

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 1, 2023 – 01:46 PM JST

PDB ID : 5IJZ

Title : Crystal structure of glutamate dehydrogenase(GDH) from Corynebacterium

glutamicum

Authors : Son, H.-F.; Kim, K.-J.

Deposited on : 2016-03-03

Resolution : 2.29 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

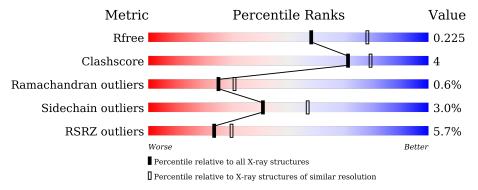
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.29 Å.

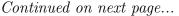
Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Wietric	$(\# {\rm Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	5042 (2.30-2.30)
Clashscore	141614	5643 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575 (2.30-2.30)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4938 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	447	90%	10%
1	В	447	89%	10% •
1	С	447	89%	9% •
1	D	447	90%	9% •
1	Е	447	91%	9%
1	F	447	% 89%	10%





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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	C	4.47	% •		
1	G	447	93%	79	%
			3%		
1	Н	447	91%	8%	_
			10%		
1	I	447	83%	15%	•
			33%		-
1	J	447	85%	13%	•
			11%		
1	K	447	63% 5% 32%		_
			5%		
1	L	447	86%	13%	•

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	AKG	A	502	-	X	-	-
3	AKG	В	502	-	X	-	-
3	AKG	С	502	-	X	-	-
3	AKG	Е	502	-	X	-	-
3	AKG	F	502	-	X	-	-
3	AKG	G	502	-	X	-	-
3	AKG	Н	502	-	X	-	-
3	AKG	J	502	-	X	-	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 42426 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

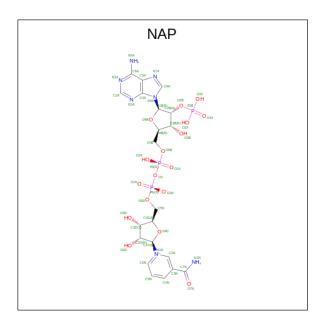
In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called NADP-specific glutamate dehydrogenase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	4.47	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	447	3447	2166	605	659	17	U	U	
1	В	447	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	D	447	3447	2166	605	659	17	U	U	
1	С	447	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		441	3447	2166	605	659	17	U	0	
1	D	447	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	D	441	3447	2166	605	659	17	U	U	
1	Е	447	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	E	441	3447	2166	605	659	17	U	U	
1	F	447	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	I.	441	3447	2166	605	659	17	U	0	U
1	G	447	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	G	441	3447	2166	605	659	17	U	U	U
1	Н	447	Total	С	N	O	S	0	0	0
1	11	441	3447	2166	605	659	17	U	0	
1	I	447	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	1	441	3447	2166	605	659	17	U	0	
1	J	447	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	J	441	3447	2166	605	659	17	U	U	
1	K	304	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	17	304	2358	1495	413	437	13		U	
1	L	447	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	L	441	3447	2166	605	659	17	U	U	U

• Molecule 2 is NADP NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: NAP) (formula: C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>28</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>17</sub>P<sub>3</sub>).

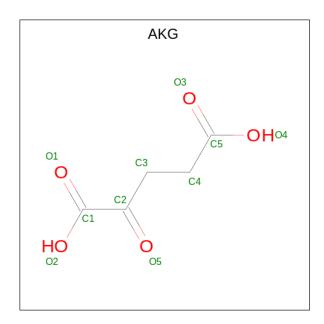




Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	A	1	48	21	7	17	3	U	0
2	В	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	Ъ	1	48	21	7	17	3	U	0
2	С	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
2		1	48	21	7	17	3	U	
2	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
2	D	1	48	21	7	17	3	U	
2	E	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	Ľ	1	48	21	7	17	3	U	U
2	F	1	Total	С	N	Ο	Р	0	0
	I.	1	48	21	7	17	3	U	U
2	G	1	Total	С	N	Ο	Р	0	0
	G	1	48	21	7	17	3	U	U
2	Н	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	11	1	48	21	7	17	3	U	
2	J	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	J	1	48	21	7	17	3	U	U

 $\bullet$  Molecule 3 is 2-OXOGLUTARIC ACID (three-letter code: AKG) (formula:  $\mathrm{C}_5\mathrm{H}_6\mathrm{O}_5).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 10 5 5	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 10 5 5	0	0
3	С	1	Total C O 10 5 5	0	0
3	D	1	Total C O 10 5 5	0	0
3	Е	1	Total C O 10 5 5	0	0
3	F	1	Total C O 10 5 5	0	0
3	G	1	Total C O 10 5 5	0	0
3	Н	1	Total C O 10 5 5	0	0
3	J	1	Total C O 10 5 5	0	0

# • Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	169	Total O 169 169	0	0
4	В	172	Total O 172 172	0	0
4	С	161	Total O 161 161	0	0

