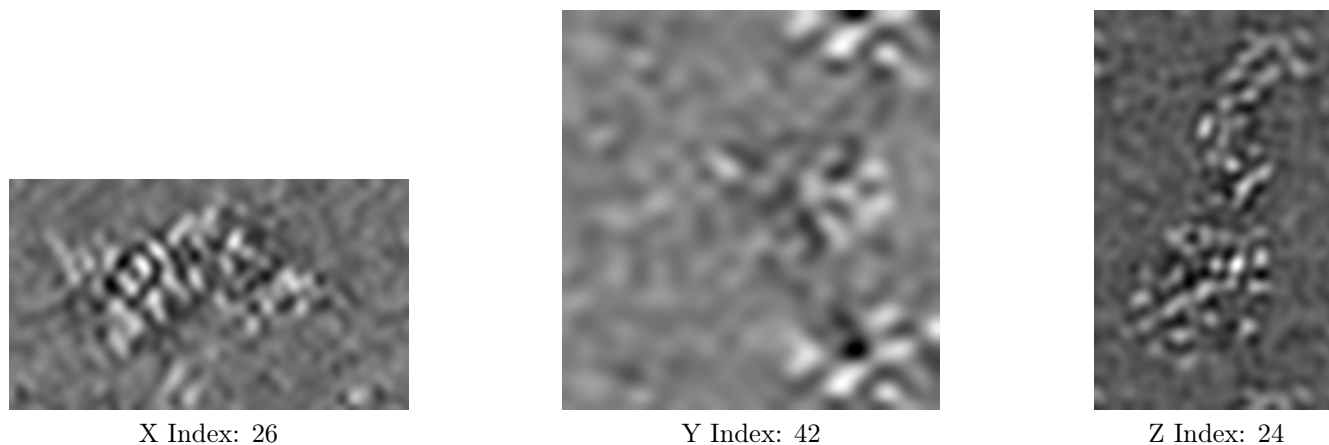
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3   Largest variance slices ⓘ

6.3.1   Primary map
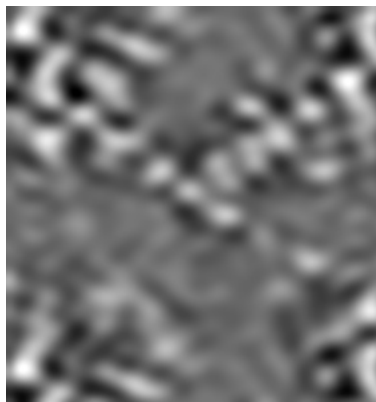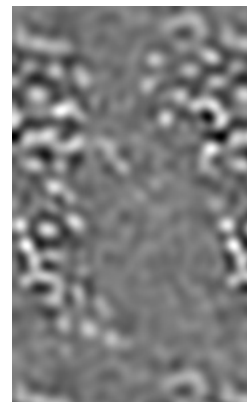
X Index: 34   Y Index: 64   Z Index: 45

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4   Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) ⓘ

