

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Oct 3, 2021 – 08:20 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	3KU5
Title	:	Crystal structure of a H2N2 influenza virus hemagglutinin, human like
Authors	:	Xu, R.; Wilson, I.A.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.73 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

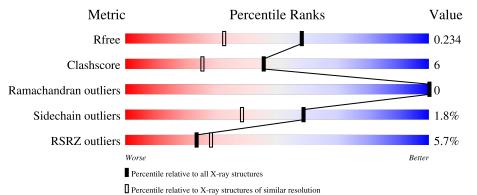
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.23.2
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.23.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.73 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ \textbf{(\#Entries)} \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	3764(1.76-1.72)
Clashscore	141614	3923(1.76-1.72)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3878 (1.76-1.72)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3878 (1.76-1.72)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3705 (1.76-1.72)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	327	89%	8% ••
2	В	174	82%	% ••
3	С	2	100%	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	NAG	С	2	-	-	-	Х
4	NAG	А	332	-	-	-	Х
4	NAG	В	175	-	-	-	Х



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2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4621 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Hemagglutinin HA1 chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	А	322	Total 2568	C 1622	N 439	0 492	S 15	0	11	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	9	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP C7S226
А	226	LEU	GLN	engineered mutation	UNP C7S226
А	228	SER	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP C7S226

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Hemagglutinin HA2 chain.

Ι	Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
	2	В	172	Total 1404	C 876	N 240	0 279	S 9	0	1	0

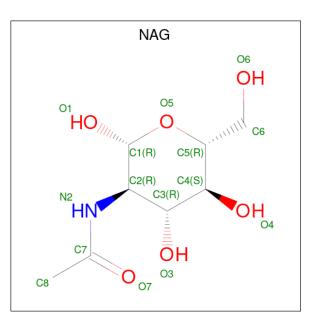
• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	С	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0

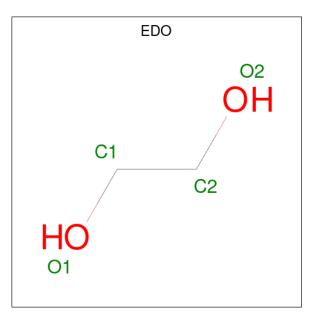
• Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
4	В	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0

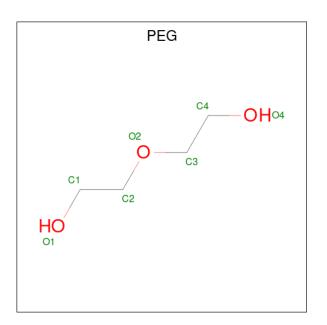
• Molecule 5 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula: $C_2H_6O_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 6 is DI(HYDROXYETHYL)ETHER (three-letter code: PEG) (formula: $C_4H_{10}O_3$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atom	s	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	В	1	Total C 7 4	O 3	0	0

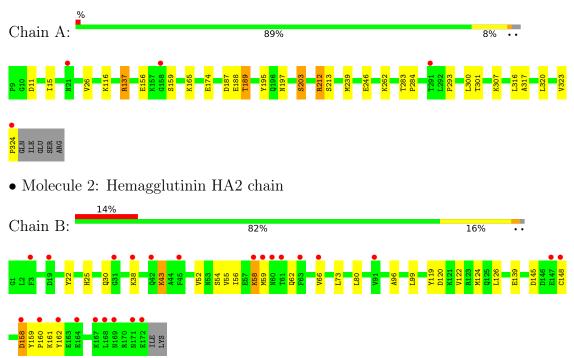
• Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	А	442	Total O 442 442	0	0
7	В	140	Total O 140 140	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Hemagglutinin HA1 chain

• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C:

