



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 26, 2023 – 11:48 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3GEL  
Title : O-Methylphosphorylated Torpedo Acetylcholinesterase Obtained by Reaction with Methyl Paraoxon (AGED)  
Authors : Legler, P.M.; Millard, C.B.  
Deposited on : 2009-02-25  
Resolution : 2.39 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.35  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

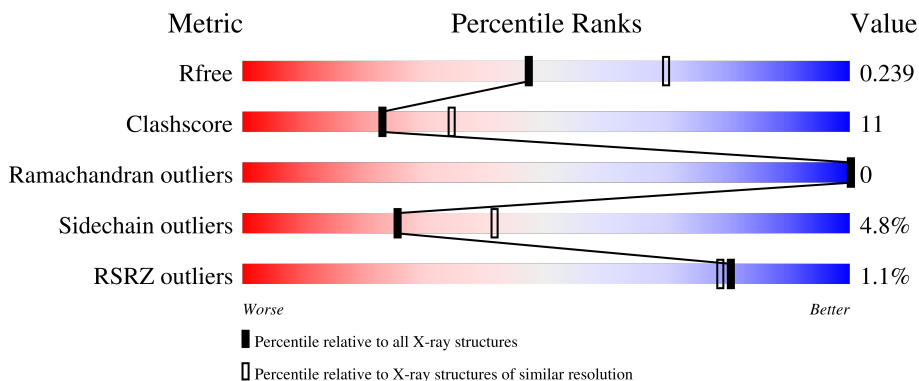
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

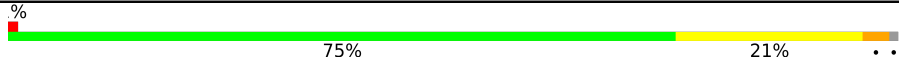
The reported resolution of this entry is 2.39 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	3907 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	141614	4398 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4318 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4319 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3811 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	532	

## 2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4559 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Acetylcholinesterase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P	S			
1	A	527	4208	2698	712	775	1	22	0	0	0

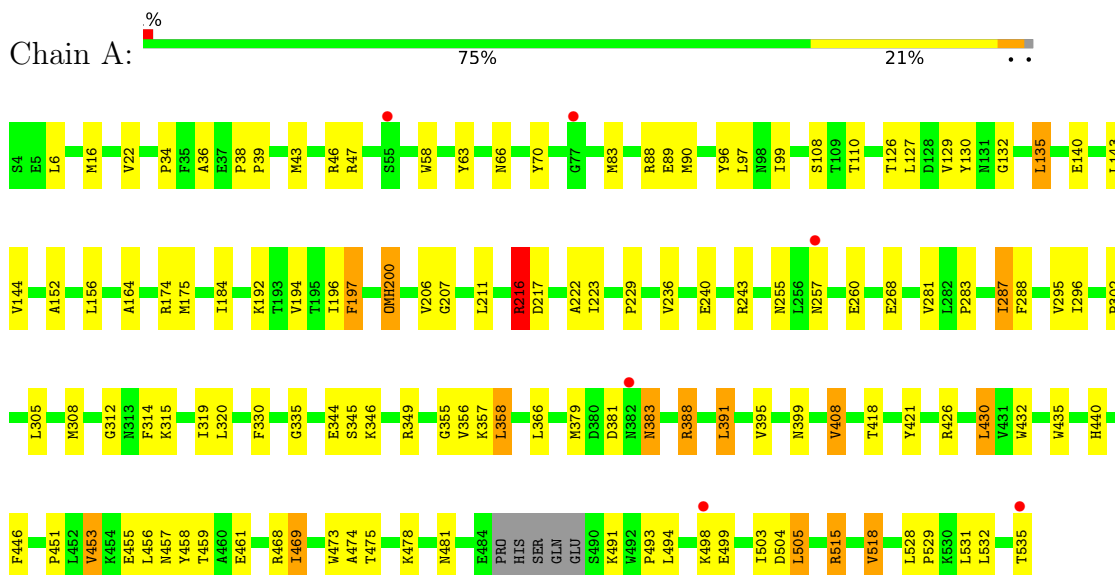
- Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	351	Total	O	0	0
			351	351		

