

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 31, 2023 – 02:54 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3TOP

Title : Crystral Structure of the C-terminal Subunit of Human Maltase-Glucoamylase

in Complex with Acarbose

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Deposited on : 2011-09-06

Resolution : 2.88 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad 4.02b\text{--}467$

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

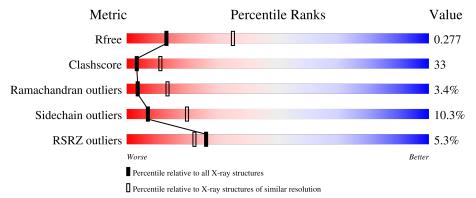
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.88 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	2691 (2.90-2.86)
Clashscore	141614	2947 (2.90-2.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2868 (2.90-2.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2871 (2.90-2.86)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2629 (2.90-2.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	908	47%	42%	8% •			
1	В	908	7% 47%	43%	8% •			
2	С	3		100%				
2	D	3		100%				



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 14388 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Maltase-glucoamylase, intestinal.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	890	Total 7131	C 4572	N 1190	O 1338	S 31	0	0	0
1	В	890	Total 7131		N 1190	O 1338	S 31	0	0	0

There are 28 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	952	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
A	953	SER	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
A	954	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
A	955	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
A	956	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
A	957	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
A	958	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
A	959	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
A	1854	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
A	1855	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
A	1856	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
A	1857	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
A	1858	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
A	1859	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
В	952	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
В	953	SER	_	expression tag	UNP O43451
В	954	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
В	955	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
В	956	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
В	957	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
В	958	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
В	959	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
В	1854	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
В	1855	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
В	1856	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O43451

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	1857	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
В	1858	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O43451
В	1859	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O43451

 $\bullet \ \, \text{Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 4,6-dideoxy-4-} \\ \{[(1S,4R,5S,6S)-4,5,6-\text{trihydroxy-3-(hydroxymethyl)cyclohex-2-en-1-yl]amino}\}-\\ \text{alpha-D-glucopyranose-} \\ (1-4)-\text{alpha-D-glucopyranose.} \\$

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	С	3	Total 6	C N 25 1		0	0	0
2	D	3	Total 44 2	C N 25 1	O 18	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

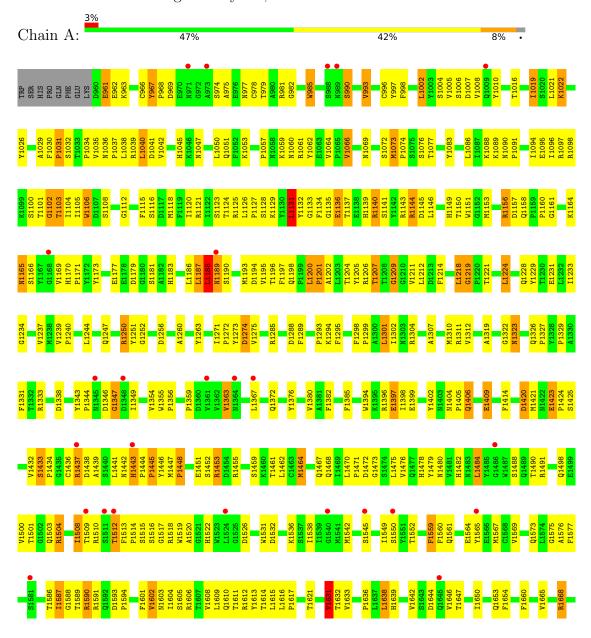
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	30	Total O 30 30	0	0
3	В	8	Total O 8 8	0	0



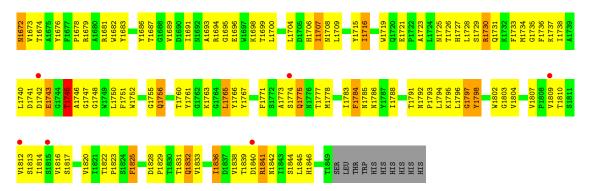
3 Residue-property plots (i)

