

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 3, 2023 – 09:00 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2N4U BMRB ID : 25681

Title: NMR structure of Fbp28 WW domain E454Y mutant

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Deposited on : 2015-07-01

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} wwPDB\text{-}ShiftChecker &: & v1.2 \\ BMRB \ Restraints \ Analysis &: & v1.2 \\ \end{array}$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

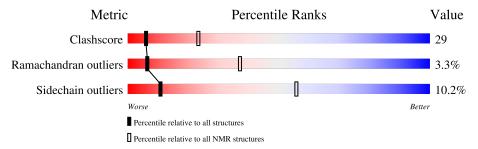
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.33

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 45%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$egin{array}{c} { m NMR \ archive} \ { m (\#Entries)} \end{array}$	
Clashscore	158937	12864	
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451	
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428	

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	Λ	37	2007	2007			270
1	A	31	38%	30%	•	•	27%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 20 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues					
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid mod					
1	A:434-A:460 (27)	0.30	20		

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number Models				
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 20			
2	9, 10, 19			
3	16, 18			



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 603 atoms, of which 291 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Transcription elongation regulator 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
1	Λ	27	Total	С	Н	N	О	0
1 A	1 A 37	603	199	291	49	64	U	

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	454	TYR	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP O14776

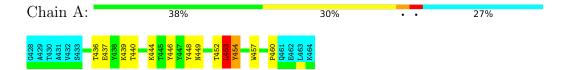


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Transcription elongation regulator 1

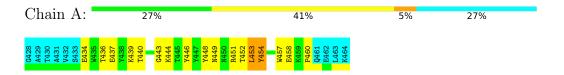


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

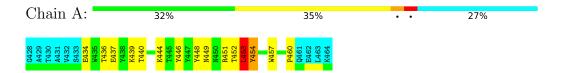
Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: Transcription elongation regulator 1



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2





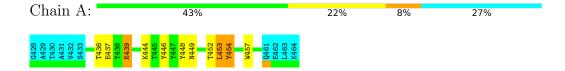
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Transcription elongation regulator 1



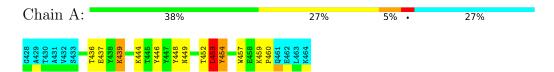
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Transcription elongation regulator 1



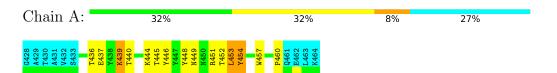
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Transcription elongation regulator 1

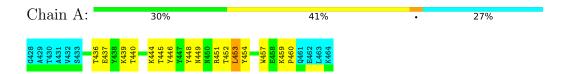


4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: Transcription elongation regulator 1



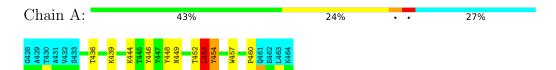
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7





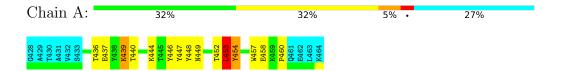
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Transcription elongation regulator 1



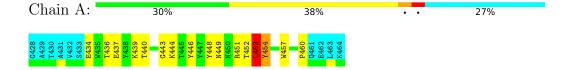
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Transcription elongation regulator 1



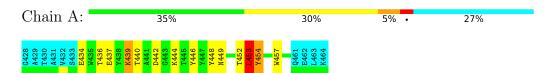
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Transcription elongation regulator 1

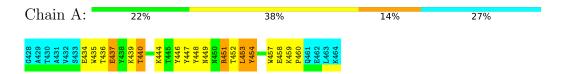


4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: Transcription elongation regulator 1



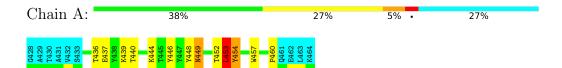
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12





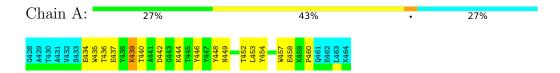
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: Transcription elongation regulator 1



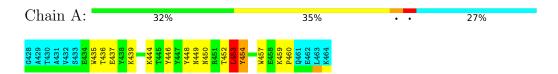
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Transcription elongation regulator 1



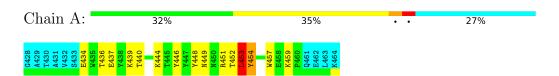
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: Transcription elongation regulator 1

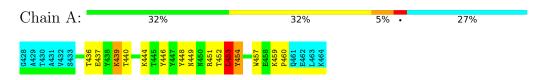


4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: Transcription elongation regulator 1