6.4.1   Primary map

X   Y   Z
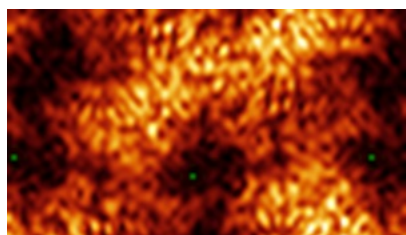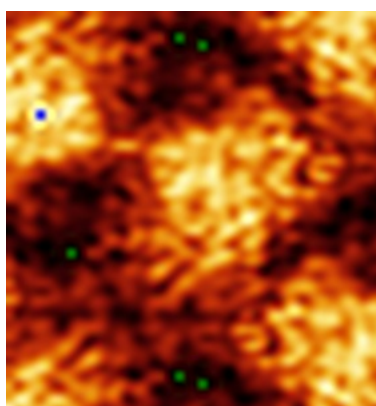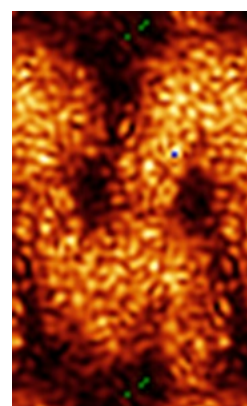
The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views ⓘ
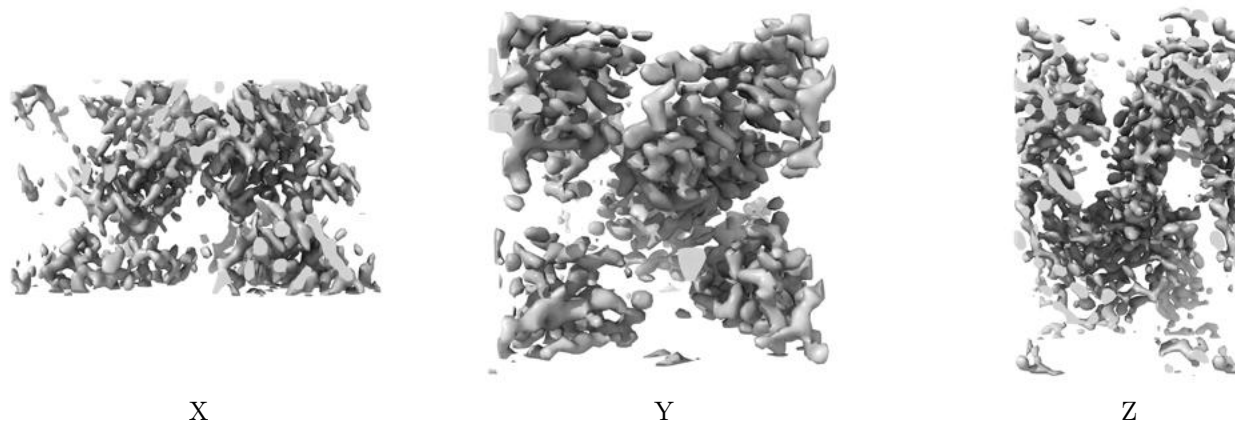
6.5.1 Primary map

| X | Y | Z |

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.01299. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.6 Mask visualisation ⓘ

