

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Oct 25, 2023 - 01:05 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3GEP

Title: Human hypoxanthine guanine phosphoribosyltranserfase in complex with (S)

-9-(3-hydroxy-2-phosphonylmethoxypropyl)guanine

Authors: Guddat, L.W.; Keough, D.T.; Jersey, J.

Deposited on : 2009-02-25

Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

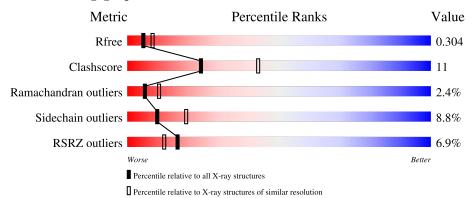
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

### 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	3163 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	141614	3518 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3455 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3455 (2.60-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3104 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	217	71%	23%	• •			
1	В	217	74%	19%	5% •			



## 2 Entry composition (i)

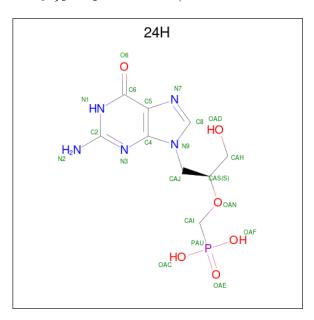
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3493 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Hypoxanthine-guanine phosphoribosyltransferase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	212	Total 1653	C 1059	N 280	O 307	S 7	0	1	0
1	В	211	Total 1630	C 1048		O 304	S 7	0	1	0

• Molecule 2 is  $\{[(1S)-2-(2-amino-6-oxo-1,6-dihydro-9H-purin-9-yl)-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethoxy]$  methyl $\}$ phosphonic acid (three-letter code: 24H) (formula:  $C_9H_{14}N_5O_6P$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf		
9	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
	2   A	1	21	9	5	6	1	0	0	
9	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
2	$2 \mid B$	1	21	9	5	6	1	0	U	

• Molecule 3 is water.



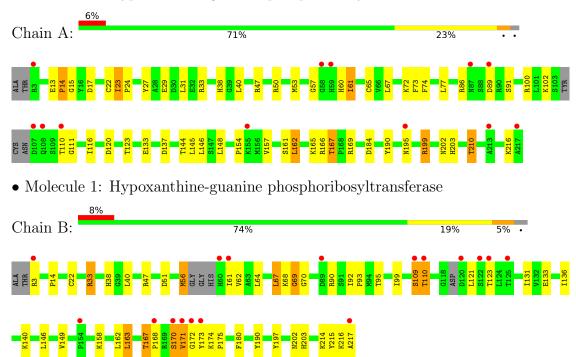
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	94	Total O 94 94	0	0
3	В	74	Total O 74 74	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Hypoxanthine-guanine phosphoribosyltransferase





### 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	111.12Å 72.59Å 51.28Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	29.63 - 2.60	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	19.63 - 2.60	EDS
% Data completeness	97.5 (29.63-2.60)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.5 (19.63-2.60)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.08	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.08	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	5.76 (at 2.59Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
D D.	0.247 , 0.298	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.255 , $0.304$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	665 reflections (5.14%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	37.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.159	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33 , 40.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.53, < L^2>=0.37$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.91	EDS
Total number of atoms	3493	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	45.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 27.94 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 2.0121e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

### 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 24H

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.40	0/1689	0.66	1/2280 (0.0%)	
1	В	0.50	3/1665 (0.2%)	0.66	$1/2253 \ (0.0\%)$	
All	All	0.45	3/3354 (0.1%)	0.66	2/4533 (0.0%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	В	0	3

#### All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
1	В	90	ARG	NE-CZ	6.14	1.41	1.33
1	В	133	GLU	CD-OE2	6.06	1.32	1.25
1	В	90	ARG	CZ-NH1	5.69	1.40	1.33

#### All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	${f Z} = {f Observed}(^o)$	
1	В	90	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-11.69	114.46	120.30
1	A	14	PRO	N-CA-CB	7.39	112.16	103.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	В	3	ARG	Peptide
1	В	67	LEU	Peptide
1	В	69	GLY	Peptide