100%

NAG 1 NAG 2



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 63	Depositor
Cell constants	70.69Å 70.69 Å 236.75 Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	40.00 - 1.73	Depositor
Resolution (A)	33.17 - 1.73	EDS
% Data completeness	97.6 (40.00-1.73)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.6 (33.17-1.73)	EDS
R _{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.31 (at 1.73Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
D D.	0.187 , 0.223	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.206 , 0.234	DCC
R_{free} test set	3427 reflections $(5.06%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	23.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.076	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35 , 52.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2 > = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.066 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	4621	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	29.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.32% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PEG, NAG, EDO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bond lengths		Bond angles	
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	А	0.70	0/2658	0.73	2/3606~(0.1%)
2	В	0.50	0/1435	0.61	0/1926
All	All	0.63	0/4093	0.69	2/5532~(0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	212	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.43	117.59	120.30
1	А	137	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.36	122.98	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2568	0	2555	28	0
2	В	1404	0	1311	27	0
3	С	28	0	25	2	0
4	А	14	0	13	0	0
4	В	14	0	13	0	0
5	А	4	0	6	0	0
6	В	7	0	10	1	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	А	442	0	0	6	2
7	В	140	0	0	8	0
All	All	4621	0	3933	51	2

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The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (51) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
		distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:A:212:ARG:CG	1:A:213:SER:N	2.39	0.84
1:A:307[B]:LYS:HE3	2:B:62:GLN:HB3	1.61	0.83
1:A:212:ARG:HG3	1:A:213:SER:H	1.45	0.81
2:B:73:LEU:HG	7:B:265:HOH:O	1.84	0.78
2:B:158:ASP:HB3	2:B:161:LYS:HB3	1.72	0.70
1:A:212:ARG:HG2	1:A:213:SER:N	2.05	0.70
1:A:137:ARG:HH11	1:A:137:ARG:HG2	1.60	0.66
1:A:203[B]:SER:OG	1:A:246:GLU:HB3	1.96	0.65
1:A:316:LEU:HD13	2:B:52:VAL:HG12	1.79	0.65
1:A:212:ARG:HG3	1:A:213:SER:N	2.06	0.64
1:A:316:LEU:HD11	2:B:55:VAL:HG21	1.83	0.60
2:B:158:ASP:HB3	2:B:161:LYS:CB	2.31	0.60
2:B:73:LEU:HB3	7:B:311:HOH:O	2.01	0.60
1:A:246:GLU:CD	7:A:352:HOH:O	2.40	0.60
1:A:189[A]:THR:HG22	7:A:582:HOH:O	2.01	0.59
1:A:116:LYS:HB2	1:A:262[B]:LYS:HG2	1.87	0.56
1:A:246:GLU:CG	7:A:352:HOH:O	2.54	0.55
1:A:188[A]:GLU:H	1:A:188[A]:GLU:CD	2.10	0.54
2:B:66:VAL:HA	7:B:310:HOH:O	2.08	0.54
2:B:80:LEU:C	2:B:80:LEU:HD23	2.29	0.53
2:B:54:SER:O	2:B:58:LYS:HD2	2.08	0.53
1:A:284:PRO:HD3	1:A:300:LEU:O	2.09	0.53
2:B:59:MET:HE2	2:B:99:LEU:HD23	1.91	0.52
1:A:165:LYS:NZ	1:A:246:GLU:HB2	2.27	0.50
2:B:159:TYR:HB3	2:B:160:PRO:HD3	1.95	0.49
3:C:1:NAG:H61	3:C:2:NAG:H2	1.95	0.48
2:B:38:LYS:HD3	7:B:182:HOH:O	2.13	0.47
1:A:283:THR:HG22	1:A:301:THR:HG22	1.96	0.47
1:A:239:MET:HE2	7:A:713:HOH:O	2.14	0.46
1:A:15:ILE:HG13	2:B:119:TYR:HA	1.97	0.46
1:A:187:ASP:OD1	1:A:189[A]:THR:HG23	2.16	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom 2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (\AA)	overlap (Å)
1:A:11:ASP:O	2:B:139:GLU:HA	2.17	0.45
2:B:30:GLN:OE1	2:B:145:ASP:HB2	2.15	0.45
3:C:1:NAG:O4	3:C:2:NAG:O7	2.34	0.45
1:A:137:ARG:NH2	7:A:465:HOH:O	2.49	0.45
2:B:43:LYS:HD3	7:B:291:HOH:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:323:VAL:HA	1:A:324:PRO:HD2	1.67	0.45
2:B:80:LEU:HD23	2:B:80:LEU:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:156:GLU:HG3	1:A:159:SER:HA	1.99	0.44
2:B:162:TYR:HA	7:B:217:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
2:B:148:CYS:SG	7:B:258:HOH:O	2.62	0.43
2:B:158:ASP:O	2:B:161:LYS:HB3	2.19	0.43
2:B:59:MET:SD	2:B:96:ALA:HA	2.58	0.42
1:A:26:VAL:HG21	1:A:317:ALA:HB2	2.02	0.42
1:A:195:TYR:C	1:A:197:ASN:H	2.23	0.41
2:B:25:HIS:CG	6:B:176:PEG:H42	2.55	0.41
2:B:58:LYS:HE2	7:B:200:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
2:B:120:ASP:O	2:B:124:MET:HG3	2.21	0.41
2:B:122:VAL:O	2:B:126:LEU:HG	2.21	0.40
1:A:189[B]:THR:HG23	7:A:582:HOH:O	2.22	0.40
1:A:293:PRO:HG3	2:B:56:ILE:HG12	2.04	0.40

