

# wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Apr 2, 2025 – 02:14 am BST

PDB ID : 4A7L / pdb 00004a7l

EMDB ID : EMD-1989

Title : Structure of the Actin-Tropomyosin-Myosin Complex (rigor ATM 1)

Authors: Behrmann, E.; Mueller, M.; Penczek, P.A.; Mannherz, H.G.; Manstein, D.J.;

Raunser, S.

Deposited on : 2011-11-14

Resolution : 8.10 Å(reported)
Based on initial models : 1LKX, 3MFP

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev117

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

MapQ : 1.9.13

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

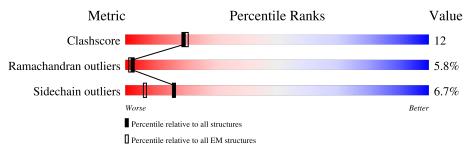
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.42

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 8.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	375	71%	21%	6% •			
1	D	375	69%	22%	5% •			
1	Е	375	70%	22%	6% •			
1	F	375	70%	21%	6% •			
1	I	375	6% 70%	22%	6% •			
2	В	136	97%		•			
2	Н	136	26%		•			
3	С	697	78%	17%	• • •			



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				0				
	$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
ļ			U					
				30%				
	0	$\alpha$	207					
	3	G	697	76%	18%	• ••		
İ				29%				
	_	_				_		
	3	J	697	77%	18%	• ••		



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 33500 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ACTIN, ALPHA SKELETON MUSCLE.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace	
1	A	375	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	
1	A	Λ	313	2934	1855	493	565	21		0
1	D	375	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	
1	ט	373	2934	1855	493	565	21	U	0	
1	Е	375	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	
1	<u> 1</u> 2	313	2934	1855	493	565	21		0	
1	F	375	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	
1	Г	Г 373	313	2934	1855	493	565	21		0
1	Т	375	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	
1	1	313	2934	1855	493	565	21		0	

• Molecule 2 is a protein called TROPOMYOSIN 1 ALPHA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace		
2	B	136	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
	Б	130	1104	673	189	239	3	0	U
9	П	136	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
2	п	130	1104	673	189	239	3	U	U

• Molecule 3 is a protein called MYOSIN IE HEAVY CHAIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
3	С	689	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
		009	5494	3469	946	1048	31	0	U
3	G	689	Total	С	N	O	S	0	0
9	G	009	5494	3469	946	1048	31	0	0
3	Ţ	689	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
)	J	009	5494	3469	946	1048	31		U

There are 9 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

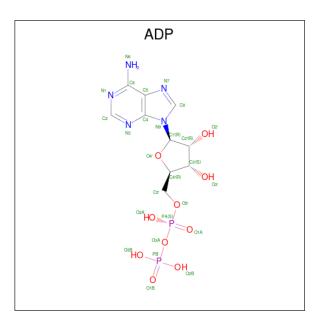
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
С	77	MET	ILE	conflict	UNP Q03479



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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
С	215	ASP	ASN	conflict	UNP Q03479
С	334	GLU	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q03479
G	77	MET	ILE	conflict	UNP Q03479
G	215	ASP	ASN	conflict	UNP Q03479
G	334	GLU	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q03479
J	77	MET	ILE	conflict	UNP Q03479
J	215	ASP	ASN	conflict	UNP Q03479
J	334	GLU	SER	engineered mutation	UNP Q03479

 $\bullet \ \ Molecule\ 4\ is\ ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE\ (CCD\ ID:\ ADP)\ (formula:\ C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{10}P_2).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
4	A	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
4	Λ	1	27	10	5	10	2	U
4	D	1	Total	С	N	Ο	Р	0
4	D	1	27	10	5	10	2	U
1	E	1	Total	С	N	Ο	Р	0
4	Ľ	1	27	10	5	10	2	U
4	F	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
4	I'	1	27	10	5	10	2	0
4	Т	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
4	1	1	27	10	5	10	2	U

 $\bullet$  Molecule 5 is CALCIUM ION (CCD ID: CA) (formula: Ca).



