

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 24, 2020 – 04:54 am BST

PDB ID : 3INV

Title: Trypanosoma cruzi Dihydrofolate Reductase-Thymidylate Synthase COM-

PLEXED WITH NADPH, dUMP AND C-448 ANTIFOLATE

Authors : Chitnumsub, P.; Yuvaniyama, J.; Yuthavong, Y.

Deposited on : 2009-08-13

Resolution : 2.37 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.11

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

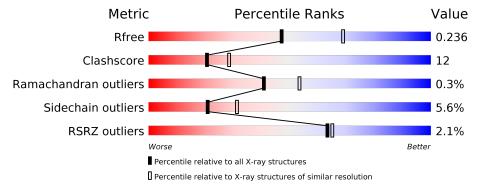
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.37 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	5509 (2.40-2.36)
Clashscore	141614	6082 (2.40-2.36)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5973 (2.40-2.36)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5975 (2.40-2.36)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5397 (2.40-2.36)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain							
1	A	521	74%	22%						
1	В	521	71%	24%						



## 2 Entry composition (i)

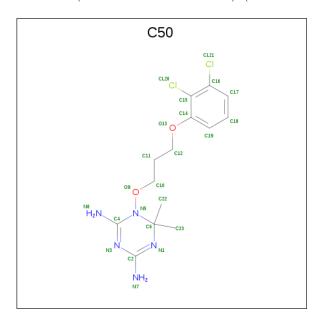
There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8707 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Bifunctional dihydrofolate reductase-thymidylate synthase.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Δ	514	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Λ	914	4093	2597	724	754	18	0	U	
1	B	513	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	D	910	4087	2594	723	752	18	0	0	

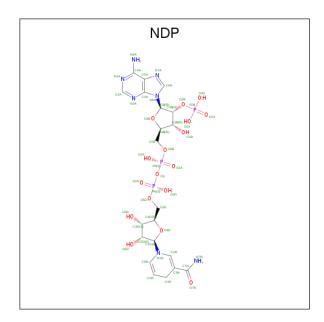
• Molecule 2 is 1-[3-(2,3-dichlorophenoxy)propoxy]-6,6-dimethyl-1,6-dihydro-1,3,5-triazine-2,4 -diamine (three-letter code: C50) (formula:  $C_{14}H_{19}Cl_2N_5O_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf		
9	Λ	1	Total	С	Cl	N	О	0	0		
	Α	1	23	14	2	5	2	0			
2	D	1	Total	С	Cl	N	О	0	0		
$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \end{vmatrix}$	Ъ	B   1		23	14	2	5	2	U	U	

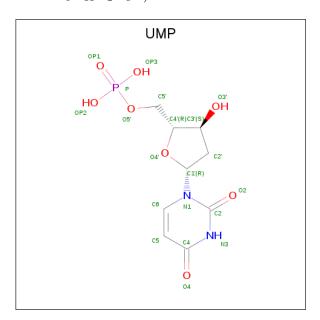
• Molecule 3 is NADPH DIHYDRO-NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: NDP) (formula: C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>30</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>17</sub>P<sub>3</sub>).





Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	Λ.	A 1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
9	A		48	21	7	17	3	0	
9	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
3	Ď		48	21	7	17	3		

• Molecule 4 is 2'-DEOXYURIDINE 5'-MONOPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: UMP) (formula:  $C_9H_{13}N_2O_8P$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total 20	C 9	N 2	O 8	P 1	0	0

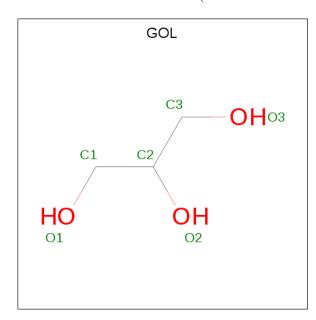
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
4	Ъ	1	20	9	2	8	1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
5	A	1	10001 0 0	0	0
			6 3 3		
5	В	1	Total C O	0	0
		-	6 3 3	Ŭ	0
5	B	1	Total C O	0	0
"	ע	1	6 3 3	0	
5	D	1	Total C O	0	0
5	D	1	6 3 3	U	U

• Molecule 6 is water.