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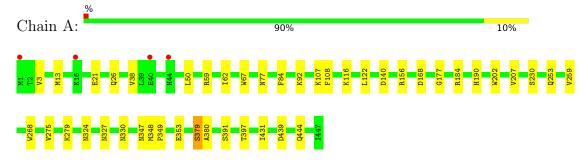
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	D	172	Total O 172 172	0	0
4	Е	160	Total O 160 160	0	0
4	F	162	Total O 162 162	0	0
4	G	149	Total O 149 149	0	0
4	Н	111	Total O 111 111	0	0
4	I	107	Total O 107 107	0	0
4	J	68	Total O 68 68	0	0
4	К	66	Total O 66 66	0	0
4	L	132	Total O 132 132	0	0



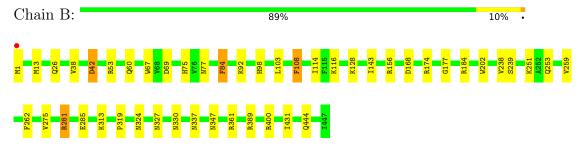
# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

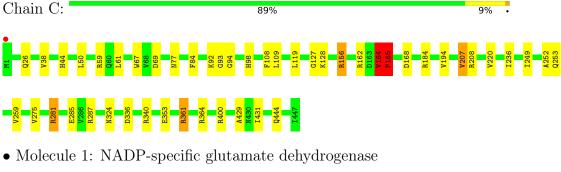
• Molecule 1: NADP-specific glutamate dehydrogenase



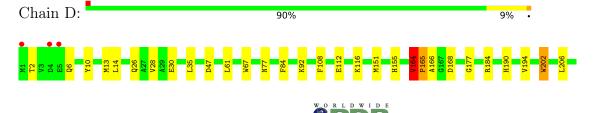
• Molecule 1: NADP-specific glutamate dehydrogenase



• Molecule 1: NADP-specific glutamate dehydrogenase



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• Molecule 1: NADP-specific glutamate dehydrogenase

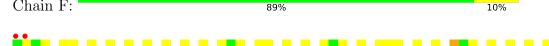
Chain E: 91% 9%



N3 24 N3 26 N3 27 N3 27 N3 26 N3 27 N3 27 N3 27 N3 27 N3 27 N3 27 N3 26 N3 26

• Molecule 1: NADP-specific glutamate dehydrogenase

Chain F: 89% 10%





• Molecule 1: NADP-specific glutamate dehydrogenase

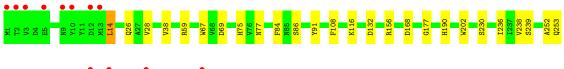
Chain G: 93% 7%



E395 1431

 $\bullet$  Molecule 1: NADP-specific glutamate dehydrogenase

Chain H: 91% 8%

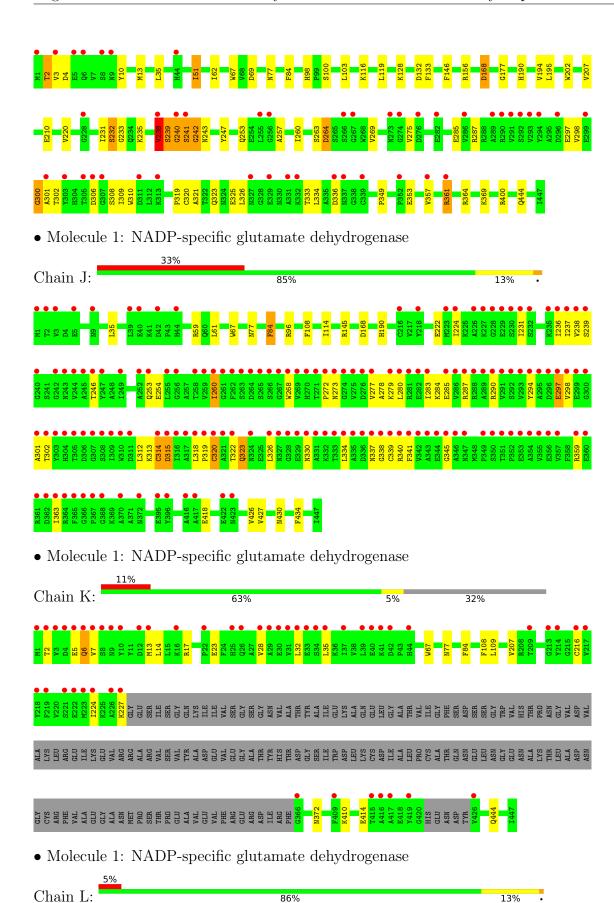




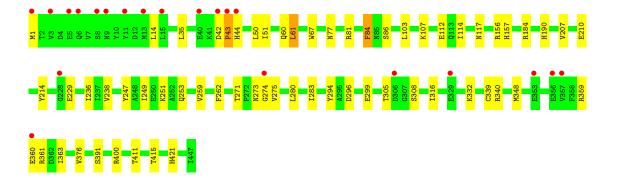
• Molecule 1: NADP-specific glutamate dehydrogenase

Chain I: 83% 15% •











# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	171.22Å 93.03Å 187.88Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 108.16° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	34.37 - 2.29	Depositor
Resolution (A)	34.37 - 2.29	EDS
% Data completeness	97.7 (34.37-2.29)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.8 (34.37-2.29)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	5.20 (at 2.29Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0135	Depositor
P. P.	0.165 , 0.222	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.173 , $0.225$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	12145 reflections (4.94%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.277	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.38, 39.6	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	42426	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	26.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.63% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

