

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID : 1JDE

Title: K22A mutant of pyruvate, phosphate dikinase

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Deposited on : 2001-06-13

Resolution : 2.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.23.2

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

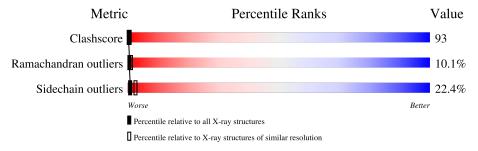
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.23.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	3569 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3498 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3500 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol C	hain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	Δ	873	11%	57%	25%	6% •	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	SO4	A	902	-	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6768 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

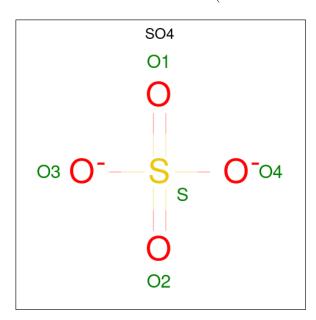
• Molecule 1 is a protein called PYRUVATE, PHOSPHATE DIKINASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	868	Total 6717	C 4226	N 1138	O 1302	S 51	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	${f Comment}$	Reference
Α	22	ALA	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P22983

• Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.



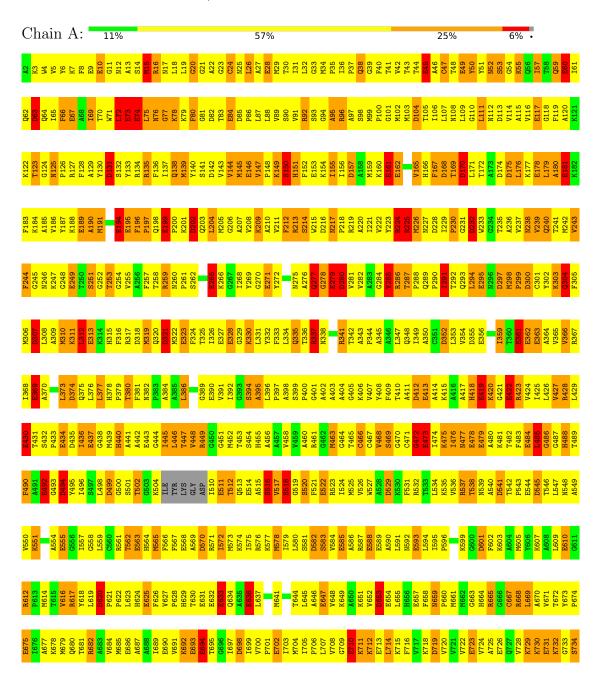
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	41	Total O 41 41	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: PYRUVATE, PHOSPHATE DIKINASE









4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	89.90Å 58.60Å 102.30Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 95.10° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 - 2.80	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	49.03 - 2.75	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) (10.00-2.80)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	86.8 (49.03-2.75)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.18 (at 2.77Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
D D.	0.193 , (Not available)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.259 , (Not available)	DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	32.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.573	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.38 , 139.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.42, < L^2>=0.25$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.79	EDS
Total number of atoms	6768	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	28.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 16.30% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Cham	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	1.25	76/6839 (1.1%)	1.59	90/9217 (1.0%)	

The worst 5 of 76 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	146	GLU	CD-OE2	9.95	1.36	1.25
1	A	694	GLU	CD-OE2	9.32	1.35	1.25
1	A	249	GLU	CD-OE2	8.99	1.35	1.25
1	A	153	GLU	CD-OE2	8.88	1.35	1.25
1	A	419	GLU	CD-OE2	8.71	1.35	1.25

The worst 5 of 90 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	196	PHE	C-N-CD	-11.04	96.32	120.60
1	A	202	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-9.67	109.60	118.30
1	A	601	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-9.55	109.70	118.30
1	A	719	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	8.99	126.39	118.30
1	A	682	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.73	124.66	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6717	0	6632	1241	0
2	A	10	0	0	6	0
3	A	41	0	0	5	0
All	All	6768	0	6632	1241	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 93.

The worst 5 of 1241 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:219:ARG:NH2	1:A:437:GLU:H	1.41	1.18
1:A:276:ALA:HB1	1:A:281:VAL:HG21	1.27	1.14
1:A:219:ARG:HH21	1:A:437:GLU:N	1.46	1.13
1:A:574:LYS:HD3	1:A:593:GLU:HB2	1.20	1.13
1:A:5:VAL:HG22	1:A:42:VAL:HA	1.27	1.12

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	864/873 (99%)	628 (73%)	149 (17%)	87 (10%)	0 1

5 of 87 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	38	GLN
1	A	55	LYS
1	A	59	GLN
1	A	60	GLU
1	A	96	ARG



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	709/713 (99%)	550 (78%)	159 (22%)	1 2		

5 of 159 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	545	ASP
1	A	784	LYS
1	A	578	MET
1	A	710	GLU
1	A	823	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 22 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	564	HIS
1	A	659	ASN
1	A	656	HIS
1	A	680	GLN
1	A	238	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Dag	Timle	В	ond leng	$_{ m gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	туре	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	SO4	A	901	-	4,4,4	0.79	0	6,6,6	0.49	0
2	SO4	A	902	-	4,4,4	1.24	1 (25%)	6,6,6	0.27	0

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
2	A	902	SO4	O2-S	2.18	1.57	1.46

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 6 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	901	SO4	1	0
2	A	902	SO4	5	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