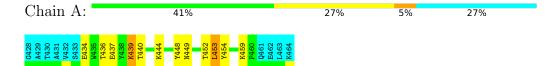
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17





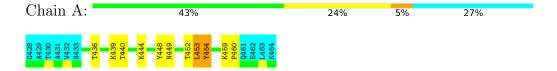
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Transcription elongation regulator 1

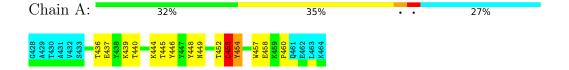


4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: Transcription elongation regulator 1



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20 (medoid)





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 300 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNSSOLVE	structure solution	
CNSSOLVE	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	228
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	228
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	45%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		В	Sond lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	0.53 ± 0.02	$0\pm0/252$ ($0.0\pm~0.0\%$)	0.70 ± 0.03	$1\pm1/345~(~0.3\pm~0.2\%)$	
All	All	0.53	0/5040 (0.0%)	0.71	18/6900 (0.3%)	

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Ros	Type	Atoms 7 Observed(0)		$oxed{Atoms} oxed{Z} oxed{Observed}(^{o})$		$Ideal(^{o})$	Mod	dels
WIOI	Chain	rtes	Type	Atoms		Observed()	ideai()	Worst	Total	
1	A	454	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-6.54	117.08	121.00	13	16	
1	A	454	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	5.26	124.16	121.00	13	2	

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	242	217	217	13±2
All	All	4840	4340	4340	269

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 29.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models		
Atom-1	Atom-2	$\operatorname{Clash}(ext{\AA})$	Distance(A)	Worst	Total	
1:A:449:ASN:HB3	1:A:454:TYR:HD1	0.98	1.14	13	20	
1:A:449:ASN:HB3	1:A:454:TYR:CD1	0.94	1.97	2	20	
1:A:449:ASN:O	1:A:453:LEU:HA	0.89	1.67	9	20	
1:A:439:LYS:HE2	1:A:443:GLY:HA2	0.80	1.51	10	1	
1:A:448:TYR:HA	1:A:454:TYR:O	0.80	1.77	1	20	
1:A:434:GLU:HB2	1:A:451:ARG:HG2	0.75	1.57	12	5	
1:A:439:LYS:HE3	1:A:443:GLY:HA2	0.74	1.60	1	1	
1:A:436:THR:HB	1:A:448:TYR:O	0.73	1.83	6	20	
1:A:452:THR:HB	1:A:454:TYR:CE1	0.67	2.25	15	15	
1:A:440:THR:OG1	1:A:444:LYS:HB2	0.62	1.95	2	15	
1:A:444:LYS:HA	1:A:444:LYS:HE2	0.58	1.75	18	1	
1:A:444:LYS:HD2	1:A:457:TRP:CZ3	0.58	2.34	10	3	
1:A:449:ASN:CB	1:A:454:TYR:CD1	0.56	2.85	19	20	
1:A:439:LYS:HA	1:A:444:LYS:O	0.55	2.00	10	19	
1:A:446:TYR:HB3	1:A:457:TRP:CE3	0.52	2.40	20	18	
1:A:439:LYS:HE3	1:A:445:THR:HG23	0.52	1.81	20	1	
1:A:444:LYS:HD3	1:A:457:TRP:CZ3	0.52	2.40	17	4	
1:A:444:LYS:HD2	1:A:457:TRP:HZ3	0.51	1.65	10	1	
1:A:452:THR:HB	1:A:454:TYR:CZ	0.51	2.41	5	10	
1:A:447:TYR:CD2	1:A:460:PRO:HD3	0.51	2.41	9	1	
1:A:440:THR:HG23	1:A:446:TYR:CE1	0.51	2.40	16	1	
1:A:449:ASN:O	1:A:453:LEU:CA	0.49	2.59	6	12	
1:A:439:LYS:HE3	1:A:445:THR:OG1	0.48	2.09	7	1	
1:A:451:ARG:HG3	1:A:452:THR:N	0.47	2.25	3	2	
1:A:442:ASP:OD2	1:A:444:LYS:HG3	0.47	2.10	11	2	
1:A:452:THR:O	1:A:453:LEU:HG	0.46	2.10	6	7	
1:A:451:ARG:HG3	1:A:452:THR:OG1	0.46	2.10	6	1	
1:A:449:ASN:CG	1:A:454:TYR:CE1	0.46	2.89	3	13	
1:A:452:THR:C	1:A:453:LEU:HG	0.45	2.32	18	3	
1:A:437:GLU:HB3	1:A:447:TYR:CD1	0.44	2.47	12	1	
1:A:449:ASN:OD1	1:A:451:ARG:HG2	0.44	2.13	6	2	
1:A:434:GLU:HG3	1:A:435:TRP:CD1	0.44	2.48	12	2	
1:A:439:LYS:HD2	1:A:445:THR:HG23	0.42	1.90	6	1	
1:A:436:THR:CB	1:A:448:TYR:O	0.42	2.64	6	4	
1:A:435:TRP:HA	1:A:449:ASN:HB2	0.42	1.91	15	1	
1:A:436:THR:OG1	1:A:450:ASN:ND2	0.41	2.54	15	1	