# 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: AKG, NAP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

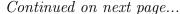
Mol	Chain	Во	nd lengths	В	ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.82	$2/3517 \ (0.1\%)$	0.88	4/4748 (0.1%)
1	В	0.81	1/3517 (0.0%)	0.92	10/4748 (0.2%)
1	С	0.83	1/3517~(0.0%)	0.95	17/4748 (0.4%)
1	D	0.82	$1/3517 \ (0.0\%)$	0.90	8/4748 (0.2%)
1	Е	0.81	0/3517	0.85	6/4748 (0.1%)
1	F	0.78	0/3517	0.89	9/4748 (0.2%)
1	G	0.77	0/3517	0.88	9/4748 (0.2%)
1	Н	0.77	0/3517	0.87	5/4748 (0.1%)
1	I	0.78	$1/3517 \ (0.0\%)$	0.91	9/4748 (0.2%)
1	J	0.74	0/3517	0.85	$2/4748 \; (0.0\%)$
1	K	0.72	0/2407	0.84	1/3239~(0.0%)
1	L	0.74	1/3517 (0.0%)	0.87	4/4748 (0.1%)
All	All	0.79	7/41094 (0.0%)	0.89	84/55467 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	С	0	2
1	D	0	1
1	I	0	2
1	J	0	1
1	L	0	2
All	All	0	8

The worst 5 of 7 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({ ext{A}})$
1	С	353	GLU	CD-OE1	9.24	1.35	1.25





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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	D	206	LEU	C-O	6.53	1.35	1.23
1	A	353	GLU	CD-OE2	5.53	1.31	1.25
1	A	268	TRP	CE3-CZ3	5.50	1.47	1.38
1	L	112	GLU	CG-CD	5.46	1.60	1.51

The worst 5 of 84 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	D	164	VAL	CB-CA-C	11.65	133.53	111.40
1	G	276	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	8.98	126.38	118.30
1	С	361	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.43	116.08	120.30
1	D	164	VAL	C-N-CD	-8.15	102.67	120.60
1	I	361	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.02	124.31	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Group
1	С	164	VAL	Mainchain, Peptide
1	D	306	ASP	Peptide
1	I	238	VAL	Peptide
1	I	301	ALA	Peptide
1	J	314	CYS	Peptide

# 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3447	0	3356	24	0
1	В	3447	0	3356	25	0
1	С	3447	0	3356	26	0
1	D	3447	0	3356	38	0
1	Е	3447	0	3356	16	0
1	F	3447	0	3356	29	0
1	G	3447	0	3356	13	0
1	Н	3447	0	3356	22	0
1	I	3447	0	3356	37	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	J	3447	0	3356	26	0
1	K	2358	0	2313	13	0
1	L	3447	0	3356	32	0
2	A	48	0	25	0	0
2	В	48	0	25	0	0
2	С	48	0	25	0	0
2	D	48	0	25	0	0
2	Е	48	0	25	0	0
2	F	48	0	25	0	0
2	G	48	0	25	2	0
2	Н	48	0	25	0	0
2	J	48	0	25	0	0
3	A	10	0	4	0	0
3	В	10	0	4	2	0
3	С	10	0	4	0	0
3	D	10	0	4	0	0
3	Е	10	0	4	1	0
3	F	10	0	4	0	0
3	G	10	0	4	0	0
3	Н	10	0	4	0	0
3	J	10	0	4	1	0
4	A	169	0	0	1	0
4	В	172	0	0	1	0
4	С	161	0	0	6	0
4	D	172	0	0	7	0
4	Ε	160	0	0	1	0
4	F	162	0	0	2	0
4	G	149	0	0	1	0
4	Н	111	0	0	0	0
4	I	107	0	0	1	0
4	J	68	0	0	0	0
4	K	66	0	0	0	0
4	L	132	0	0	1	0
All	All	42426	0	39490	282	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 282 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
		${f distance} ({f A})$	overlap(A)
1:C:164:VAL:O	1:C:194:VAL:O	1.65	1.11
1:D:165:PRO:HA	4:D:601:HOH:O	1.52	1.09
1:D:164:VAL:CA	4:D:601:HOH:O	2.18	0.90
1:C:165:PRO:N	4:C:601:HOH:O	2.08	0.86
1:D:165:PRO:CA	4:D:601:HOH:O	2.17	0.83

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

# 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	445/447 (100%)	435 (98%)	8 (2%)	2 (0%)	34	42
1	В	445/447 (100%)	434 (98%)	10 (2%)	1 (0%)	47	58
1	С	445/447 (100%)	433 (97%)	9 (2%)	3 (1%)	22	26
1	D	445/447 (100%)	435 (98%)	7 (2%)	3 (1%)	22	26
1	Е	445/447 (100%)	436 (98%)	8 (2%)	1 (0%)	47	58
1	F	445/447 (100%)	434 (98%)	11 (2%)	0	100	100
1	G	445/447 (100%)	435 (98%)	8 (2%)	2 (0%)	34	42
1	Н	445/447 (100%)	437 (98%)	7 (2%)	1 (0%)	47	58
1	I	445/447 (100%)	420 (94%)	19 (4%)	6 (1%)	12	12
1	J	445/447 (100%)	390 (88%)	45 (10%)	10 (2%)	6	5
1	K	298/447 (67%)	283 (95%)	13 (4%)	2 (1%)	22	26
1	L	445/447 (100%)	429 (96%)	14 (3%)	2 (0%)	34	42
All	All	5193/5364 (97%)	5001 (96%)	159 (3%)	33 (1%)	25	31