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Acetylcholinesterase



## 4 Data and refinement statistics i

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	111.73Å 111.73Å 136.85Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	27.93 – 2.39 27.93 – 2.39	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	94.6 (27.93-2.39) 94.6 (27.93-2.39)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.14	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	5.89 (at 2.39Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.210 , 0.240 0.209 , 0.239	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1873 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	26.6	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.130	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.36 , 41.5	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.52$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.36$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.010 for -h,-k,l	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	4559	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	26.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.58% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: OMH

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	1.13	5/4316 (0.1%)	0.96	14/5856 (0.2%)

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	446	PHE	CE1-CZ	6.68	1.50	1.37
1	A	408	VAL	CB-CG1	-5.90	1.40	1.52
1	A	152	ALA	CA-CB	5.38	1.63	1.52
1	A	260	GLU	CG-CD	5.15	1.59	1.51
1	A	164	ALA	CA-CB	5.07	1.63	1.52

All (14) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	388	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-11.10	114.75	120.30
1	A	388	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.03	125.31	120.30
1	A	494	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.79	130.91	115.30
1	A	174	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.39	123.50	120.30
1	A	22	VAL	CB-CA-C	-6.37	99.30	111.40
1	A	217	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.23	123.91	118.30
1	A	408	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	-6.09	101.16	110.90
1	A	216	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.76	123.18	120.30
1	A	174	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.61	117.49	120.30
1	A	358	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.28	127.44	115.30
1	A	379	MET	CA-CB-CG	5.21	122.16	113.30
1	A	135	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.20	127.27	115.30
1	A	515	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.12	117.74	120.30
1	A	216	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.03	117.78	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4208	0	4065	94	0
2	A	351	0	0	24	0
All	All	4559	0	4065	94	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

All (94) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:531:LEU:HG	2:A:783:HOH:O	1.56	1.03
1:A:349:ARG:HD3	1:A:381:ASP:O	1.59	1.02
1:A:70:TYR:HB2	2:A:787:HOH:O	1.72	0.90
1:A:6:LEU:HB2	1:A:16:MET:HE1	1.63	0.81
1:A:110:THR:OG1	1:A:478:LYS:HG2	1.86	0.75
1:A:268:GLU:HG3	2:A:716:HOH:O	1.85	0.75
1:A:6:LEU:HB2	1:A:16:MET:CE	2.17	0.74
1:A:383:ASN:C	1:A:383:ASN:HD22	1.91	0.73
1:A:408:VAL:HG23	1:A:418:THR:HG21	1.72	0.70
1:A:478:LYS:HD2	2:A:749:HOH:O	1.90	0.69
1:A:46:ARG:NH1	2:A:800:HOH:O	2.27	0.68
1:A:36:ALA:HB2	1:A:175:MET:CE	2.25	0.66
1:A:515:ARG:HB3	1:A:518:VAL:CG1	2.28	0.64
1:A:456:LEU:O	1:A:457:ASN:HB2	1.98	0.63
1:A:97:LEU:HD13	1:A:99:ILE:HD11	1.79	0.62
1:A:47:ARG:NE	2:A:657:HOH:O	2.26	0.62
1:A:36:ALA:CB	1:A:175:MET:CE	2.77	0.61
1:A:216:ARG:HB3	1:A:315:LYS:HB2	1.82	0.60
1:A:515:ARG:HB3	1:A:518:VAL:HG13	1.83	0.59
1:A:366:LEU:HD23	1:A:535:THR:HG21	1.85	0.58
1:A:468:ARG:HD3	2:A:633:HOH:O	2.04	0.58
1:A:474:ALA:O	1:A:478:LYS:HG3	2.06	0.56

