

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 22, 2020 – 02:43 am BST

PDB ID : 4DQL

Title: Crystal structure of the FAD binding domain of cytochrome P450 BM3 in

complex with NADP+

Authors : joyce, M.G.; leys, D.

 $Deposited \ on \quad : \quad 2012\text{-}02\text{-}16$

Resolution : 2.15 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.11

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

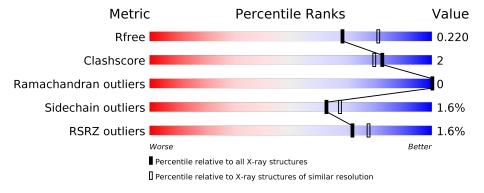
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.15 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	1479 (2.16-2.16)
Clashscore	141614	1585 (2.16-2.16)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1560 (2.16-2.16)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1559 (2.16-2.16)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1456 (2.16-2.16)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	393	87%	9%	-		
1	В	393	88%	8%	• •		



2 Entry composition (i)

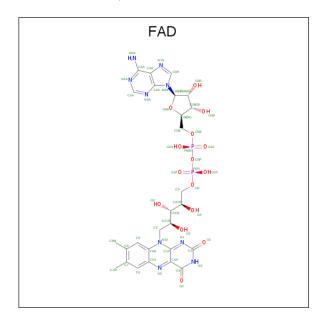
There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6955 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Bifunctional P-450/NADPH-P450 reductase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	378	Total	С	N	О	S	0	6	0
1	A	310	3007	1896	514	586	11	0		
1	D	379	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Б	319	2998	1895	512	579	12	0	0	U

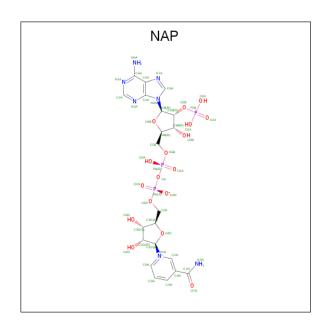
• Molecule 2 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula: $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
9	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	2 A	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	
9	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	2 B	1	53	27	9	15	2	0	0

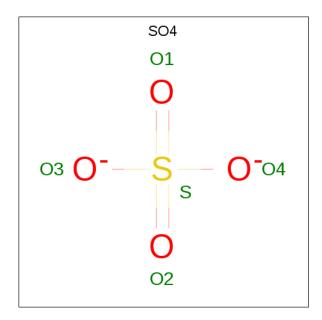
• Molecule 3 is NADP NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: NAP) (formula: C₂₁H₂₈N₇O₁₇P₃).





Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
)	A	A 1	37	14	5	15	3	0	0
9	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
)	В	1	31	10	5	13	3	U	0

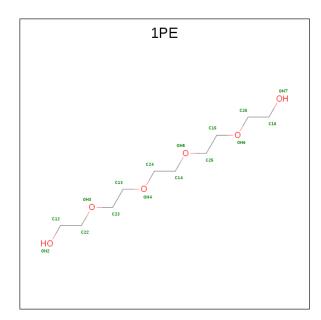
 \bullet Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: $\mathrm{O_4S}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	В	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

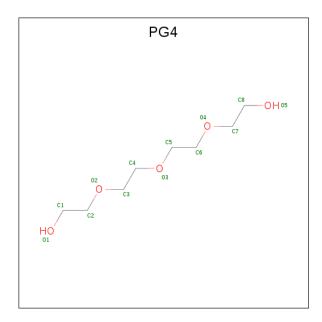


 \bullet Molecule 5 is PENTAETHYLENE GLYCOL (three-letter code: 1PE) (formula: $\mathrm{C_{10}H_{22}O_6}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atom	.S	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C	O 4	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 6 is TETRAETHYLENE GLYCOL (three-letter code: PG4) (formula: $\mathrm{C_8H_{18}O_5}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total C O 13 8 5	0	0
6	В	1	Total C O 13 8 5	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	В	1	Total 13	C 8	O 5	0	0

• Molecule 7 is water.