5 of 33 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	165	PRO

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Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type
1	С	207	VAL
1	D	164	VAL
1	D	165	PRO
1	G	207	VAL

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	$358/358 \ (100\%)$	350 (98%)	8 (2%)	52	69
1	В	$358/358 \ (100\%)$	352 (98%)	6 (2%)	60	76
1	С	$358/358 \; (100\%)$	352 (98%)	6 (2%)	60	76
1	D	358/358 (100%)	348 (97%)	10 (3%)	43	60
1	Е	358/358 (100%)	347 (97%)	11 (3%)	40	55
1	F	358/358 (100%)	351 (98%)	7 (2%)	55	72
1	G	$358/358 \; (100\%)$	354 (99%)	4 (1%)	73	86
1	Н	358/358 (100%)	350 (98%)	8 (2%)	52	69
1	I	$358/358 \; (100\%)$	336 (94%)	22 (6%)	18	25
1	J	358/358 (100%)	334 (93%)	24 (7%)	16	21
1	K	243/358~(68%)	238 (98%)	5 (2%)	53	70
1	L	358/358 (100%)	345 (96%)	13 (4%)	35	49
All	All	4181/4296 (97%)	4057 (97%)	124 (3%)	41	57

5 of 124 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Н	333	THR
1	K	372	ASN
1	I	285	GLU
1	K	216	CYS
1	L	305	THR



Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 124 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Е	423	ASN
1	K	60	GLN
1	F	444	GLN
1	J	444	GLN
1	L	75	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

# 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

18 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	e Chain Res Link			Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Wor Type C	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
3	AKG	С	502	-	9,9,9	2.04	2 (22%)	11,11,11	2.45	4 (36%)	
3	AKG	A	502	-	9,9,9	2.35	2 (22%)	11,11,11	3.36	5 (45%)	
3	AKG	J	502	-	9,9,9	1.69	2 (22%)	11,11,11	1.95	5 (45%)	
2	NAP	Е	501	-	45,52,52	1.79	5 (11%)	56,80,80	1.63	9 (16%)	
2	NAP	J	501	-	45,52,52	1.71	8 (17%)	56,80,80	1.59	5 (8%)	
3	AKG	В	502	-	9,9,9	2.36	4 (44%)	11,11,11	2.07	4 (36%)	



Mol	Trino	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAP	D	501	-	45,52,52	1.68	6 (13%)	56,80,80	1.91	8 (14%)
2	NAP	В	501	-	45,52,52	1.59	6 (13%)	56,80,80	1.71	8 (14%)
2	NAP	F	501	-	45,52,52	1.67	7 (15%)	56,80,80	1.89	10 (17%)
2	NAP	G	501	-	45,52,52	1.72	5 (11%)	56,80,80	2.12	14 (25%)
2	NAP	Н	501	-	45,52,52	1.65	7 (15%)	56,80,80	1.87	12 (21%)
3	AKG	D	502	-	9,9,9	1.86	1 (11%)	11,11,11	2.14	4 (36%)
3	AKG	Н	502	-	9,9,9	2.41	1 (11%)	11,11,11	3.56	7 (63%)
3	AKG	G	502	-	9,9,9	2.58	2 (22%)	11,11,11	1.83	4 (36%)
2	NAP	A	501	-	45,52,52	1.47	4 (8%)	56,80,80	1.77	9 (16%)
2	NAP	С	501	-	45,52,52	1.59	5 (11%)	56,80,80	1.97	11 (19%)
3	AKG	Е	502	-	9,9,9	2.35	1 (11%)	11,11,11	2.63	6 (54%)
3	AKG	F	502	-	9,9,9	1.71	1 (11%)	11,11,11	3.13	8 (72%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	AKG	С	502	-	-	7/9/9/9	-
3	AKG	A	502	-	-	6/9/9/9	-
3	AKG	J	502	-	-	7/9/9/9	-
2	NAP	E	501	-	-	6/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
2	NAP	J	501	-	-	9/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
3	AKG	В	502	-	-	4/9/9/9	-
2	NAP	D	501	-	-	5/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
2	NAP	В	501	-	-	5/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
2	NAP	F	501	-	-	6/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
2	NAP	G	501	-	-	7/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
2	NAP	Н	501	-	-	6/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
3	AKG	D	502	-	-	2/9/9/9	-
3	AKG	Н	502	-	-	4/9/9/9	-
3	AKG	G	502	-	-	6/9/9/9	
2	NAP	A	501	-	-	5/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
2	NAP	С	501	-	-	4/31/67/67	0/5/5/5
3	AKG	E	502	-	-	6/9/9/9	-

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	AKG	F	502	-	-	8/9/9/9	-

The worst 5 of 69 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	Ideal(A)
2	Е	501	NAP	C4N-C3N	8.66	1.54	1.39
2	F	501	NAP	C4N-C3N	7.94	1.52	1.39
2	Н	501	NAP	C4N-C3N	7.71	1.52	1.39
2	J	501	NAP	C4N-C3N	7.71	1.52	1.39
2	В	501	NAP	C4N-C3N	7.58	1.52	1.39