6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Allowed	Outliers	Pe	erc	entiles
1	A	27/37 (73%)	25±1 (94±2%)	1±1 (3±3%)	1±0 (3±1%)		6	37
All	All	540/740 (73%)	506 (94%)	16 (3%)	18 (3%)		6	37

All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	453	LEU	18

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	25/32~(78%)	22±1 (90±4%)	3±1 (10±4%)	11 56		
All	All	500/640 (78%)	449 (90%)	51 (10%)	11 56		

All 8 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	437	GLU	17
1	A	453	LEU	13
1	A	439	LYS	8
1	A	458	GLU	5
1	A	452	THR	5
1	A	440	THR	1
1	A	451	ARG	1
1	A	449	ASN	1



6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 45% for the well-defined parts and 44% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	228
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	228
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	56

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 45%, i.e. 170 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 379. 0 out of 1 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	53/134 (40%)	44/54 (81%)	7/54 (13%)	$2/26 \ (8\%)$
Sidechain	96/176~(55%)	91/111 (82%)	5/57~(9%)	0/8 (0%)
Aromatic	21/69 (30%)	19/32 (59%)	2/35~(6%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	170/379 (45%)	154/197 (78%)	14/146 (10%)	2/36 (6%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 44%, i.e. 220 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 500. 0 out of 3 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	$69/185 \ (37\%)$	56/75~(75%)	10/74 (14%)	3/36 (8%)
Sidechain	130/246 (53%)	119/157 (76%)	11/79 (14%)	0/10 (0%)
Aromatic	$21/69 \ (30\%)$	19/32~(59%)	2/35~(6%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	220/500 (44%)	194/264 (73%)	23/188 (12%)	3/48 (6%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	455	SER	С	3.42	166.15 - 183.14	-100.8
1	A	456	THR	С	9.92	166.08 - 183.07	-96.9
1	A	453	LEU	С	1.55	167.56 - 186.66	-91.9
1	A	461	GLN	С	4.19	166.94 - 185.80	-91.3
1	A	457	TRP	С	2.50	166.32 - 186.14	-87.7
1	A	454	TYR	CD2	3.49	125.28 - 140.14	-87.0
1	A	457	TRP	CE3	1.50	111.58 - 129.41	-66.7
1	A	457	TRP	CD2	1.58	118.40 - 137.65	-65.7
1	A	457	TRP	CG	4.17	101.31 - 120.62	-55.3
1	A	459	LYS	CE	-0.13	37.57 - 46.21	-48.6
1	A	460	PRO	CA	1.81	55.85 - 70.84	-41.0
1	A	461	GLN	N	8.88	102.61 - 137.42	-31.9
1	A	456	THR	HG21	7.85	0.08 - 2.19	31.8
1	A	456	THR	HG22	7.85	0.08 - 2.19	31.8
1	A	456	THR	HG23	7.85	0.08 - 2.19	31.8
1	A	461	GLN	CG	2.10	28.36 - 39.21	-29.2
1	A	457	TRP	N	6.71	101.51 - 141.60	-28.6
1	A	462	GLU	CA	1.06	47.03 - 67.62	-27.3
1	A	458	GLU	CA	1.16	47.03 - 67.62	-27.3
1	A	459	LYS	CD	0.83	23.50 - 34.42	-25.8
1	A	461	GLN	CA	3.93	46.17 - 66.97	-25.3
1	A	460	PRO	N	3.57	108.67 - 162.11	-24.7
1	A	456	THR	N	2.97	91.89 - 138.78	-24.0
1	A	463	LEU	CG	1.58	21.37 - 32.19	-23.3
1	A	457	TRP	CA	7.11	45.21 - 70.26	-20.2
1	A	463	LEU	СВ	7.44	33.11 - 51.34	-19.1
1	A	460	PRO	HG2	7.39	0.41 - 3.45	18.0
1	A	455	SER	HB2	8.29	2.61 - 5.13	17.5
1	A	457	TRP	HD1	1.88	5.46 - 8.81	-15.7
1	A	461	GLN	СВ	1.84	20.34 - 37.98	-15.5
1	A	454	TYR	HB2	8.32	1.09 - 4.72	14.9