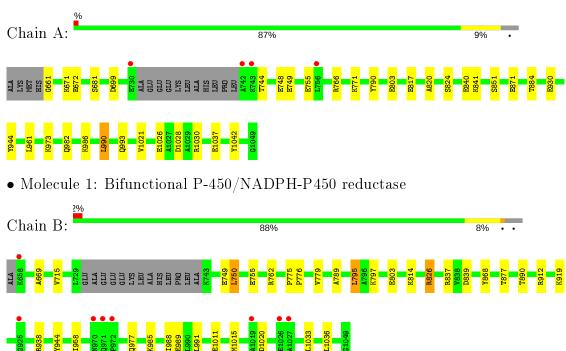
Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	362	Total O 362 362	0	0
7	В	355	Total O 355 355	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Bifunctional P-450/NADPH-P450 reductase





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	190.66Å 190.66Å 74.33Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.92 - 2.15	Depositor
Resolution (A)	19.92 - 2.15	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (19.92-2.15)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	$99.4 \ (19.92 - 2.15)$	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.66 (at 2.15Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0102	Depositor
D.D.	0.191 , 0.226	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.186 , 0.220	DCC
R_{free} test set	4176 reflections (4.99%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	32.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.039	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32, 38.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.022 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	6955	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	30.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.62% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, NAP, PG4, FAD, 1PE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	1.33	14/3068~(0.5%)	0.95	$4/4156 \ (0.1\%)$	
1	В	1.23	7/3060~(0.2%)	1.01	$12/4149 \ (0.3\%)$	
All	All	1.28	$21/6128 \ (0.3\%)$	0.98	16/8305 (0.2%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	В	0	1

The worst 5 of 21 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type	${f Atoms}$	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\AA})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(\mathbf{\AA})$
1	A	871	GLU	CG-CD	8.91	1.65	1.51
1	A	749	GLU	CG-CD	8.19	1.64	1.51
1	A	755	GLU	CD-OE1	7.98	1.34	1.25
1	В	826	ARG	CD-NE	-6.89	1.34	1.46
1	В	989	GLU	CG-CD	6.88	1.62	1.51

The worst 5 of 16 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	826	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-13.15	113.72	120.30
1	В	826	ARG	CG-CD-NE	-8.37	94.22	111.80
1	A	766	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.84	116.38	120.30
1	В	912	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.87	116.87	120.30
1	В	826	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.82	123.71	120.30



There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	В	826	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3007	0	2931	14	0
1	В	2998	0	2895	14	0
2	A	53	0	31	0	0
2	В	53	0	31	0	0
3	A	37	0	16	0	0
3	В	31	0	11	1	0
4	A	5	0	0	0	0
4	В	5	0	0	1	0
5	A	10	0	12	0	0
6	A	13	0	18	1	0
6	В	26	0	36	2	0
7	A	362	0	0	5	0
7	В	355	0	0	8	1
All	All	6955	0	5981	30	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 30 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{ll} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} & (ext{\AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:B:837:ARG:NE	7:B:1426:HOH:O	2.21	0.73
1:B:797[A]:LYS:O	7:B:1541:HOH:O	2.11	0.68
1:B:797[B]:LYS:O	7:B:1541:HOH:O	2.12	0.67
1:A:973:LYS:HD2	7:A:1556:HOH:O	1.95	0.67
6:B:1105:PG4:H42	7:B:1431:HOH:O	1.97	0.63

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the sym-



metry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{l} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} \ (ext{Å}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
7:B:1395:HOH:O	7:B:1533:HOH:O[4_557]	2.16	0.04

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	${f ntiles}$
1	A	380/393~(97%)	370 (97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100
1	В	383/393 (98%)	368 (96%)	15 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	763/786 (97%)	738 (97%)	25 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	319/332 (96%)	315 (99%)	4 (1%)	69 74
1	В	312/332 (94%)	305 (98%)	7 (2%)	52 55
All	All	631/664 (95%)	620 (98%)	11 (2%)	62 65

5 of 11 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	749	GLU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	750	LEU
1	В	814[B]	LYS
1	A	990	LEU
1	В	814[A]	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	993	GLN
1	В	1034	GLN
1	В	842	GLN
1	A	971	GLN
1	В	707	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