The worst 5 of 133 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	A	502	AKG	O1-C1-C2	-7.81	111.30	121.72
3	Н	502	AKG	O1-C1-C2	-7.38	111.86	121.72
2	В	501	NAP	C5N-C4N-C3N	-7.36	111.63	120.34
2	J	501	NAP	C5N-C4N-C3N	-7.18	111.85	120.34
2	F	501	NAP	C5N-C4N-C3N	-7.07	111.97	120.34

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 103 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	501	NAP	C2B-O2B-P2B-O1X
2	A	501	NAP	O4D-C1D-N1N-C2N
2	A	501	NAP	O4D-C1D-N1N-C6N
2	В	501	NAP	C2B-O2B-P2B-O1X
2	В	501	NAP	C2B-O2B-P2B-O3X

There are no ring outliers.

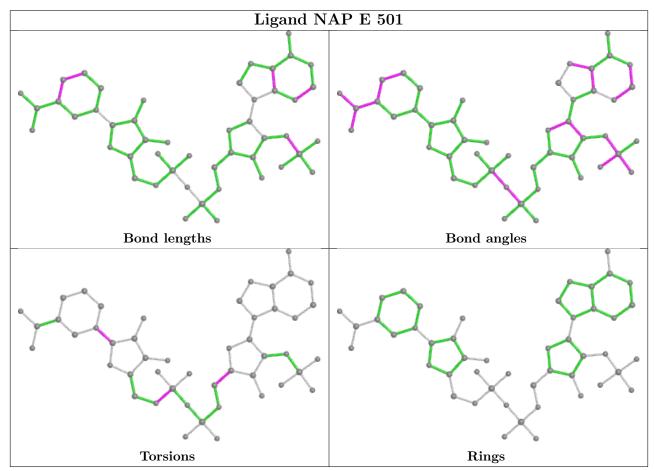
4 monomers are involved in 6 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	J	502	AKG	1	0
3	В	502	AKG	2	0
2	G	501	NAP	2	0
3	Е	502	AKG	1	0

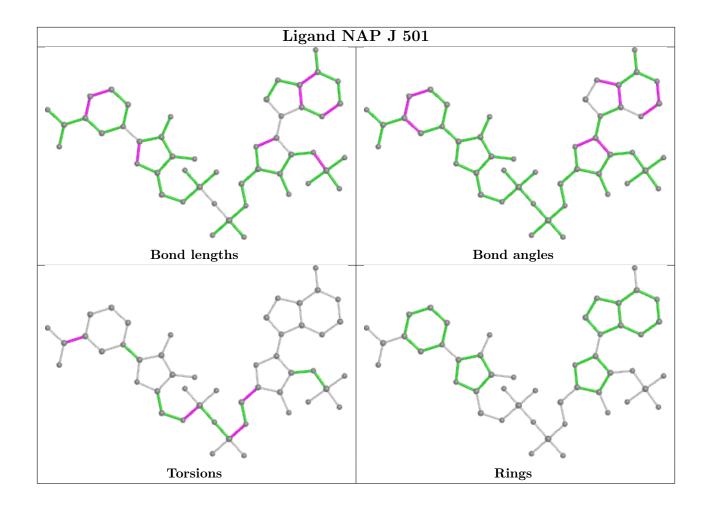
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In



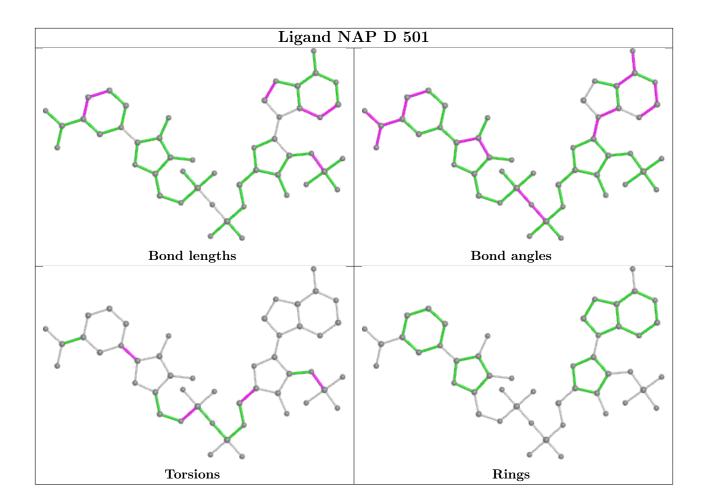
addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