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:287:ILE:HD11	1:A:335:GLY:HA3	1.88	0.54
1:A:491:LYS:NZ	2:A:820:HOH:O	2.06	0.54
1:A:127:LEU:HD12	1:A:130:TYR:CE2	2.42	0.54
1:A:498:LYS:HB3	2:A:760:HOH:O	2.07	0.53
1:A:135:LEU:HD23	1:A:143:LEU:HD11	1.90	0.53
1:A:97:LEU:CD1	1:A:99:ILE:HD11	2.39	0.53
1:A:499:GLU:HG2	2:A:802:HOH:O	2.10	0.52
1:A:197:PHE:HB3	1:A:223:ILE:HB	1.93	0.51
1:A:312:GLY:HA2	1:A:314:PHE:CE2	2.46	0.50
1:A:345:SER:O	1:A:388:ARG:HG3	2.12	0.50
1:A:36:ALA:HB2	1:A:175:MET:HE2	1.95	0.49
1:A:355:GLY:HA3	1:A:391:LEU:HD21	1.95	0.49
1:A:132:GLY:HA3	1:A:143:LEU:HD22	1.94	0.49
1:A:499:GLU:HG3	2:A:766:HOH:O	2.12	0.48
1:A:89:GLU:HB3	2:A:837:HOH:O	2.12	0.48
1:A:43:MET:HE1	2:A:798:HOH:O	2.14	0.48
1:A:357:LYS:HD2	2:A:858:HOH:O	2.14	0.48
1:A:223:ILE:HA	1:A:320:LEU:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:296:ILE:HD12	1:A:296:ILE:H	1.80	0.46
1:A:97:LEU:HD13	1:A:99:ILE:CD1	2.45	0.46
1:A:197:PHE:CB	1:A:223:ILE:HB	2.45	0.46
1:A:36:ALA:CB	1:A:175:MET:HE3	2.46	0.46
1:A:43:MET:CE	2:A:798:HOH:O	2.63	0.46
1:A:302:PRO:HD2	1:A:308:MET:SD	2.56	0.45
1:A:240:GLU:OE2	1:A:243:ARG:NH1	2.50	0.45
1:A:504:ASP:HB2	2:A:726:HOH:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:408:VAL:CG2	1:A:418:THR:HG21	2.42	0.44
1:A:110:THR:CB	1:A:478:LYS:HG2	2.46	0.44
1:A:383:ASN:C	1:A:383:ASN:ND2	2.65	0.44
1:A:459:THR:HB	1:A:461:GLU:OE2	2.18	0.44
1:A:63:TYR:CD1	1:A:126:THR:HG22	2.53	0.44
1:A:430:LEU:HD11	2:A:541:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:36:ALA:HB2	1:A:175:MET:HE3	1.99	0.43
1:A:38:PRO:HA	1:A:39:PRO:HD3	1.72	0.43
1:A:531:LEU:CG	2:A:783:HOH:O	2.36	0.43
1:A:255:ASN:OD1	1:A:257:ASN:HB2	2.18	0.43
1:A:344:GLU:OE2	1:A:346:LYS:HE3	2.18	0.43
1:A:455:GLU:CD	1:A:455:GLU:H	2.21	0.43
1:A:200:OMH:O2	1:A:440:HIS:NE2	2.50	0.43
1:A:453:VAL:HG13	1:A:456:LEU:HD12	2.01	0.43
1:A:475:THR:HG22	1:A:481:ASN:O	2.19	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:493:PRO:HD2	1:A:503:ILE:CG2	2.49	0.42
1:A:349:ARG:NH1	2:A:567:HOH:O	2.51	0.42
1:A:528:LEU:HB3	1:A:529:PRO:HD3	2.01	0.42
1:A:426:ARG:NH2	1:A:432:TRP:O	2.52	0.42
1:A:451:PRO:HA	1:A:458:TYR:CD1	2.54	0.42
1:A:236:VAL:HG23	1:A:295:VAL:HG12	2.01	0.42
1:A:515:ARG:HB3	1:A:518:VAL:HG11	2.02	0.42
1:A:34:PRO:HB3	1:A:96:TYR:CE2	2.55	0.42
1:A:58:TRP:HZ3	2:A:635:HOH:O	2.01	0.42
1:A:532:LEU:HD22	2:A:705:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:99:ILE:HD12	1:A:144:VAL:HG22	2.02	0.42
1:A:196:ILE:HG13	1:A:206:VAL:HG13	2.02	0.42
1:A:206:VAL:CG1	1:A:222:ALA:HB1	2.50	0.41
1:A:395:VAL:O	1:A:399:ASN:HB2	2.20	0.41
1:A:461:GLU:CD	1:A:461:GLU:H	2.24	0.41
1:A:207:GLY:HA3	1:A:229:PRO:HD3	2.02	0.41
1:A:211:LEU:HD13	1:A:305:LEU:HD22	2.02	0.41
1:A:421:TYR:HB2	1:A:505:LEU:HD22	2.03	0.41
1:A:388:ARG:NE	1:A:435:TRP:HB2	2.35	0.41
1:A:426:ARG:NH1	2:A:645:HOH:O	2.54	0.41
1:A:469:ILE:N	1:A:469:ILE:HD13	2.36	0.41
1:A:243:ARG:NH1	1:A:283:PRO:HB3	2.36	0.41
1:A:296:ILE:HD12	1:A:296:ILE:N	2.36	0.41
1:A:66:ASN:O	1:A:90:MET:HA	2.20	0.40
1:A:6:LEU:CB	1:A:16:MET:CE	2.96	0.40
1:A:88:ARG:NH2	2:A:818:HOH:O	2.39	0.40
1:A:192:LYS:NZ	2:A:699:HOH:O	2.54	0.40
1:A:243:ARG:NH2	1:A:281:VAL:O	2.50	0.40
1:A:531:LEU:HA	1:A:531:LEU:HD12	1.89	0.40
1:A:43:MET:O	1:A:46:ARG:HB2	2.22	0.40
1:A:184:ILE:HD12	1:A:184:ILE:HA	1.98	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	522/532 (98%)	499 (96%)	23 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	459/464 (99%)	437 (95%)	22 (5%)	25	41