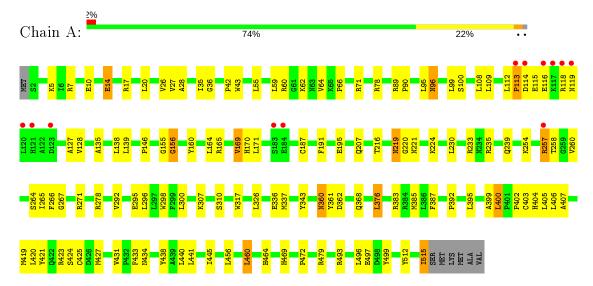
$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	188	Total O 188 188	0	0
6	В	127	Total O 127 127	0	0



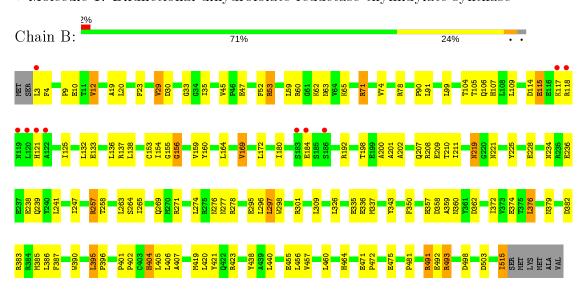
## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Bifunctional dihydrofolate reductase-thymidylate synthase



• Molecule 1: Bifunctional dihydrofolate reductase-thymidylate synthase





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants	93.88Å 136.90Å 167.82Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	46.94 - 2.37	Depositor
resolution (A)	46.94 - 2.37	EDS
% Data completeness	91.5 (46.94-2.37)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	91.5 (46.94-2.37)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.06	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	6.49 (at 2.37Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.2	Depositor
P. P.	0.189 , 0.243	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.184 , 0.236	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2036 reflections (5.04%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	26.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.454	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32, 35.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	8707	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	30.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.33% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, C50, UMP, NDP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.36	0/4193	0.64	1/5690~(0.0%)	
1	В	0.35	0/4187	0.64	3/5682 (0.1%)	
All	All	0.36	0/8380	0.64	$4/11372 \ (0.0\%)$	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$
1	В	404	HIS	N-CA-C	-5.83	95.27	111.00
1	В	359	ALA	N-CA-C	-5.57	95.97	111.00
1	A	156	GLY	N-CA-C	-5.54	99.25	113.10
1	В	156	GLY	N-CA-C	-5.10	100.35	113.10

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4093	0	4046	98	0
1	В	4087	0	4041	113	0
2	A	23	0	19	0	0
2	В	23	0	19	1	0
3	A	48	0	26	4	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	В	48	0	26	4	0
4	A	20	0	11	1	0
4	В	20	0	11	0	0
5	A	12	0	16	2	0
5	В	18	0	24	2	0
6	A	188	0	0	5	0
6	В	127	0	0	6	0
All	All	8707	0	8239	205	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

The worst 5 of 205 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$
1:B:257:ARG:H	1:B:257:ARG:HD3	1.28	0.96
1:A:239:GLN:HE22	1:A:271:ARG:H	1.12	0.93
1:A:257:ARG:HH11	1:A:257:ARG:HB2	1.35	0.90
1:A:434:ASN:HD21	4:A:603:UMP:HN3	1.22	0.83
1:B:471:GLU:HB3	1:B:472:PRO:HD3	1.63	0.80

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	512/521 (98%)	486 (95%)	24 (5%)	2 (0%)	34 46
1	В	511/521 (98%)	484 (95%)	26 (5%)	1 (0%)	47 61
All	All	1023/1042 (98%)	970 (95%)	50 (5%)	3 (0%)	41 53

#### All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	343	TYR
1	В	343	TYR
1	A	113	PRO

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	440/446 (99%)	417 (95%)	23 (5%)	23	35	
1	В	439/446 (98%)	413 (94%)	26 (6%)	19	29	
All	All	879/892 (98%)	830 (94%)	49 (6%)	21	31	

5 of 49 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	515	ILE
1	В	71	ARG
1	В	475	GLU
1	В	29	VAL
1	В	115	GLU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 19 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	458	HIS
1	В	63	ASN
1	В	320	ASN
1	A	434	ASN
1	В	357	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

11 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	<b>T</b>	Ch ain	Dag	Link	Во	Bond lengths			ond ang	gles
Mol	Type	Chain	m Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	GOL	В	702	_	5,5,5	0.69	0	5,5,5	0.15	0
2	C50	В	601	_	21,24,24	2.40	4 (19%)	23,34,34	1.22	2 (8%)
4	UMP	В	603	-	18,21,21	1.85	3 (16%)	21,31,31	1.74	6 (28%)
2	C50	A	601	-	21,24,24	2.40	5 (23%)	23,34,34	1.31	3 (13%)
5	GOL	В	703	_	5,5,5	0.48	0	5,5,5	0.16	0
5	GOL	В	704	_	5,5,5	0.39	0	5,5,5	0.37	0
4	UMP	A	603	-	18,21,21	1.79	4 (22%)	21,31,31	1.65	5 (23%)
5	GOL	A	705	_	5,5,5	0.59	0	5,5,5	0.15	0
5	GOL	A	701	_	5,5,5	0.61	0	5,5,5	0.18	0
3	NDP	A	602	-	45,52,52	1.71	7 (15%)	53,80,80	1.60	11 (20%)
3	NDP	В	602	-	45,52,52	1.67	9 (20%)	53,80,80	1.59	10 (18%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	${f Torsions}$	Rings
5	GOL	В	702	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
2	C50	В	601	-	-	1/8/27/27	0/2/2/2
4	UMP	В	603	-	-	1/7/22/22	0/2/2/2