10 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Trno	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	gles
10101	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	1PE	A	1104	-	9,9,15	0.66	0	8,8,14	0.88	0
2	FAD	В	1101	-	51,58,58	1.59	7 (13%)	60,89,89	2.11	15 (25%)
4	SO4	В	1103	-	4,4,4	0.26	0	6,6,6	0.59	0
3	NAP	A	1102	-	33,39,52	1.88	7 (21%)	40,60,80	1.69	10 (25%)
2	FAD	A	1101	-	51,58,58	1.89	9 (17%)	60,89,89	2.21	13 (21%)
6	PG4	В	1104	-	12,12,12	0.55	0	11,11,11	0.36	0
6	PG4	A	1105	_	12,12,12	0.45	0	11,11,11	0.66	0
6	PG4	В	1105	-	12,12,12	0.75	0	11,11,11	1.25	2 (18%)
3	NAP	В	1102	-	27,33,52	1.74	6 (22%)	35,52,80	1.54	7 (20%)
4	SO4	A	1103	-	4,4,4	0.26	0	6,6,6	0.70	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	1PE	A	1104	_	-	5/7/7/13	-
2	FAD	В	1101	-	-	2/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
3	NAP	A	1102	-	-	9/27/47/67	0/3/3/5
2	FAD	A	1101	-	-	0/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
6	PG4	В	1104	-	-	5/10/10/10	-
6	PG4	A	1105	-	-	4/10/10/10	-
6	PG4	В	1105	_	-	3/10/10/10	-
3	NAP	В	1102	-	-	2/17/37/67	0/3/3/5

The worst 5 of 29 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
2	A	1101	FAD	C4X-N5	6.02	1.41	1.33
2	A	1101	FAD	C10-N1	5.86	1.40	1.33
3	A	1102	NAP	P2B-O2B	5.71	1.70	1.59
2	В	1101	FAD	C4X-N5	5.09	1.40	1.33
2	A	1101	FAD	C1'-N10	5.04	1.53	1.48

The worst 5 of 47 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${ m Res}$	\mathbf{Type}	${f Atoms}$	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}({}^o)$	$ \operatorname{Ideal}({}^o) $
2	A	1101	FAD	C4-N3-C2	10.16	123.72	115.14

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
2	В	1101	FAD	C4-N3-C2	8.81	122.58	115.14
2	В	1101	FAD	C1'-N10-C9A	5.98	123.00	118.29
3	A	1102	NAP	O3X-P2B-O2X	5.83	129.94	107.64
2	A	1101	FAD	C5X-C9A-N10	5.76	121.89	117.72

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 30 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	1102	NAP	C2B-O2B-P2B-O1X
3	A	1102	NAP	O3D-C3D-C4D-C5D
3	A	1102	NAP	C2D-C3D-C4D-C5D
3	A	1102	NAP	C2D-C3D-C4D-O4D
3	В	1102	NAP	PA-O3-PN-O2N

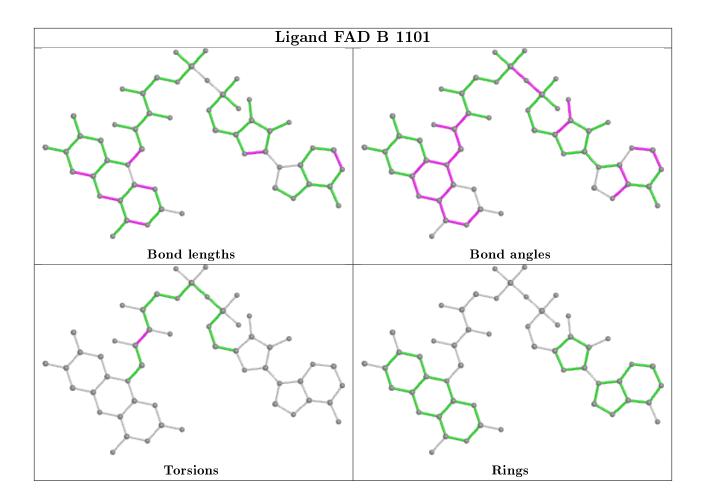
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