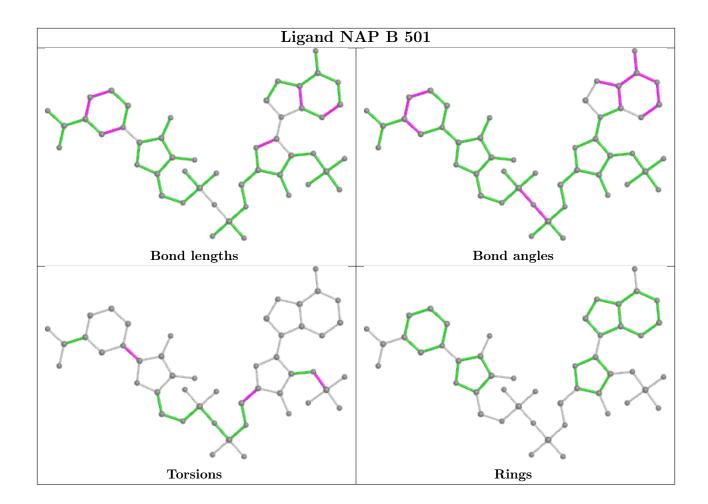




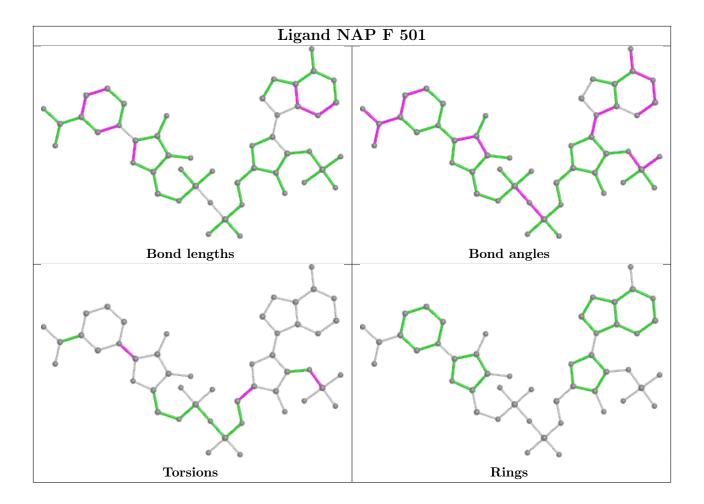




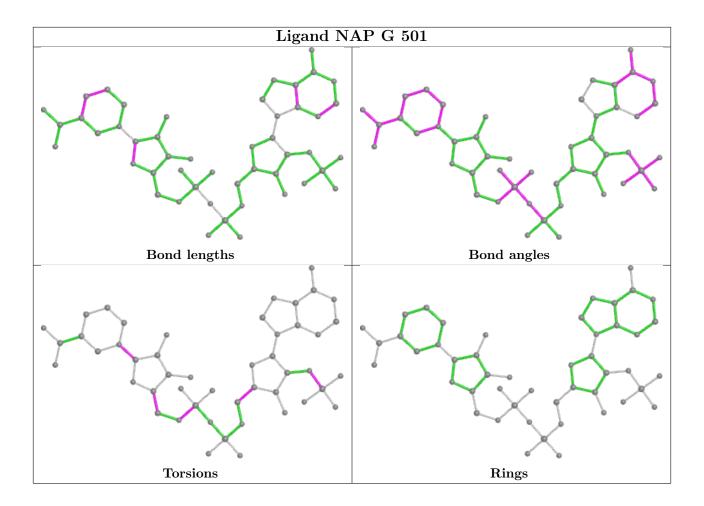




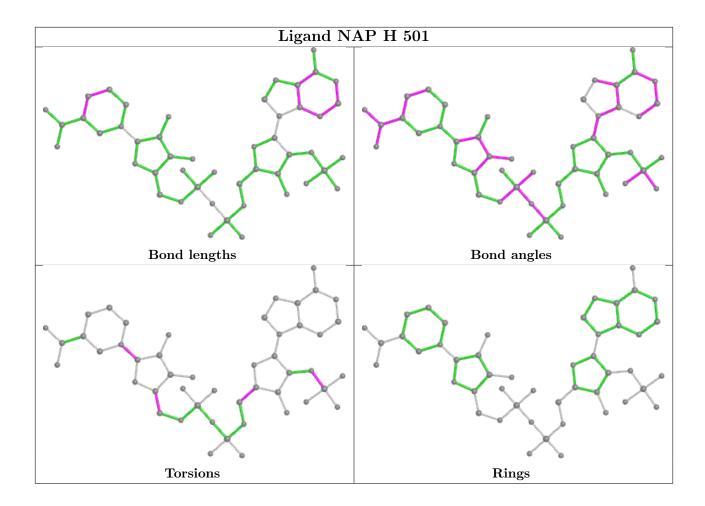




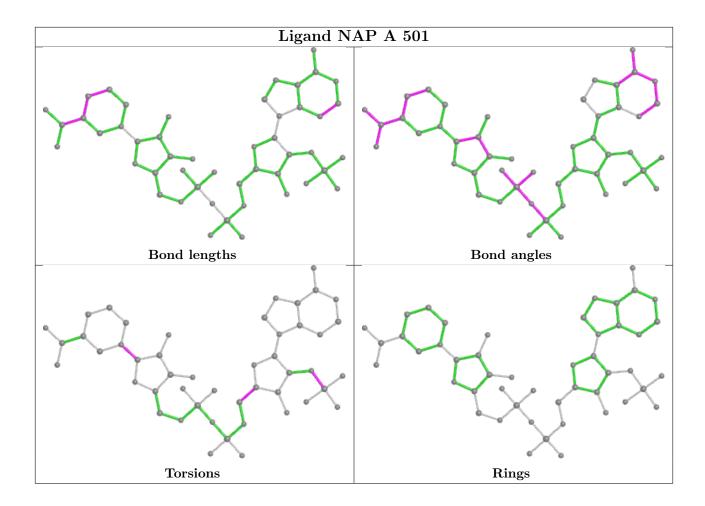




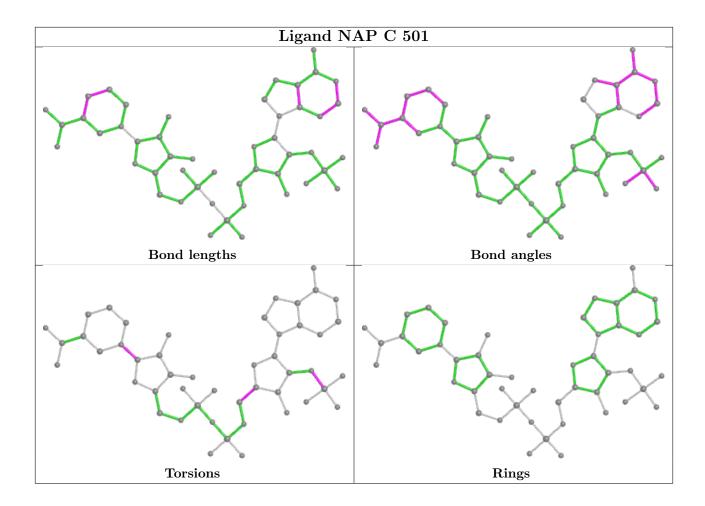












# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	447/447 (100%)	-0.27	4 (0%) 84 88	10, 16, 33, 63	0
1	В	447/447 (100%)	-0.37	1 (0%) 95 96	8, 15, 31, 61	0
1	С	447/447 (100%)	-0.35	1 (0%) 95 96	8, 15, 33, 67	0
1	D	447/447 (100%)	-0.23	6 (1%) 77 81	9, 16, 36, 70	0
1	E	447/447 (100%)	-0.25	4 (0%) 84 88	8, 17, 34, 76	0
1	F	447/447 (100%)	-0.19	3 (0%) 87 91	9, 18, 37, 53	0
1	G	447/447 (100%)	-0.29	5 (1%) 80 85	11, 19, 38, 77	0
1	Н	447/447 (100%)	-0.10	12 (2%) 54 62	12, 22, 45, 66	0
1	I	447/447 (100%)	0.20	45 (10%) 7 9	8, 23, 69, 91	0
1	J	447/447 (100%)	1.73	148 (33%) 0 0	13, 45, 117, 146	0
1	K	304/447 (68%)	0.57	50 (16%) 1 2	17, 30, 75, 99	0
1	L	447/447 (100%)	-0.01	21 (4%) 31 38	12, 26, 54, 96	0
All	All	5221/5364 (97%)	0.02	300 (5%) 23 30	8, 20, 65, 146	0

The worst 5 of 300 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	J	314	CYS	15.3