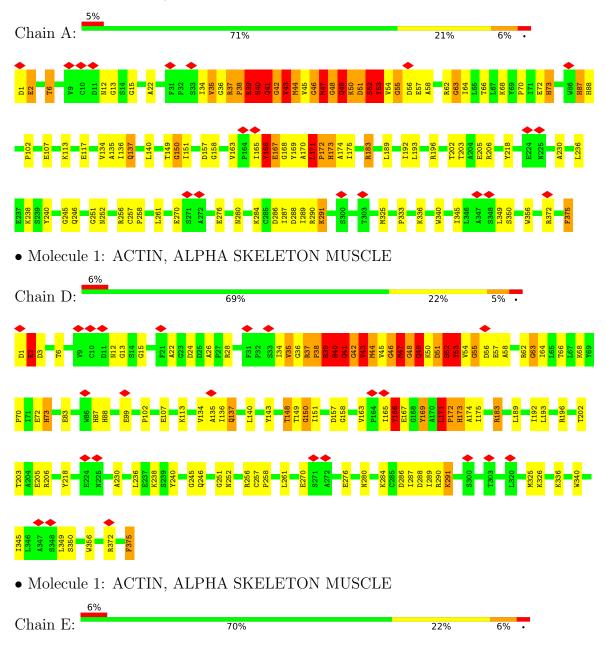
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
5	A	1	Total Ca 1 1	0
5	D	1	Total Ca 1 1	0
5	E	1	Total Ca 1 1	0
5	F	1	Total Ca 1 1	0
5	I	1	Total Ca 1 1	0



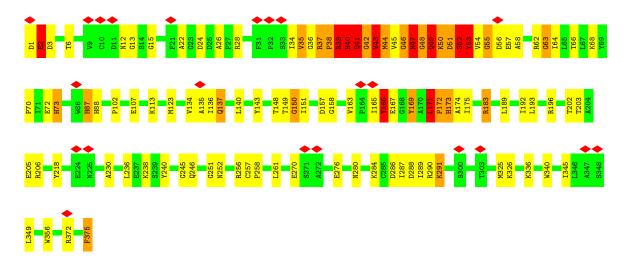
## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

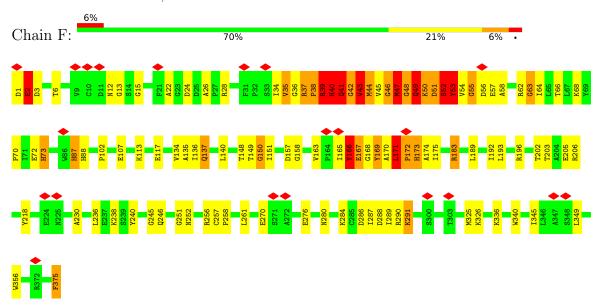
• Molecule 1: ACTIN, ALPHA SKELETON MUSCLE



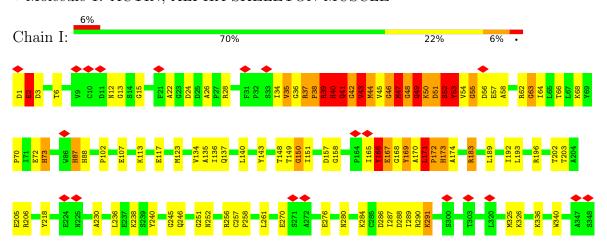




• Molecule 1: ACTIN, ALPHA SKELETON MUSCLE



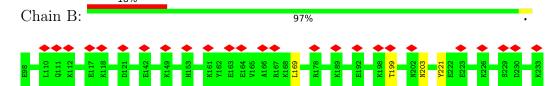
• Molecule 1: ACTIN, ALPHA SKELETON MUSCLE