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1653	0	1653	33	0
1	В	1630	0	1609	39	0
2	A	21	0	12	0	0
2	В	21	0	12	1	0
3	A	94	0	0	7	0
3	В	74	0	0	1	0
All	All	3493	0	3286	73	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

All (73) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:38:HIS:H	1:B:203:HIS:HD2	1.08	0.92
1:B:170:SER:O	1:B:171:VAL:HB	1.67	0.92
1:A:38:HIS:H	1:A:203:HIS:HD2	1.18	0.86
1:B:171:VAL:HG13	1:B:171:VAL:O	1.74	0.84
1:B:33:ARG:HH11	1:B:33:ARG:HG3	1.45	0.81
1:B:33:ARG:HH11	1:B:33:ARG:CG	2.00	0.75
1:A:100:ARG:HH11	1:A:100:ARG:HG3	1.53	0.74
1:A:15:GLY:HA3	1:A:33:ARG:HD3	1.71	0.72
1:A:167:THR:HG21	1:A:169:ARG:NH1	2.08	0.69
1:B:162:LEU:HG	1:B:163:LEU:HD13	1.75	0.69
1:B:38:HIS:H	1:B:203:HIS:CD2	2.00	0.67
1:B:56:MET:CE	1:B:158:LYS:HB2	2.24	0.67
1:B:216:LYS:O	1:B:217:ALA:CB	2.42	0.66
1:B:68:LYS:O	1:B:70:GLY:N	2.30	0.64
1:A:38:HIS:H	1:A:203:HIS:CD2	2.10	0.59



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Continued from previ		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}({\rm \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:167:THR:HG23	1:A:184:ASP:CG	2.24	0.58
1:A:167:THR:HG21	1:A:169:ARG:HH11	1.68	0.57
1:A:38:HIS:HE1	3:A:284:HOH:O	1.86	0.57
1:B:56:MET:HE3	1:B:158:LYS:HB2	1.86	0.57
1:B:170:SER:O	1:B:171:VAL:CB	2.43	0.57
1:B:56:MET:HE1	1:B:158:LYS:HB2	1.86	0.56
1:B:38:HIS:N	1:B:203:HIS:HD2	1.91	0.55
1:B:109:SER:O	1:B:110:THR:HB	2.07	0.55
1:B:47:ARG:NH1	1:B:51:ASP:OD1	2.41	0.53
1:A:167:THR:HG23	1:A:184:ASP:OD2	2.10	0.52
1:B:14:PRO:O	1:B:33:ARG:NH1	2.43	0.51
1:B:62:VAL:HG22	1:B:95:THR:HB	1.92	0.51
1:A:60:HIS:HD2	3:A:266:HOH:O	1.93	0.51
1:A:24:PRO:HG2	1:A:27:TYR:HD2	1.75	0.51
1:A:38:HIS:HB2	1:A:202:ASN:HB3	1.92	0.50
1:B:136:ILE:CD1	1:B:175:PRO:HG3	2.42	0.49
1:A:22:CYS:O	1:A:203:HIS:HE1	1.95	0.49
1:A:65:CYS:HB2	1:A:74:PHE:CG	2.48	0.49
1:A:100:ARG:HG2	1:A:116:ILE:HD12	1.96	0.48
1:B:167:THR:HG22	1:B:168:PRO:HD2	1.95	0.48
1:B:38:HIS:HB2	1:B:202:ASN:HB3	1.96	0.48
1:B:171:VAL:O	1:B:171:VAL:CG1	2.48	0.48
1:B:197:TYR:CD2	1:B:215:TYR:HB3	2.49	0.48
1:A:111:GLY:O	1:A:144:THR:HG21	2.15	0.47
1:B:33:ARG:HG3	1:B:33:ARG:NH1	2.20	0.47
1:B:64:LEU:HD21	1:B:99:ILE:HD11	1.95	0.47
1:A:195:ASN:HB3	3:A:280:HOH:O	2.13	0.47
1:A:210:THR:HG23	3:A:300:HOH:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:144:THR:HG23	3:A:281:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:199:ARG:HB2	3:A:288:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:120:ASP:HB3	1:A:123:THR:HG23	1.98	0.46
1:A:38:HIS:N	1:A:203:HIS:HD2	2.00	0.45
1:A:166:ARG:HD2	3:A:299:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:B:67:LEU:HD23	1:B:67:LEU:HA	1.69	0.44
1:A:65:CYS:HB2	1:A:74:PHE:CD1	2.51	0.44
1:B:92:ILE:HA	1:B:93:PRO:HD3	1.88	0.44
1:B:173:TYR:O	1:B:174:LYS:C	2.56	0.44
1:B:216:LYS:O	1:B:217:ALA:HB2	2.16	0.44
1:A:53:MET:HE3	1:A:57:GLY:HA2	1.99	0.44
1:B:68:LYS:O	1:B:69:GLY:C	2.56	0.43
1:B:121:LEU:N	3:B:260:HOH:O	2.51	0.43