1	J	328	GLY	13.8
1	J	320	CYS	12.2
1	J	277	VAL	10.8
1	J	274	GLY	10.5

# 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

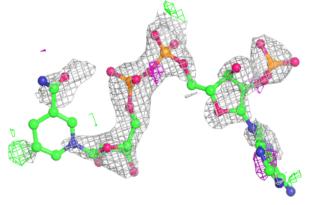
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B ext{-}factors}({f \AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	NAP	J	501	48/48	0.76	0.31	69,96,113,116	0
3	AKG	J	502	10/10	0.83	0.27	40,58,69,71	0
3	AKG	Е	502	10/10	0.91	0.20	24,35,41,43	0
3	AKG	В	502	10/10	0.91	0.21	30,33,41,43	0
3	AKG	A	502	10/10	0.92	0.19	23,31,36,39	0
3	AKG	D	502	10/10	0.92	0.22	22,28,42,56	0
3	AKG	Н	502	10/10	0.93	0.16	25,33,38,39	0
3	AKG	G	502	10/10	0.94	0.19	21,32,44,48	0
3	AKG	С	502	10/10	0.94	0.14	21,30,35,35	0
3	AKG	F	502	10/10	0.94	0.19	21,32,40,43	0
2	NAP	F	501	48/48	0.96	0.13	11,16,25,27	0
2	NAP	G	501	48/48	0.97	0.12	14,18,31,36	0
2	NAP	Н	501	48/48	0.97	0.11	17,24,43,50	0
2	NAP	С	501	48/48	0.97	0.10	12,16,27,32	0
2	NAP	D	501	48/48	0.97	0.14	12,17,29,32	0
2	NAP	Е	501	48/48	0.97	0.13	13,18,37,42	0
2	NAP	A	501	48/48	0.97	0.11	12,16,28,32	0
2	NAP	В	501	48/48	0.98	0.10	9,11,21,22	0

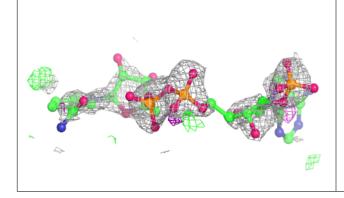
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

