

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### May 16, 2020 – 08:19 am BST

PDB ID	:	4BC3
$\operatorname{Title}$	:	Crystal structure of human D-xylulokinase
Authors	:	Bunker, R.D.; Loomes, K.M.; Baker, E.N.
Deposited on	:	2012-10-01
Resolution	:	1.68  Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

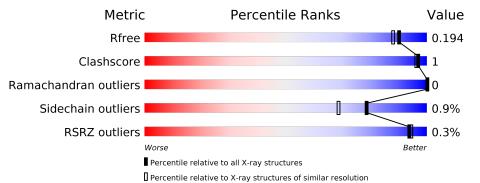
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	2.11
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
$\rm CCP4$	:	$7.0.044 (\mathrm{Gargrove})$
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.68 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries},{ m resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R <sub>free</sub>	130704	6780 (1.70-1.66)
Clashscore	141614	7310 (1.70-1.66)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	7173 (1.70-1.66)
Sidechain outliers	138945	7172 (1.70-1.66)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6661 (1.70-1.66)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	538	94% •••	- 1
1	В	538	95%	•
1	С	538	% 	_



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 24712 atoms, of which 11496 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Δ	525	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	Se	0	1	0
	A	525	7779	2523	3786	687	758	13	12	0	1	0
1	D	526	Total	С	Н	Ν	Ο	S	Se	0	1	0
	D	520	7842	2529	3840	686	761	14	12			
1	C	526	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	S	Se	0	0	0
	C	520	7846	2526	3852	686	757	13	12	0	0	0

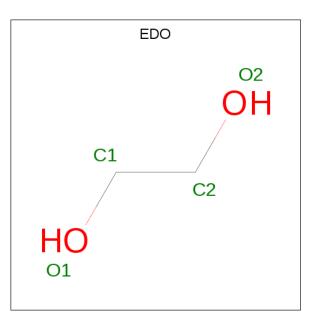
• Molecule 1 is a protein called XYLULOSE KINASE.

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	$\mathbf{Comment}$	Reference
А	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP 075191
А	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP 075191
В	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP 075191
В	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP 075191
С	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP 075191
С	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP 075191

• Molecule 2 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula: C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O<sub>2</sub>).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0
2	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0
2	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0
2	А	1	Total         C         H         O           10         2         6         2	0	0
2	А	1	Total         C         H         O           10         2         6         2	0	0
2	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} {\rm Total} & {\rm C} & {\rm O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0
2	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0
2	С	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0
2	С	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0
2	С	1	Total         C         H         O           10         2         6         2	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	390	Total O 390 390	0	0
3	В	408	Total O 408 408	0	0

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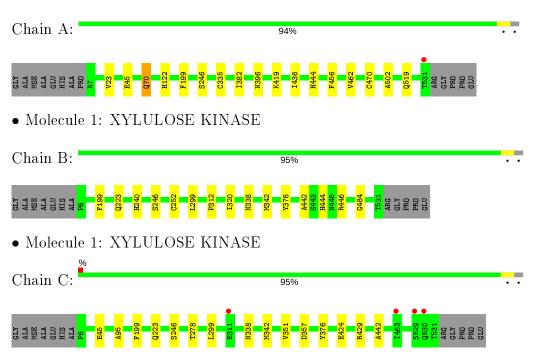
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	С	389	Total O 389 389	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: XYLULOSE KINASE



## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32	Depositor
Cell constants	99.79Å $99.79$ Å $157.54$ Å	Deperitor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	58.22 - 1.68	Depositor
Resolution (A)	58.22 - 1.68	EDS
% Data completeness	98.6 (58.22-1.68)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	98.6(58.22 - 1.68)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.17	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.48 (at 1.68 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	BUSTER 2.11.1	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.159 , $0.184$	Depositor
$n, n_{free}$	0.172 , $0.194$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	9906 reflections $(5.02\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	24.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.168	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.40 , $49.8$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$<  L  > = 0.48, < L^2 > = 0.31$	Xtriage
	0.012 for -h,-k,l	
Estimated twinning fraction	0.035 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
	0.022 for -k,-h,-l	
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	24712	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	31.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.63% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: EDO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Cham	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.51	0/4074	0.63	0/5518	
1	В	0.51	0/4084	0.63	0/5531	
1	С	0.50	0/4076	0.62	0/5519	
All	All	0.51	0/12234	0.63	0/16568	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	3993	3786	3854	10	0
1	В	4002	3840	3868	7	0
1	С	3994	3852	3866	7	0
2	А	20	12	30	0	0
2	В	8	0	12	0	0
2	С	12	6	18	0	0
3	А	390	0	0	1	0
3	В	408	0	0	0	0
3	С	389	0	0	0	0
All	All	13216	11496	11648	22	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 22 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic}\\ {\rm distance}~({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:342:MSE:HE2	1:B:376:TYR:HB3	1.84	0.60
1:A:462:VAL:HG23	1:A:502:ALA:HB2	1.86	0.58
1:A:444:HIS:HB3	1:C:45:GLU:HB3	1.87	0.56
1:B:252[A]:CYS:SG	1:B:484:GLY:HA2	2.46	0.56
1:C:342:MSE:HE2	1:C:376:TYR:HB3	1.89	0.55