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis ⓘ

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution ⓘ
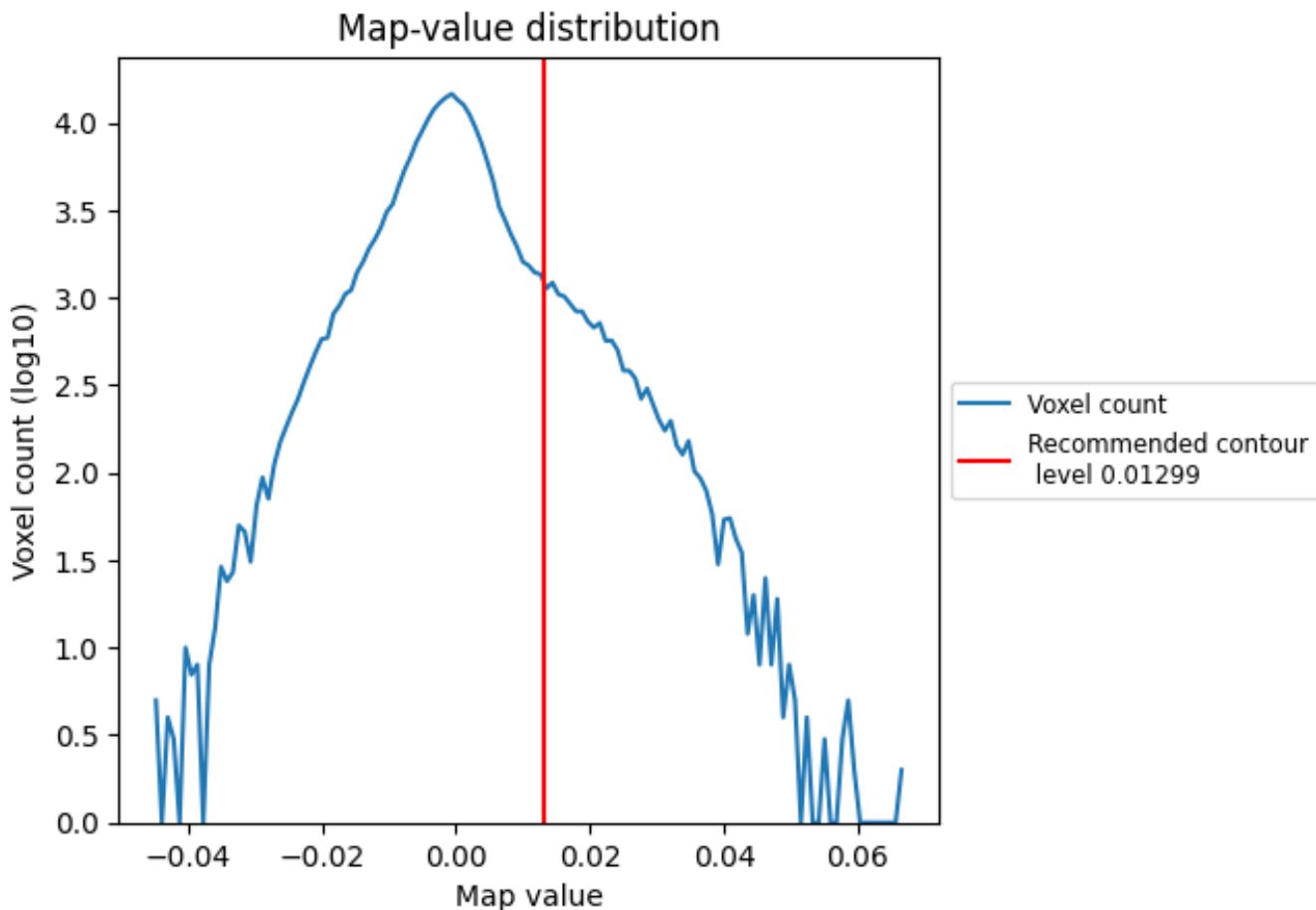
The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