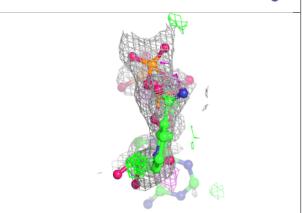


#### Electron density around NAP J 501:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

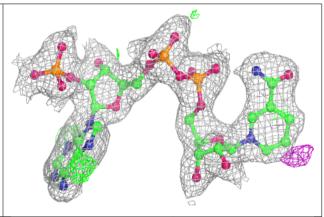


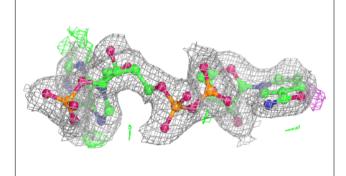


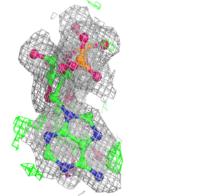


#### Electron density around NAP F 501:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



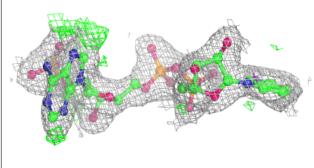


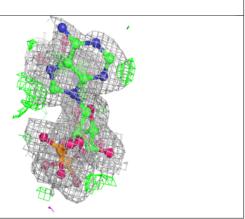




# Electron density around NAP G 501: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $mF_o$ -DF<sub>c</sub> (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive) Electron density around NAP H 501:

# $2mF_o$ -DF $_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $mF_o$ -DF $_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

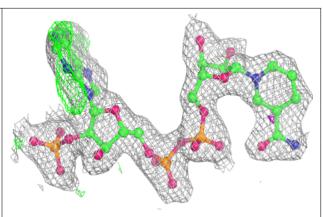


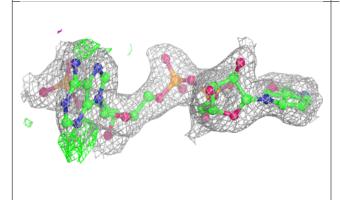


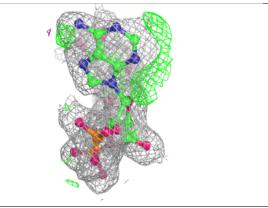


## Electron density around NAP C 501:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

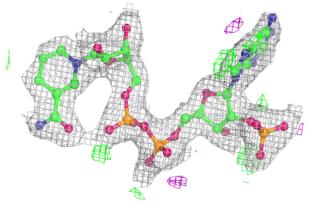


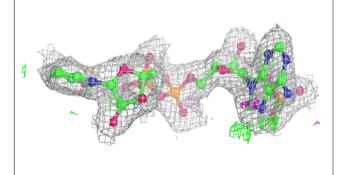


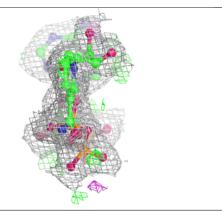


#### Electron density around NAP D 501:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



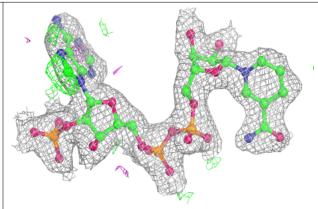


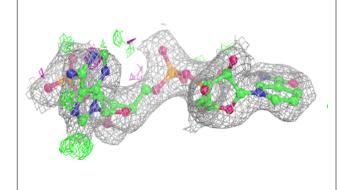


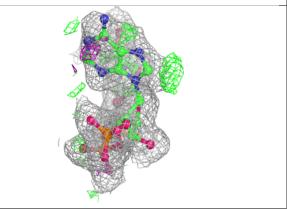


# Electron density around NAP E 501:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

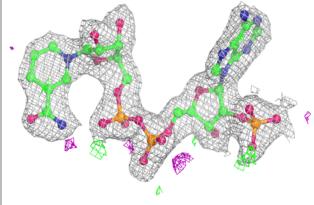


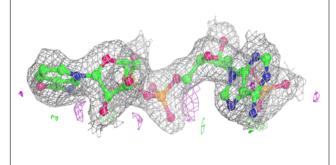


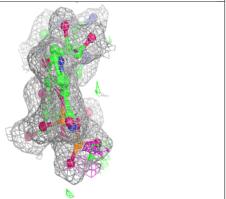


#### Electron density around NAP A 501:

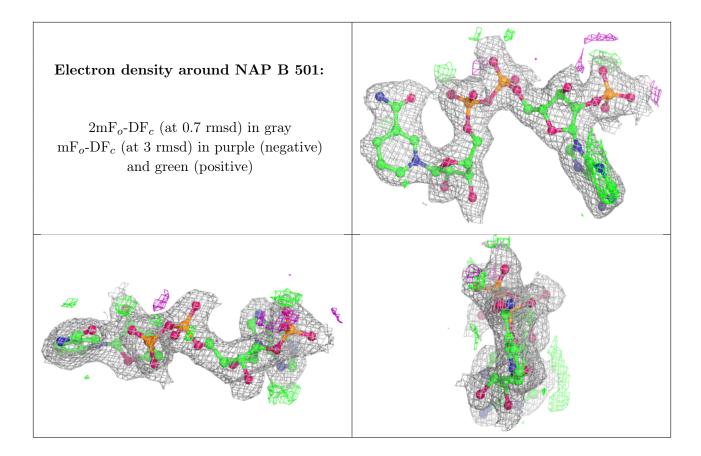
 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)











# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