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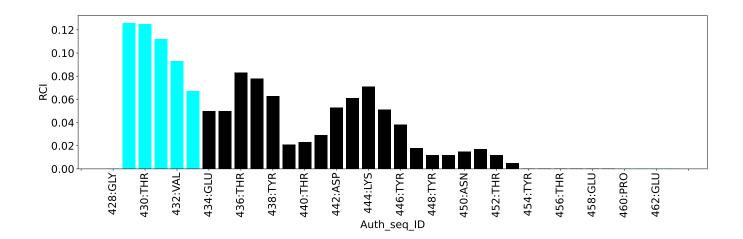
List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	463	LEU	CD1	1.33	16.71 - 32.55	-14.7
1	A	463	LEU	CD2	1.36	15.73 - 32.47	-13.6
1	A	457	TRP	HB3	7.97	1.31 - 4.93	13.4
1	A	453	LEU	CD2	2.06	15.73 - 32.47	-13.2
1	A	456	THR	CG2	7.18	16.06 - 27.03	-13.1
1	A	462	GLU	Н	1.14	5.45 - 11.20	-12.5
1	A	453	LEU	HD11	4.13	-0.61 - 2.12	12.4
1	A	453	LEU	HD12	4.13	-0.61 - 2.12	12.4
1	A	453	LEU	HD13	4.13	-0.61 - 2.12	12.4
1	A	458	GLU	Н	1.24	5.45 - 11.20	-12.3
1	A	453	LEU	CD1	7.02	16.71 - 32.55	-11.1
1	A	454	TYR	HE1	9.18	5.59 - 7.82	11.1
1	A	459	LYS	HG2	3.71	0.13 - 2.61	9.4
1	A	460	PRO	HD2	6.72	1.93 - 5.38	8.9
1	A	449	ASN	HB3	0.00	1.12 - 4.38	-8.4
1	A	460	PRO	HA	1.73	2.78 - 6.00	-8.2
1	A	459	LYS	HD2	-0.06	0.58 - 2.64	-8.1
1	A	454	TYR	HD1	4.62	5.49 - 8.39	-8.0
1	A	458	GLU	HB3	0.35	0.95 - 3.05	-7.9
1	A	454	TYR	HB3	5.83	0.93 - 4.76	7.8
1	A	462	GLU	HB3	0.65	0.95 - 3.05	-6.4
1	A	463	LEU	HB3	3.75	-0.26 - 3.31	6.2
1	A	458	GLU	HB2	0.82	1.00 - 3.05	-5.8
1	A	449	ASN	HD22	4.34	4.69 - 9.61	-5.7
1	A	459	LYS	HE2	1.89	1.95 - 3.88	-5.3

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:







8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	580
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	0
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	205
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	117
Long range (i-j ≥5)	258
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	15.7
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	7.0

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation. There are no distance violations

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

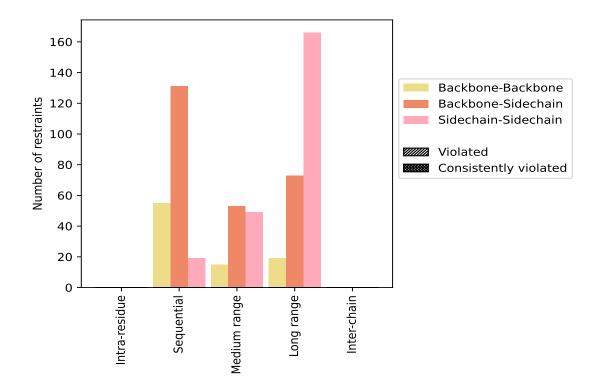
The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Dantuninta tema	C	% ¹	Vio	\mathbf{lated}^3		Consistently		$\overline{ m y~Violated^4}$
Restraints type	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (i-j =1)	205	35.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	55	9.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	131	22.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	19	3.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ($ i-j >1 \& i-j <5$)	117	20.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	15	2.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	53	9.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	49	8.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range ($ i-j \ge 5$)	258	44.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	19	3.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	73	12.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	166	28.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	580	100.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	89	15.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	257	44.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	234	40.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

¹ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models



9.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

No violations found

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

No violations found

9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

No violations found

9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

No violations found



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

No dihedral-angle restraints found

