

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 28, 2023 – 11:01 AM EDT

PDB ID : 3LRL

Title: Structure of alfa-galactosidase (MEL1) from Saccharomyces cerevisiae with

melibiose

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Deposited on : 2010-02-11

Resolution : 2.40 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad 4.02b\text{--}467$

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.35

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

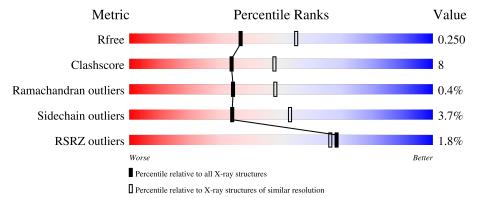
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	Similar resolution $(\# \text{Entries, resolution range}(\text{\AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	3907 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	141614	4398 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4318 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4319 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3811 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	479	81% 13% • 6%
2	В	2	100%
3	С	2	100%
4	D	2	100%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	GLC	D	1	X	-	-	-
4	GLA	D	2	-	-	X	X
5	NAG	A	6001	-	-	X	X



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4069 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Alpha-galactosidase 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	٨	452	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	402	3518	2204	596	697	21	0	0	0

There are 9 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	181	VAL	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P04824
A	472	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P04824
A	473	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P04824
A	474	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P04824
A	475	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P04824
A	476	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P04824
A	477	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P04824
A	478	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P04824
A	479	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P04824

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	В	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





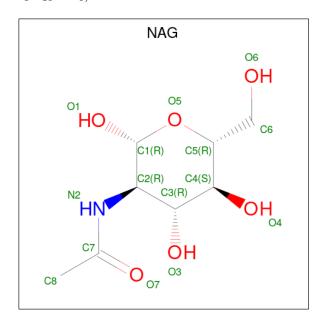
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	С	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-galactopyranose-(1-6)-alpha-D-glucopyranos e.



Mol	Chain	Residues	At	oms	ı	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	D	2	Total 23	C 12	O 11	0	0	0

• Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total				0	0
			14					
5	A	1	Total	C	N 1	O	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total 14			O 5	0	0
5	A	1	Total 14		N 1		0	0

• Molecule 6 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total Na 1 1	0	0

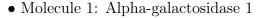
• Molecule 7 is water.

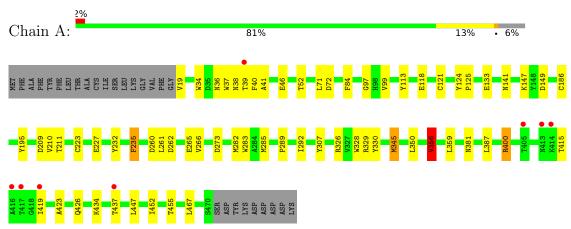
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	415	Total O 415 415	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.





• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain B: 100%

NAG1 NAG2

• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C: 100%

NAG1 NAG2

• Molecule 4: alpha-D-galactopyranose-(1-6)-alpha-D-glucopyranose

Chain D: 100%





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 4 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	100.73Å 100.73Å 111.28Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	59.99 - 2.40	Depositor
Resolution (A)	50.36 - 2.40	EDS
% Data completeness	99.5 (59.99-2.40)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.5 (50.36-2.40)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.11	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.11	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	5.15 (at 2.39Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
D D.	0.198 , 0.253	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.200 , 0.250	DCC
R_{free} test set	1174 reflections (5.12%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	24.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.116	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 36.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	4069	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	26.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.88% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, GLA, GLC, NA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.60	0/3605	0.68	2/4895 (0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	261	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.92	128.91	115.30
1	A	356	VAL	CB-CA-C	-5.29	101.36	111.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3518	0	3279	58	0
2	В	28	0	25	1	0
3	С	28	0	25	0	0
4	D	23	0	21	9	0
5	A	56	0	52	9	0
6	A	1	0	0	0	0
7	A	415	0	0	3	0
All	All	4069	0	3402	60	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 60 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:328:TRP:CH2	5:A:6001:NAG:H82	1.73	1.24
1:A:209:ASP:OD1	4:D:2:GLA:O2	1.71	1.05
1:A:118:GLU:HG3	7:A:811:HOH:O	1.59	1.01
1:A:328:TRP:CH2	5:A:6001:NAG:C8	2.49	0.96
1:A:328:TRP:CZ3	5:A:6001:NAG:H82	2.03	0.92