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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	$\operatorname{distance}\ ( ext{Å})$	overlap (Å)
2:B:218:24H:HAIA	2:B:218:24H:HAH	1.78	0.43
1:B:22:CYS:O	1:B:203:HIS:HE1	2.01	0.43
1:B:216:LYS:O	1:B:217:ALA:HB3	2.15	0.43
1:B:136:ILE:HD13	1:B:175:PRO:HG3	2.01	0.42
1:A:133:GLU:O	1:A:161:SER:HA	2.20	0.42
1:B:163:LEU:HD12	1:B:180:PHE:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:A:100:ARG:HH11	1:A:100:ARG:CG	2.27	0.42
1:B:214:LYS:HG2	1:B:215:TYR:CE1	2.55	0.42
1:A:100:ARG:HG3	1:A:100:ARG:NH1	2.28	0.41
1:A:137:ASP:OD2	1:A:169:ARG:NH2	2.42	0.41
1:A:154:PRO:HG2	1:A:157:VAL:CG2	2.50	0.41
1:A:23:ILE:CD1	1:A:31:LEU:HD12	2.50	0.41
1:B:56:MET:HG2	1:B:61:ILE:HD13	2.03	0.40
1:B:131:ILE:HD11	1:B:149:VAL:HG21	2.04	0.40
1:A:73:PHE:CD1	1:A:162:LEU:HG	2.57	0.40
1:A:102:LYS:HB2	1:A:116:ILE:HD11	2.04	0.40
1:B:33:ARG:HH11	1:B:33:ARG:CB	2.33	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	$209/217 \; (96\%)$	199 (95%)	6 (3%)	4 (2%)	8 15
1	В	$206/217 \; (95\%)$	187 (91%)	13 (6%)	6 (3%)	4 7
All	All	415/434 (96%)	386 (93%)	19 (5%)	10 (2%)	6 10

All (10) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	13	GLU



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	14	PRO
1	A	61	ILE
1	В	110	THR
1	В	171	VAL
1	A	190	TYR
1	В	190	TYR
1	В	109	SER
1	В	170	SER
1	В	172	GLY

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	179/191 (94%)	155 (87%)	24 (13%)	4 6
1	В	174/191 (91%)	166 (95%)	8 (5%)	27 51
All	All	353/382 (92%)	321 (91%)	32 (9%)	10 18

All (32) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	17	ASP
1	A	23	ILE
1	A	29	GLU
1	A	40	LEU
1	A	47	ARG
1	A	50	ARG
1	A	61	ILE
1	A	67	LEU
1	A	72	LYS
1	A	77	LEU
1	A	86	ARG
1	A	89[A]	ASP
1	A	89[B]	ASP
1	A	91	SER