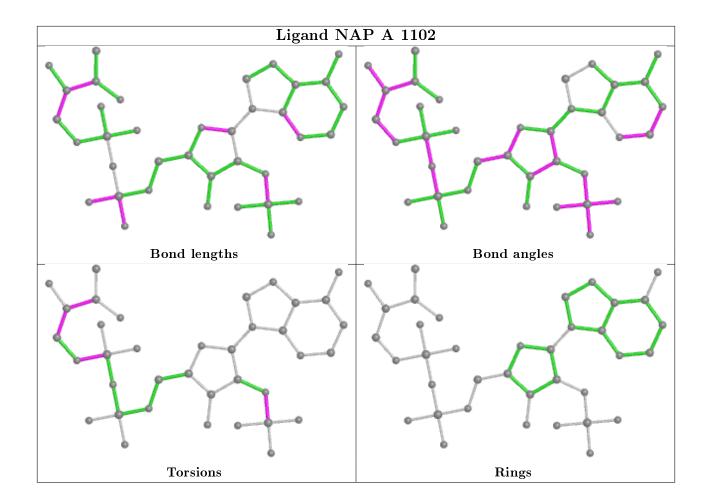
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	В	1103	SO4	1	0
6	A	1105	PG4	1	0
6	В	1105	PG4	2	0
3	В	1102	NAP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

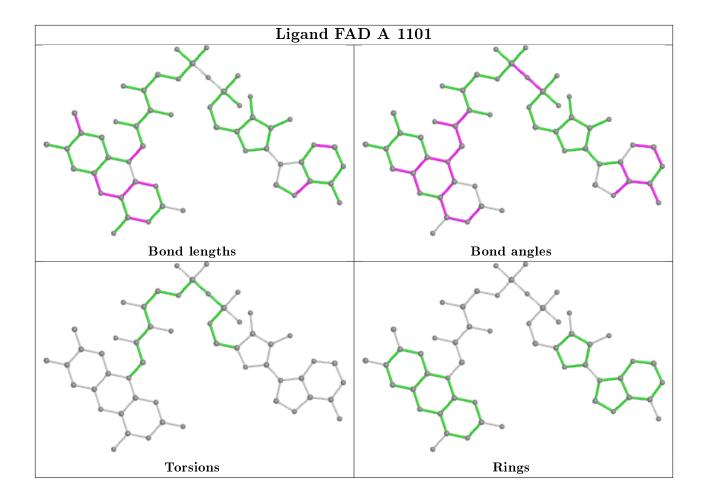




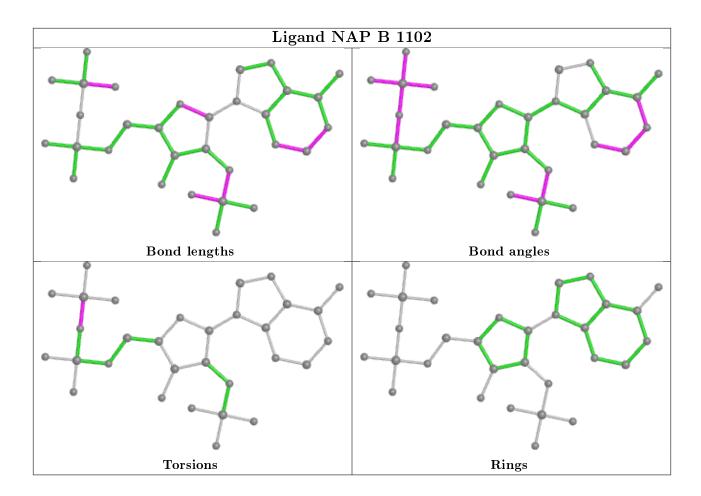












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(m \AA^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	378/393~(96%)	-0.33	4 (1%) 80 85	16, 27, 47, 64	0
1	В	379/393~(96%)	-0.29	8 (2%) 63 71	16, 28, 50, 67	0
All	All	757/786 (96%)	-0.31	12 (1%) 72 77	16, 28, 48, 67	0

The worst 5 of 12 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	742	ALA	7.1
1	В	1027	ALA	4.5
1	В	925	GLY	4.4
1	В	658	LYS	3.9
1	В	970	ASN	3.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

