

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 28, 2020 – 11:12 pm BST

PDB ID	:	2LMD
Title	:	Minimal Constraints Solution NMR Structure of Prospero Homeobox pro-
		tein 1 from Homo sapiens, Northeast Structural Genomics Consortium Target
		HR4660B
Authors	:	Rossi, P.; Lange, O.A.; Lee, H.; Maglaqui, M.; Janjua, H.; Ciccosanti, C.;
		Zhao, L.; Acton, T.B.; Xiao, R.; Everett, J.K.; Montelione, G.T.; Northeast
		Structural Genomics Consortium (NESG)
Deposited on	:	2011-11-29

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

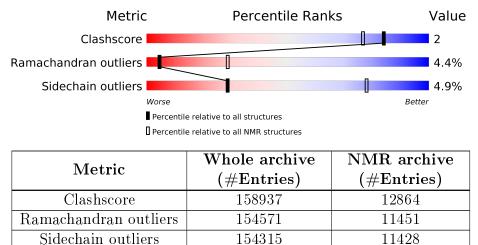
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
$\operatorname{NmrClust}$:	Kelley et al. (1996)
$\operatorname{MolProbity}$:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
${ m ShiftChecker}$:	2.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION \ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 55%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
		1 - 4			
1	А	174	80%	5%	15%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 4 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues							
Well-defined core	Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model						
1	A:20-A:167 (148)	1.02	4				

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18
2	3, 8, 9, 16, 19, 20
3	5, 15



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2888 atoms, of which 1431 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Prospero homeobox protein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
1	Λ	174	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	S	0
	A	174	2888	935	1431	250	261	11	U

There are 11 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	1	MET	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q92786
А	2	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q92786
A	3	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q92786
А	4	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q92786
A	5	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q92786
А	6	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q92786
A	7	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q92786
A	8	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q92786
А	9	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q92786
А	10	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q92786
А	11	MET	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q92786

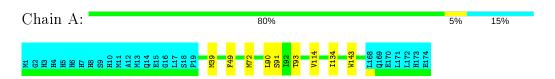


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Prospero homeobox protein 1



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 4. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Prospero homeobox protein 1

Chain A:	70%	15%	0 15%
五百二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十	M20 H21 K26 K26 M39 F49 F49 K49	B8 291 192 193 193 193 193 193 193 107 103	D111 V114 V114 1124 1134 1134 D140 D140 M146 K149
U150 1151 1152 1153 1154 1154 1154 1171 1171 1172 1172 1172 1172 1172			



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *molecular dynamics*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures* with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	
CNS	structure solution	
CNS	geometry optimization	
CYANA	refinement	3.0
CYANA	geometry optimization	3.0
CYANA	structure solution	3.0
TALOS+	geometry optimization	
PALES	geometry optimization	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	$input_cs.cif$
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1366
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1366
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	55%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	А	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	$0.1{\pm}0.2$
All	All	0	1

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	А	112	PHE	Peptide	1

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mo	bl	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1		А	1243	1232	1230	6 ± 2
Al		All	24860	24640	24600	112

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

5 of 83 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:128:GLU:HG3	1:A:150:VAL:HG21	0.63	1.69	5	1
1:A:149:LYS:HA	1:A:152:CYS:SG	0.61	2.36	9	3

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Atom-1	Atom 2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:33:ARG:HA	1:A:152:CYS:SG	0.60	2.36	5	3
1:A:39:MET:SD	1:A:61:PHE:HZ	0.58	2.22	17	1
1:A:164:SER:HB3	1:A:167:CYS:SG	0.57	2.39	17	1

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6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

M	ol	Chain	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Pe	rcer	ntiles	
1		А	148/174~(85%)	$126 \pm 4 \ (85 \pm 3\%)$	$16 \pm 4 \ (11 \pm 3\%)$	$6\pm2~(4\pm1\%)$		4	29
A	.1	All	2960/3480~(85%)	2513 (85%)	318 (11%)	129 (4%)		4	29

5 of 30 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	93	THR	15
1	А	49	PHE	13
1	А	114	VAL	11
1	А	34	TYR	8
1	А	30	PHE	8

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	137/160~(86%)	$130\pm2~(95\pm1\%)$	$7\pm2~(5\pm1\%)$	29	78
All	All	2740/3200 (86%)	2607~(95%)	133~(5%)	29	78

5 of 51 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the



Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	134	ILE	20
1	А	90	LEU	13
1	А	72	MET	10
1	А	39	MET	7
1	А	157	GLU	6

frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 55% for the well-defined parts and 52% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: input_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: <code>assigned_chem_shift_list_1</code>

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1366
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1366
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	2

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\bf Correction}\pm{\bf precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	148	-0.38 ± 0.10	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	112	1.35 ± 0.11	Should be applied
$^{13}C'$	141	-0.40 ± 0.12	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
¹⁵ N	144	1.12 ± 0.22	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 55%, i.e. 1085 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1962. 17 out of 17 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	624/730~(85%)	230/291~(79%)	263/296~(89%)	131/143~(92%)
Sidechain	363/1012~(36%)	197/599~(33%)	166/361~(46%)	0/52~(0%)

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Commuta	Continueu from previous page								
	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$					
Aromatic	98/220~(45%)	50/116~(43%)	46/98~(47%)	2/6~(33%)					
Overall	1085/1962~(55%)	477/1006 (47%)	475/755~(63%)	133/201~(66%)					

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7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	А	138	ASP	HB3	0.16	4.07 - 1.27	-9.0
1	А	18	SER	Н	11.63	11.23 - 5.33	5.7

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (1)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