All (22) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	83	MET
1	A	108	SER
1	A	129	VAL
1	A	140	GLU
1	A	156	LEU
1	A	194	VAL
1	A	197	PHE
1	A	216	ARG
1	A	287	ILE
1	A	288	PHE
1	A	319	ILE
1	A	330	PHE
1	A	356	VAL
1	A	358	LEU
1	A	383	ASN
1	A	391	LEU
1	A	430	LEU
1	A	453	VAL
1	A	469	ILE
1	A	473	TRP
1	A	505	LEU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	518	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	68	GLN
1	A	374	GLN
1	A	383	ASN
1	A	457	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	OMH	A	200	1	9,10,11	0.89	0	8,13,15	1.67	1 (12%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '2' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	OMH	A	200	1	-	3/8/11/13	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	200	OMH	OG-CB-CA	-4.01	104.24	108.14

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	200	OMH	N-CA-CB-OG
1	A	200	OMH	CB-OG-P-O2
1	A	200	OMH	CB-OG-P-O1

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	200	OMH	1	0

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	526/532 (98%)	-0.39	6 (1%) 80 79	13, 24, 41, 59	0

All (6) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	257	ASN	3.3
1	A	535	THR	2.8
1	A	55	SER	2.3
1	A	382	ASN	2.2
1	A	77	GLY	2.0
1	A	498	LYS	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	OMH	A	200	11/12	0.99	0.12	20,22,24,25	0

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.