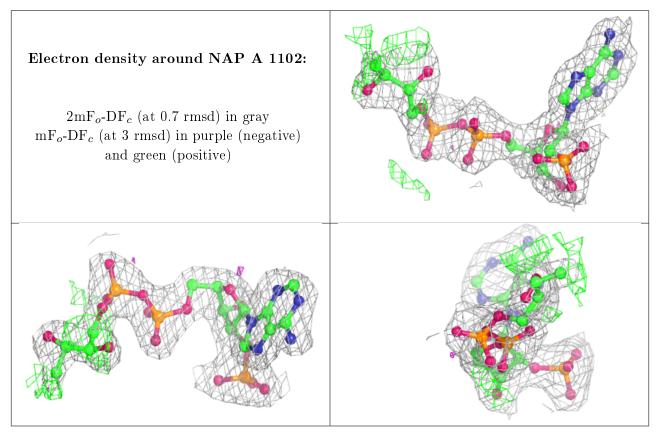
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B\text{-factors}}({f \AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
6	PG4	В	1105	13/13	0.74	0.25	57,60,66,67	0
6	PG4	A	1105	13/13	0.87	0.16	52,59,71,73	0
6	PG4	В	1104	13/13	0.89	0.13	38,46,57,59	0
5	1PE	A	1104	10/16	0.91	0.16	32,39,47,51	0
4	SO4	В	1103	5/5	0.92	0.29	70,71,75,77	0
4	SO4	A	1103	5/5	0.96	0.11	57,59,60,62	0
3	NAP	A	1102	37/48	0.97	0.08	19,25,52,54	0
2	FAD	В	1101	53/53	0.98	0.06	12,17,21,24	0
3	NAP	В	1102	31/48	0.98	0.07	21,26,53,53	0
2	FAD	A	1101	53/53	0.98	0.06	16,21,27,33	0

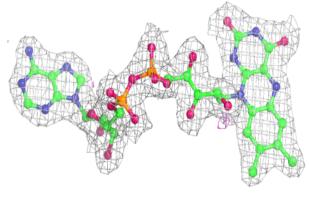
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

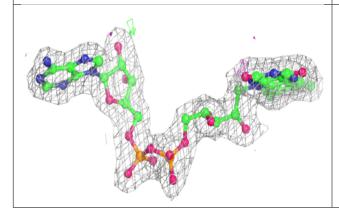


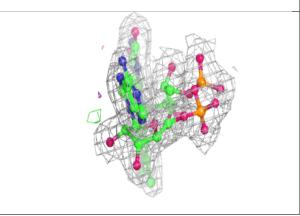


Electron density around FAD B 1101:

 $2 \text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

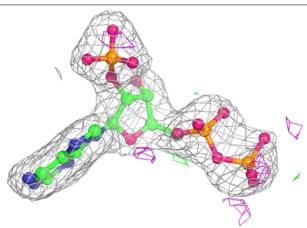


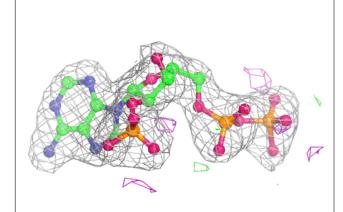


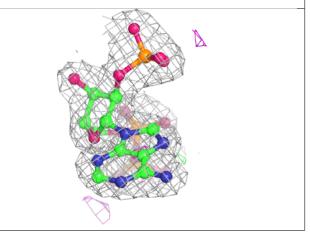


Electron density around NAP B 1102:

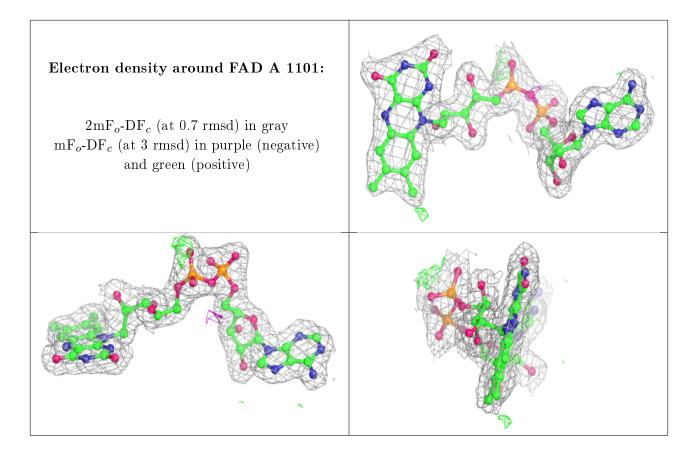
 $2 \text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)











6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

