

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 31, 2023 – 02:10 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3NSP

Title : Crystal structure of tetrameric RXRalpha-LBD

Authors : Zhang, H.; Hu, T.; Li, L.; Zhou, R.; Chen, L.; Hu, L.; Jiang, H.; Shen, X.

Deposited on : 2010-07-02

Resolution : 2.90 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $\begin{array}{ccc} & Mol Probity & : & 4.02b\text{-}467 \\ & Xtriage \text{ (Phenix)} & : & 1.13 \end{array}$ 

EDS: 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

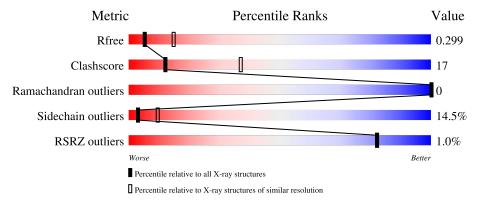
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

### 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}(\mathring{A}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	1957 (2.90-2.90)
Clashscore	141614	2172 (2.90-2.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2115 (2.90-2.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2117 (2.90-2.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1906 (2.90-2.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	240	52%	23%	. :	20%	
1	В	240	53%	20%	6%	21%	



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3074 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Retinoid X receptor, alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	193	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Λ	195	1526	983	264	270	9	0	U	0
1	B	190	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Ъ	190	1514	976	263	266	9		U	0

• Molecule 2 is water.

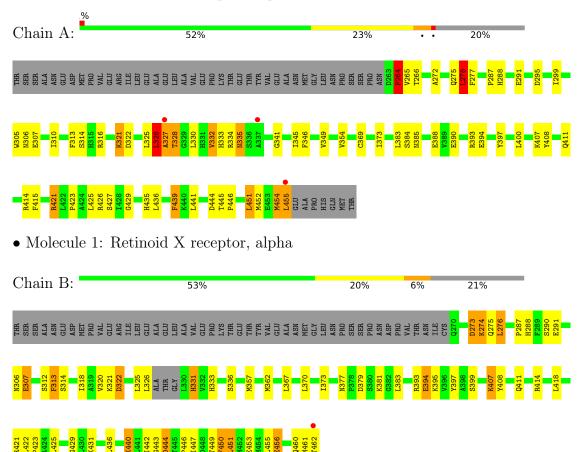
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	19	Total O 19 19	0	0
2	В	15	Total O 15 15	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Retinoid X receptor, alpha





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	114.83Å 100.27Å 47.16Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	15.00 - 2.90	Depositor
Resolution (A)	15.00 - 2.90	EDS
% Data completeness	91.1 (15.00-2.90)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	91.2 (15.00-2.90)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.80 (at 2.91Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS, REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
D D.	0.222 , 0.308	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.224 , $0.299$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	556 reflections $(4.86%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	34.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.030	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 48.3	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.44, < L^2> = 0.26$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.89	EDS
Total number of atoms	3074	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	22.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.36% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

#### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Chain		lengths	Bond angles		
WIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.78	0/1558	0.81	5/2106 (0.2%)	
1	В	0.69	0/1546	0.77	1/2086 (0.0%)	
All	All	0.74	0/3104	0.79	6/4192 (0.1%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	327	ALA	CB-CA-C	-6.93	99.70	110.10
1	В	331	HIS	N-CA-C	6.56	128.71	111.00
1	A	276	LEU	CB-CA-C	-6.19	98.45	110.20
1	A	277	PHE	N-CA-C	-5.82	95.28	111.00
1	A	326	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.81	128.66	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1526	0	1567	62	0
1	В	1514	0	1551	43	0
2	A	19	0	0	2	0
2	В	15	0	0	1	0
All	All	3074	0	3118	105	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 17.

The worst 5 of 105 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ (\rm \mathring{A}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:334:ARG:C	1:A:335:ASN:OD1	2.00	1.00
1:A:326:LEU:HD21	1:A:332:VAL:CG2	1.95	0.96
1:A:326:LEU:HD21	1:A:332:VAL:HG21	1.49	0.94
1:B:442:ILE:O	1:B:446:PRO:HD3	1.70	0.92
1:B:442:ILE:O	1:B:446:PRO:CD	2.21	0.89

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	191/240 (80%)	180 (94%)	11 (6%)	0	100	100
1	В	186/240 (78%)	167 (90%)	19 (10%)	0	100	100
All	All	377/480 (78%)	347 (92%)	30 (8%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	166/207 (80%)	145 (87%)	21 (13%)	4 13
1	В	164/207 (79%)	137 (84%)	27 (16%)	2 7
All	All	330/414 (80%)	282 (86%)	48 (14%)	3 9

5 of 48 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	314	SER
1	В	383	LEU
1	В	322	ASP
1	В	336	SER
1	В	395	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 9 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	331	HIS
1	В	411	GLN
1	A	411	GLN
1	A	435	HIS
1	В	288	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.



## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	# RSRZ > 2		$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	193/240 (80%)	-0.50	3 (1%) 72 7	'1	6, 20, 43, 51	0
1	В	190/240 (79%)	-0.54	1 (0%) 91 9	1	4, 19, 40, 52	0
All	All	383/480 (79%)	-0.52	4 (1%) 82 8	32	4, 20, 43, 52	0

All (4) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	455	LEU	3.0
1	В	462	THR	2.7
1	A	337	ALA	2.4
1	A	327	ALA	2.2

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

#### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