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All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
7:A:561:HOH:O	7:A:605:HOH:O[3_555]	2.12	0.08
7:A:538:HOH:O	7:A:732:HOH:O[3_555]	2.19	0.01

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	331/327~(101%)	323~(98%)	8 (2%)	0	100 100
2	В	171/174~(98%)	168~(98%)	3~(2%)	0	100 100
All	All	502/501~(100%)	491 (98%)	11 (2%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	295/289~(102%)	289~(98%)	6(2%)	55 33
2	В	150/151~(99%)	146~(97%)	4 (3%)	44 21
All	All	445/440 (101%)	435~(98%)	10 (2%)	59 29

All (10) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	174	GLU
1	А	189[A]	THR
1	А	189[B]	THR
1	А	203[A]	SER
1	А	203[B]	SER
1	А	320	LEU
2	В	22	TYR
2	В	43	LYS
2	В	58	LYS
2	В	158	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Trune	Chain	Dec	Tinle	Bo	ond leng	\mathbf{ths}	В	ond ang	les
	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.74	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.43	3 (17%)
3	NAG	С	2	3	14,14,15	0.56	0	17,19,21	1.33	2 (11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2	3	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
3	С	1	NAG	C1-C2	2.08	1.55	1.52

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	С	1	NAG	O4-C4-C5	3.59	118.22	109.30
3	С	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.87	126.98	122.90
3	С	1	NAG	C3-C4-C5	2.65	114.97	110.24
3	С	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	2.08	114.05	110.49
3	С	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.01	113.97	111.02



There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	С	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
3	С	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	С	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
3	С	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

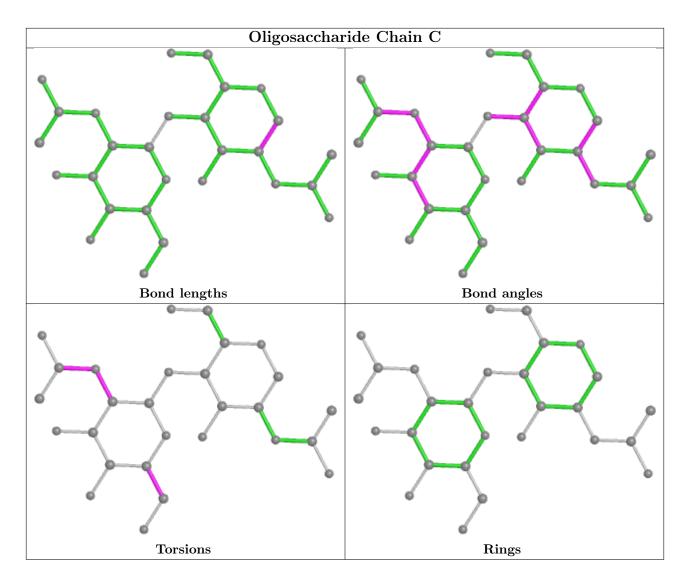
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	С	2	NAG	2	0
3	С	1	NAG	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trune	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	\mathbf{ths}	В	ond ang	les
	Type	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	EDO	А	1	-	3,3,3	0.61	0	2,2,2	0.19	0
4	NAG	А	332	1	14,14,15	0.65	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.14	3 (17%)
4	NAG	В	175	2	14,14,15	0.45	0	17,19,21	0.98	1 (5%)