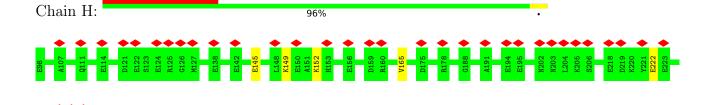




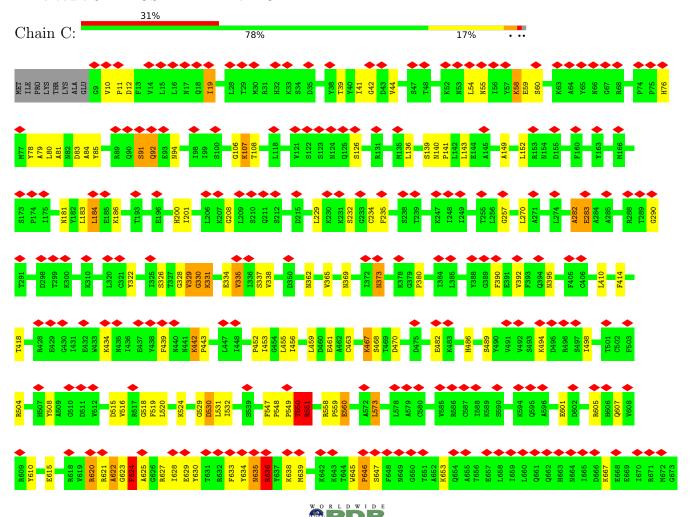
• Molecule 2: TROPOMYOSIN 1 ALPHA



• Molecule 2: TROPOMYOSIN 1 ALPHA

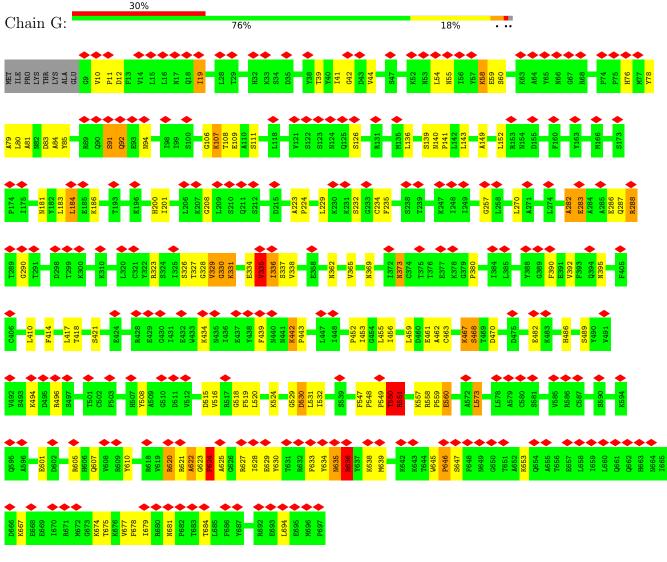


• Molecule 3: MYOSIN IE HEAVY CHAIN

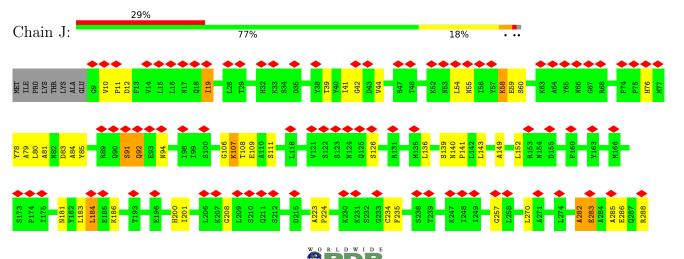


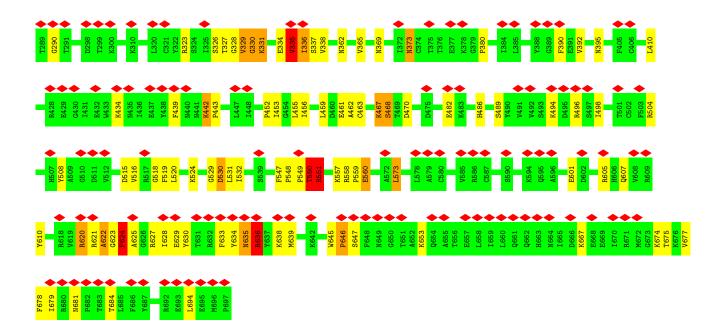


• Molecule 3: MYOSIN IE HEAVY CHAIN



• Molecule 3: MYOSIN IE HEAVY CHAIN







# 4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	HELICAL	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	HELICAL, twist=Not provided°, rise=Not	Depositor
	provided Å, axial sym=Not provided	
Number of segments used	5555	Depositor
Resolution determination method	Not provided	
CTF correction method	EACH PARTICLE	Depositor
Microscope	JEOL 3200FSC	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	1.7	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	750	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Magnification	169644	Depositor
Image detector	TVIPS TEMCAM-F816 (8k x 8k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.065	Depositor
Minimum map value	0.000	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.005	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0125	Depositor
Map size (Å)	294.4, 294.4, 404.80002	wwPDB
Map dimensions	160, 160, 220	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.84, 1.84, 1.84	Depositor



## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, ADP, HIC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	ond lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.97	18/2984~(0.6%)	0.72	15/4040 (0.4%)	
1	D	0.93	17/2984~(0.6%)	0.68	13/4040 (0.3%)	
1	Е	0.93	17/2984~(0.6%)	0.71	15/4040 (0.4%)	
1	F	0.93	17/2984~(0.6%)	0.71	15/4040 (0.4%)	
1	I	0.93	17/2984~(0.6%)	0.71	15/4040 (0.4%)	
2	В	0.36	0/1107	0.31	0/1471	
2	Н	0.21	0/1107	0.33	0/1471	
3	С	0.26	0/5594	0.39	0/7539	
3	G	0.22	0/5594	0.38	0/7539	
3	J	0.22	0/5594	0.38	0/7539	
All	All	0.65	86/33916 (0.3%)	0.55	73/45759 (0.2%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
1	D	0	1
1	Е	0	1
1	F	0	1
1	I	0	1
All	All	0	5

The worst 5 of 86 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	I	166	TYR	CD2-CE2	19.09	1.68	1.39
1	Е	166	TYR	CD2-CE2	19.08	1.68	1.39
1	A	166	TYR	CD2-CE2	19.07	1.68	1.39



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	F	166	TYR	CD2-CE2	19.05	1.68	1.39
1	D	166	TYR	CD2-CE2	19.03	1.67	1.39

The worst 5 of 73 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	39	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.45	115.58	120.30
1	Е	149	THR	C-N-CA	9.42	142.07	122.30
1	Е	39	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.41	115.59	120.30
1	F	39	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.40	115.60	120.30
1	I	149	THR	C-N-CA	9.40	142.04	122.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	40	HIS	Sidechain
1	D	40	HIS	Sidechain
1	Е	40	HIS	Sidechain
1	F	40	HIS	Sidechain
1	I	40	HIS	Sidechain

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2934	0	2895	150	0
1	D	2934	0	2895	131	0
1	Е	2934	0	2895	125	0
1	F	2934	0	2895	123	0
1	I	2934	0	2895	127	0
2	В	1104	0	1104	3	0
2	Н	1104	0	1104	18	0
3	С	5494	0	5492	79	0
3	G	5494	0	5492	89	0
3	J	5494	0	5492	97	0
4	A	27	0	12	4	0



$\alpha \cdots$	, r	•	
Continued	trom	mromonie	maaa
-	110116	DICULUUS	Duuc
	J	1	1

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	D	27	0	12	4	0
4	Ε	27	0	12	4	0
4	F	27	0	12	4	0
4	I	27	0	12	4	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	D	1	0	0	0	0
5	Ε	1	0	0	0	0
5	F	1	0	0	0	0
5	I	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	33500	0	33219	834	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

The worst 5 of 834 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:D:54:VAL:HG22	1:D:55:GLY:H	1.10	1.14
1:A:54:VAL:HG22	1:A:55:GLY:H	1.10	1.10
1:I:54:VAL:HG22	1:I:55:GLY:H	1.10	1.10
1:F:54:VAL:HG22	1:F:55:GLY:H	1.10	1.08
1:E:54:VAL:HG22	1:E:55:GLY:H	1.10	1.07

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	372/375 (99%)	289 (78%)	55 (15%)	28 (8%)	1 10
1	D	372/375 (99%)	288 (77%)	56 (15%)	28 (8%)	1 10



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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	E	372/375 (99%)	289 (78%)	55 (15%)	28 (8%)	1	10
1	F	372/375 (99%)	289 (78%)	55 (15%)	28 (8%)	1	10
1	I	372/375 (99%)	289 (78%)	55 (15%)	28 (8%)	1	10
2	В	134/136 (98%)	134 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	Н	134/136 (98%)	134 (100%)	0	0	100	100
3	С	687/697 (99%)	574 (84%)	78 (11%)	35 (5%)	1	15
3	G	687/697 (99%)	573 (83%)	80 (12%)	34 (5%)	2	16
3	J	687/697 (99%)	574 (84%)	79 (12%)	34 (5%)	2	16
All	All	4189/4238 (99%)	3433 (82%)	513 (12%)	243 (6%)	2	14

5 of 243 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	42	GLY
1	A	43	VAL
1	A	47	MET
1	A	49	GLN
1	A	51	ASP

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles			
1	A	$317/317 \ (100\%)$	289 (91%)	28 (9%)	8	25		
1	D	317/317 (100%)	289 (91%)	28 (9%)	8	25		
1	E	$317/317 \ (100\%)$	286 (90%)	31 (10%)	6	21		
1	F	317/317 (100%)	286 (90%)	31 (10%)	6	21		
1	I	317/317 (100%)	286 (90%)	31 (10%)	6	21		
2	В	118/118 (100%)	118 (100%)	0	100	100		
2	Н	118/118 (100%)	118 (100%)	0	100	100		
3	C	609/616~(99%)	580 (95%)	29 (5%)	21	43		