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	110	THR
1	A	145	LEU
1	A	146	LEU
1	A	148	LEU
1	A	162	LEU
1	A	165	LYS
1	A	167	THR
1	A	199	ARG
1	A	210	THR
1	A	216	LYS
1	В	33	ARG
1	В	40	LEU
1	В	56	MET
1	В	123	THR
1	В	140	LYS
1	В	146	LEU
1	В	163	LEU
1	В	167	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (10) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	26	HIS
1	A	38	HIS
1	A	60	HIS
1	A	85	ASN
1	A	128	ASN
1	A	203	HIS
1	В	26	HIS
1	В	195	ASN
1	В	202	ASN
1	В	203	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trme	Type Chain Re		Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	24H	A	218	-	19,22,22	1.31	1 (5%)	17,32,32	1.89	6 (35%)
2	24H	В	218	-	19,22,22	1.29	1 (5%)	17,32,32	1.78	7 (41%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	24H	A	218	-	-	6/10/12/12	0/2/2/2
2	24H	В	218	-	-	8/10/12/12	0/2/2/2

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
2	A	218	24H	C5-C6	-3.85	1.39	1.47
2	В	218	24H	C5-C6	-3.85	1.39	1.47

All (13) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	A	218	24H	PAU-CAI-OAN	3.99	116.28	109.06
2	В	218	24H	C5-C6-N1	3.04	119.32	113.95
2	A	218	24H	C5-C6-N1	2.98	119.21	113.95
2	A	218	24H	C8-N7-C5	2.50	107.75	102.99



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COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	A	218	24H	OAD-CAH-CAS	-2.48	105.20	111.78
2	В	218	24H	OAD-CAH-CAS	-2.48	105.21	111.78
2	A	218	24H	C2-N1-C6	-2.31	120.85	125.10
2	В	218	24H	C2-N1-C6	-2.29	120.88	125.10
2	В	218	24H	C8-N7-C5	2.26	107.29	102.99
2	A	218	24H	OAE-PAU-CAI	-2.18	105.18	112.92
2	В	218	24H	OAN-CAS-CAH	2.15	114.36	108.64
2	В	218	24H	O6-C6-C5	-2.13	120.21	124.37
2	В	218	24H	OAC-PAU-OAF	2.07	114.11	108.08

There are no chirality outliers.

All (14) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	218	24H	N9-CAJ-CAS-CAH
2	A	218	24H	OAD-CAH-CAS-CAJ
2	A	218	24H	OAD-CAH-CAS-OAN
2	A	218	24H	OAN-CAI-PAU-OAE
2	A	218	24H	OAN-CAI-PAU-OAC
2	В	218	24H	N9-CAJ-CAS-CAH
2	В	218	24H	PAU-CAI-OAN-CAS
2	В	218	24H	OAN-CAI-PAU-OAE
2	В	218	24H	OAN-CAI-PAU-OAF
2	В	218	24H	OAN-CAI-PAU-OAC
2	A	218	24H	N9-CAJ-CAS-OAN
2	В	218	24H	N9-CAJ-CAS-OAN
2	В	218	24H	OAD-CAH-CAS-OAN
2	В	218	24H	CAH-CAS-OAN-CAI

There are no ring outliers.

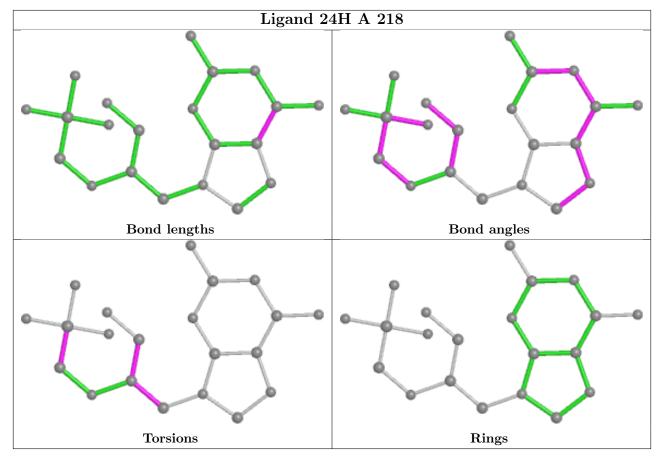
1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	218	24H	1	0