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	450/479 (94%)	430 (96%)	18 (4%)	2 (0%)	34 48	

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	38	ASN
1	A	262	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles
1	A	376/399 (94%)	362 (96%)	14 (4%)	34 53

5 of 14 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	356	VAL
1	A	400	ARG
1	A	467	LEU
1	A	452	ILE
1	A	455	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	355	GLN
1	A	426	GLN
1	A	435	ASN
1	A	141	ASN
1	A	36	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

6 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Iol Type Chain Res		Link	Вс	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	$\operatorname{ol} \mid \operatorname{Type} \mid \operatorname{Chain} \mid \operatorname{Re} \mid$	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.84	0	17,19,21	1.08	2 (11%)
2	NAG	В	2	2	14,14,15	1.29	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.90	7 (41%)
3	NAG	С	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.50	0	17,19,21	1.43	3 (17%)
3	NAG	С	2	3	14,14,15	0.50	0	17,19,21	1.23	1 (5%)
4	GLC	D	1	4	12,12,12	0.58	0	17,17,17	1.88	5 (29%)
4	GLA	D	2	4	11,11,12	1.14	0	15,15,17	1.72	4 (26%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	2	2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	1	1,3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	GLC	D	1	4	1/1/5/5	2/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
4	GLA	D	2	4	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
2	В	2	NAG	O5-C1	-3.01	1.38	1.43

The worst 5 of 22 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-6.24	114.02	122.90
2	В	2	NAG	C3-C4-C5	-5.76	99.97	110.24
2	В	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6	5.29	115.50	107.20
4	D	1	GLC	O5-C1-C2	4.45	118.23	110.28
4	D	1	GLC	C1-O5-C5	3.85	120.94	113.66

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
4	D	1	GLC	C1



5 of 12 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	D	2	GLA	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
3	С	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	D	2	GLA	C4-C5-C6-O6

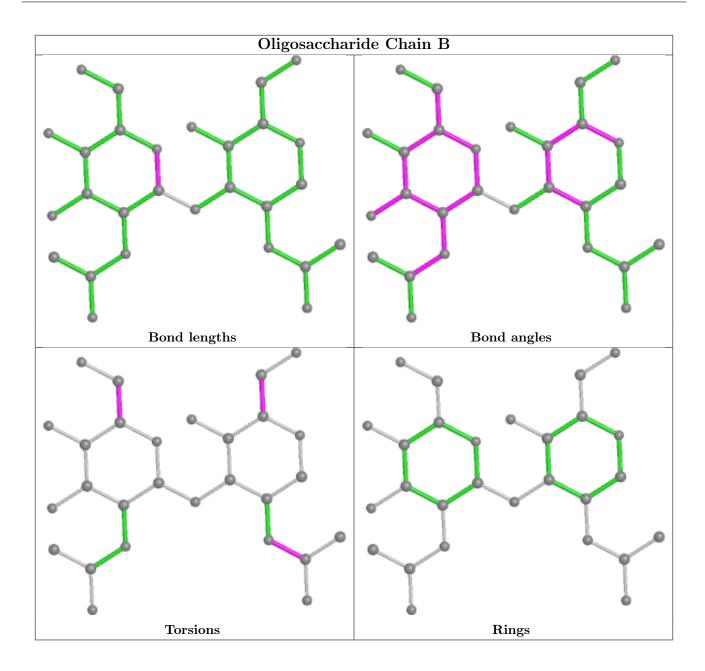
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 10 short contacts:

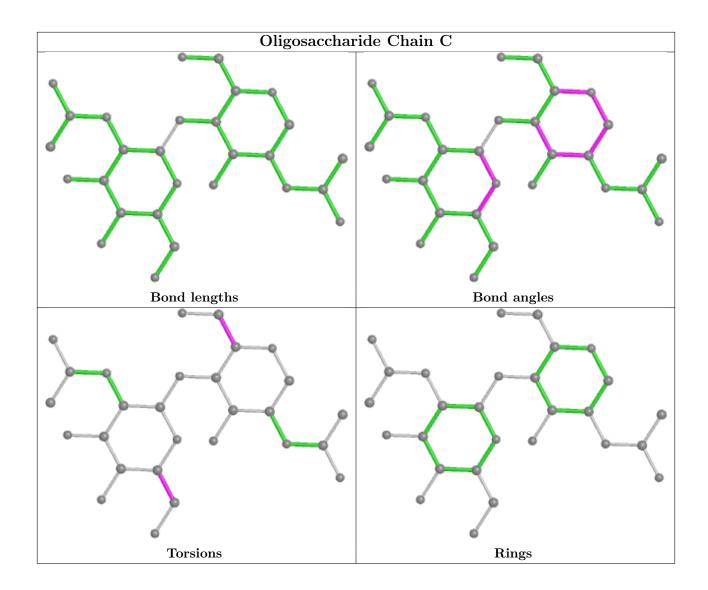
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	2	NAG	1	0
4	D	2	GLA	8	0
4	D	1	GLC	1	0
2	В	1	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

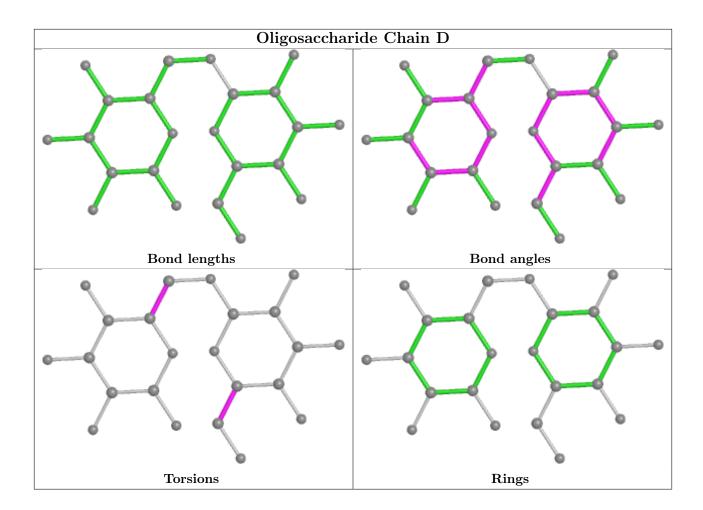












5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	$\mid \# Z > 2$	
5	NAG	A	6001	1	14,14,15	2.45	2 (14%)	17,19,21	1.09	2 (11%)	
5	NAG	A	1001	1	14,14,15	0.66	0	17,19,21	1.26	1 (5%)	
5	NAG	A	4001	1	14,14,15	0.52	0	17,19,21	1.34	2 (11%)	
5	NAG	A	2001	1	14,14,15	0.57	0	17,19,21	1.87	2 (11%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral



centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	A	6001	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	1001	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	4001	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	2001	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
5	A	6001	NAG	O5-C1	-6.38	1.33	1.43
5	A	6001	NAG	C1-C2	6.25	1.61	1.52

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
5	A	2001	NAG	C1-O5-C5	5.66	119.87	112.19
5	A	4001	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.95	117.54	112.19
5	A	2001	NAG	C6-C5-C4	-3.79	104.13	113.00
5	A	1001	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.42	116.83	112.19
5	A	6001	NAG	O5-C5-C4	-2.50	104.75	110.83

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	6001	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
5	A	6001	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
5	A	4001	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	A	4001	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	A	6001	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 9 short contacts:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	6001	NAG	9	0



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9	
1	A	452/479 (94%)	-0.31	8 (1%)	68	66	11, 22, 48, 66	0

The worst 5 of 8 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	419	ILE	3.7
1	A	414	LYS	3.6
1	A	417	THR	3.3
1	A	413	ASN	2.7
1	A	416	ALA	2.4