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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
3	G	609/616 (99%)	575 (94%)	34 (6%)	17	38	
3	J	609/616 (99%)	575 (94%)	34 (6%)	17	38	
All	All	3648/3669 (99%)	3402 (93%)	246 (7%)	16	34	

5 of 246 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Е	375	PHE
3	J	184	LEU
1	F	326	LYS
3	J	143	LEU
3	J	550	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 63 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Ε	354	GLN
3	J	200	HIS
3	G	76	HIS
3	J	181	ASN
3	J	395	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

5 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Mol Type Chain Res Lin		Link	В	ond leng	$\operatorname{gths}$	Bond angles			
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	HIC	A	73	1	8,11,12	1.59	2 (25%)	6,14,16	1.88	2 (33%)
1	HIC	D	73	1	8,11,12	1.59	2 (25%)	6,14,16	1.87	2 (33%)
1	HIC	I	73	1	8,11,12	1.60	2 (25%)	6,14,16	1.88	2 (33%)
1	HIC	F	73	1	8,11,12	1.60	2 (25%)	6,14,16	1.89	2 (33%)
1	HIC	Е	73	1	8,11,12	1.60	2 (25%)	6,14,16	1.89	2 (33%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	HIC	A	73	1	-	2/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
1	HIC	D	73	1	-	2/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
1	HIC	I	73	1	-	2/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
1	HIC	F	73	1	-	2/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
1	HIC	Е	73	1	-	2/5/6/8	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 10 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	Е	73	HIC	CA-N	2.80	1.56	1.48
1	I	73	HIC	CA-N	2.79	1.56	1.48
1	F	73	HIC	CA-N	2.79	1.56	1.48
1	A	73	HIC	CA-N	2.79	1.56	1.48
1	D	73	HIC	CA-N	2.78	1.56	1.48

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	${f Atoms}$	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	I	73	HIC	CB-CA-C	-3.75	104.43	111.47
1	D	73	HIC	CB-CA-C	-3.75	104.44	111.47
1	Е	73	HIC	CB-CA-C	-3.75	104.44	111.47
1	A	73	HIC	CB-CA-C	-3.74	104.45	111.47
1	F	73	HIC	CB-CA-C	-3.74	104.47	111.47

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 10 torsion outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	73	HIC	N-CA-CB-CG
1	A	73	HIC	C-CA-CB-CG
1	D	73	HIC	N-CA-CB-CG
1	D	73	HIC	C-CA-CB-CG
1	Е	73	HIC	N-CA-CB-CG

There are no ring outliers.

5 monomers are involved in 10 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	73	HIC	2	0
1	D	73	HIC	2	0
1	I	73	HIC	2	0
1	F	73	HIC	2	0
1	Е	73	HIC	2	0

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 10 ligands modelled in this entry, 5 are monoatomic - leaving 5 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Trino	Chain	Dag	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	ADP	F	376	-	24,29,29	1.20	2 (8%)	29,45,45	1.41	4 (13%)
4	ADP	Е	376	-	24,29,29	1.20	2 (8%)	29,45,45	1.41	4 (13%)
4	ADP	D	376	-	24,29,29	1.20	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.40	4 (13%)
4	ADP	A	376	-	24,29,29	1.20	2 (8%)	29,45,45	1.41	4 (13%)
4	ADP	I	376	-	24,29,29	1.20	2 (8%)	29,45,45	1.41	4 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral



centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	$\mathbf{Type}$	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	ADP	F	376	-	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
4	ADP	Е	376	-	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
4	ADP	D	376	-	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
4	ADP	A	376	-	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
4	ADP	I	376	-	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 9 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
4	A	376	ADP	C2-N1	3.02	1.39	1.33
4	D	376	ADP	C2-N1	3.00	1.39	1.33
4	I	376	ADP	C2-N1	2.99	1.39	1.33
4	F	376	ADP	C2-N1	2.98	1.39	1.33
4	E	376	ADP	C2-N1	2.95	1.39	1.33

The worst 5 of 20 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	Е	376	ADP	C4-C5-N7	3.96	113.52	109.40
4	I	376	ADP	C4-C5-N7	3.94	113.50	109.40
4	F	376	ADP	C4-C5-N7	3.92	113.49	109.40
4	A	376	ADP	C4-C5-N7	3.89	113.45	109.40
4	D	376	ADP	C4-C5-N7	3.87	113.43	109.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