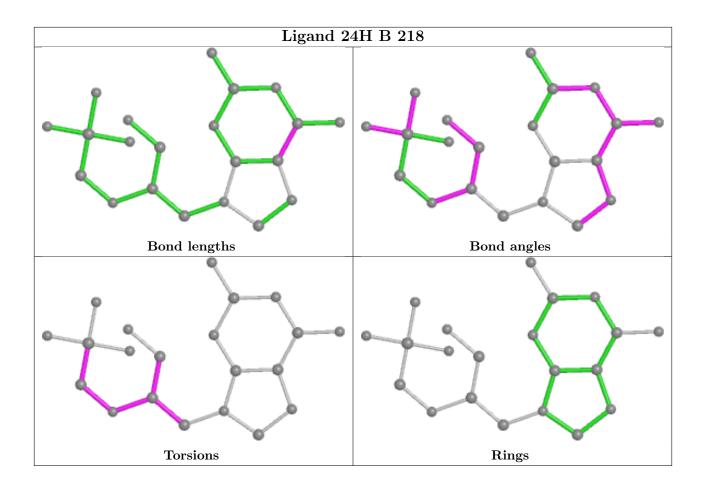
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring



in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	212/217 (97%)	0.24	12 (5%) 23	18	24, 42, 74, 120	1 (0%)
1	В	211/217 (97%)	0.52	17 (8%) 12	8	23, 42, 83, 119	0
All	All	423/434 (97%)	0.38	29 (6%) 16	12	23, 42, 82, 120	1 (0%)

All (29) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	171	VAL	8.0
1	A	107	ASP	6.7
1	В	170	SER	6.1
1	В	125	THR	6.0
1	В	172	GLY	4.9
1	В	60	HIS	4.2
1	В	173	TYR	4.0
1	В	168	PRO	3.8
1	В	217	ALA	3.8
1	В	109	SER	3.8
1	A	3	ARG	3.7
1	A	217	ALA	3.5
1	В	122	SER	3.5
1	В	154	PRO	3.4
1	A	108	GLN	3.3
1	A	110	THR	3.3
1	В	3	ARG	3.2
1	В	89	ASP	3.2
1	В	120	ASP	3.2
1	В	61	ILE	3.0
1	В	123	THR	2.7
1	A	89[A]	ASP	2.6
1	В	110	THR	2.5
1	A	59	HIS	2.5



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Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	RSRZ
1	A	155	LYS	2.3
1	A	87	ASN	2.3
1	A	195	ASN	2.2
1	A	58	GLY	2.2
1	A	213	ALA	2.2

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

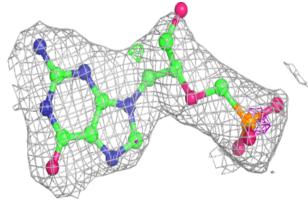
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	24H	A	218	21/21	0.92	0.16	29,31,37,40	0
2	24H	В	218	21/21	0.94	0.15	30,33,36,39	0

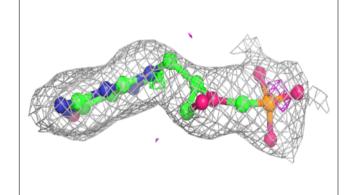
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

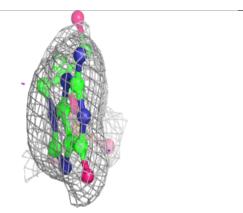


#### Electron density around 24H A 218:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

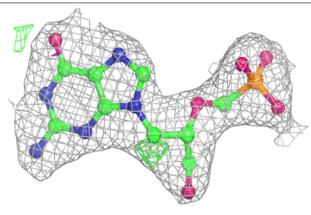


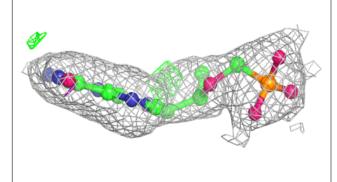


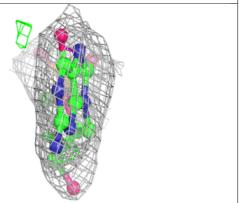


#### Electron density around 24H B 218:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