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	${f Torsions}$	Rings
2	C50	A	601	_	-	1/8/27/27	0/2/2/2
5	GOL	В	703	_	-	0/4/4/4	-
5	GOL	В	704	_	-	0/4/4/4	_
4	UMP	A	603	_	-	1/7/22/22	0/2/2/2
5	GOL	A	705	_	_	0/4/4/4	-
5	GOL	A	701	_	_	0/4/4/4	_
3	NDP	A	602	_	-	4/30/77/77	0/5/5/5
3	NDP	В	602	_	_	4/30/77/77	0/5/5/5

The worst 5 of 32 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
2	В	601	C50	C16-C15	7.19	1.49	1.39
2	A	601	C50	C16-C15	6.86	1.49	1.39
4	В	603	UMP	C4-N3	5.30	1.42	1.33
2	A	601	C50	C19-C14	5.14	1.50	1.39
2	В	601	C50	C19-C14	5.10	1.50	1.39

The worst 5 of 37 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	В	602	NDP	C1D-N1N-C2N	-4.35	113.87	121.11
3	A	602	NDP	C1D-N1N-C2N	-4.33	113.89	121.11
3	A	602	NDP	C3N-C2N-N1N	-4.18	117.13	123.10
3	В	602	NDP	C3N-C2N-N1N	-4.15	117.18	123.10
2	A	601	C50	N3-C2-N1	-3.93	119.82	126.47

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 12 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	601	C50	C6-N5-O9-C10
2	A	601	C50	C6-N5-O9-C10
3	В	602	NDP	O4D-C1D-N1N-C2N
3	A	602	NDP	O4D-C1D-N1N-C2N
3	A	602	NDP	C2D-C1D-N1N-C2N

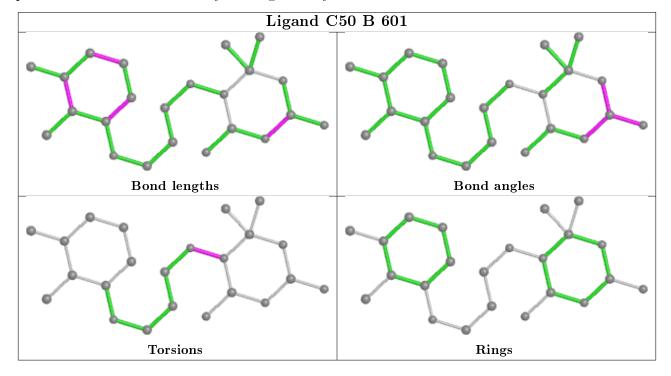
There are no ring outliers.

7 monomers are involved in 14 short contacts:

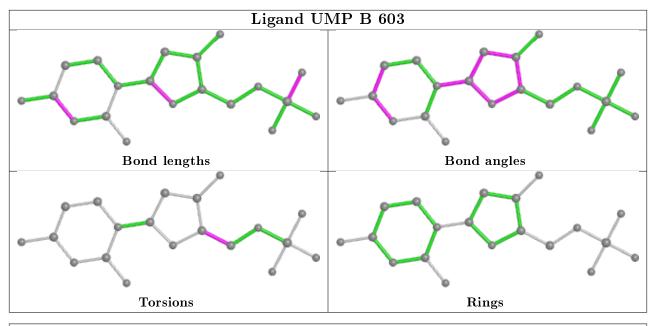


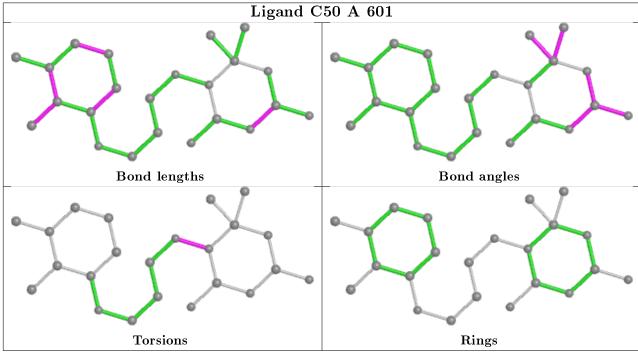
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	В	702	GOL	1	0
2	В	601	C50	1	0
5	В	704	GOL	1	0
4	A	603	UMP	1	0
5	A	705	GOL	2	0
3	A	602	NDP	4	0
3	В	602	NDP	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