7.2 Volume estimate (i)
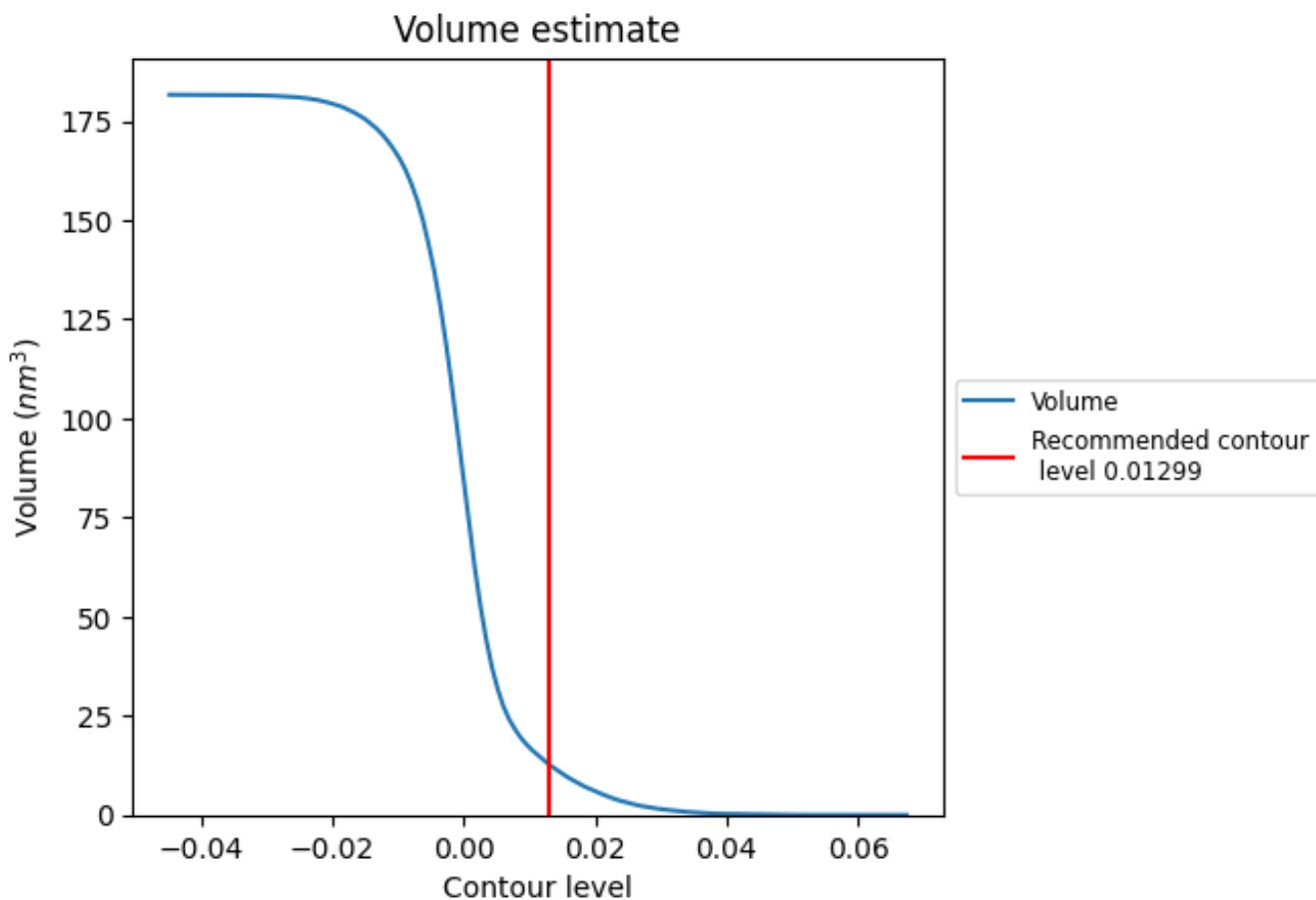
The volume at the recommended contour level is 13 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 11 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

This section was not generated. The rotationally averaged power spectrum is only generated for cubic maps.

8 Fourier-Shell correlation ⓘ

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit ⓘ

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-8472 and PDB model 5TY4. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 4.

9.1 Map-model overlay ⓘ
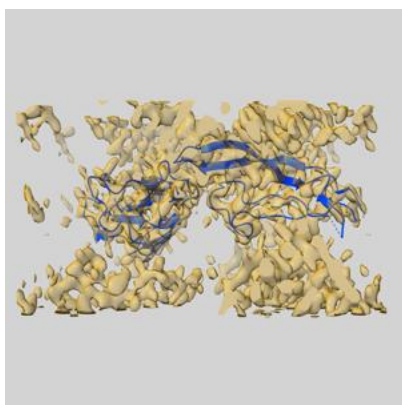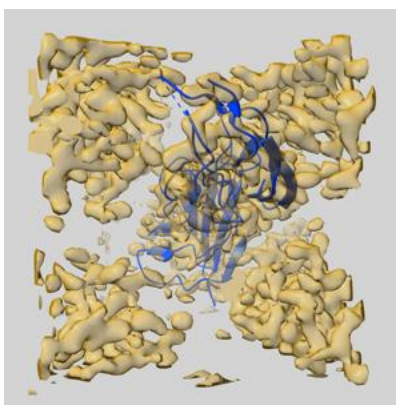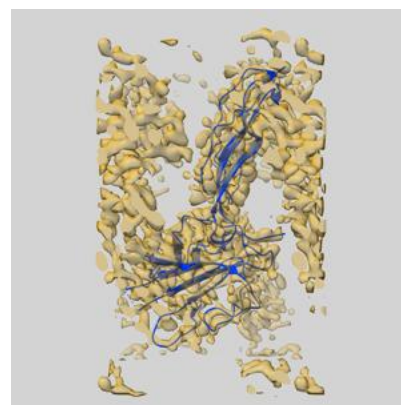
| X | Y | Z |