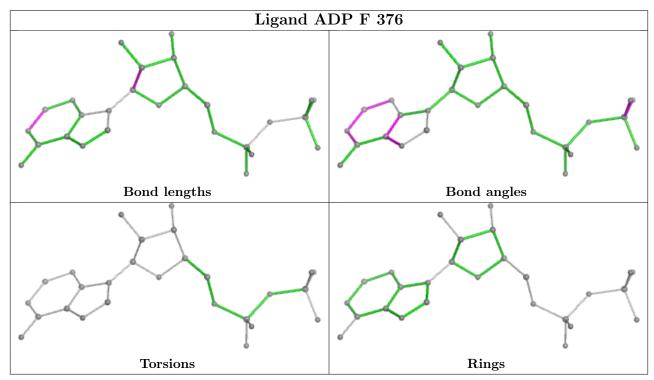
5 monomers are involved in 20 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	F	376	ADP	4	0
4	Е	376	ADP	4	0
4	D	376	ADP	4	0
4	A	376	ADP	4	0
4	I	376	ADP	4	0

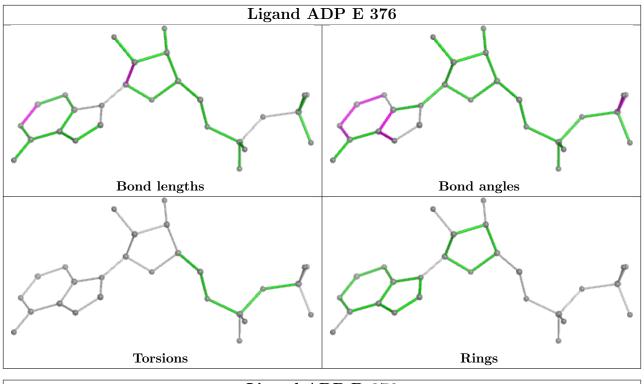
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In