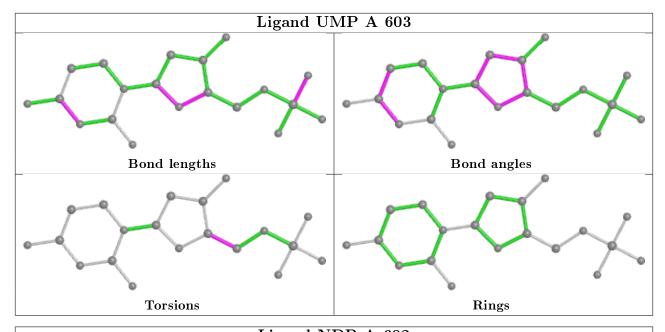


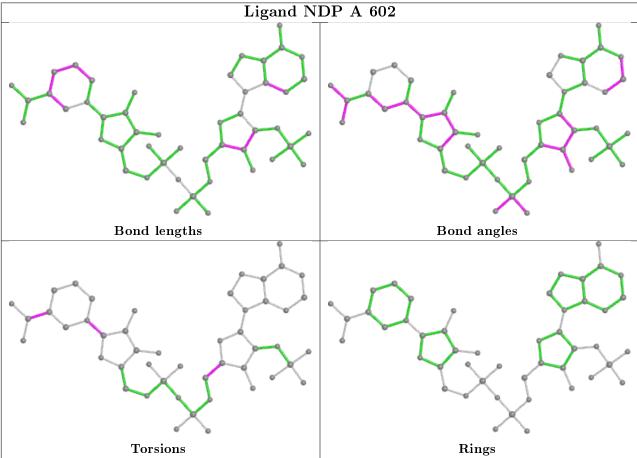




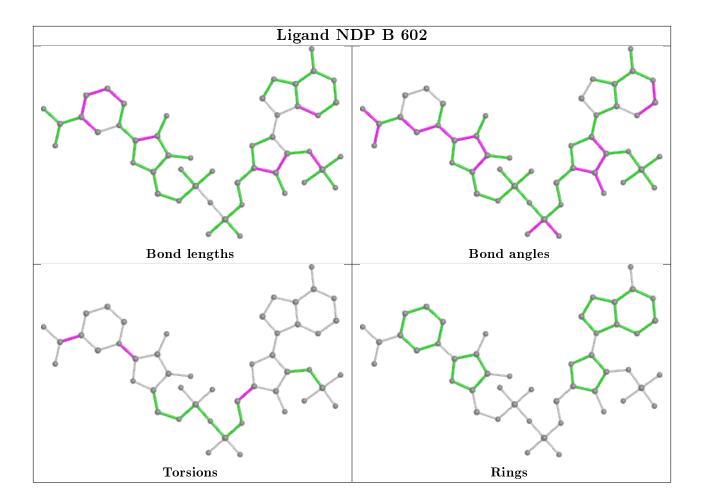












## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	514/521 (98%)	-0.31	12 (2%) 60	62	12, 24, 51, 90	0
1	В	513/521 (98%)	-0.23	10 (1%) 66	68	14, 29, 58, 90	0
All	All	1027/1042 (98%)	-0.27	22 (2%) 63	3 65	12, 26, 57, 90	0

The worst 5 of 22 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	117	LYS	5.7
1	В	183	SER	4.8
1	A	118	ARG	4.5
1	A	116	GLU	4.5
1	В	120	LEU	3.6

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

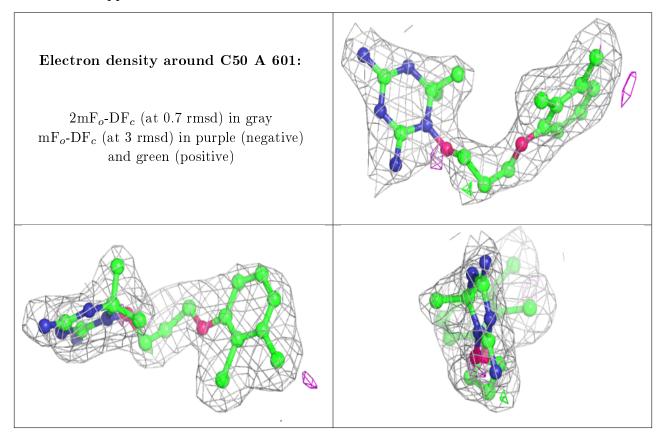
#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

