

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID : 2IYC

Title : SENP1 native structure Authors : Dong, C.; Naismith, J.H.

Deposited on : 2006-07-14

Resolution : 2.45 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $\begin{array}{ccc} Mol Probity & : & 4.02b\text{-}467 \\ Xtriage (Phenix) & : & 1.13 \end{array}$

EDS: 2.11

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

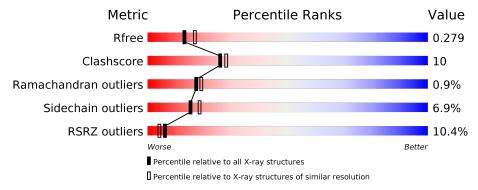
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.45 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Similar resolution} \ (\# ext{Entries}, ext{resolution range}(ext{Å})) \end{aligned}$
R_{free}	130704	1544 (2.48-2.44)
Clashscore	141614	1613 (2.48-2.44)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1598 (2.48-2.44)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1598 (2.48-2.44)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1523 (2.48-2.44)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	226	5% 77%	20%	•		
1	В	226	15% 72%	23%	•		



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3872 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called SENTRIN-SPECIFIC PROTEASE 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	226		C 1213			S 14	0	0	0
			1091	1215	321	<u> </u>	14			
1	B	226	Total	$^{\mathrm{C}}$	N	Ο	\mathbf{S}	0	0	0
1	1 B 226	220	1891	1213	327	337	14	0	0	

• Molecule 2 is water.

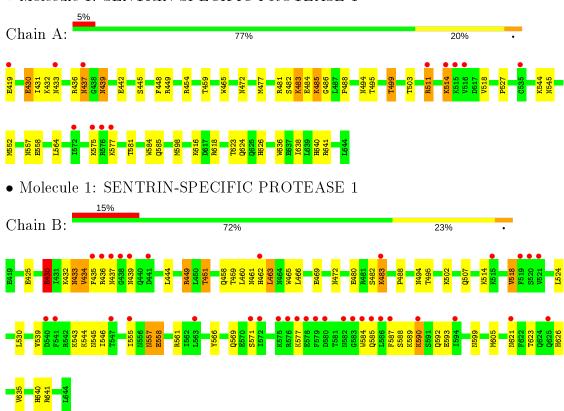
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	49	Total O 49 49	0	0
2	В	41	Total O 41 41	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: SENTRIN-SPECIFIC PROTEASE 1





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	71.98Å 71.98Å 200.64Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	53.00 - 2.45	Depositor
Resolution (A)	45.60 - 2.45	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (53.00-2.45)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	$100.0 \ (45.60 - 2.45)$	EDS
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.81 (at 2.45Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
D D.	0.217 , 0.267	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.231 , 0.279	DCC
R_{free} test set	1136 reflections (4.95%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	52.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.091	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36 , 63.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.038 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	3872	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	28.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.54% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
WIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.72	2/1934~(0.1%)	0.74	$1/2599 \ (0.0\%)$	
1	В	0.84	8/1934 (0.4%)	0.72	3/2599~(0.1%)	
All	All	0.79	$10/3868 \; (0.3\%)$	0.73	4/5198 (0.1%)	

The worst 5 of 10 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	В	571	SER	CB-OG	11.31	1.56	1.42
1	В	430	GLU	CB-CG	10.41	1.72	1.52
1	В	561	ARG	CZ-NH1	8.91	1.44	1.33
1	A	430	GLU	CB-CG	8.17	1.67	1.52
1	В	588	SER	CB-OG	7.46	1.51	1.42

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	430	GLU	CA-CB-CG	6.70	128.15	113.40
1	В	430	GLU	CG-CD-OE1	5.67	129.65	118.30
1	В	587	PHE	CB-CA-C	-5.08	100.25	110.40
1	A	430	GLU	CG-CD-OE2	5.03	128.36	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Α	1891	0	1890	33	2
1	В	1891	0	1890	47	2
2	A	49	0	0	3	0
2	В	41	0	0	9	0
All	All	3872	0	3780	79	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 79 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} \ (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	$egin{array}{c} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{array}$
1:A:482:SER:O	1:A:483:LYS:HB3	1.40	1.16
1:A:485:LYS:HE3	1:A:486:GLY:H	1.10	1.09
1:B:482:SER:O	1:B:483:LYS:HB3	1.47	1.08
1:B:449:ARG:HG3	1:B:449:ARG:NH1	1.62	1.03
1:B:449:ARG:HG3	1:B:449:ARG:HH11	0.87	1.03

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{ll} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} \ (ext{\AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{array}$
1:A:430:GLU:OE2	1:B:430:GLU:OE1[3_654]	1.31	0.89
1:A:640:HIS:NE2	1:B:430:GLU:OE1[3_654]	2.15	0.05

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	$224/226 \ (99\%)$	213 (95%)	9 (4%)	2 (1%)	17	19
1	В	$224/226 \ (99\%)$	215 (96%)	7 (3%)	2 (1%)	17	19

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	448/452 (99%)	428 (96%)	16 (4%)	4 (1%)	17 19

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	439	ASN
1	В	439	ASN
1	A	483	LYS
1	В	483	LYS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	$209/209 \; (100\%)$	196 (94%)	13 (6%)	18 23
1	В	209/209 (100%)	193 (92%)	16 (8%)	13 15
All	All	418/418 (100%)	389 (93%)	29 (7%)	15 18

5 of 29 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	430	GLU
1	В	437	ASN
1	В	590	LYS
1	В	433	ASN
1	В	449	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	626	HIS
1	В	626	HIS
1	В	437	ASN
1	A	599	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	433	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(\AA^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	$226/226 \ (100\%)$	0.56	12 (5%) 26 23	19, 29, 33, 48	0
1	В	$226/226 \ (100\%)$	0.88	35 (15%) 2 1	18, 29, 33, 38	0
All	All	452/452 (100%)	0.72	47 (10%) 6 4	18, 29, 34, 48	0

The worst 5 of 47 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	437	ASN	7.4
1	A	511	ARG	6.2
1	В	579	PHE	6.1
1	A	576	ARG	5.8
1	В	576	ARG	5.6

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