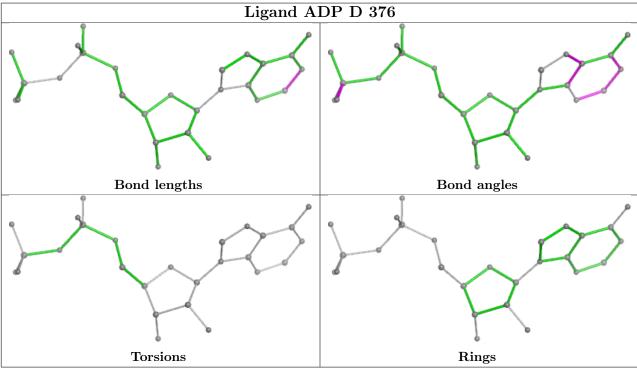


addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

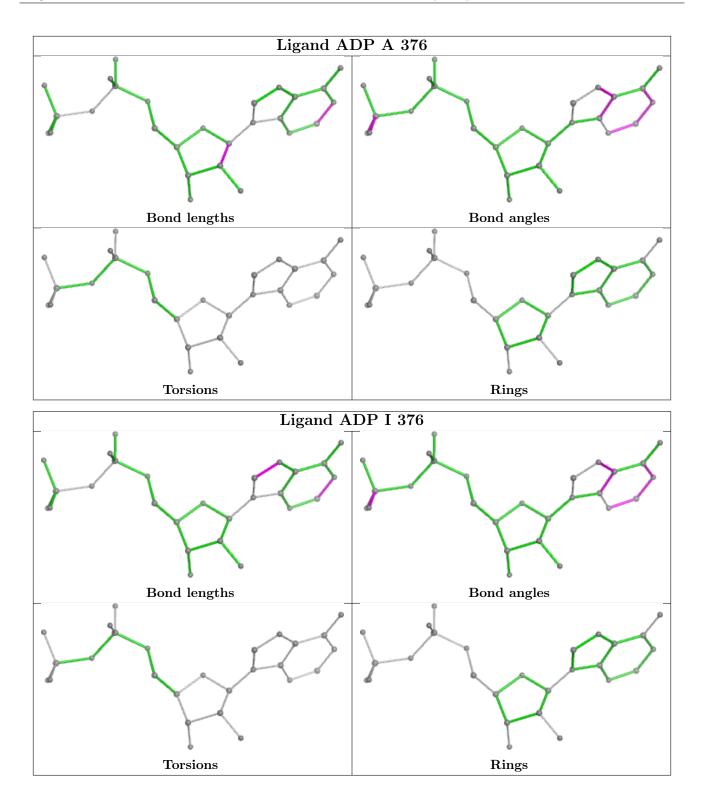












## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



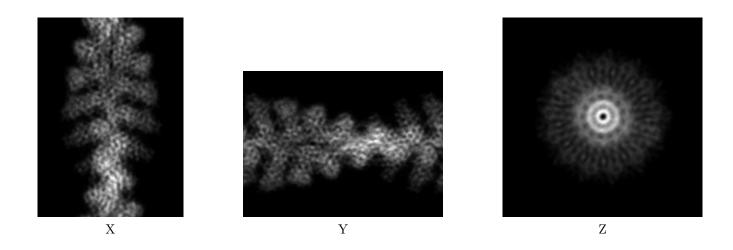
## 6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-1989. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

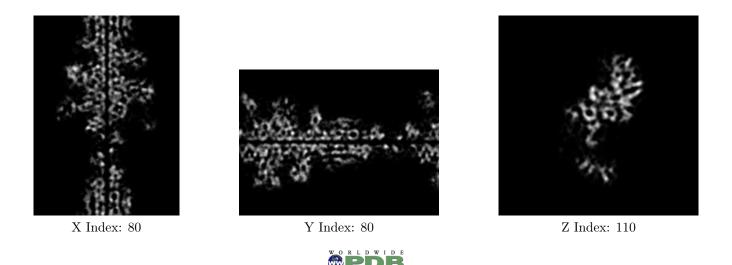
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.2 Central slices (i)

#### 6.2.1 Primary map

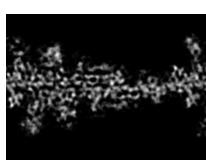


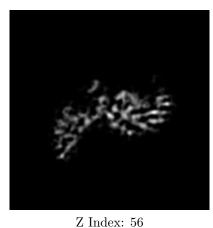
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

#### 6.3.1 Primary map







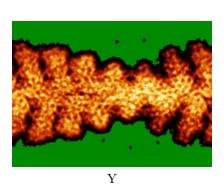
Y Index: 77

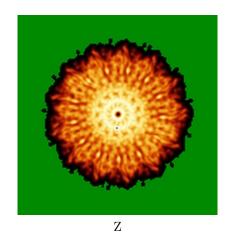
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

#### 6.4.1 Primary map





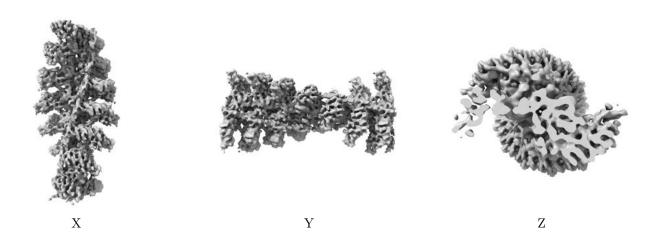


The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

#### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0125. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

### 6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

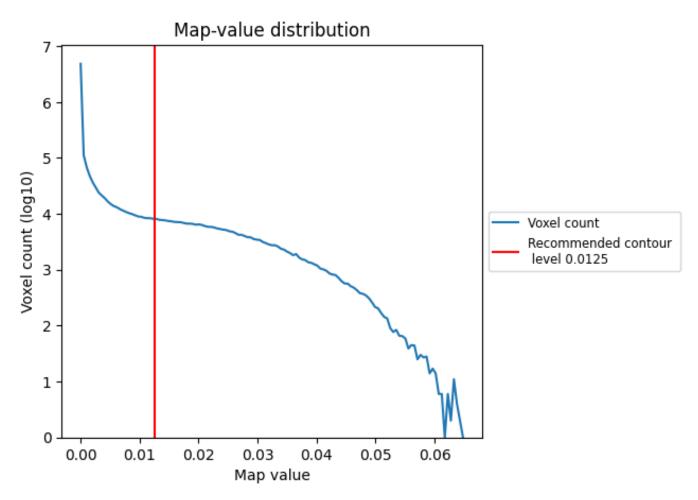
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