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.01299 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2   Q-score mapped to coordinate model ⓘ

X   Y   Z
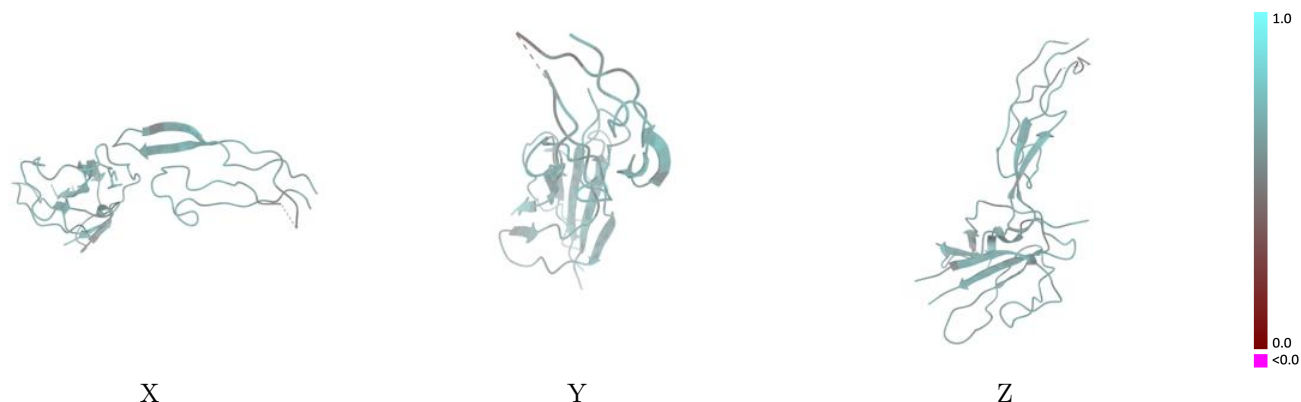
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3   Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model ⓘ