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	$\mathbf{n}$ tiles
1	А	523/538~(97%)	513~(98%)	10~(2%)	0	100	100
1	В	525/538~(98%)	517~(98%)	8 (2%)	0	100	100
1	С	524/538~(97%)	512 (98%)	12 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	1572/1614~(97%)	1542 (98%)	30 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	А	423/427~(99%)	420~(99%)	3~(1%)	8	34	76
1	В	426/427~(100%)	421~(99%)	5(1%)		71	57
1	С	424/427~(99%)	421 (99%)	3 (1%)	8	84	76
All	All	1273/1281~(99%)	1262 (99%)	11 (1%)		78	69

5 of 11 residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	223	GLN
1	В	240	HIS
1	С	199	PHE
1	В	199	PHE
1	В	446	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	70	GLN
1	А	519	GLN
1	В	30	ASN
1	В	225	GLN
1	С	519	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

10 ligands are modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Turne	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	gths	B	ond ang	gles
IVIOI	Type	Cham	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	EDO	В	1533	-	$^{3,3,3}$	0.47	0	$2,\!2,\!2$	0.26	0
2	EDO	А	1536	-	$^{3,3,3}$	0.46	0	$2,\!2,\!2$	0.49	0
2	EDO	В	1532	-	$^{3,3,3}$	0.68	0	$2,\!2,\!2$	0.23	0
2	EDO	А	1532	-	$^{3,3,3}$	0.55	0	$2,\!2,\!2$	0.49	0
2	EDO	С	1532	-	$^{3,3,3}$	0.74	0	$^{2,2,2}$	0.36	0
2	EDO	С	1533	-	$^{3,3,3}$	0.55	0	$2,\!2,\!2$	0.41	0
2	EDO	А	1533	-	$^{3,3,3}$	0.54	0	$^{2,2,2}$	0.46	0
2	EDO	С	1534	-	$^{3,3,3}$	0.45	0	$2,\!2,\!2$	0.29	0
2	EDO	А	1534	-	$^{3,3,3}$	0.67	0	$2,\!2,\!2$	0.70	0
2	EDO	А	1535	-	$^{3,3,3}$	0.61	0	$2,\!2,\!2$	0.28	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	EDO	В	1533	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
2	EDO	А	1536	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
2	EDO	В	1532	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
2	EDO	А	1532	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
2	EDO	С	1532	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
2	EDO	С	1533	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
2	EDO	А	1533	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
2	EDO	С	1534	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
2	EDO	А	1534	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
2	EDO	А	1535	-	-	0/1/1/1	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	1532	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RSRZ $>$ 2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	513/538~(95%)	-0.37	1 (0%) 95 95	18, 29, 47, 103	0
1	В	514/538~(95%)	-0.40	0 100 100	18, 27, 44, 111	0
1	С	514/538~(95%)	-0.34	4 (0%) 86 88	19,  30,  47,  100	0
All	All	1541/1614~(95%)	-0.37	5 (0%) 94 94	18, 29, 47, 111	0

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type	RSRZ
1	С	311	GLU	2.6
1	А	531	THR	2.5
1	С	463	ILE	2.3
1	С	530	GLN	2.1
1	С	529	SER	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	EDO	А	1532	4/4	0.90	0.13	$23,\!25,\!27,\!30$	0
2	EDO	А	1534	4/4	0.91	0.15	$38,\!40,\!40,\!47$	0
2	EDO	А	1533	4/4	0.94	0.08	$36,\!39,\!40,\!42$	0
2	EDO	А	1536	4/4	0.95	0.15	$36,\!39,\!47,\!47$	0
2	EDO	А	1535	4/4	0.95	0.09	$29,\!35,\!35,\!35$	0
2	EDO	С	1533	4/4	0.96	0.07	$26,\!30,\!33,\!33$	0
2	EDO	С	1532	4/4	0.96	0.10	$31,\!35,\!36,\!37$	0
2	EDO	С	1534	4/4	0.97	0.08	40,44,44,44	0
2	EDO	В	1533	4/4	0.98	0.08	22,30,33,34	0
2	EDO	В	1532	4/4	0.99	0.08	$29,\!31,\!36,\!37$	0

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