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

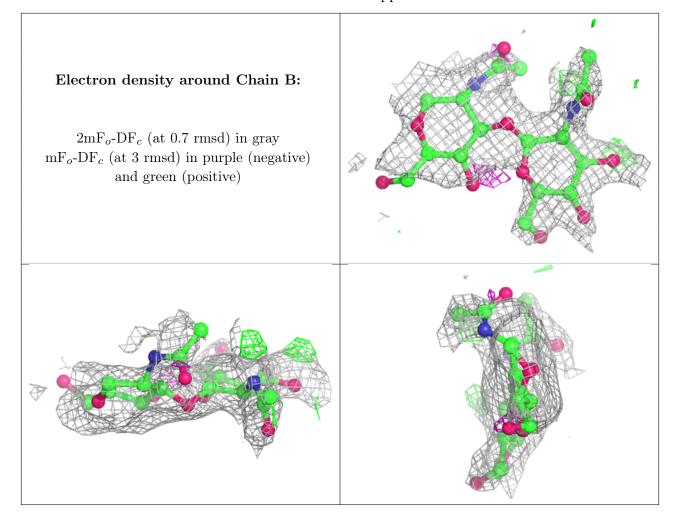
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	GLA	D	2	11/12	0.55	0.48	45,47,48,48	0
2	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.67	0.28	68,70,71,71	0
2	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.73	0.36	54,61,65,65	0
4	GLC	D	1	12/12	0.82	0.22	46,51,52,52	0
3	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.92	0.12	41,42,44,45	0
3	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.93	0.11	37,39,40,40	0

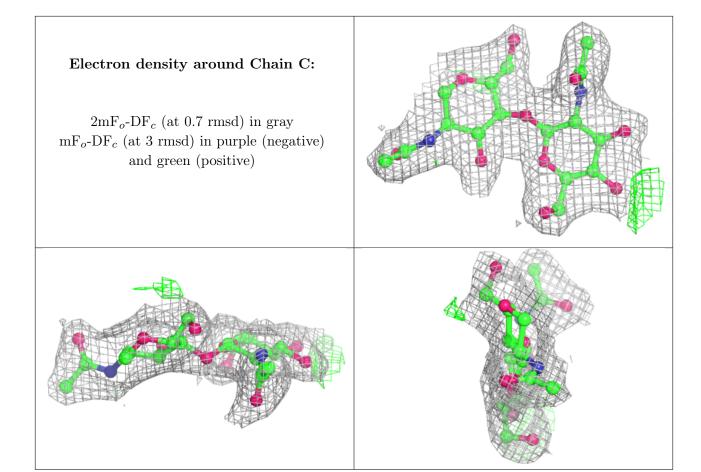
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosac-



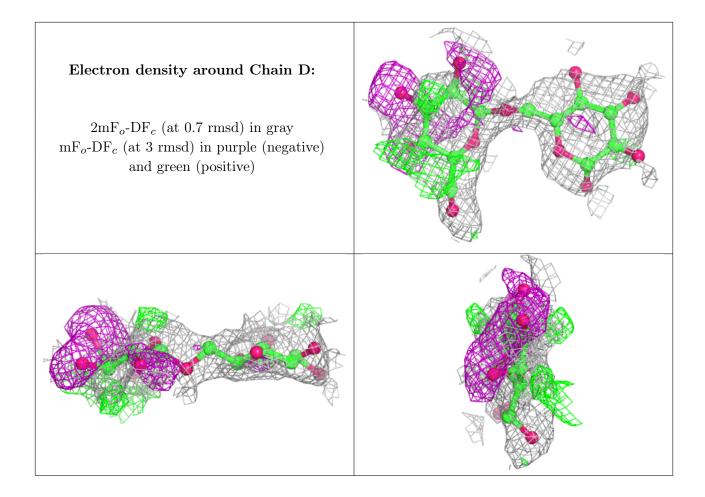
charide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.











6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$ m B ext{-}factors(\AA^2)$	Q < 0.9
5	NAG	A	6001	14/15	0.68	0.44	54,61,65,65	0
5	NAG	A	2001	14/15	0.91	0.12	26,30,32,33	0
5	NAG	A	4001	14/15	0.92	0.22	41,42,45,45	0
5	NAG	A	1001	14/15	0.95	0.16	29,30,32,35	0
6	NA	A	8001	1/1	0.96	0.36	11,11,11,11	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

