

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 28, 2020 – 10:14 pm BST

PDB ID	:	2JXZ
Title	:	Solution Conformation of A Non-Amyloidogenic Analogue of Human Calci-
		tonin in Sodium Dodecyl Sulfate Micelles
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Deposited on	:	2007-12-03

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

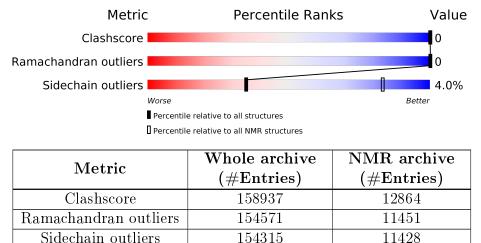
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
$\operatorname{NmrClust}$:	Kelley et al. (1996)
$\operatorname{MolProbity}$:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
${ m ShiftChecker}$:	2.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION \ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	А	33	45%	•	52%	



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 12 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues					
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model		
1	A:4-A:19 (16)	0.06	12		

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 4 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 6, 8, 12, 15, 16, 20
2	9, 10, 13, 14, 17, 19
3	5, 11
Single-model clusters	3; 4; 7; 18



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 470 atoms, of which 229 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Calcitonin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
1	Λ	2.2	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	S	1
			470	150	229	42	46	3	

There are 5 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	12	LEU	TYR	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P01258
А	17	HIS	ASN	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P01258
А	26	ASN	ALA	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P01258
А	27	THR	ILE	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P01258
А	31	THR	ALA	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P01258



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Calcitonin



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 12. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Calcitonin

Chain A	:	42%	6%	52%
C1 62 82 83 83 81 71 81 71 81 71	F19 F12 F22 P23 Q24 T25 T25 T27 T27	628 V29 G30 F31 F33 F33		



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: Restrained Simulated Annealing/Energy Minimization.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *Restraint violations, Amber energy, Procheck parameters.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
AMBER	structure solution	6.0
AMBER	refinement	6.0

No chemical shift data was provided. No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

COVALENT-GEOMETRY INFOmissingINFO

5.1 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	2540	2500	2500	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

5.2 Torsion angles (i)

5.2.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	16/33~(48%)	$16\pm0~(100\pm0\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100 100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	320/660~(48%)	320~(100%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

5.2.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	А	15/28~(54%)	$14\pm1 (96\pm4\%)$	$1\pm1 (4\pm4\%)$	35	83
All	All	300/560~(54%)	288~(96%)	12~(4%)	35	83

All 4 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	15	ASP	5
1	А	17	HIS	3
1	А	7	CYS	3
1	А	18	LYS	1

5.2.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.3 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.4 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.



5.5 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.6 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

5.7 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