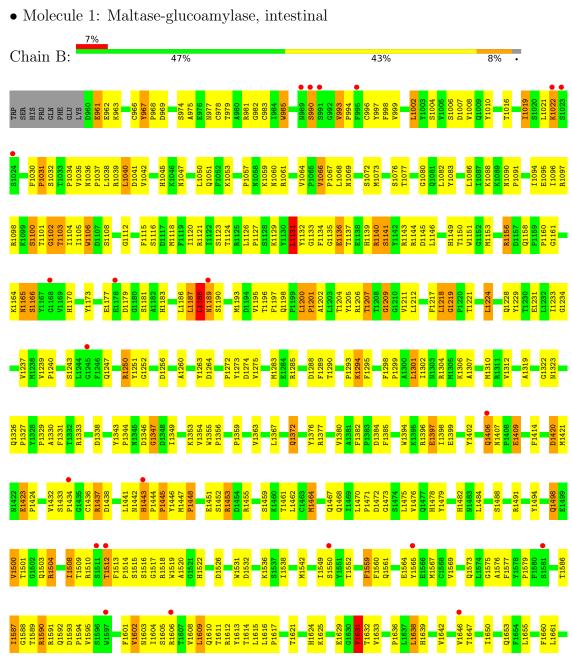
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Maltase-glucoamylase, intestinal

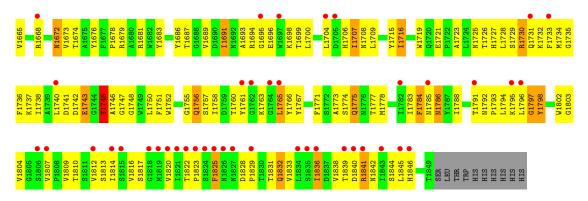












 $\bullet \ \, \text{Molecule 2: } 4,6\text{-}dideoxy-4-\{[(1S,4R,5S,6S)-4,5,6\text{-}trihydroxy-3-(hydroxymethyl)cyclohex-2-en-1-yl]amino}-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranos$

Chain C: 100%

GLC1 GLC2 AC13

 \bullet Molecule 2: 4,6-dideoxy-4-{[(1S,4R,5S,6S)-4,5,6-trihydroxy-3-(hydroxymethyl)cyclohex-2-en-1-yl|amino}-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose

Chain D:

GLC1 GLC2 AC13



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	105.50Å 105.50Å 516.56Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	36.45 - 2.88	Depositor
resolution (A)	36.45 - 2.88	EDS
% Data completeness	82.3 (36.45-2.88)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	87.9 (36.45-2.88)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.42 (at 2.90Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.6.4_486)	Depositor
D D.	0.218 , 0.284	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.217 , 0.277	DCC
R_{free} test set	3014 reflections (5.08%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	61.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.729	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.31, 60.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	14388	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	87.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.94% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GLC, AC1

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain RMS		# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.44	$2/7350 \ (0.0\%)$	0.63	2/10031 (0.0%)	
1	В	0.44	0/7350	0.63	2/10031 (0.0%)	
All	All	0.44	$2/14700 \ (0.0\%)$	0.63	4/20062 (0.0%)	

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
1	A	1144	ARG	CB-CG	6.16	1.69	1.52
1	A	1323	ASN	CB-CG	5.42	1.63	1.51

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	В	1219	GLY	N-CA-C	-6.06	97.95	113.10
1	A	1131	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.85	128.76	115.30
1	A	1219	GLY	N-CA-C	-5.73	98.77	113.10
1	В	1131	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.69	128.38	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	7131	0	6766	461	0
1	В	7131	0	6766	454	0
2	С	44	0	30	7	0
2	D	44	0	30	0	0
3	A	30	0	0	1	0
3	В	8	0	0	1	0
All	All	14388	0	13592	915	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 33.

The worst 5 of 915 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:B:1734:MET:HE3	1:B:1794:LEU:HD21	1.29	1.10
1:A:1542:MET:HE1	1:A:1636:PRO:CB	1.81	1.10
1:B:967:TYR:CE2	1:B:1030:PHE:HZ	1.72	1.08
1:B:1542:MET:HE1	1:B:1636:PRO:HB3	1.09	1.06
1:B:1542:MET:HE1	1:B:1636:PRO:CB	1.85	1.06

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	888/908 (98%)	750 (84%)	109 (12%)	29 (3%)	4 14
1	В	888/908 (98%)	745 (84%)	111 (12%)	32 (4%)	3 12
All	All	1776/1816 (98%)	1495 (84%)	220 (12%)	61 (3%)	3 13

