#  <br> wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i) 

Dec 4, 2023-08:04 am GMT

PDB ID : 1E6S<br>Title : MYROSINASE FROM SINAPIS ALBA with bound gluco-hydroximolactam and sulfate<br>Authors : Burmeister, W.P.<br>Deposited on : 2000-08-23<br>Resolution : $1.35 \AA$ (reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs\#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

```
        MolProbity : 4.02b-467
                            Mogul : NOT EXECUTED
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
                            EDS : FAILED
                                    buster-report : NOT EXECUTED
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
    Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
    Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36
```


## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is $1.35 \AA$.
Percentile scores (ranging between $0-100$ ) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

| Metric | Percentile Ranks | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Clashscore | $\square$ | 13 |
|  | Worse | Better |
|  | Percentile relative to all X-ray structures |  |
|  | Percentile relative to X-ray structures of similar resolution |  |


| Metric | Whole archive <br> (\#Entries) | Similar resolution <br> (\#Entries, resolution range $(\AA \mathbf{\AA})$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Clashscore | 141614 | $1551(1.38-1.34)$ |

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for $>=3,2,1$ and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $<=5 \%$ The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Note EDS failed to run properly.

| Mol | Chain | Length | Quality of chain |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | M | 501 |  | $84 \%$ |  |
| 2 | A | 2 |  |  |  |
| 3 | B | 5 | $50 \%$ |  |  |
| 4 | C | 7 |  | $80 \%$ |  |

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

| Mol | Type | Chain | Res | Chirality | Geometry | Clashes | Electron density |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | BMA | C | 3 | - | - | X | - |
| 4 | MAN | C | 6 | X | - | X | - |
| 5 | NAG | M | 905 | - | - | X | - |

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| Mol | Type | Chain | Res | Chirality | Geometry | Clashes | Electron density |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | SO4 | M | $925[\mathrm{~B}]$ | - | - | X | - |

## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5207 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called MYROSINASE MA1.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms |  |  |  |  | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | M | 499 | Total 4082 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{C} \\ 2618 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{N} \\ 660 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{O} \\ 788 \end{gathered}$ |  | 0 | 21 | 0 |

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms |  |  |  | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | A | 2 | Total  <br> 28 C <br> 16 N | O | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-xylopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-mannopyranose-( 1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetam ido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms |  |  |  | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | B | 5 | Total   <br> 58 C N | O <br> 2 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-xylopyranose-(1-2)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)][alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-bet a-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyr anose.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms |  |  |  | ZeroOcc | AltConf | Trace |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | C | 7 | Total C N O <br> 80 45 2 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |

- Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{NO}_{6}$ ).


| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | ZeroOcc | AltConf |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | M | 1 | Total C N O <br> 14 8 1 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | M | 1 | Total C N O <br> 14 8 1 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | M | 1 | Total C N O <br> 14 8 1 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | M | 1 | $\begin{array}{cccc}\text { Total } & \mathrm{C} & \mathrm{N} & \mathrm{O} \\ 14 & 8 & 1 & 5\end{array}$ | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | M | 1 | $\begin{array}{cccc}\text { Total } & \mathrm{C} & \mathrm{N} & \mathrm{O} \\ 14 & 8 & 1 & 5\end{array}$ | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | M | 1 | $\begin{array}{cccc}\text { Total } & \mathrm{C} & \mathrm{N} & \mathrm{O} \\ 14 & 8 & 1 & 5\end{array}$ | 0 | 0 |

- Molecule 6 is (2S,3S,4R,5R)-6-(HYDROXYAMINO)-2-(HYDROXYMETHYL)-2,3,4,5-TE TRAHYDROPYRIDINE-3,4,5-TRIOL (three-letter code: GOX) (formula: $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ ).


| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms |  |  |  | ZeroOcc | AltConf |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | M | 1 | Total C N O  <br> 13 6 2 5 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |

- Molecule 7 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn ).

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | ZeroOcc | AltConf |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | M | 1 | Total <br> 1 | Zn <br> 1 | 0 |

- Molecule 8 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: $\mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$ ).


| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms |  | ZeroOcc | AltConf |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | M | 1 | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Total } \\ 5\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\mathrm{O} \\ 4\end{array}$ | S |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |$)$

- Molecule 9 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ ).


| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | ZeroOcc | AltConf |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | M | 1 | $\begin{array}{ccc}\text { Total } & \mathrm{C} & \mathrm{O} \\ 7 & 3 & 4\end{array}$ | 0 | 1 |
| 9 | M | 1 | $\begin{array}{ccc}\text { Total } & \mathrm{C} & \mathrm{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3\end{array}$ | 0 | 0 |
| 9 | M | 1 | $\begin{array}{ccc}\text { Total } & \mathrm{C} & \mathrm{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3\end{array}$ | 0 | 0 |
| 9 | M | 1 | $\begin{array}{ccc}\text { Total } & \mathrm{C} & \mathrm{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3\end{array}$ | 0 | 0 |

- Molecule 10 is water.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms |  | ZeroOcc | AltConf |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | M | 791 | Total <br> 791 | O <br> 791 | 0 | 0 |

## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green $=0$, yellow $=1$, orange $=2$ and red $=3$ or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ $>2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS failed to run properly.