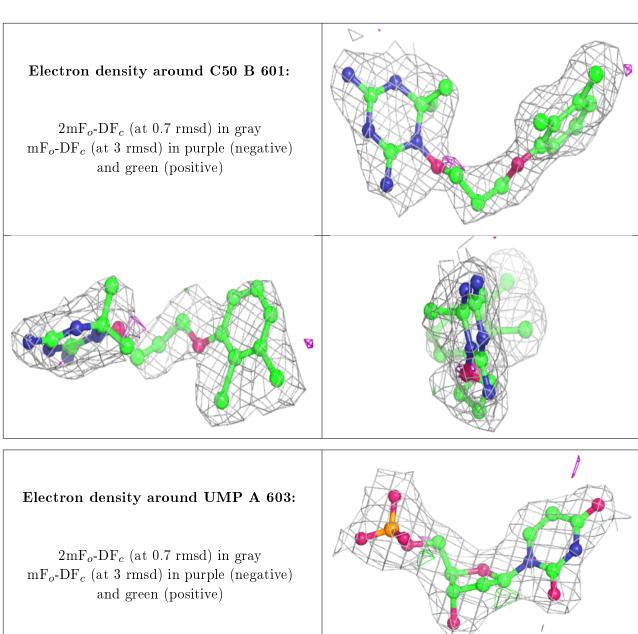


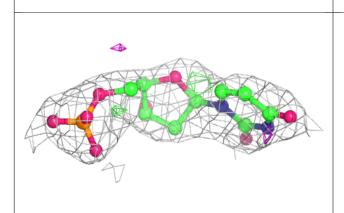
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B\text{-factors}}({f \AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	GOL	В	702	6/6	0.58	0.32	46,49,50,51	0
5	GOL	A	701	6/6	0.85	0.20	51,52,54,55	0
5	GOL	В	704	6/6	0.88	0.15	42,45,48,50	0
5	GOL	A	705	6/6	0.90	0.18	43,46,48,49	0
2	C50	A	601	23/23	0.92	0.13	27,36,42,46	0
5	GOL	В	703	6/6	0.93	0.17	42,45,46,49	0
2	C50	В	601	23/23	0.93	0.18	38,46,56,57	0
4	UMP	A	603	20/20	0.95	0.13	32,37,39,39	0
3	NDP	В	602	48/48	0.95	0.11	34,38,43,44	0
3	NDP	A	602	48/48	0.98	0.09	19,24,27,29	0
4	UMP	В	603	20/20	0.98	0.10	24,26,29,31	0

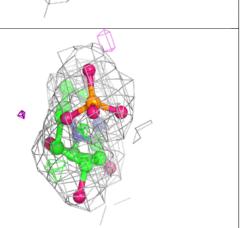
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





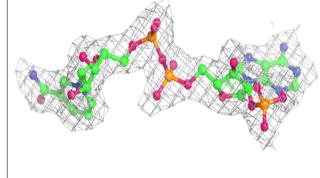


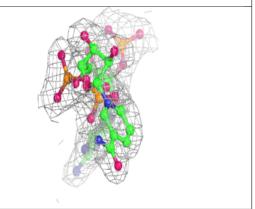




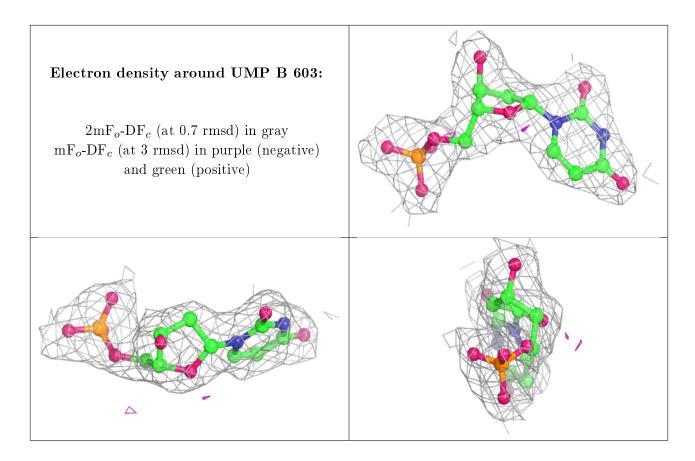


# Electron density around NDP B 602: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $mF_o$ - $DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive) Electron density around NDP A 602: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $mF_o$ -DF<sub>c</sub> (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

