

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 2, 2023 – 06:07 AM EDT

PDB ID : 1D07

Title : Hydrolytic haloalkane dehalogenase linb from sphingomonas paucimobilis

UT26 with 1,3-propanediol, a product of debromidation of dibrompropane,

at 2.0A resolution

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Deposited on : 1999-09-09

Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.34

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

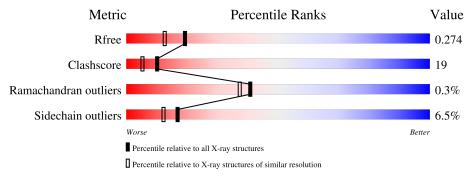
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.34

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Medic	$(\# ext{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	8085 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	296	64%	31%	• •		

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	BR	A	901	-	-	X	-
2	BR	A	902	-	-	X	-
3	PDO	A	903	-	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2577 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

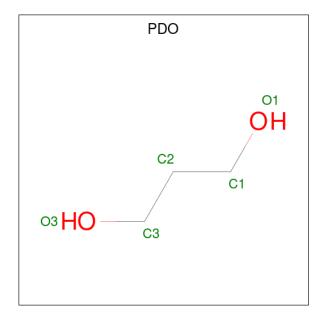
• Molecule 1 is a protein called HALOALKANE DEHALOGENASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	А	293	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	11	250	2301	1466	409	416	10			

• Molecule 2 is BROMIDE ION (three-letter code: BR) (formula: Br).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	2	Total Br 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 1,3-PROPANDIOL (three-letter code: PDO) (formula: C₃H₈O₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 5 3 2	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.



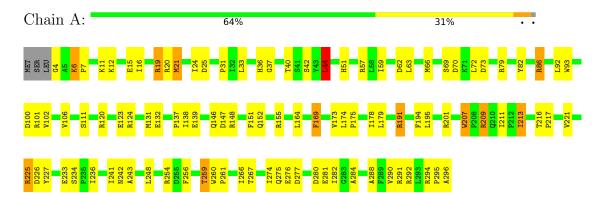
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	269	Total O 269 269	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: HALOALKANE DEHALOGENASE





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	50.23Å 71.72Å 73.32Å	Domositon
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 - 2.00	Depositor
Resolution (A)	17.94 - 1.76	EDS
% Data completeness	86.6 (20.00-2.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	93.5 (17.94-1.76)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.11	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	4.31 (at 1.76Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	SHELXL	Depositor
D.D.	0.180 , 0.274	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.167 , 0.274	DCC
R_{free} test set	2095 reflections (8.38%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	7.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.273	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.45 , 186.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.44, < L^2>=0.27$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.039 for -h,l,k	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.89	EDS
Total number of atoms	2577	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	23.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.70% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PDO, BR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles	
Mol Chair		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.32	0/2364	0.96	4/3214 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	295	PRO	C-N-CA	6.48	137.90	121.70
1	A	44	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.91	128.90	115.30
1	A	227	TYR	CA-CB-CG	5.36	123.58	113.40
1	A	86	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.28	122.94	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2301	0	2235	82	0
2	A	2	0	0	6	0
3	A	5	0	8	4	0
4	A	269	0	0	20	0
All	All	2577	0	2243	86	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including



hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 19.

The worst 5 of 86 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} & ext{Interatomic} \ & ext{distance} \ & ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
2:A:902:BR:BR	4:A:1007:HOH:O	2.28	1.06
1:A:242:ASN:HD21	1:A:254:ARG:HD2	1.31	0.95
1:A:178:ILE:O	2:A:902:BR:BR	2.44	0.91
1:A:175:PRO:O	2:A:902:BR:BR	2.44	0.91
1:A:36:HIS:HB2	1:A:40:THR:HG22	1.54	0.89

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	291/296 (98%)	281 (97%)	9 (3%)	1 (0%)	41 37

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	20	ARG

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	230/236 (98%)	215 (94%)	15 (6%)	17 12	

5 of 15 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	191	ARG
1	A	226	ASP
1	A	207	TRP
1	A	259	THR
1	A	216	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	36	HIS
1	A	85	HIS
1	A	146	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the



expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	${ m gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
WIOI	туре	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	PDO	A	903	-	4,4,4	0.28	0	3,3,3	0.24	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	PDO	A	903	-	-	1/2/2/2	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	903	PDO	O1-C1-C2-C3

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	903	PDO	4	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

