

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 8, 2020 - 09:25 AM BST

PDB ID	:	40VE
Title	:	X-ray Crystal Structure of Mouse Netrin-1
Authors	:	Meier, M.; Nikodemus, D.; Reuten, R.; Patel, T.R.; Orriss, G.; Okun, N.;
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Deposited on	:	2014-02-21
$\operatorname{Resolution}$	:	2.64  Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

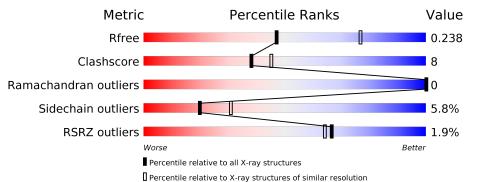
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	2.13.1
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
$\rm CCP4$	:	$7.0.044 (\mathrm{Gargrove})$
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.13.1

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.64 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries},{ m resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	1426 (2.66-2.62)
Clashscore	141614	1472(2.66-2.62)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1446 (2.66-2.62)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1446 (2.66-2.62)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1408 (2.66-2.62)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	437	<sup>2%</sup> 76% 20%	••
2	В	5	100%	
3	С	2	100%	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	MAN	В	4	-	-	-	Х



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3634 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Netrin-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	А	422	Total 3376	C 2061	N 650	O 625	S 40	0	6	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	458	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP 009118
А	459	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP 009118

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyran ose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	5	Total         C         N         O           61         34         2         25	0	0	0

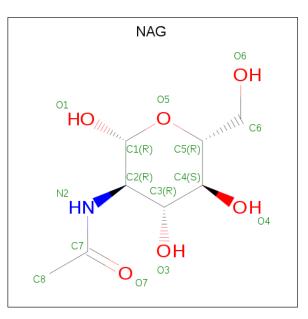
• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	4ton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	С	2	Total 84	C 48	N 6	O 30	0	2	0



• Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0	0

• Molecule 5 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

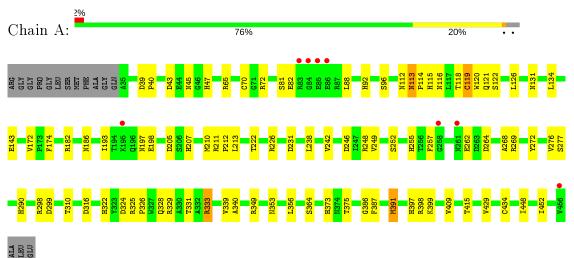
• Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	97	Total         O           97         97	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Netrin-1

 $\bullet$  Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)] beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain B:

100%

#### NAG1 NAG2 BMA3 MAN4 MAN5

• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C:

100%

NAG1 NAG2



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	$69.75 \text{\AA}$ $69.75 \text{\AA}$ $334.80 \text{\AA}$	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 - 2.64	Depositor
Resolution (A)	44.85 - 2.51	EDS
% Data completeness	$89.5\ (50.00-2.64)$	Depositor
(in resolution range)	80.7(44.85 - 2.51)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.13	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$5.71 \; ({\rm at} \; 2.51 {\rm \AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC $5.8.0049$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.230 , $0.288$	Depositor
$\mathbf{n}, \mathbf{n}_{free}$	0.237 , $0.238$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1380 reflections $(5.08\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	51.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.279	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.30 , $44.9$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.043 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	3634	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	64.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.06% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

# 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MAN, CA, BMA, NAG, CL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond	angles
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	А	0.73	0/3460	0.90	0/4683

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	3376	0	3176	51	0
2	В	61	0	52	0	0
3	С	84	0	74	1	0
4	А	14	0	13	0	0
5	А	1	0	0	0	0
6	А	1	0	0	0	0
7	А	97	0	0	5	0
All	All	3634	0	3315	52	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 52 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:397:HIS:ND1	1:A:398:ARG:O	2.23	0.72
1:A:131[A]:ASN:OD1	1:A:252:SER:OG	2.06	0.72
1:A:391:MET:HA	1:A:391:MET:HE3	1.79	0.63
1:A:375:THR:OG1	7:A:691:HOH:O	2.17	0.58
1:A:205:ASP:HA	1:A:207:HIS:CE1	2.40	0.56

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	427/437~(98%)	397~(93%)	30 (7%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	372/374~(100%)	351~(94%)	21~(6%)	21 32	

5 of 21 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	231	ASP
1	А	248	ARG

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	391	MET
1	А	174	PHE
1	А	409	VAL

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type
1	А	175	GLN
1	А	199	GLN
1	А	290	HIS
1	А	370	ASN
1	А	443	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