- Molecule 1: MYROSINASE MA1

- Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluc opyranose

Chain A: 50\% $50 \%$


- Molecule 3: beta-D-xylopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-bet a-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranos e

Chain B:
80\% 20\%

## 

- Molecule 4: beta-D-xylopyranose-(1-2)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)][alpha-D-mannopyranose -(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fuc opyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C: 57\% 43\%

## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore incomplete.

| Property | Value | Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Space group | C 2221 | Depositor |
| Cell constants $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}, \alpha, \beta, \gamma$ | $135.30 \AA$ $137.20 \AA$ $80.60 \AA$ <br> $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ | Depositor |
| Resolution ( $\AA$ ) | $10.00-1.35$ | Depositor |
| \% Data completeness <br> (in resolution range) | 82.1 (10.00-1.35) | Depositor |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {merge }}$ | 0.07 | Depositor |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {sym }}$ | 0.07 | Depositor |
| $<I / \sigma(I)>^{1}$ | 2.55 (at 1.35£) | Xtriage |
| Refinement program | REFMAC | Depositor |
| $\mathrm{R}, \mathrm{R}_{\text {free }}$ | 0.120 , 0.152 | Depositor |
| Wilson B-factor ( $\AA^{2}$ ) | 10.9 | Xtriage |
| Anisotropy | 0.269 | Xtriage |
| L-test for twinning ${ }^{2}$ | $<\|L\|>=0.50,<L^{2}>=0.33$ | Xtriage |
| Estimated twinning fraction | 0.014 for $-\mathrm{k},-\mathrm{h},-\mathrm{l}$ | Xtriage |
| Total number of atoms | 5207 | wwPDB-VP |
| Average B, all atoms ( $\AA^{2}$ ) | 17.0 | wwPDB-VP |

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is $3.88 \%$ of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

[^0]
## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: XYP, SO4, BMA, FUC, ZN, GOX, GOL, NAG, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z|>5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

| Mol | Chain | Bond lengths |  | Bond angles |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | RMSZ | $\#\|Z\|>5$ | RMSZ | $\#\|Z\|>5$ |
| 1 | M | 0.98 | $5 / 4283(0.1 \%)$ | 1.49 | $53 / 5825(0.9 \%)$ |

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms | Z | Observed $(\AA)$ | Ideal $(\AA)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | M | 24 | SER | CB-OG | 7.01 | 1.51 | 1.42 |
| 1 | M | 178 | SER | CB-OG | 6.19 | 1.50 | 1.42 |
| 1 | M | 151 | GLU | CD-OE2 | -5.99 | 1.19 | 1.25 |
| 1 | M | 115 | GLU | CD-OE2 | 5.23 | 1.31 | 1.25 |
| 1 | M | 501 | PRO | N-CD | 5.02 | 1.54 | 1.47 |

The worst 5 of 53 bond angle outliers are listed below:

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms | Z | Observed $\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ | Ideal $\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | M | 109 | ARG | NE-CZ-NH2 | -18.31 | 111.14 | 120.30 |
| 1 | M | 269 | ARG | NE-CZ-NH2 | -13.15 | 113.73 | 120.30 |
| 1 | M | 115 | GLU | OE1-CD-OE2 | -13.02 | 107.67 | 123.30 |
| 1 | M | 109 | ARG | NH1-CZ-NH2 | 10.98 | 131.48 | 119.40 |
| 1 | M | 57 | ARG | NE-CZ-NH2 | -9.36 | 115.62 | 120.30 |

There are no chirality outliers.
There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non- H and H (model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H (added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

| Mol | Chain | Non-H | H(model) | H(added) | Clashes | Symm-Clashes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | M | 4082 | 0 | 3835 | 97 | 0 |
| 2 | A | 28 | 0 | 25 | 6 | 0 |
| 3 | B | 58 | 0 | 42 | 6 | 0 |
| 4 | C | 80 | 0 | 58 | 18 | 0 |
| 5 | M | 84 | 0 | 77 | 22 | 0 |
| 6 | M | 13 | 0 | 12 | 1 | 0 |
| 7 | M | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8 | M | 45 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 9 | M | 25 | 0 | 29 | 1 | 0 |
| 10 | M | 791 | 0 | 0 | 33 | 1 |
| All | All | 5207 | 0 | 4078 | 114 | 1 |

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13 .

The worst 5 of 114 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

| Atom-1 | Atom-2 | Interatomic <br> distance $(\AA)$ | Clash <br> overlap $(\AA)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1:M:21:ASN:HD21 | 5:M:901:NAG:C1 | 0.92 | 1.56 |
| 1:M:244:ASN:HD21 | 5:M:905:NAG:C1 | 0.96 | 1.54 |
| 1:M:90:ASN:HD21 | 5:M:902:NAG:C1 | 0.92 | 1.54 |
| 1:M:265:ASN:HD21 | 3:B:1:NAG:C1 | 0.88 | 1.51 |
| 1:M:218:ASN:HD21 | 2:A:1:NAG:C1 | 0.86 | 1.49 |

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

| Atom-1 | Atom-2 | Interatomic <br> distance $(\AA)$ | Clash <br> overlap $(\AA)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $10: \mathrm{M}: 1004: \mathrm{HOH}: \mathrm{O}$ | $10: \mathrm{M}: 1556: \mathrm{HOH}: \mathrm{O}\left[6 \_565\right]$ | 1.95 | 0.25 |

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein backbone outliers to report in this entry.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report in this entry.

### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains i

Mogul was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

Mogul was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Mogul was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

Mogul was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.
6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.4 Ligands (i

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Intensities estimated from amplitudes.
    ${ }^{2}$ Theoretical values of $\langle | L \mid>,\left\langle L^{2}\right\rangle$ for acentric reflections are $0.5,0.333$ respectively for untwinned datasets, and $0.375,0.2$ for perfectly twinned datasets.