5 of 61 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1031	PRO
1	A	1136	GLU
1	A	1347	GLY
1	A	1443	HIS
1	A	1445	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	americ Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	773/800 (97%)	696 (90%)	77 (10%)	7	21		
1	В	773/800 (97%)	690 (89%)	83 (11%)	6	18		
All	All	1546/1600 (97%)	1386 (90%)	160 (10%)	7	20		

5 of 160 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	1294	LYS
1	В	1707	ILE
1	В	1363	VAL
1	В	1498	GLN
1	В	1775	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 42 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	1372	GLN
1	В	1592	GLN
1	В	1406	GLN
1	В	1478	HIS
1	В	1653	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

6 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Chain Res 1		Bond lengths				Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
2	GLC	С	1	2	12,12,12	1.59	3 (25%)	17,17,17	2.72	4 (23%)	
2	GLC	С	2	2	11,11,12	1.82	5 (45%)	15,15,17	2.71	5 (33%)	
2	AC1	С	3	2	21,22,23	1.96	8 (38%)	22,32,34	1.19	3 (13%)	
2	GLC	D	1	2	12,12,12	1.63	2 (16%)	17,17,17	2.41	3 (17%)	
2	GLC	D	2	2	11,11,12	1.94	5 (45%)	15,15,17	0.92	1 (6%)	
2	AC1	D	3	2	21,22,23	1.87	8 (38%)	22,32,34	1.09	0	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GLC	С	1	2	-	2/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	С	2	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	AC1	С	3	2	-	3/6/43/46	0/2/2/2
2	GLC	D	1	2	-	1/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	D	2	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	AC1	D	3	2	-	4/6/43/46	0/2/2/2

The worst 5 of 31 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
2	D	2	GLC	O5-C1	-4.19	1.37	1.43

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
2	D	3	AC1	C7B-C5B	4.09	1.38	1.32
2	С	3	AC1	C3B-C4A	-3.58	1.47	1.53
2	D	3	AC1	C4A-C5B	-3.57	1.48	1.51
2	D	1	GLC	O2-C2	3.53	1.51	1.43

The worst 5 of 16 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	С	1	GLC	O5-C5-C4	7.67	123.62	109.69
2	D	1	GLC	O5-C5-C4	7.15	122.68	109.69
2	С	2	GLC	C1-C2-C3	6.53	117.69	109.67
2	С	1	GLC	C1-C2-C3	6.51	123.83	110.31
2	D	1	GLC	C1-C2-C3	5.56	121.85	110.31

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 14 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	С	3	AC1	C7B-C1B-N4A-C4
2	С	3	AC1	C7B-C5B-C6B-O6B
2	D	3	AC1	C7B-C1B-N4A-C4
2	D	3	AC1	C4A-C5B-C6B-O6B
2	D	2	GLC	O5-C5-C6-O6

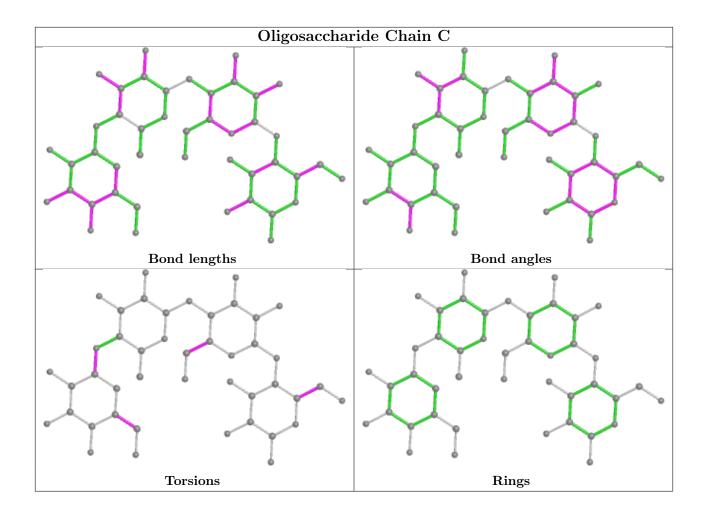
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 7 short contacts:

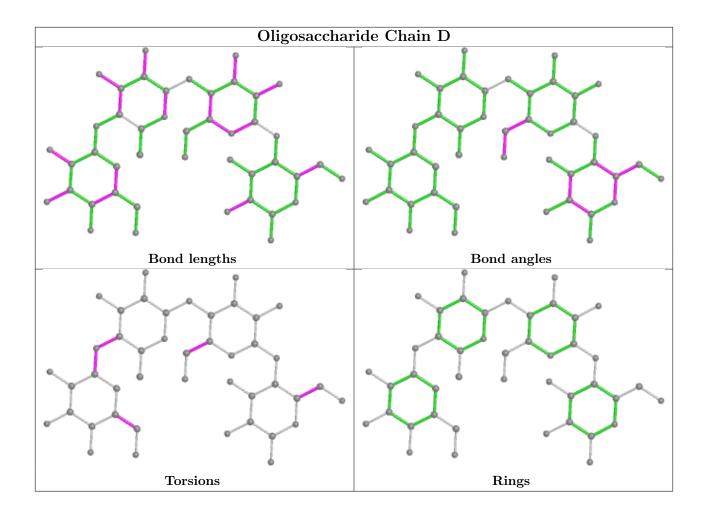
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	С	3	AC1	2	0
2	С	2	GLC	5	0
2	С	1	GLC	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	890/908 (98%)	0.19	31 (3%) 44 39	45, 81, 135, 207	0
1	В	890/908 (98%)	0.30	64 (7%) 15 11	50, 85, 141, 211	0
All	All	1780/1816 (98%)	0.25	95 (5%) 26 22	45, 83, 137, 211	0

The worst 5 of 95 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	1443	HIS	7.3
1	В	1733	PHE	5.8
1	В	991	SER	5.7
1	В	1821	ILE	5.7
1	В	1815	SER	5.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	GLC	С	1	12/12	0.93	0.18	85,104,117,124	0
2	AC1	С	3	21/22	0.94	0.21	53,73,89,115	0
2	GLC	D	1	12/12	0.95	0.18	78,88,120,121	0
2	AC1	D	3	21/22	0.96	0.18	56,81,104,109	0
2	GLC	D	2	11/12	0.97	0.13	54,84,95,102	0

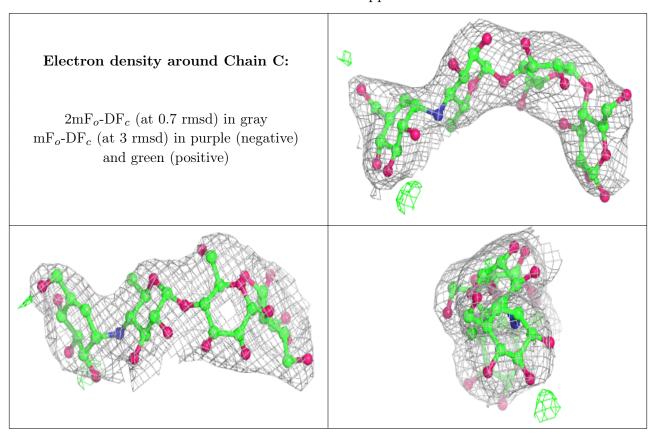
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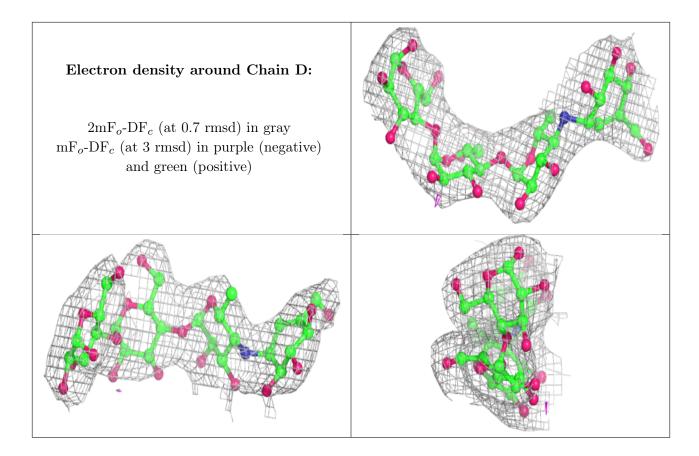
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	GLC	С	2	11/12	0.98	0.11	77,83,115,123	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

