



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 14, 2024 – 10:50 AM EST

PDB ID : 3KCO
Title : Room temperature neutron structure of D-Xylose Isomerase in complex with two Ni²⁺ cations and d12-D-glucose in the linear form (refined jointly with X-ray structure 3KBN)
Authors : Kovalevsky, A.Y.; Langan, P.
Deposited on : 2009-10-21
Resolution : 1.80 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.36
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

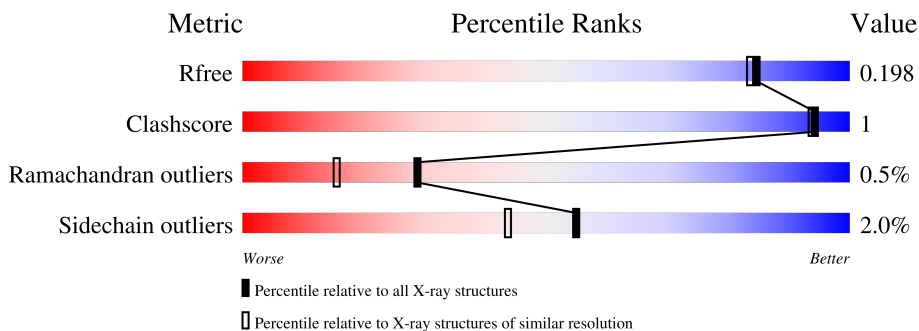
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

NEUTRON DIFFRACTION, X-RAY DIFFRACTION

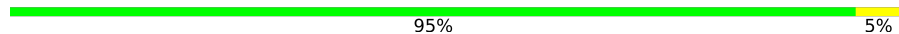
The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	5950 (1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	141614	6793 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6697 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6696 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	388	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6940 atoms, of which 2252 are hydrogens and 1310 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

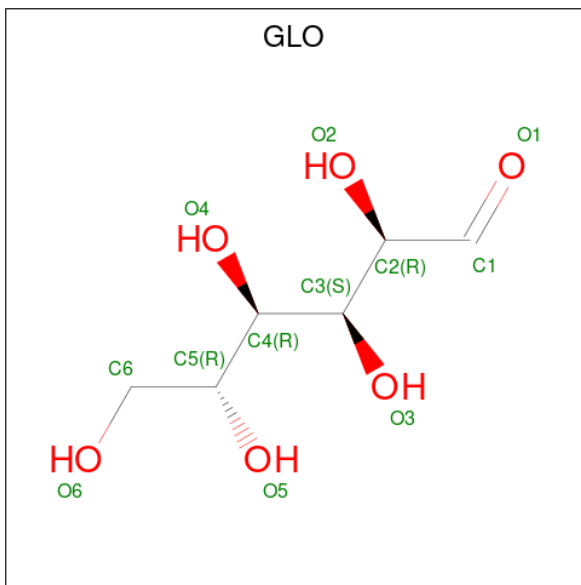
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Xylose isomerase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms							ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	D	H	N	O	S			
1	A	388	5987	1918	681	2252	551	576	9	167	0	0

- Molecule 2 is NICKEL (II) ION (three-letter code: NI) (formula: Ni).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	3	Total	Ni	0	0
			3	3		

- Molecule 3 is D-glucose (three-letter code: GLO) (formula: C₆H₁₂O₆).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	D	O		
3	A	1	23	6	11	6	0	0

- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	D	O		
4	A	309	927	618	309	0	0

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Xylose isomerase

Chain A:  95% 5%



4 Data and refinement statistics i

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 2 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	94.01Å 99.67Å 102.86Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 1.80 24.07 – 1.53	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (20.00-1.80) 99.1 (24.07-1.53)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.24	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.79 (at 1.53Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	nCNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.273 , 0.294 0.187 , 0.198	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3653 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	20.2	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.188	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.37 , 47.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.53$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.37$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.000 for -h,-l,-k	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	6940	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	21.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.34% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DOD, GLO, NI

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.35	0/3126	0.60	0/4229

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	331	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3735	2252	2926	8	0
2	A	3	0	0	0	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	23	0	11	0	0
4	A	927	0	0	4	0
All	All	4688	2252	2937	8	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (8) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:337:GLU:HG2	1:A:340:ARG:NH2	2.20	0.52
1:A:296:PHE:HA	1:A:299:VAL:HG13	1.83	0.50
1:A:387:ARG:HB2	4:A:1341:DOD:O	2.09	0.46
1:A:24:ASP:HB2	1:A:25:PRO:CD	2.43	0.43
1:A:205:ARG:NH1	4:A:1324:DOD:O	2.51	0.43
1:A:59:ILE:HD13	1:A:68:ARG:HG3	1.91	0.43
1:A:10:ARG:NH1	4:A:1200:DOD:O	2.53	0.42
1:A:205:ARG:HD2	4:A:1281:DOD:O	2.16	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	386/388 (100%)	373 (97%)	11 (3%)	2 (0%)	29 15

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	357	PHE
1	A	186	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	304/304 (100%)	298 (98%)	6 (2%)	55 44

All (6) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1	MET
1	A	23	ARG
1	A	42	ARG
1	A	76	ARG
1	A	214	VAL
1	A	299	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	250	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	GLO	A	401	2	10,11,11	1.28	1 (10%)	13,14,14	2.12	5 (38%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GLO	A	401	2	-	6/14/16/16	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	401	GLO	O2-C2	-2.57	1.38	1.43

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	401	GLO	O3-C3-C2	5.00	118.34	109.17
3	A	401	GLO	O4-C4-C5	-2.83	101.98	108.81
3	A	401	GLO	C4-C3-C2	-2.74	108.76	113.54
3	A	401	GLO	O4-C4-C3	-2.29	104.13	109.47
3	A	401	GLO	C5-C4-C3	2.07	115.70	112.47

There are no chirality outliers.

All (6) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	401	GLO	C1-C2-C3-C4
3	A	401	GLO	O2-C2-C3-C4

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	401	GLO	O2-C2-C3-O3
3	A	401	GLO	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	A	401	GLO	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	A	401	GLO	C1-C2-C3-O3

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.