Mol	Type	Chain	Dog	Link	Link Bond lengths				Bond angles		
IVIOI	туре	Ullalli	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	
6	PEG	В	176	-	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.47	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.81	0	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	EDO	А	1	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
4	NAG	А	332	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	В	175	2	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	PEG	В	176	-	-	3/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	В	175	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.01	116.28	112.19
4	А	332	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.60	114.83	111.02
4	А	332	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.55	115.65	112.19
4	А	332	NAG	C3-C4-C5	2.12	114.02	110.24

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	В	175	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	В	175	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	В	176	PEG	O1-C1-C2-O2
4	В	175	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	А	332	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	В	175	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
6	В	176	PEG	O2-C3-C4-O4
6	В	176	PEG	C1-C2-O2-C3

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	В	176	PEG	1	0



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	< RSRZ >	#RSRZ>2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	322/327~(98%)	0.00	4 (1%) 79 84	12, 22, 33, 38	0
2	В	172/174~(98%)	0.68	24 (13%) 2 3	12, 34, 56, 61	0
All	All	494/501~(98%)	0.24	28 (5%) 23 28	12, 26, 46, 61	0

All (28) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ	
2	В	168	LEU	6.3	
2	В	61	THR	5.8	
2	В	172	GLU	5.0	
2	В	162	TYR	4.2	
2	В	171	ASN	3.8	
2	В	66	VAL	3.3	
1	А	291	THR	3.1	
2	В	60	ASN	3.1	
2	В	45	PHE	3.1	
1	А	324	PRO	3.0	
2	В	31	GLY	3.0	
2	В	148	CYS	3.0	
2	В	63	PHE	3.0	
1	А	21	ASN	2.8	
2	В	169	ASN	2.6	
2	В	147	GLU	2.5	
1	А	158	GLY	2.4	
2	В	167	LYS	2.4	
2	В	158	ASP	2.3	
2	В	19	ASP	2.3	
2	В	38	LYS	2.3	
2	В	58	LYS	2.2	
2	В	91	VAL	2.2	
2	В	42	GLN	2.2	

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	В	160	PRO	2.1
2	В	3	PHE	2.1
2	В	164	GLU	2.1
2	В	59	MET	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

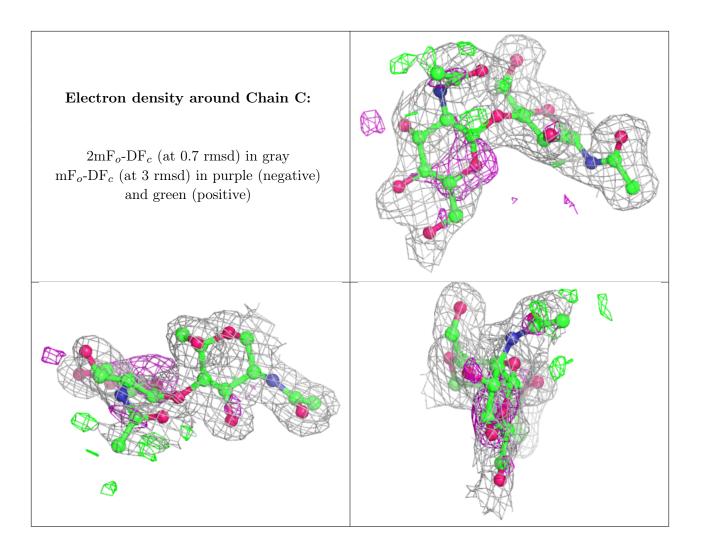
6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.66	0.41	$48,\!53,\!53,\!54$	0
3	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.94	0.13	26,30,34,41	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	NAG	А	332	14/15	0.59	0.46	$56,\!62,\!64,\!65$	0
4	NAG	В	175	14/15	0.76	0.46	$63,\!67,\!68,\!68$	0
6	PEG	В	176	7/7	0.88	0.11	37,39,42,44	0
5	EDO	А	1	4/4	0.91	0.11	24,27,29,29	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