X   Y   Z
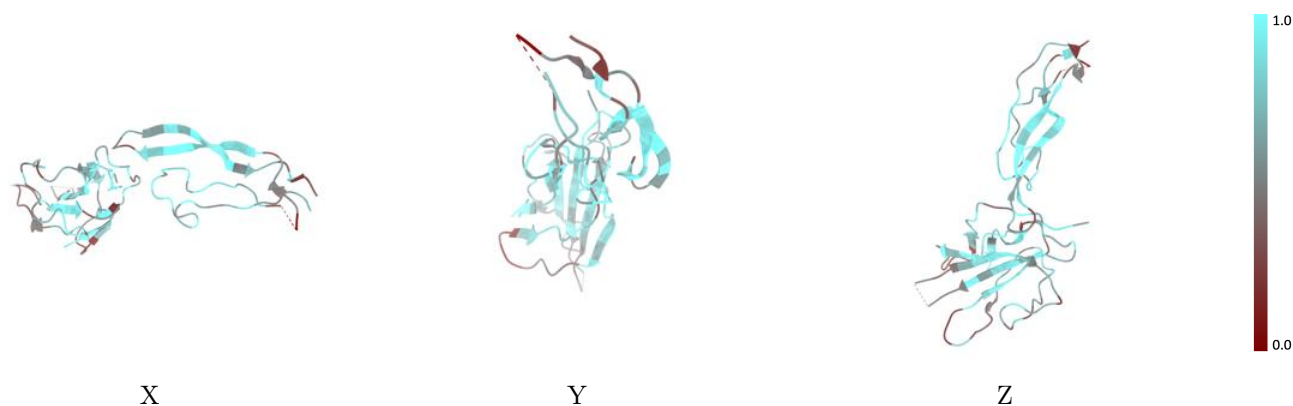
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.01299).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)
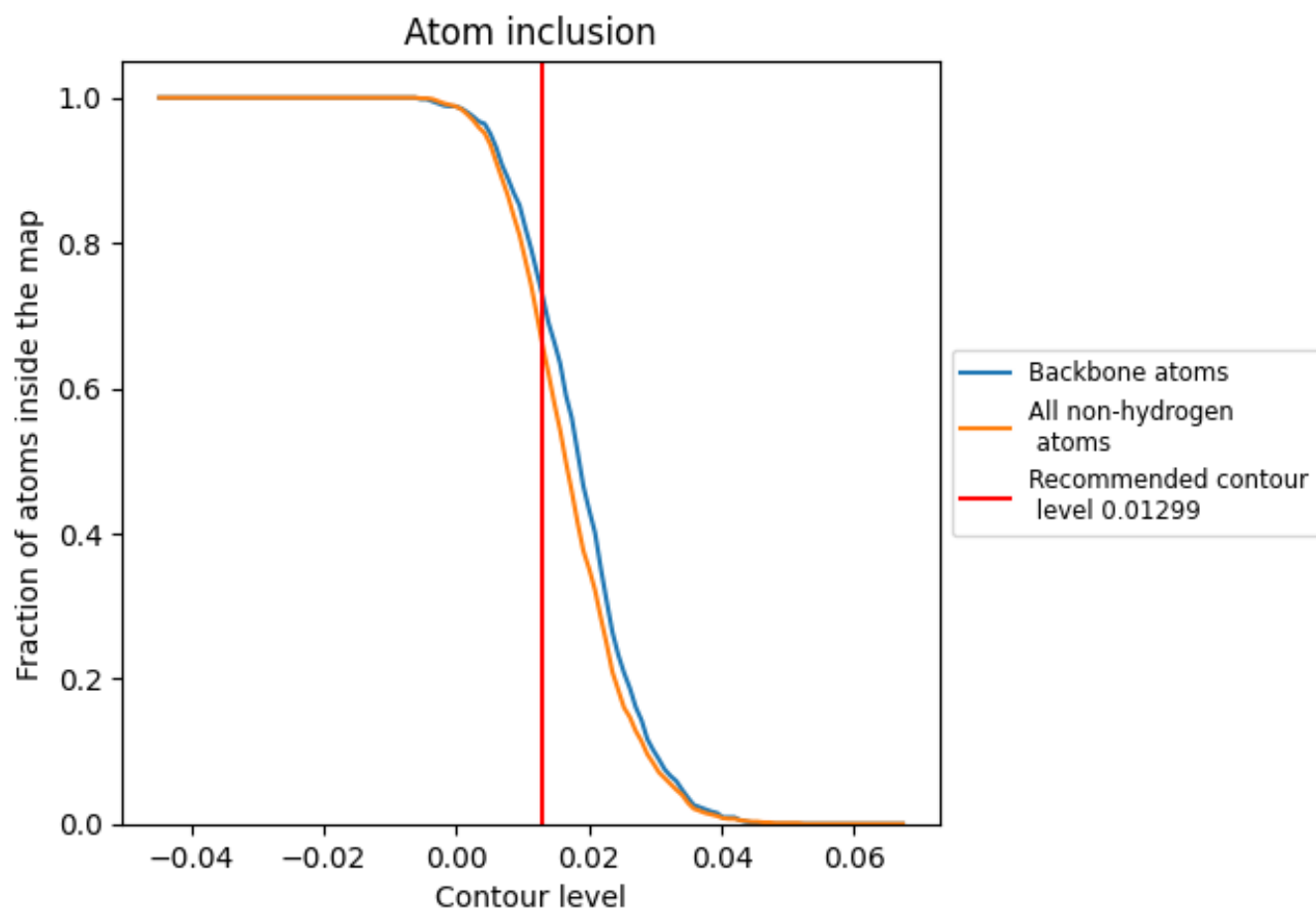
At the recommended contour level, 73% of all backbone atoms, 66% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5   Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.01299) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.6600	0.5870
A	0.6320	0.5850
B	0.7030	0.5890

1.0

0.0
<0.0