

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

May 29, 2020 - 07:25 am BST

PDB ID	:	4J8M
Title	:	Aurora A in complex with CD532
Authors	:	Meyerowitz, J.G.; Gustafson, W.C.; Shokat, K.M.; Weiss, W.A.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.85 Å(reported)
		2013-02-14 1.85 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

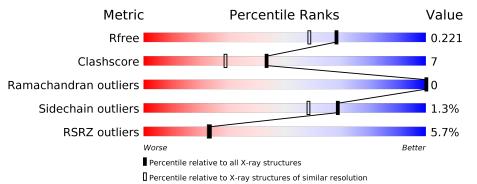
$\begin{array}{rcl} \mbox{MolProbity} &: & 4.02b-467 \\ \mbox{Mogul} &: & 1.8.5 \ (274361), \ \mbox{CSD} \ \mbox{as541be} \ (2020) \\ \mbox{Xtriage} \ (\mbox{Phenix}) &: & 1.13 \\ \mbox{EDS} &: & 2.11 \\ \mbox{buster-report} &: & 1.1.7 \ (2018) \\ \mbox{Percentile statistics} &: & 20191225.v01 \ (\mbox{using entries in the PDB} \ \mbox{archive December} \ 25th \ 201 \\ \mbox{Refmac} &: & 5.8.0158 \\ \mbox{CCP4} &: & 7.0.044 \ (\mbox{Gargrove}) \\ \mbox{Ideal geometry} \ (\mbox{proteins}) &: & \mbox{Engh} \ \& \ \mbox{Huber} \ (2001) \\ \mbox{Ideal geometry} \ (\mbox{DNA, RNA}) &: & \mbox{Parkinson et al.} \ (1996) \end{array}$	Xtriage (Phenix) EDS buster-report Percentile statistics Refmac CCP4 Ideal geometry (proteins)
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1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries},{ m resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	2469 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	141614	2625(1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2592(1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2592(1.86-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2436 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
			5%					
1	A	279	84%	11%	• 5%			



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4654 atoms, of which 2237 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

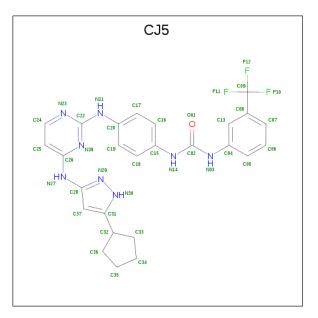
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Aurora kinase A.

Mol	Chain	Residues			At	toms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	А	266	Total	As	С	Н	Ν	Ο	S	1	0	0
_			4383	1	1405	2194	387	390	6	-		Ű

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference	
A	287	ASP	THR	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP O14965	

• Molecule 2 is 1-[4-[[4-[(5-cyclopentyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)amino]pyrimidin-2-yl]amino]phenyl]-3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]urea (three-letter code: CJ5) (formula: $C_{26}H_{25}F_3N_8O$).



Mol	Chain	Residues		A	ton	ns			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	Total 63	0	-	Н 25	N 8	0 1	0	0

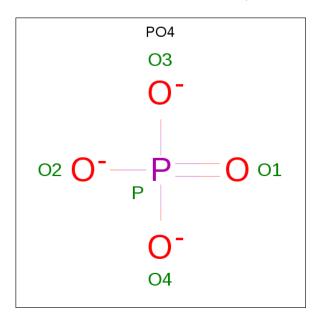
• Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).



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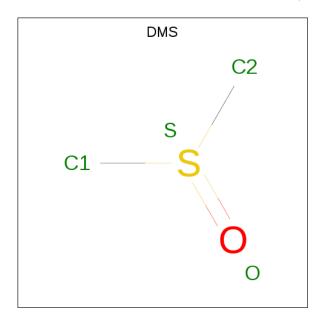
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atom	ıs	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	Total 1	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{Mg} \\ 1 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 4 is PHOSPHATE ION (three-letter code: PO4) (formula: O_4P).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	Total O 5 4	Р 1	0	0

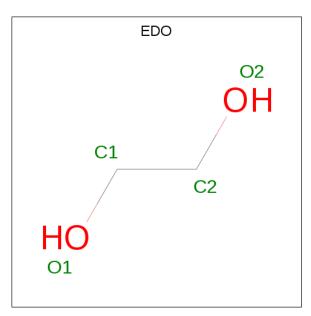
• Molecule 5 is DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE (three-letter code: DMS) (formula: C_2H_6OS).





Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	\mathbf{ms}			ZeroOcc	AltConf	
F	Δ	1	Total	С	Η	Ο	S	0	0	
0	A	1	10	2	6	1	1	0		
5	Δ	1	Total	С	Η	Ο	S	0	0	
			10	2	6	1	1		U	

• Molecule 6 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula: $C_2H_6O_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	1	Total C H O 10 2 6 2	0	0

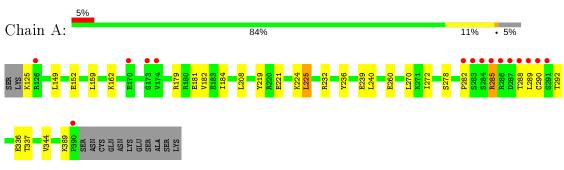
• Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	А	172	Total O 172 172	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Aurora kinase A



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants	83.17Å 92.94 Å 74.54 Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	29.07 - 1.85	Depositor
Resolution (A)	29.08 - 1.85	EDS
% Data completeness	97.7 (29.07-1.85)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	95.8(29.08 - 1.85)	EDS
R _{merge}	0.11	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.88 (at 1.85 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.8_1069	Depositor
D D.	0.175 , 0.218	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.179 , 0.221	DCC
R_{free} test set	2000 reflections $(8.13%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	27.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.274	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/A^3), B_{sol}(A^2)$	0.39 , 49.5	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ \langle L \rangle = 0.47, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	4654	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	42.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.72% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, PO4, EDO, DMS, CAF, CJ5 $\,$

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

/[_]	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond	angles
Mol	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	А	0.42	0/2233	0.56	0/3016

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2189	2194	2194	29	0
2	А	38	25	25	1	0
3	А	1	0	0	0	0
4	А	5	0	0	0	0
5	А	8	12	12	1	0
6	А	4	6	6	1	0
7	А	172	0	0	7	1
All	All	2417	2237	2237	30	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (30) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:A:290:CYS:SG	7:A:744:HOH:O	2.42	0.78
1:A:125:LYS:N	7:A:731:HOH:O	2.23	0.71
1:A:236:TYR:CD1	1:A:270:LEU:HD13	2.38	0.58
1:A:240:LEU:CD1	1:A:272:ILE:HD11	2.37	0.54
1:A:288:THR:OG1	1:A:289:LEU:N	2.40	0.54
1:A:240:LEU:HD12	1:A:272:ILE:HD11	1.88	0.54
5:A:504:DMS:H23	7:A:744:HOH:O	2.06	0.54
1:A:289:LEU:C	1:A:289:LEU:HD13	2.28	0.53
1:A:152:GLU:HB3	7:A:694:HOH:O	2.09	0.52
1:A:389:LYS:NZ	7:A:655:HOH:O	2.45	0.50
1:A:290:CYS:SG	1:A:292:THR:HB	2.53	0.49
1:A:239:GLU:OE2	1:A:389:LYS:NZ	2.32	0.48
1:A:159:LEU:C	1:A:159:LEU:HD12	2.33	0.48
1:A:219:TYR:OH	1:A:285:ARG:O	2.32	0.48
1:A:344:VAL:O	1:A:344:VAL:HG12	2.15	0.47
1:A:260:GLU:OE2	1:A:285:ARG:NE	2.35	0.46
1:A:221:GLU:OE2	1:A:232:ARG:NH1	2.49	0.45
1:A:179:ARG:HA	1:A:182:VAL:HG22	2.00	0.44
1:A:289:LEU:O	1:A:290:CYS:HB3	2.17	0.44
1:A:162:LYS:HD2	1:A:208:LEU:HD12	2.00	0.44
1:A:225:LEU:CD1	1:A:225:LEU:N	2.81	0.43
1:A:181:GLU:CD	1:A:278:SER:HB2	2.39	0.43
1:A:282:PRO:HD2	2:A:501:CJ5:C13	2.49	0.43
1:A:337:THR:OG1	6:A:506:EDO:H11	2.18	0.42
1:A:224:LYS:HE3	1:A:225:LEU:CD1	2.50	0.41
1:A:336:GLU:OE1	7:A:701:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:184:ILE:HD13	7:A:627:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:260:GLU:CD	1:A:285:ARG:HE	2.22	0.41
1:A:181:GLU:OE2	1:A:278:SER:HB2	2.20	0.41
1:A:179:ARG:O	1:A:182:VAL:HG22	2.21	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
7:A:749:HOH:O	7:A:771:HOH:O[4_579]	2.16	0.04





5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	263/279~(94%)	255~(97%)	8 (3%)	0	100 100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	234/246~(95%)	231~(99%)	3~(1%)	69 58		

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	149	LEU
1	А	225	LEU
1	А	285	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type
1	А	306	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tune	Chain	Dog	Tink	B	ond leng	gths	B	ond ang	gles
10101	Type	Unam	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	CAF	A	247	1	$3,\!9,\!10$	1.37	0	$1,\!12,\!14$	1.48	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CAF	А	247	1	-	0/0/8/10	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 5 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The



Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tune	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	B	ond ang	les
	Type	Cham	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	PO4	А	503	-	4,4,4	0.80	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.48	0
5	DMS	А	504	-	$3,\!3,\!3$	0.65	0	3,3,3	0.46	0
2	CJ5	А	501	-	41,42,42	1.41	5 (12%)	55, 59, 59	1.48	7 (12%)
6	EDO	А	506	-	$3,\!3,\!3$	0.44	0	2,2,2	0.40	0
5	DMS	А	505	-	$3,\!3,\!3$	0.68	0	3,3,3	0.42	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	EDO	А	506	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
2	CJ5	А	501	-	-	2/24/33/33	0/5/5/5

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
2	А	501	CJ5	C02-N14	4.23	1.46	1.37
2	А	501	CJ5	C28-N27	3.54	1.44	1.38
2	А	501	CJ5	C22-N21	3.36	1.43	1.36
2	А	501	CJ5	C02-N03	3.35	1.44	1.37
2	А	501	CJ5	C26-N27	2.84	1.43	1.38

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	А	501	CJ5	C24-N23-C22	5.54	120.36	115.45
2	А	501	CJ5	N23-C22-N38	-4.34	122.43	126.55
2	А	501	CJ5	C36-C32-C33	4.06	109.61	102.43
2	А	501	CJ5	C25-C24-N23	-2.81	120.47	123.96
2	А	501	CJ5	C20-N21-C22	-2.63	121.61	129.23
2	А	501	CJ5	F11-C09-C08	-2.47	107.51	112.93
2	А	501	CJ5	C28-C37-C31	-2.10	104.21	106.07

There are no chirality outliers.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	А	501	CJ5	C17-C20-N21-C22
6	А	506	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
2	А	501	CJ5	C19-C20-N21-C22

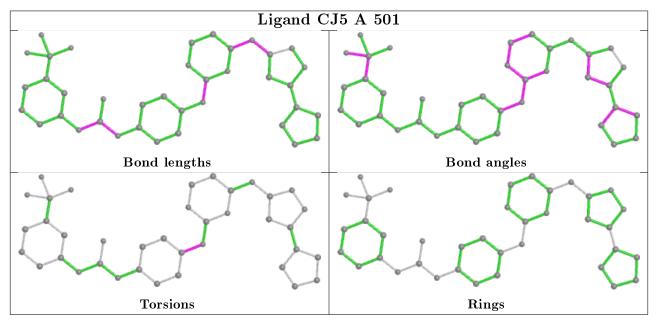
All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	А	504	DMS	1	0
2	А	501	CJ5	1	0
6	А	506	EDO	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$ $ $<$ $\mathbf{RSRZ}>$	#RSRZ>2		$OWAB(Å^2)$	$Q{<}0.9$
1	А	265/279~(94%)	0.34	15 (5%) 23	23	20, 33, 66, 164	0

All (15) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	288	THR	28.2
1	А	290	CYS	7.7
1	А	286	ARG	7.4
1	А	284	SER	7.0
1	А	289	LEU	6.8
1	А	390	PRO	3.8
1	А	287	ASP	3.6
1	А	282	PRO	3.6
1	А	174	VAL	3.3
1	А	283	SER	3.0
1	А	126	ARG	3.0
1	А	285	ARG	2.6
1	А	291	GLY	2.4
1	А	173	GLY	2.2
1	А	170	GLU	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	CAF	А	247	10/11	0.97	0.10	$21,\!31,\!82,\!82$	2



6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

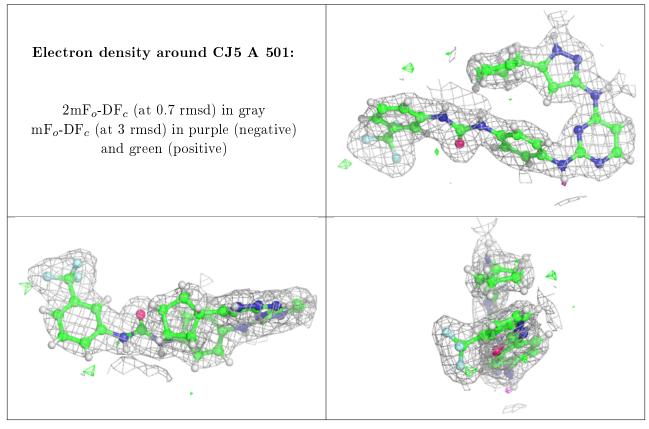
There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q < 0.9
6	EDO	А	506	4/4	0.75	0.28	$66,\!79,\!80,\!82$	0
5	DMS	А	504	4/4	0.92	0.28	$39,\!55,\!96,\!97$	0
3	MG	А	502	1/1	0.94	0.06	37,37,37,37	0
2	CJ5	А	501	38/38	0.95	0.10	$17,\!26,\!37,\!41$	0
4	PO4	А	503	5/5	0.95	0.15	$59,\!61,\!64,\!69$	0
5	DMS	А	505	4/4	0.97	0.10	$54,\!86,\!99,\!99$	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