## 7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

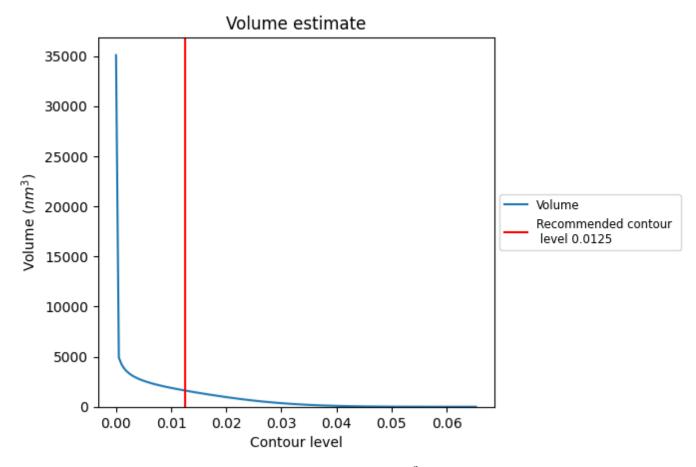
## 7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



### 7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is  $1624~\mathrm{nm^3}$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of  $1467~\mathrm{kDa}$ .

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

This section was not generated. The rotationally averaged power spectrum is only generated for cubic maps.



# 8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

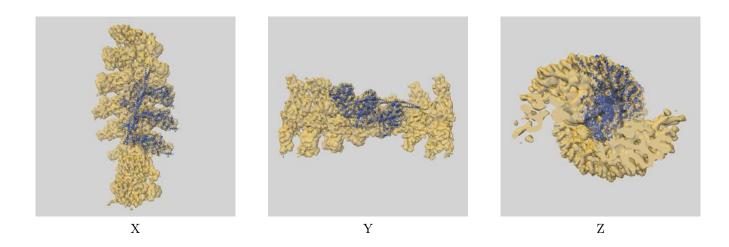
This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.



## 9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-1989 and PDB model 4A7L. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

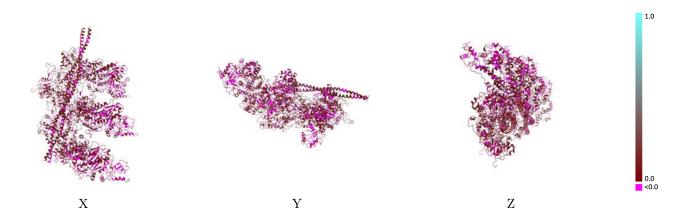
## 9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0125 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

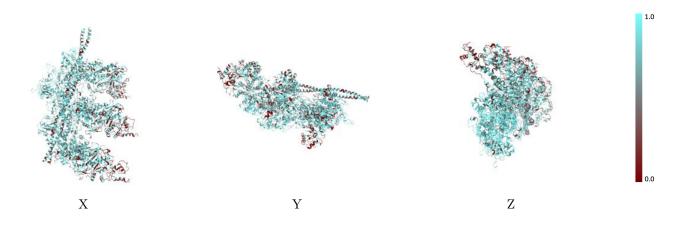


## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

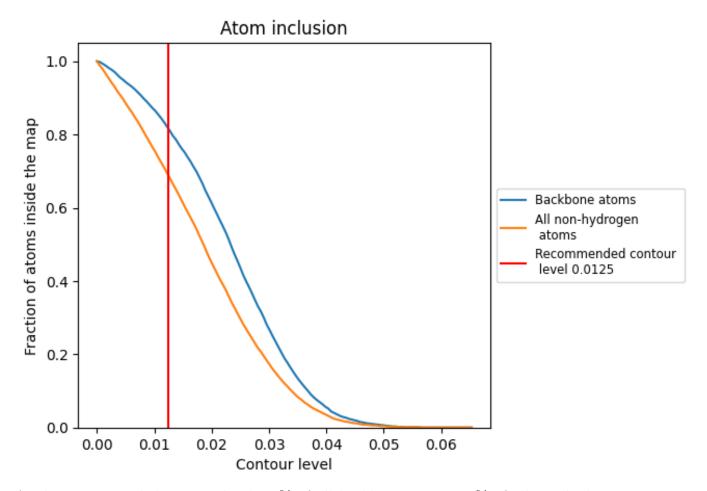
## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0125).



## 9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 82% of all backbone atoms, 69% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



## 9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0125) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.6870	0.0880
A	0.8080	0.1160
В	0.6260	0.1070
С	0.5850	0.0650
D	0.8070	0.1120
Е	0.8060	0.1130
F	0.8100	0.1120
G	0.5900	0.0650
Н	0.6050	0.0780
I	0.8080	0.1130
J	0.5900	0.0650