11 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type		Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	Mol Type Chain H	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	#  Z  > 2						
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	14, 14, 15	0.76	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.58	1(5%)					
2	NAG	В	2	2	14,14,15	0.71	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.85	<mark>6 (35%)</mark>					
2	BMA	В	3	2	11,11,12	0.73	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.66	4 (26%)					
2	MAN	В	4	2	11,11,12	0.73	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	2.09	3 (20%)					



Mal	Mol Type Chain		Chain Res Link		Bo	ond leng	$\mathbf{ths}$	Bond angles			
MOI	mor Type Cha	туре	Unam	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	MAN	В	5	2	11, 11, 12	0.74	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	2.30	3 (20%)	
3	NAG	С	1[A]	1,3	14, 14, 15	0.66	1 (7%)	$17,\!19,\!21$	0.73	0	
3	NAG	С	1[B]	1,3	14, 14, 15	0.61	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.08	0	
3	NAG	С	1[C]	1,3	14, 14, 15	0.55	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.01	1(5%)	
3	NAG	С	2[A]	3	14, 14, 15	0.52	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	0.76	0	
3	NAG	С	2[B]	3	14, 14, 15	0.51	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	0.93	1(5%)	
3	NAG	С	2[C]	3	14, 14, 15	0.60	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	0.85	0	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	$\mathbf{Link}$	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	2	2	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	В	3	2	-	1/2/19/22	1/1/1/1
2	MAN	В	4	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	В	5	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	1[A]	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	1[B]	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	1[C]	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2[A]	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2[B]	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2[C]	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	С	1[A]	NAG	C1-C2	2.01	1.55	1.52

The worst 5 of 19 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	В	5	MAN	C1-O5-C5	6.56	121.08	112.19
2	В	4	MAN	C1-C2-C3	5.46	116.38	109.67
2	В	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-5.03	103.34	111.29
2	В	5	MAN	C1-C2-C3	4.58	115.30	109.67
2	В	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	4.15	117.82	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	5	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	5	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	В	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	В	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2

5 of 7 torsion outliers are listed below:

All (1) ring outliers are listed below:

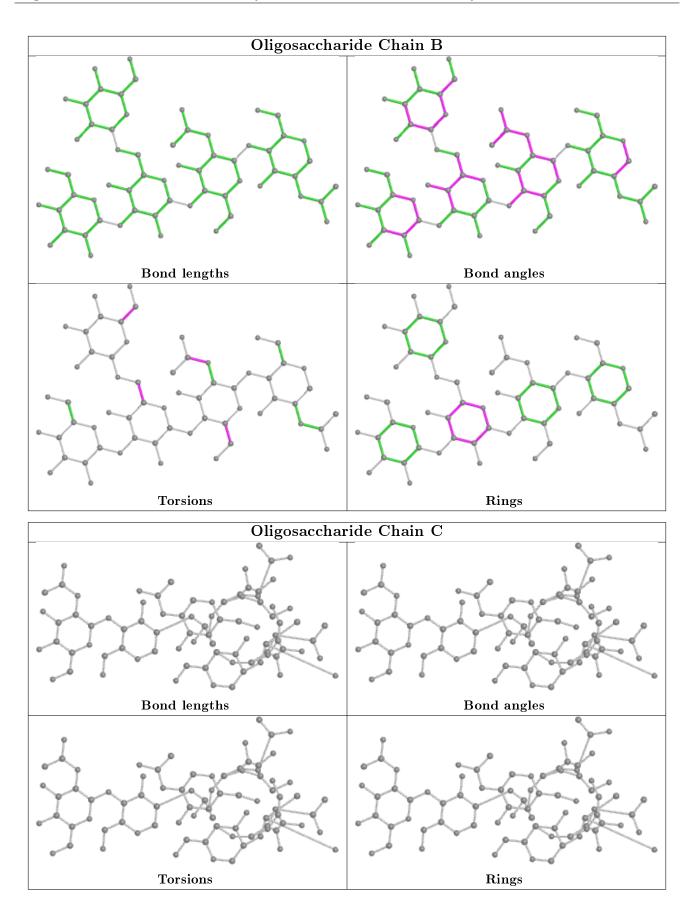
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	3	BMA	C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5

2 monomers are involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	С	2[C]	NAG	1	0
3	С	1[C]	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.







### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	$\mathbf{ths}$	В	ond ang	les
	туре	Unam	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	NAG	А	508	1	14, 14, 15	0.55	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.58	3 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	А	508	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	А	508	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.30	116.66	112.19
4	А	508	NAG	O5-C5-C6	3.17	112.17	107.20
4	А	508	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.51	120.34	116.10

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	А	508	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	А	508	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
4	А	508	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.



# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

# 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RSRZ>2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	422/437~(96%)	-0.33	8 (1%) 66 64	35, 56, 111, 174	0

The worst 5 of 8 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	83	ARG	4.1
1	А	85	GLU	4.0
1	А	84	GLY	3.6
1	А	456	VAL	2.9
1	А	261	ASN	2.8

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	$Q{<}0.9$
2	MAN	В	5	11/12	0.54	0.38	$133,\!156,\!159,\!161$	0
2	MAN	В	4	11/12	0.66	0.43	$128,\!142,\!144,\!145$	0
2	BMA	В	3	11/12	0.74	0.28	141,147,152,154	0
3	NAG	С	2[B]	14/15	0.80	0.33	47,50,52,54	14
3	NAG	С	2[C]	14/15	0.80	0.33	$61,\!77,\!82,\!84$	14
3	NAG	С	2[A]	14/15	0.80	0.33	69,74,77,78	14
2	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.85	0.19	$118,\!123,\!135,\!145$	0

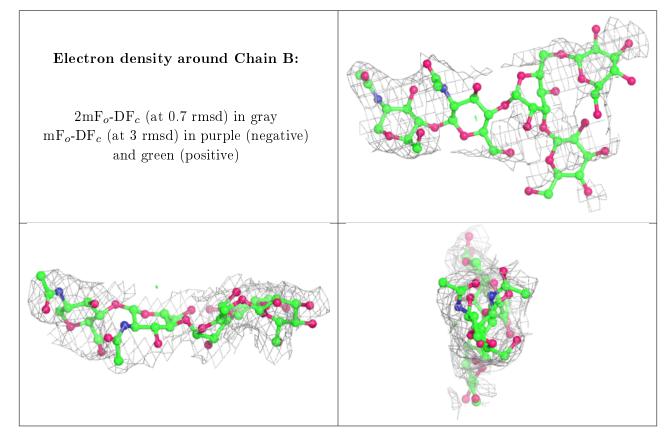
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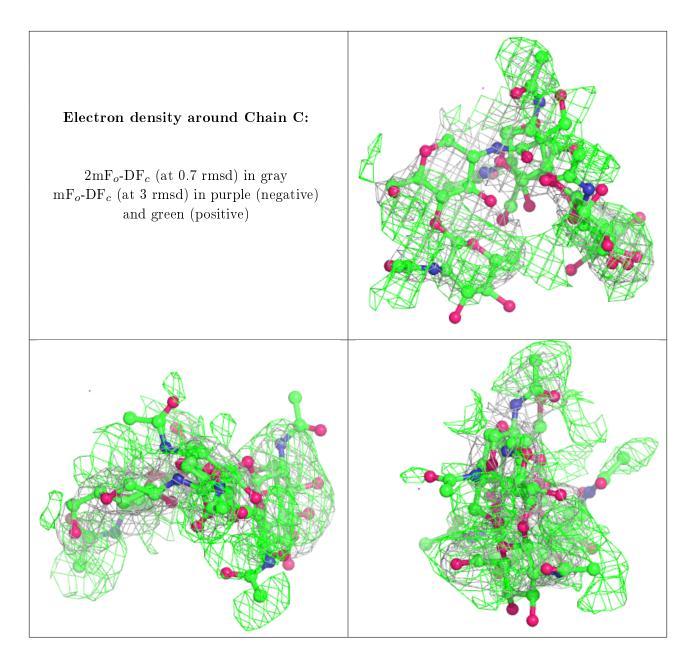
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$\mathbb{N}$	/lol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	$\mathbf{RSR}$	${f B} ext{-factors}({ m \AA}^2)$	$\mathbf{Q}{<}0.9$
	3	NAG	С	1[A]	14/15	0.85	0.28	$50,\!64,\!69,\!70$	14
	3	NAG	С	1[C]	14/15	0.85	0.28	61,77,93,95	14
	3	NAG	С	1[B]	14/15	0.85	0.28	$41,\!44,\!47,\!48$	14
	2	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.96	0.14	$70,\!86,\!107,\!109$	0

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The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	$\mathbf{Q}{<}0.9$
4	NAG	А	508	14/15	0.83	0.30	$117,\!131,\!138,\!142$	0
6	CL	А	510	1/1	0.98	0.12	38, 38, 38, 38	1
5	CA	А	509	1/1	0.99	0.11	49,49,49,49	0



# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

